TIBCO Enterprise Message Service™

C and COBOL Reference

Software Release 7.0
August 2012

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Preface

TIBCO is proud to announce the latest release of TIBCO Enterprise Message Service™. This release is the latest in a long history of TIBCO products that leverage the power of the Information Bus® to enable truly event-driven IT environments. To find out more about how TIBCO Enterprise Message Service and other TIBCO products are powered by TIB® technology, please visit us at www.tibco.com.

TIBCO Enterprise Message Service software lets application programs send and receive messages according to the Java Message Service (JMS) protocol. It also integrates with TIBCO Rendezvous and TIBCO SmartSockets messaging products.

Topics

Changes from the Previous Release of this Guide

This section itemizes the major changes from the previous release of this guide.

Feature Enhancements

The following enhancements are documented in the sections shown:

- **Unshared State Failover** This release adds support for unshared state connections to the C client. For details, see these functions:

  — tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_Create

  — tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_CreateFromConnectionFactory

  — tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_RecoverConnection

- **IBM System SSL** TIBCO Enterprise Message Service installations on IBM z/OS can now configure SSL using the IBM System SSL. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Changes in Functionality

- TIBCO Enterprise Message Service no longer supports OpenSSL on z/OS systems. To implement SSL on z/OS, use IBM System SSL. See SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Related Documentation

This section lists documentation resources you may find useful.

TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Documentation

The following documents form the TIBCO Enterprise Message Service documentation set:

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide* Read this manual to gain an overall understanding of the product, its features, and configuration.

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Central Administration* Read this manual for information on the central administration interface.

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Installation* Read the relevant sections of this manual before installing this product.

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service C & COBOL API Reference* The C API reference is available in HTML and PDF formats.

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Java API Reference* The Java API reference can be accessed only through the HTML documentation interface.

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service .NET API Reference* The .NET API reference can be accessed only through the HTML documentation interface.

- *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Release Notes* Read the release notes for a list of new and changed features. This document also contains lists of known issues and closed issues for this release. This document is available only in PDF format.

Other TIBCO Product Documentation

You may find it useful to read the documentation for the following TIBCO products:

- TIBCO Rendezvous®
- TIBCO SmartSockets®
- TIBCO Hawk®
- TIBCO EMS® Client for z/OS (CICS)
- TIBCO EMS® Client for z/OS (MVS)
- TIBCO EMS® Client for IBM i

Third Party Documentation

- Java™ Message Service specification, available through
  http://java.sun.com/products/jms/index.html.

- *Java™ Message Service* by Richard Monson-Haefel and David A. Chappell,
  O'Reilly and Associates, Sebastopol, California, 2001.

- Java™ Authentication and Authorization Service (JAAS) *LoginModule
  Developer's Guide* and *Reference Guide*, available through
  http://java.sun.com/products/jaas/.

Typographical Conventions

The following typographical conventions are used in this manual.

Table 1   General Typographical Conventions

Convention	Use
TIBCO_HOME *ENV_HOME* *EMS_HOME*	Many TIBCO products must be installed within the same home directory. This directory is referenced in documentation as *TIBCO_HOME*. The value of *TIBCO_HOME* depends on the operating system. For example, on Windows systems, the default value is `C:\tibco`.
	Other TIBCO products are installed into an installation environment. Incompatible products and multiple instances of the same product are installed into different installation environments. The directory into which such products are installed is referenced in documentation as *ENV_HOME*. The value of *ENV_HOME* depends on the operating system. For example, on Windows systems the default value is C:\tibco.
	TIBCO Enterprise Message Service installs into a directory within *TIBCO_HOME*. This directory is referenced in documentation as *EMS_HOME*. The value of *EMS_HOME* depends on the operating system. For example on Windows systems, the default value is `C:\tibco\ems\7.0`.
`code font`	Code font identifies commands, code examples, filenames, pathnames, and output displayed in a command window. For example: Use `MyCommand` to start the TIBCO foo process.
`bold code font`	Bold code font is used in the following ways: • In procedures, to indicate what a user types. For example: Type the username **`admin`**. • In large code samples, to indicate the parts of the sample that are of particular interest. • In command syntax, to indicate the default value. For example, if no parameter is specified, `MyCommand` is enabled: `MyCommand [`**`enable`**`	disable]`

Table 1   General Typographical Conventions

Convention	Use
italic font	Italic font is used in the following ways:
	• To indicate a document title. For example: See *TIBCO BusinessWorks Concepts* for more details.
	• To introduce new terms For example: A portal page may contain several *portlets*. Portlets are mini-applications that run in a portal.
	• To indicate a variable in a command or code syntax that you must replace. For example: `MyCommand` *pathname*
Key combinations	Key name separated by a plus sign indicate keys pressed simultaneously. For example: Ctrl+C.
	Key names separated by a comma and space indicate keys pressed one after the other. For example: Esc, Ctrl+Q.

Table 2   Syntax Typographical Conventions

Convention	Use
[ ]	An optional item in a command or code syntax. For example: `MyCommand [optional_parameter] required_parameter`
|	A logical 'OR' that separates multiple items of which only one may be chosen. For example, you can select only one of the following parameters: `MyCommand para1	param2	param3`
{ }	A logical group of items. Other syntax notations may appear within each logical group. For example, the following command requires two parameters, which can be either `param1` and `param2` or `param3` and `param4`: `MyCommand {param1 param2}	{param3 param4}`  In the next example, the command requires two parameters. The first parameter can be either `param1` or `param2` and the second can be either `param3` or `param4`:  `MyCommand {param1	param2} {param3	param4}`  In the next example, the command can accept either two or three parameters. The first parameter must be `param1`. You can optionally include `param2` as the second parameter. And the last parameter is either `param3` or `param4`.  `MyCommand param1 [param2] {param3	param4}`

Connecting with TIBCO Resources

How to Join TIBCOmmunity

TIBCOmmunity is an online destination for TIBCO customers, partners, and resident experts. It is a place to share and access the collective experience of the TIBCO community. TIBCOmmunity offers forums, blogs, and access to a variety of resources. To register, go to http://www.tibcommunity.com.

How to Access TIBCO Documentation

You can access TIBCO documentation here:

http://docs.tibco.com

How to Contact TIBCO Support

For comments or problems with this manual or the software it addresses, contact TIBCO Support as follows:

- For an overview of TIBCO Support, and information about getting started with TIBCO Support, visit this site:

  http://www.tibco.com/services/support

- If you already have a valid maintenance or support contract, visit this site:

  https://support.tibco.com

  Entry to this site requires a user name and password. If you do not have a user name, you can request one.

Chapter 1   **Introduction**

This chapter presents concepts specific to the TIBCO Enterprise Message Service™ C API and COBOL API. For more general information and concepts pertaining to TIBCO Enterprise Message Service (EMS) software, see the book *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

Topics

Overview

TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Java API implements (and extends) the JMS 1.1 specification. TIBCO Enterprise Message Service C API closely mimics the Java API.

EMS COBOL API brings the power of EMS to z/OS systems. Its entry points parallel those of the C API, with identical function names and similar parameters.

Excluded Features and Restrictions

This section summarizes features that are not available in either the C library, or the COBOL library.

Table 3   Feature Support

Feature	C	COBOL
XA protocols for external transaction managers	Yes	—
`ConnectionConsumer, ServerSession, ServerSessionPool`	—	—

Naming Conventions and Length Limitations

The rules that govern naming conventions and length limitations in TIBCO Enterprise Message Service are described in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*. For detailed information, see the Naming Conventions section in that book.

Strings and Character Encodings

C programs represent strings within messages as byte arrays. Before sending an outbound message, EMS programs translate strings to their byte representation using an encoding, which the program specifies. Conversely, when EMS programs receive inbound messages, they reconstruct strings from byte arrays using the same encoding.

When a program specifies an encoding, it applies to all strings in message bodies (names and values), and properties (names and values). It does *not* apply to header names nor values. The function `tibemsBytesMsg_WriteUTF` always uses UTF-8 as its encoding.

For a list of standard encoding names, see www.iana.org.

Outbound Messages

C programs can determine the encoding of strings in outbound messages in two ways:

- Use the default global encoding—namely, UTF-8.

- Set the encoding for an individual message using `tibemsMsg_SetEncoding` on page 62.

Inbound Messages

An inbound message from another EMS client contains its encoding type, so the receiving client can properly decode strings inside the message.

Character Limits for Connection URLs

Connection URLs are limited to a length of 1000 characters. Note that this limit pertains to the C client library, as well as the administration tool and the `factories.conf` configuration file.

IBM z/OS and IBM i (i5)—COBOL and C

In EBCDIC environments, the EMS client library automatically converts message strings. To client programs, all strings appear in the host code page. On the network, all strings appear in the network host page. For details, see `tibems_SetCodePages()` on page 537.

All the COBOL calls documented in this reference refer to COBOL on the z/OS and IBM i platforms.

Configuring C and COBOL Clients for Fault-Tolerant Connections

When connecting a fault-tolerant client to EMS, you must specify two or more EMS servers, as described in Configuring Clients for Fault-Tolerant Connections in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

C clients list the primary and backup server URLs in the brokerURL argument to a connection constructor, separated by a comma.

Example

In this example, the first server is tcp://server0:7222, and the second server is tcp://server1:7344 (if first server is not available).

```
tibemsConnection_Create(
    &connection,
    "tcp://server0:7222,
     tcp://server1:7344",
    NULL, "admin", NULL );
```

Chapter 2 **Messages**

Message objects carry application data between client program processes. This chapter presents the structure of messages, JMS message selector syntax to specify a subset of messages based on their property values, the message types and their functions.

Topics

Parts of a Message

Messages consist of three parts:

- **Body** The body of a message bears the information content of an application. Several types of message body organize that information in different ways; see Body Types on page 9.

- **Header** Headers associate a fixed set of header field names with values. Clients and providers use headers to identify and route messages.

- **Properties** Properties associate an extensible set of property names with values. The EMS server uses properties to attach ancillary information to messages. Client applications can also use properties—for example, to customize message filtering.

Body Types

EMS follows JMS in defining five types of message body:

- `tibemsMapMsg` The message body is a mapping from field names to values. Field names are strings. EMS supports an extended set of values types (extending JMS). Programs can access fields either by name, or sequentially (though the order of that sequence is indeterminate).

- `tibemsObjectMsg` The message body is one serializable object.

- `tibemsStreamMsg` The message body is a stream of values. Programs write the values sequentially into the stream, and read values sequentially from the stream.

- `tibemsTextMsg` The message body is one character string (of any length). This text string can represent any text, including an XML document.

- `tibemsBytesMsg` The message body is a stream of uninterpreted bytes. Programs can use this body type to emulate body types that do not map naturally to one of the other body types.

See Also   `tibemsMsgType` on page 138

Headers

Headers associate a fixed set of header field names with values. Clients and providers use headers to identify and route messages.

Programs can access header values using the function calls in Table 4.

However, programs can effectively set only three message header properties—Reply To, Correlation ID and Type. For all other header properties, the provider ignores or overwrites values set by client programs.

Table 4   JMS Message Headers

Description
Correlation ID
Correlation ID refers to a related message. For example, when a consumer responds to a request message by sending a reply, it can set the correlation ID of the reply to indicate the request message.

The JMS specification allows three categories of values for the correlation ID property:

- **Message ID** A message ID is a unique string that the provider assigns to a message. Programs can use these IDs to correlate messages. For example, a program can link a response to a request by setting the correlation ID of a response message to the message ID of the corresponding request message.

  Message ID strings begin with the prefix ID: (which is reserved for this purpose).

- **String** Programs can also correlate messages using arbitrary strings, with semantics determined by the application.

  These strings must *not* begin with the prefix ID: (which is reserved for message IDs).

- **Byte Array** This implementation does not support byte array values for the correlation ID property. The JMS specification does not require support.

tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID on page 37

tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID on page 58

Table 4   JMS Message Headers

Description
Delivery Mode
Delivery Mode instructs the server concerning persistent storage for the message. For detailed information on delivery modes, see the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.
Sending calls set the delivery mode for each message, based on either a property of the producer, or on a parameter to the sending call. To set the producer property, see `tibemsMsgProducer_SetDeliveryMode` on page 187.
`tibemsMsg_GetDeliveryMode` on page 39
`tibemsMsg_SetDeliveryMode` on page 60
For values, see `tibemsDeliveryMode` on page 128.
Destination
Sending calls set the destination (queue or topic) of the message in this header and will overwrite any existing value. The value is based on either a property of the producer, or on a parameter to the send call.
Listeners that consume messages from wildcard destinations can use this property to determine the actual destination of a message.
`tibemsMsg_GetDestination` on page 40
`tibemsMsg_SetDestination` on page 61
Expiration
Sending calls set the expiration time (in milliseconds) of the message in this field:
• If the time-to-live is non-zero, the expiration is the sum of that time-to-live and the sending client's current time (GMT).
• If the time-to-live is zero, then expiration is also zero—indicating that the message never expires.
The server discards a message when its expiration time has passed. However, the JMS specification does not guarantee that clients do not receive expired messages.
`tibemsMsg_GetExpiration` on page 42
`tibemsMsg_SetExpiration` on page 63

Table 4 JMS Message Headers

Description
Message ID

Sending calls assign a unique ID to each message, and record it in this header.

All message ID values start with the 3-character prefix ID: (which is reserved for this purpose).

Applications that do not require message IDs can reduce overhead costs by disabling IDs; see `tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID` on page 188. When the producer disables IDs, the value of this header is null.

`tibemsMsg_GetMessageID` on page 43

`tibemsMsg_SetMessageID` on page 64

Priority

Sending calls set the priority of a message in this header, based on either a property of the producer (`tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority` on page 192), or on a parameter to the send call.

The JMS specification defines ten levels of priority value, from zero (lowest priority) to 9 (highest priority). The specification suggests that clients consider 0–4 as gradations of normal priority, and priorities 5–9 as gradations of expedited priority.

Priority affects the order in which the server delivers messages to consumers (higher values first). The JMS specification does not require all providers to implement priority ordering of messages. (EMS supports priorities, but other JMS providers might not.)

`tibemsMsg_GetPriority` on page 44

`tibemsMsg_SetPriority` on page 65

Redelivered

The server sets this header to indicate whether a message might duplicate a previously delivered message:

- `false`—The server has *not* previously attempted to deliver this message to the consumer.
- `true`—It is likely (but not guaranteed) that the server has previously attempted to deliver this message to the consumer, but the consumer did not return timely acknowledgement.

`tibemsMsg_GetRedelivered` on page 49

`tibemsMsg_SetRedelivered` on page 69

See also, `tibemsAcknowledgeMode` on page 312

Table 4   JMS Message Headers

Description

Reply To

Sending clients can set this header to request that recipients reply to the message:

- When the value is a destination object, recipients can send replies to that destination. Such a message is called a *request*.

- When the value is null, the sender does not expect a reply.

When sending a reply, clients can refer to the corresponding request by setting the Correlation ID.

`tibemsMsg_GetReplyTo` on page 50

`tibemsMsg_SetReplyTo` on page 70

Timestamp

Sending calls record a UTC timestamp in this header, indicating the approximate time that the server accepted the message.

The value is in milliseconds since January 1, 1970 (as in Java).

Applications that do not require timestamps can reduce overhead costs by disabling timestamps; see `tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp` on page 189. When the producer disables timestamps, the value of this header is zero.

`tibemsMsg_GetTimestamp` on page 51

`tibemsMsg_SetTimestamp` on page 71

Type

Some JMS providers use a message repository to store message type definitions. Client programs can store a value in this field to reference a definition in the repository. EMS support this header, but does not use it.

The JMS specification does not define a standard message definition repository, nor does it define a naming policy for message type definitions.

Some providers require message type definitions for each application message. To ensure compatibility with such providers, client programs can set this header, even if the client application does not use it.

To ensure portability, clients can set this header with symbolic values (rather than literals), and configure them to match the provider's repository.

`tibemsMsg_GetType` on page 52

`tibemsMsg_SetType` on page 72

Properties

Properties associate an extensible set of property field names with values. The EMS server uses properties to attach ancillary information to messages.

Client applications can also use properties—for example, to customize message filtering; see Message Selectors on page 17.

Setting Message Properties

Property names must conform to the syntax for message selector identifiers; see Identifiers on page 17.

Property values cannot be null or an empty string.

Sending programs can set property values before sending a message.

Receiving programs cannot ordinarily set property values on inbound messages. However, `tibemsMsg_ClearProperties` removes all existing the properties from a message, and lets the program set property values.

EMS Properties

The JMS specification reserves the property name prefix JMS_*vendor_name_* for provider-specific properties (for EMS, this prefix is JMS_TIBCO_). Properties that begin with this prefix refer to features of EMS; client programs may use these properties to access those features, but not for communicating application-specific information among client programs.

Table 5   Message Property Names

Property	Description
JMS_TIBCO_CM_PUBLISHER	Correspondent name of an RVCM sender for messages imported from TIBCO Rendezvous.
JMS_TIBCO_CM_SEQUENCE	Sequence number of an RVCM message imported from TIBCO Rendezvous.
JMS_TIBCO_COMPRESS	Senders may set this property to request that EMS compress the message before sending it to the server. The .NET client API does not support this feature at this time.

Table 5   Message Property Names

Property	Description
JMS_TIBCO_DISABLE_SENDER	Senders may set this property to prevent the EMS server from including the sender name in the message when the server sends it to consumers; see JMS_TIBCO_SENDER.
JMS_TIBCO_IMPORTED	When the EMS server imports a message from an external message service (such as TIBCO Rendezvous or TIBCO SmartSockets), it sets this property to true.
JMS_TIBCO_MSG_EXT	Producers can set this property to true to indicate that a message uses EMS extensions to the JMS specification for messages. The server sets this property to true when importing a message from an external message service, since the message might use those extensions.
JMS_TIBCO_MSG_TRACE	When a producer sets this property, the EMS server generates trace output when the message arrives from the producer, and whenever a consumer receives it. • When the property value is null, the trace output contains the message ID and sequence number. • When the property value is body, the trace output includes the message body as well.
JMS_TIBCO_PRESERVE_UNDELIVERED	When this property is true, the server preserves a record of undeliverable messages by delivering them to the undelivered message queue, $sys.undelivered.
JMS_TIBCO_SENDER	The EMS server fills this property with the *user name* (string) of the client that sent the message. This feature applies only when the sender_name property of the message's destination is non-null. The sender can disable this feature (overriding the destination property sender_name) by setting a non-null value for the message property JMS_TIBCO_DISABLE_SENDER.
JMS_TIBCO_SS_SENDER	When the EMS server imports a message from TIBCO SmartSockets, it sets this property to the SmartSockets sender header field (in SmartSockets syntax).

<div align="right">**COBOL**
Constants</div>

```
01  TIBEMS-PROPERTIES.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-CM-PUBLISHER              PIC X(23) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_CM_PUBLISHER'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-CM-SEQUENCE              PIC X(22) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_CM_SEQUENCE'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-COMPRESS                 PIC X(19) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_COMPRESS'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-DISABLE-SENDER           PIC X(25) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_DISABLE_SENDER'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-IMPORTED                 PIC X(19) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_IMPORTED'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-MSG-EXT                  PIC X(19) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_MSG_EXT'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-MSG-TRACE                PIC X(20) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_MSG_TRACE'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-PRESERVE-UNDELIVERED   PIC X(31) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_PRESERVE_UNDELIVERED'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-SENDER                   PIC X(17) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_SENDER'.
    05  JMS-TIBCO-SS-SENDER                PIC X(20) VALUE
        Z'JMS_TIBCO_SS_SENDER'.
```

JMS Properties

The JMS specification reserves the property name prefix JMSX for properties defined by JMS. Client programs may use these properties to access those features, but not for communicating application-specific information among client programs.

For information about these properties, see the JMS specification.

Message Selectors

A message selector is string that lets a client program specify a set of messages, based on the values of message headers and properties. A selector *matches* a message if, after substituting header and property values from the message into the selector string, the string evaluates to `true`. Consumers can request that the server deliver only those messages that match a selector.

The syntax of selectors is based on a subset of SQL92 conditional expression syntax.

Identifiers

Identifiers can refer to the values of message headers and properties, but not to the message body. Identifiers are case-sensitive.

Basic Syntax
An identifier is a sequence of letters and digits, of any length, that begins with a letter. As in Java, the set of letters includes `_` (underscore) and `$` (dollar).

Illegal
Certain names are exceptions, which cannot be used as identifiers. In particular, `NULL`, `TRUE`, `FALSE`, `NOT`, `AND`, `OR`, `BETWEEN`, `LIKE`, `IN`, `IS`, and `ESCAPE` are defined to have special meaning in message selector syntax.

Value
Identifiers refer either to message header names or property names. The type of an identifier in a message selector corresponds to the type of the header or property value. If an identifier refers to a header or property that does not exist in a message, its value is `NULL`.

Literals

String Literal
A string literal is enclosed in single quotes. To represent a single quote within a literal, use two single quotes; for example, `'literal''s'`. String literals use the Unicode character encoding. String literals are case sensitive.

Exact Numeric Literal
An exact numeric literal is a numeric value without a decimal point, such as `57`, `-957`, and `+62`; numbers in the range of `long` are supported.

Approximate Numeric Literal
An approximate numeric literal is a numeric value with a decimal point (such as `7.`, `-95.7`, and `+6.2`), or a numeric value in scientific notation (such as `7E3` and `-57.9E2`); numbers in the range of `double` are supported. Approximate literals use the floating-point literal syntax of the Java programming language.

Boolean Literal   The boolean literals are TRUE and FALSE (case insensitive).

Internal computations of expression values use a 3-value boolean logic similar to SQL. However, the final value of an expression is always either TRUE or FALSE—never UNKNOWN.

Expressions

Selectors as Expressions   Every selector is a conditional expression. A selector that evaluates to true matches the message; a selector that evaluates to false or unknown does not match.

Arithmetic Expression   Arithmetic expressions are composed of numeric literals, identifiers (that evaluate to numeric literals), arithmetic operations, and smaller arithmetic expressions.

Conditional Expression   Conditional expressions are composed of comparison operations, logical operations, and smaller conditional expressions.

Order of Evaluation   Order of evaluation is left-to-right, within precedence levels. Parentheses override this order.

Operators

Case Insensitivity   Operator names are case-insensitive.

Logical Operators   Logical operators in precedence order: NOT, AND, OR.

Comparison Operators   Comparison operators: =, >, >=, <, <=, <> (not equal).

These operators can compare only values of comparable types. (Exact numeric values and approximate numerical values are comparable types.) Attempting to compare incomparable types yields false. If either value in a comparison evaluates to NULL, then the result is unknown (in SQL 3-valued logic).

Comparison of string values is restricted to = and <>. Two strings are equal if and only if they contain the same sequence of characters. Comparison of boolean values is restricted to = and <>.

Arithmetic Operators   Arithmetic operators in precedence order:

- +, – (unary)

- *, / (multiplication and division)

- +, – (addition and subtraction)

Arithmetic operations obey numeric promotion rules of the Java programming language.

Between Operator	*arithmetic-expr1* [NOT] BETWEEN *arithmetic-expr2* AND *arithmetic-expr3*

The BETWEEN comparison operator includes its endpoints. For example:

- age BETWEEN 5 AND 9 is equivalent to age >= 5 AND age <= 9

- age NOT BETWEEN 5 AND 9 is equivalent to age < 5 OR age > 9

String Set Membership	*identifier* [NOT] IN (*string-literal1*, *string-literal2*, ...)

The *identifier* must evaluate to either a string or NULL. If it is NULL, then the value of this expression is unknown.

Pattern Matching	*identifier* [NOT] LIKE *pattern-value* [ESCAPE *escape-character*]

The *identifier* must evaluate to a string.

The *pattern-value* is a string literal, in which some characters bear special meaning:

- _ (underscore) can match any single character.

- % (percent) can match any sequence of zero or more characters.

- *escape-character* preceding either of the special characters changes them into ordinary characters (which match only themselves).

Null Header or Property	*identifier* IS NULL

This comparison operator tests whether a message header is null, or a message property is absent.

identifier IS NOT NULL

This comparison operator tests whether a message header or message property is non-null.

White Space

White space is any of the characters space, horizontal tab, form feed, or line terminator—or any contiguous run of characters in this set.

Data Type Conversion

Table 6 summarizes legal datatype conversions. The symbol X in Table 6 indicates that a value written into a message as the row type can be extracted as the column type. This table applies to all message values—including map pairs, headers and properties—except as noted below.

Table 6   Data Type Conversion

	bool	byte	short	char	int	long	float	double	string	byte[]
bool	X								X	
byte		X	X		X	X			X	
short			X		X	X			X	
char				X					X	
int					X	X			X	
long						X			X	
float							X	X	X	
double								X	X	
string	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	
byte[]										X

Notes   • Message properties cannot have byte array values.

• Values written as strings can be extracted as a numeric or boolean type only when it is possible to parse the string as a number of that type.

tibemsMsg

Type

Purpose	Messages carry information among EMS client programs.
Related Types	tibemsBytesMsg, tibemsMapMsg, tibemsObjectMsg, tibemsStreamMsg, tibemsTextMsg

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsMsg_SetExpiration`	Set the expiration header of a message.	63
`tibemsMsg_SetMessageID`	Set the message ID header of a message.	64
`tibemsMsg_SetPriority`	Set the priority header of a message.	65
`tibemsMsg_SetRedelivered`	Set the redelivered header of a message.	69
`tibemsMsg_SetReplyTo`	Set the reply-to header of a message.	70
`tibemsMsg_SetTimestamp`	Set the timestamp header of a message.	71
`tibemsMsg_SetType`	Set the type header of a message.	72
`tibemsMsg_Set Property`	Set the value of a message property.	66

Table 7   Message Constants

Constant	Description
`TIBEMS_DEFAULT_DELIVERY_MODE`	`TIBEMS_PERSISTENT` When neither the sending call nor the producer supplies a delivery mode, this default applies.
`TIBEMS_DEFAULT_PRIORITY`	4 When neither the sending call nor the producer supplies a priority, this default applies. See also, Priority on page 12.
`TIBEMS_DEFAULT_TIME_TO_LIVE`	0 When neither the sending call nor the producer supplies a priority, this default applies. The default value, zero, indicates that messages do not expire. See also Expiration on page 11.

tibemsMsg_Acknowledge

Function

Purpose	Acknowledge messages.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsMsg_Acknowledge(``` ``` tibemsMsg message);```

COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsMsg_Acknowledge"```
	``` USING BY VALUE message,```
	``` RETURNING tibems-status```
	```END-CALL.```

> `message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Acknowledge this message (but for the actual behavior of this call, see the Remarks below).

Remarks The behavior of this call depends on the acknowledgement mode of the `tibemsSession`.

- In `TIBEMS_CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE` mode, this call acknowledges *all* messages that the program has consumed within the *session*. (This behavior complies with the JMS specification.)

- In `TIBEMS_EXPLICIT_CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE` mode, this call acknowledges *only* the individual message. (This mode and behavior are proprietary extensions, specific to TIBCO EMS.)

- In `TIBEMS_EXPLICIT_CLIENT_DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE` mode, this call lazily acknowledges *only* the individual message. *Lazy* means that the provider client library can delay transferring the acknowledgement to the server until a convenient time; meanwhile the server might redeliver the message. (This mode and behavior are proprietary extensions, specific to TIBCO EMS.)

- In all other modes, this call has no effect. In particular, modes that specify transactions or implicit acknowledgement do not require the consuming program to call this function. However, calling it does not produce an exception. (This behavior complies with the JMS specification.)

Consumed	Two events mark a message as *consumed*—that is, eligible for acknowledgment using this function:

- Just before the provider calls an `tibemsMsgCallback` function, it marks the message argument as consumed.

- Just before a receive call returns a message, it marks that message as consumed.

Redelivery	The server might redeliver unacknowledged messages.
Restriction	It is illegal to call this function after closing the session, the connection or the consumer through which the message arrived.
See Also	`tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive` on page 168
	`tibemsSession` on page 286
	`tibemsAcknowledgeMode` on page 312

tibemsMsg_ClearBody

Function

Purpose	Clear the body of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_ClearBody(
      tibemsMsg message );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_ClearBody"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Message to be cleared.

Remarks Clearing the body of a message leaves its header and property values unchanged.

If the message body was read-only, this function makes it writeable. The message body appears and behaves identically to an empty body in a newly created message.

tibemsMsg_ClearProperties

Function

Purpose	Clear the properties of a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_ClearProperties(
    tibemsMsg message );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_ClearProperties"
    USING BY VALUE message,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Message to be cleared.

Remarks   Clearing the property values of a message leaves its header values and body unchanged.

tibemsMsg_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a message object.
| **C Declaration** | ```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_Create(
     tibemsMsg* message );
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibemsMsg_Create"
     USING BY REFERENCE message,
             RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
``` |

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.

Remarks   This call creates a new message.

When your application creates a message, it also allocates storage for that message. This storage must subsequently be freed by a call to tibemsMsg_Destroy.

See Also   tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

tibemsMsg_CreateCopy

Function

Purpose	Create a copy of the message object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_CreateCopy(
    const tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsg* copy );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_CreateCopy"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE copy,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and copy have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Copy this message.
copy	The function stores a pointer to the new copy in this location.

Remarks   This call creates a new message by copying an existing message.

The copy is completely independent of the original message. Pointer data in fields are independent copies of the original values.

This function copies the entire message, including headers, properties, and body data.

This function allocates the storage for the copy. The duration of the copy is independent of the original message. Your program owns the messages that it creates, and must destroy those messages to reclaim the storage. That is, each call to this function must be paired with a call to tibemsMsg_Destroy.

See Also   tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

tibemsMsg_CreateFromBytes

Function

Purpose Create a message object from data in a byte sequence.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_CreateFromBytes(
     tibemsMsg* message,
     const void* bytes );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_CreateFromBytes"
     USING BY REFERENCE message,
           BY REFERENCE bytes,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.
bytes	Create a message from the data in this byte sequence.
	This data buffer represents the message in EMS wire format. To produce this type of buffer, use either tibemsMsg_GetAsBytes or tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy.

Remarks This call creates a new message from a byte sequence and populates the message with data.

This function allocates the storage for the new message. Your program owns the messages that it creates, and must destroy those messages to reclaim the storage. That is, each call to this function must be paired with a call to tibemsMsg_Destroy.

The new message is independent of the original byte sequence. They do not share any storage.

The newly created message is read-only; to enable modification without erasing the content, call tibemsMsg_MakeWriteable.

See Also

tibemsMsg_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_Destroy(
     tibemsMsg message );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_Destroy"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Destroy this message.

tibemsMsg_GetAsBytes

Function

Purpose Get a byte sequence representation of the message object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetAsBytes(
    const tibemsMsg message,
    const void** bytes,
    tibems_int* actual_size );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetAsBytes"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE bytes,
          BY REFERENCE actual-size,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and bytes have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Fill the byte array with the content of this message.
bytes	The function allocates a byte sequence, and stores a pointer to it in this location.
actual_size	The function stores the length of the byte sequence in this location.

Remarks This call formats the data of the message as a byte sequence in EMS wire format, which is suitable for archiving in a file.

The function allocates storage for the byte sequence, and associates it with the message; the byte sequence storage persists until your program destroys the message object.

Your program *must not* modify the byte sequence. To make a modifiable byte sequence, use tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy instead.

The byte sequence includes data from the message header, message properties, and all message fields.

The byte sequence might contain interior null bytes.

See Also tibemsMsg_CreateFromBytes on page 30
tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy on page 33
tibemsMsg_GetByteSize on page 36

tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy

Function

Purpose   Copies a byte sequence representation of the message object into storage supplied by the program.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy(
    const tibemsMsg message,
    const void* bytes,
    tibems_int avail_size,
    tibems_int* actual_size );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE bytes,
          BY VALUE avail-size,
          BY REFERENCE actual-size,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Fill the byte array with the content of this message.
bytes	Your program must supply storage suitable for a byte sequence. The function stores the byte sequence in this location.
avail_size	The length of the storage available for the byte sequence.
actual_size	The function stores the length of the byte sequence in this location.

Remarks   This call formats the data of the message as a byte sequence in EMS wire format, which is suitable for archiving in a file.

Your program must allocate storage for the byte sequence, and supply a pointer to it as an argument.

The byte sequence includes data from the message header, message properties, and all message fields.

The byte sequence might contain interior null bytes.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_INSUFFICIENT_BUFFER	The buffer is not large enough for the data. The return parameter `actual_size` indicates the size of the required buffer.

See Also tibemsMsg_CreateFromBytes on page 30
tibemsMsg_GetAsBytes on page 32
tibemsMsg_GetByteSize on page 36

tibemsMsg_GetBodyType

Function

Purpose   Get the body type of a message.

Message body type is distinct from message type—even though they have similar names. Contrast tibemsMsg_GetType on page 52.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetBodyType(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsgType* type );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetBodyType"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE type,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the body type of this message.
type	The function stores the body type in this location.

See Also   Body Types on page 9
tibemsMsgType on page 138

tibemsMsg_GetByteSize

Function

Purpose	Computes the size of the byte sequence representation of the message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetByteSize(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_int* size );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetByteSize"
    USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE size,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Compute the size of this message.
size	The function stores the message size in this location.

Remarks This call computes the size of a message in bytes. This measurement accounts for the actual space that the wire format message occupies, including its header, properties, and body data. (It does not include allocated storage that remains unused.)

Before calling tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy, use this call to measure the size of a message, then allocate sufficient space to store a copy.

You can also use this call to measure network throughput, or to limit a program's output rate (also called *throttling*).

Deprecated Form

```
tibems_int tibemsMsg_ByteSize(
    tibemsMsg message );
```

Do not use this deprecated form. It will become obsolete in a future release.

See Also tibemsMsg_GetAsBytesCopy on page 33

tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID

Function

Purpose	Get the correlation ID header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char** value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the correlation ID of this message.
value	The function stores the correlation ID in this location.

Remarks Correlation ID refers to a related message. For example, when a consumer responds to a request message by sending a reply, it can set the correlation ID of the reply to indicate the request message.

The JMS specification allows three categories of values for the correlation ID property:

- **Message ID** A message ID is a unique string that the provider assigns to a message. Programs can use these IDs to correlate messages. For example, a program can link a response to a request by setting the correlation ID of a response message to the message ID of the corresponding request message.

  Message ID strings begin with the prefix ID: (which is reserved for this purpose).

- **String** Programs can also correlate messages using arbitrary strings, with semantics determined by the application.

  These strings must *not* begin with the prefix ID: (which is reserved for message IDs).

- **Byte Array** This implementation does not support byte array values for the correlation ID property. The JMS specification does not require support.

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetMessageID on page 43
            tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID on page 58

tibemsMsg_GetDeliveryMode

Function

Purpose   Get the delivery mode header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetDeliveryMode(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsDeliveryMode* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetDeliveryMode"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the delivery mode from this message.
value	The function stores the delivery mode in this location.

Remarks   Delivery mode is a header property of message objects.

See Also   tibemsDeliveryMode on page 128
tibemsMsg_SetDeliveryMode on page 60

tibemsMsg_GetDestination

Function

Purpose	Get the destination header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetDestination(
     tibemsMsg message,
     tibemsDestination* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetDestination"
     USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the destination from this message.
value	The function stores the destination in this location.

Remarks Sending calls record the destination (queue or topic) of the message in this header (ignoring and overwriting any existing value). The value is based on either a property of the producer, or on a parameter to the send call.

Listeners that consume messages from several destinations can use this property to determine the actual destination of a message.

See Also tibemsDestination on page 144
tibemsMsg_SetDestination on page 61

tibemsMsg_GetEncoding

Function

Purpose   Get the character encoding header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetEncoding(
    const tibemsMsg message,
    const char** value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetEncoding"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the character encoding from this message.
value	The function stores the character encoding in this location.

Remarks   This call extends the JMS specification.

This encoding applies to all strings in message bodies (names and values), and properties (names and values). It does *not* apply to header names nor values. The functions tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF and tibemsBytesMsg_WriteUTF are exempt from message encoding settings.

See Also   Strings and Character Encodings on page 4

tibemsMsg_GetExpiration

Function

Purpose	Get the expiration header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetExpiration(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_long* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetExpiration"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the expiration from this message.
value	The function stores the expiration in this location.

Remarks   Sending calls record the expiration time (in milliseconds) of the message in this field:

• If the time-to-live is non-zero, the expiration is the sum of that time-to-live and the sending client's current time (GMT).

• If the time-to-live is zero, then expiration is also zero—indicating that the message never expires.

The server discards a message when its expiration time has passed. However, the JMS specification does not guarantee that clients do not receive expired messages.

See Also   tibemsMsg_SetExpiration on page 63
tibemsMsgProducer_GetTimeToLive on page 183

tibemsMsg_GetMessageID

Function

Purpose   Get the message ID header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetMessageID(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char** value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetMessageID"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the message ID from this message.
value	The function stores the message ID in this location.

Remarks   Sending calls assign a unique ID to each message, and record it in this header.

All message ID values start with the 3-character prefix ID: (which is reserved for this purpose).

Applications that do not require message IDs can reduce overhead costs by disabling IDs; see tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID on page 188. When the producer disables IDs, the value of this header is null.

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID on page 37
tibemsMsg_SetMessageID on page 64
tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID on page 188

tibemsMsg_GetPriority

Function

Purpose	Get the priority header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetPriority(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_int* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetPriority"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the priority from this message.
value	The function stores the priority in this location.

Remarks
Sending calls record the priority of a message in this header, based on either a property of the producer, or on a parameter to the send call.

The JMS specification defines ten levels of priority value, from zero (lowest priority) to 9 (highest priority). The specification suggests that clients consider 0–4 as gradations of normal priority, and priorities 5–9 as gradations of expedited priority.

Priority affects the order in which the server delivers messages to consumers (higher values first). The JMS specification does not require all providers to implement priority ordering of messages. (EMS supports priorities, but other JMS providers might not.)

See Also
tibemsMsg_SetPriority on page 65
tibemsMsgProducer_Send on page 184
tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority on page 192

tibemsMsg_Get Property

Function

Purpose   Get the value of a message property.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibemsMsgField* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetBooleanProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_bool* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetByteProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_byte* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetDoubleProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_double* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetFloatProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_float* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetIntProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_int* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetLongProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_long* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetShortProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_short* value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetStringProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    char** value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetBooleanProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetByteProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetDoubleProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetFloatProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetIntProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetLongProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_GetShortProperty"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetStringProperty"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

value has usage pointer only in tibemsMsg_GetStringProperty (but not in the other calls documented in this group).

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get a property from this message.
name	Get the property with this name (case sensitive).
	Property names must obey the JMS rules for a message selector identifier (see Message Selectors on page 17). Property names must not be null, and must not be empty strings.
value	The call stores the value in this location.

Remarks The JMS specification defines eight calls to get properties with different value types—converting between compatible types. All of these functions convert property values to the corresponding type (if possible).

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_CONVERSION_FAILED	The actual type of the property is not compatible with the requested type.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	The property is not set in this message.

See Also tibemsMsg_Set Property on page 66

tibemsMsg_GetPropertyNames

Function

Purpose	Get a list of property names from a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetPropertyNames(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsgEnum* enumeration );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetPropertyNames"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE enumeration,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and enumeration have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the property names from this message.
enumeration	The function stores the property names in this location.

See Also   tibemsMsgEnum on page 130

tibemsMsg_GetRedelivered

Function

Purpose   Get the redelivered header from a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetRedelivered(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_bool* value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetRedelivered"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the redelivered indicator from this message.
value	The function stores the redelivered indicator in this location.

Remarks   The server sets this header to indicate whether a message might duplicate a previously delivered message:

- false—The server has *not* previously attempted to deliver this message to the consumer.

- true—It is likely, but not guaranteed, that this message was delivered earlier but that its receipt was not acknowledged at that time.

See Also   tibemsMsg_SetRedelivered on page 69

tibemsMsg_GetReplyTo

Function

Purpose   Get the reply-to header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetReplyTo(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsDestination* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetReplyTo"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the reply-to header from this message.
value	The function stores the reply-to header in this location.

Remarks   Sending clients can set this header to request that recipients reply to the message:

- When the value is a destination object, recipients can send replies to that destination. Such a message is called a *request*.

- When the value is null, the sender does not expect a reply.

When sending a reply, clients can refer to the corresponding request by setting the correlation ID field.

See Also   tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID on page 58
tibemsMsg_SetReplyTo on page 70

tibemsMsg_GetTimestamp

Function

Purpose   Get the timestamp header from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetTimestamp(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_long* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetTimestamp"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the timestamp from this message.
value	The function stores the timestamp in this location.

Remarks   Sending calls record a UTC timestamp in this header, indicating the approximate time that the server accepted the message.

The value is in milliseconds since January 1, 1970 (as in Java).

Applications that do not require timestamps can reduce overhead costs by disabling timestamps; see tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp on page 189. When the producer disables timestamps, the value of this header is zero.

See Also

tibemsMsg_GetType

Function

Purpose Get the type header of a message.

> Message type is distinct from message body type—even though they have similar names. Contrast `tibemsMsg_GetBodyType` on page 35.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_GetType(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char** value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_GetType"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `message` and `value` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the type header of this message.
value	The function stores the type in this location.

Remarks Some JMS providers use a message repository to store message type definitions. Client programs can store a body type that references a definition in the repository. EMS supports this header, but does not use it.

The JMS specification does not define a standard message definition repository, nor does it define a naming policy for message type definitions.

Some providers require message type definitions for each application message. To ensure compatibility with such providers, client programs can set this header, even if the client application does not use it.

To ensure portability, clients can set this header with symbolic values (rather than literals), and configure them to match the provider's repository.

See Also `tibemsMsg_SetType` on page 72

tibemsMsg_MakeWriteable

Function

Purpose	Make a message writeable.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_MakeWriteable(
    tibemsMsg message );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_MakeWriteable"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Make this message writeable.

tibemsMsg_Print

Function

Purpose	Print a message.
C Declaration	``` void tibemsMsg_Print(tibemsMsg message); ```
COBOL Call	``` CALL "tibemsMsg_Print" USING BY VALUE message, END-CALL. ```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Print this message.

Remarks This call prints a string that includes the body type, headers (name-value pairs), properties (name-value pairs), and body content.

tibemsMsg_Print prints the message to stdout.

See Also tibemsMsg_PrintToBuffer on page 55

tibemsMsg_PrintToBuffer

Function

Purpose   Prints a message into a buffer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_PrintToBuffer(
    tibemsMsg message,
    char* buffer,
    tibems_int maxlen );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_PrintToBuffer"
    USING BY VALUE message,
    BY REFERENCE buffer,
    BY VALUE maxlen,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Print this message.
buffer	Location to store the string representation of the message.
maxlen	The size of the buffer.

Remarks   This call prints a string that includes the body type, headers (name-value pairs), properties (name-value pairs), and body content.

tibemsMsg_PrintToBuffer prints the message to a buffer.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_INSUFFICIENT_BUFFER	The buffer is too small to hold the data.

See Also   tibemsMsg_Print on page 54

tibemsMsg_PropertyExists

Function

Purpose Test whether a named property has been set on a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_PropertyExists(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_bool* result );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_PropertyExists"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE result,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Test this message for the property.
name	Test whether the message has a property with this name.
result	The function stores the boolean result of the test in this location: • TIBEMS_TRUE if the property has a value on the message • TIBEMS_FALSE otherwise

tibemsMsg_Recover

Function

Purpose	Recover a single message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_Recover(
    tibemsMsg message );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_Recover"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Recover the specified message.

Remarks When the application calls this function, TIBCO Enterprise Message Service puts this message back on the queue or topic and makes it available for redelivery. The JMSRedelivered header is set to true.

This call is only legal for the TIBEMS_EXPLICIT_CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE and TIBEMS_EXPLICIT_CLIENT_DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE acknowledgement modes. In all other modes, this call returns TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

This function recovers only the specified message. To recover all unacknowledged messages from a session, use tibemsSession_Recover.

Restriction It is illegal to call this function on an acknowledged message or on a message that is included in a transaction.

Additionally, it is illegal to call this function twice on the same message, or again on a message that was previously recovered using tibemsSession_Recover.

See Also tibemsSession_Recover on page 309
tibemsAcknowledgeMode on page 312

tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID

Function

Purpose Set the correlation ID header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the correlation ID of this message.
value	Set the correlation ID to this value.

Remarks Correlation ID refers to a related message. For example, when a consumer responds to a request message by sending a reply, it can set the correlation ID of the reply to indicate the request message.

The JMS specification allows three categories of values for the correlation ID property:

- **Message ID** A message ID is a unique string that the provider assigns to a message. Programs can use these IDs to correlate messages. For example, a program can link a response to a request by setting the correlation ID of a response message to the message ID of the corresponding request message.

  Message ID strings begin with the prefix ID: (which is reserved for this purpose).

- **String** Programs can also correlate messages using arbitrary strings, with semantics determined by the application.

  These strings must *not* begin with the prefix ID: (which is reserved for message IDs).

- **Byte Array** This implementation does not support byte array values for the correlation ID property. The JMS specification does not require support.

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID on page 37

tibemsMsg_SetDeliveryMode

Function

Purpose   Set the delivery mode header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetDeliveryMode(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsDeliveryMode value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetDeliveryMode"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the delivery mode of this message.
value	Set the delivery mode to this value.

Remarks   Sending calls set the delivery mode header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

See Also   tibemsDeliveryMode on page 128
tibemsMsg_GetDeliveryMode on page 39

tibemsMsg_SetDestination

Function

Purpose	Set the destination header of a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetDestination(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsDestination value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetDestination"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the destination of this message.
value	Set the destination to this value.

Remarks

Sending calls set the delivery mode header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

Sending calls record the destination (queue or topic) of the message in this header (ignoring and overwriting any existing value). The value is based on either a property of the producer, or on a parameter to the send call.

See Also

tibemsDestination on page 144
tibemsMsg_GetDestination on page 40
tibemsMsgProducer_Send on page 184
tibemsMsgProducer_GetDestination on page 178

tibemsMsg_SetEncoding

Function

Purpose Set the character encoding header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetEncoding(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetEncoding"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the character encoding of this message.
value	Set the character encoding to this value.
	For a list of standard encoding names, see www.iana.org.

Remarks This call extends the JMS specification.

Programs can set the encoding for individual messages.

This encoding applies to all strings in message bodies (names and values), and properties (names and values). It does *not* apply to header names nor values. The functions tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF and tibemsBytesMsg_WriteUTF are exempt from message encoding settings.

See Also Strings and Character Encodings on page 4
tibemsMsg_GetEncoding on page 41

tibemsMsg_SetExpiration

Function

Purpose	Set the expiration header of a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetExpiration(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_long value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetExpiration"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the expiration of this message.
value	Set the expiration to this value.

Remarks

Sending calls set the expiration header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

Sending calls record the expiration time (in milliseconds) of the message in this field:

- If the time-to-live is non-zero, the expiration is the sum of that time-to-live and the sending client's current time (GMT).

- If the time-to-live is zero, then expiration is also zero—indicating that the message never expires.

The server discards a message when its expiration time has passed. However, the JMS specification does not guarantee that clients do not receive expired messages.

See Also

tibemsMsg_SetMessageID

Function

Purpose	Set the message ID header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetMessageID(
     tibemsMsg message,
     const char* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetMessageID"
     USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the message ID of this message.
value	Set the message ID to this value.

Remarks Sending calls set the message ID header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

Sending calls assign a unique ID to each message, and record it in this header.

All message ID values start with the 3-character prefix `ID:` (which is reserved for this purpose).

Applications that do not require message IDs can reduce overhead costs by disabling IDs; see `tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID` on page 188. When the producer disables IDs, the value of this header is null.

See Also tibemsMsg_GetCorrelationID on page 37
tibemsMsg_GetMessageID on page 43
tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID on page 58
tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID on page 188

tibemsMsg_SetPriority

Function

Purpose	Set the priority header of a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetPriority(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_int value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetPriority"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the priority of this message.
value	Set the priority to this value.

Remarks Sending calls set the priority header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

Sending calls record the priority of a message in this header, based on either a property of the producer, or on a parameter to the send call.

The JMS specification defines ten levels of priority value, from zero (lowest priority) to 9 (highest priority). The specification suggests that clients consider 0–4 as gradations of normal priority, and priorities 5–9 as gradations of expedited priority.

Priority affects the order in which the server delivers messages to consumers (higher values first). The JMS specification does not require all providers to implement priority ordering of messages. (EMS supports priorities, but other JMS providers might not.)

See Also tibemsMsg_GetPriority on page 44
tibemsMsgProducer_GetPriority on page 182
tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority on page 192

tibemsMsg_Set Property

Function

Purpose	Set the value of a message property.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetBooleanProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_bool value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetByteProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_byte value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetDoubleProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_double value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetFloatProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_float value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetIntProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_int value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetLongProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_long value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetShortProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_short value );

tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetStringProperty(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const char* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetBooleanProperty"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetByteProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_SetDoubleProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_SetFloatProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_SetIntProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_SetLongProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_SetShortProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMsg_SetStringProperty"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

value has usage pointer only in tibemsMsg_SetStringProperty (but not in the other calls documented in this group).

	Parameter	Description
Parameters	message	Set a property on this message.
		Property names must obey the JMS rules for a message selector identifier (see Message Selectors on page 17). Property names must not be null, and must not be empty strings.
	name	Set a property with this name.
		Property names must obey the JMS rules for a message selector identifier (see Message Selectors on page 17). Property names must not be null, and must not be empty strings.
	value	Set the property to this value.

Remarks The JMS specification defines eight calls to set properties with different primitive value types.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_MSG_NOT_WRITEABLE	The message is read-only.

See Also tibemsMsg_Get Property on page 45

tibemsMsg_SetRedelivered

Function

Purpose	Set the redelivered header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetRedelivered(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_bool value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetRedelivered"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the redelivered indicator of this message.
value	Set the redelivered indicator to this value.

Remarks Sending calls set the redelivered header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

The server sets this header to indicate whether a message might duplicate a previously delivered message:

• false—The server has *not* previously attempted to deliver this message to the consumer.

• true—It is likely (but not guaranteed) that the server has previously attempted to deliver this message to the consumer, but the consumer did not return timely acknowledgement.

See Also tibemsMsg_GetRedelivered on page 49

tibemsMsg_SetReplyTo

Function

Purpose	Set the reply-to header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetReplyTo(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsDestination value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetReplyTo"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`message` and `value` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the reply-to header of this message.
value	Set the reply-to header to this value.

Remarks   Sending clients can set this header to request that recipients reply to the message:

- When the value is a destination object, recipients can send replies to that destination. Such a message is called a *request*.

- When the value is null, the sender does not expect a reply.

When sending a reply, clients can refer to the corresponding request by setting the correlation ID field.

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetReplyTo on page 50
tibemsMsg_SetCorrelationID on page 58

tibemsMsg_SetTimestamp

Function

Purpose	Set the timestamp header of a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetTimestamp(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_long value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetTimestamp"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the timestamp of this message.
value	Set the timestamp to this value.

Remarks   Sending calls set the timestamp header automatically. The JMS specification defines this call for symmetry.

Sending calls record a UTC timestamp in this header, indicating the approximate time that the server accepted the message.

The value is in milliseconds since January 1, 1970 (as in Java).

Applications that do not require timestamps can reduce overhead costs by disabling timestamps; see tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp on page 189. When the producer disables timestamps, the value of this header is zero.

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetTimestamp on page 51
tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp on page 189

tibemsMsg_SetType

Function

Purpose   Set the type header of a message.

Message type is distinct from message body type—even though they have similar names. Contrast `tibemsMsg_GetBodyType` on page 35.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsg_SetType(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsg_SetType"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the type header of this message.
value	Set the type to this value.

Remarks   Some JMS providers use a message repository to store message type definitions. Client programs can store a body type that references a definition in the repository. EMS supports this header, but does not use it.

The JMS specification does not define a standard message definition repository, nor does it define a naming policy for message type definitions.

Some providers require message type definitions for each application message. To ensure compatibility with such providers, client programs can set this header, even if the client application does not use it.

To ensure portability, clients can set this header with symbolic values (rather than literals), and configure them to match the provider's repository.

See Also   `tibemsMsg_GetType` on page 52

tibemsBytesMsg

Type

Purpose   A message containing a stream of uninterpreted bytes.

Related Types   tibemsMsg on page 21

Remarks   Messages with this body type contain a single value, which is a byte sequence.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsBytesMsg_Create	Create a bytes message.	74
tibemsBytesMsg_GetBodyLength	Get the body length (in bytes) of a bytes message.	75
tibemsBytesMsg_GetBytes	Get the body data of a bytes message.	76
tibemsBytesMsg_Read	Read primitive datatypes from the byte stream in the message body.	77
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBytes	Read bytes to a byte sequence from the byte stream in the message body.	81
tibemsBytesMsg_Reset	Set the read position to the beginning of the byte stream, and mark the message body as read-only.	83
tibemsBytesMsg_SetBytes	Set the body data of a bytes message from a byte sequence.	84
tibemsBytesMsg_Write	Write primitive datatypes to the byte stream in the message body.	85
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBytes	Write bytes from a byte array to the byte stream in the message body.	88

tibemsBytesMsg_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a bytes message.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_Create(
tibemsBytesMsg* message);```
COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_Create"
USING BY REFERENCE message,
RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.```

`message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.

Remarks This call creates a new bytes message.

When your application creates a message, it also allocates storage for that message. This storage must subsequently be freed by a call to `tibemsMsg_Destroy`.

See Also tibemsMsg_Create on page 28
tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

tibemsBytesMsg_GetBodyLength

Function

Purpose	Get the body length (in bytes) of a bytes message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_GetBodyLength(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibems_int* return_length );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_GetBodyLength"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE return-length,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the body length of this message.
return_length	The function stores the body length in this location.

tibemsBytesMsg_GetBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the body data of a bytes message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_GetBytes(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    void** bytes,
    tibems_uint* byteSize );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_GetBytes"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE bytes,
       BY REFERENCE byteSize,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and bytes have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the byte sequence of this bytes message.
bytes	The function stores a pointer to the bytes of the message in this location. Your program must not change the bytes, which belong to the message; if you must modify the bytes, make a private copy first.
byteSize	The function stores the length of the byte sequence in this location.

Remarks This call extracts a pointer to the body data of a bytes message.

The byte sequence storage persists until your program destroys the message object.

tibemsBytesMsg_Read

Function

Purpose	Read primitive datatypes from the byte stream in the message body.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBoolean(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_bool* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadByte(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_byte* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadChar(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_wchar* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadDouble(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_double* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadFloat(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_float* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadInt(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_int* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadLong(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_long* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadShort(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_short* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUnsignedByte(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_int* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUnsignedShort(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_int* value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    const char** value,
    tibems_int* length );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBoolean"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE  tibems-Boolean,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadByte"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadChar"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadDouble"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadFloat"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadInt"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadLong"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadShort"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUnsignedByte"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUnsignedShort"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       BY REFERENCE length,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer in all calls.

value has usage pointer in tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Read a datum from the body byte stream of this message.
value	The function stores the datum in this location.
length	tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF reads a UTF-8 string. Since the length of the string cannot be determined in advance, the function stores the actual length in this location.

Remarks   The JMS specification defines eleven calls to extract data from the byte stream body of a tibemsBytesMsg.

Each call reads a unit of data from the stream, and advances the read position so that the next read call gets the next datum.

Table 8   BytesMessage Read Functions

Function	# Bytes	Interpret As
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBoolean	1	tibems_bool
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadByte	1	tibems_byte
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUnsignedByte	1	tibems_int
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadShort	2	tibems_short
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUnsignedShort	2	tibems_int
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadChar	2	tibems_wchar

Table 8   BytesMessage Read Functions

Function	# Bytes	Interpret As
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadInt	4	tibems_int
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadLong	8	tibems_long
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadFloat	4	tibems_float
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadDouble	8	tibems_double
tibemsBytesMsg_ReadUTF	varies	char* Encoded as UTF.

See Also   tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBytes on page 81

tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBytes

Function

Purpose	Read bytes to a byte sequence from the byte stream in the message body.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBytes(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    const void** value,
    tibems_int   requested_length,
    tibems_int*  return_length );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_ReadBytes"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       BY VALUE requested-length,
       BY REFERENCE return-length,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`message` and `value` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Read bytes from the body of this message.
value	The program supplies a location. In that location, this call stores a pointer to the next block of bytes within the bytes message.

Your program must not change the bytes, which belong to the message; if you must modify the bytes, make a private copy first. |
| requested_length | Read (at most) this number of bytes from the stream.

This argument must be greater than zero. |

Parameter	Description
return_length	The function stores in this location the actual number of bytes that it read. (If the number of bytes remaining in the message is less than the requested_length, then this location indicates that number of remaining bytes. Your program must not use bytes beyond this limit.)
	When the function cannot read even one byte, it stores -1 in this location (and returns a successful status code).

Remarks   Each call reads bytes from the stream into the byte array, and advances the read position.

tibemsBytesMsg_Reset

Function

Purpose	Set the read position to the beginning of the byte stream, and mark the message body as read-only.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_Reset(
    tibemsBytesMsg message );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_Reset"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Reset the read position for this message.

Remarks This call prepares a message body for reading, as if the message were newly received. Contrast tibemsMsg_ClearBody on page 26, which clears a message body in preparation for writing, as if it were newly created.

tibemsBytesMsg_SetBytes

Function

Purpose Set the body data of a bytes message from a byte sequence.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_SetBytes(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    const void* bytes,
    tibems_uint byteSize );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_SetBytes"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE bytes,
       BY VALUE byteSize,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the body data of this bytes message.
bytes	Copy this byte sequence into the message body.
byteSize	Copy this number of bytes into the message.

tibemsBytesMsg_Write

Function

Purpose	Write primitive datatypes to the byte stream in the message body.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBoolean(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_bool value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteByte(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_byte value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteChar(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_wchar value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteDouble(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_double value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteFloat(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_float value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteInt(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_int value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteLong(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_long value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteShort(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    tibems_short value );

tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteUTF(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    const char* value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBoolean"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE tibems-Boolean,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteByte"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteChar"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteDouble"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteFloat"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteInt"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteLong"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteShort"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY VALUE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteUTF"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer in all calls.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Write data to the body of this bytes message.
value	Write this value to the message.

Remarks   The JMS specification defines these nine calls to insert data into the byte stream of a BytesMessage.

Each call writes a data value to the stream, and advances the write position so that the next write call appends to the new end of the stream.

Table 9 BytesMessage Write Functions

Function	# Bytes	Notes
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBoolean	1	This function writes true as (byte)1, and false as (byte)0.
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteByte	1	
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteShort	2	
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteChar	2	This function writes a 2-byte character—high byte first.
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteInt	4	
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteLong	8	
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteFloat	4	
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteDouble	8	
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteUTF	varies	For information about the UTF-8 format, see *File System Safe UCS Transformation Format (FSS_UFT)*, X/Open Preliminary Specification, X/Open Company Ltd., Document Number: P316. This information also appears in ISO/IEC 10646, Annex P.

See Also

tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBytes

Function

Purpose	Write bytes from a byte array to the byte stream in the message body.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBytes(
    tibemsBytesMsg message,
    const void* value,
    tibems_uint length );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBytes"
 USING BY VALUE message,
       BY REFERENCE value,
       BY VALUE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer in all calls.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Write bytes into the body data of this bytes message.
value	Write bytes from this byte array into the message.
length	Write this number of bytes from the byte array.

Remarks Each call writes bytes from the byte array into the stream, and advances the write position.

tibemsMapMsg

Type

Purpose	A message containing a set of name-value pairs.
Related Types	tibemsMsg on page 21
Remarks	Messages with this body type contain several values, indexed by name.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsMapMsg_Create	Create a map message.	90
tibemsMapMsg_Get	Get an enumeration of the field names in a map message.	91
tibemsMapMsg_GetMapNames	Create a map message.	95
tibemsMapMsg_ItemExists	Test if a named pair exists.	96
tibemsMapMsg–Set	Set a name-value pair in a map message.	97

Extensions TIBCO Enterprise Message Service extends the JMS MapMessage and StreamMessage body types in two ways. These extensions allow TIBCO Enterprise Message Service to exchange messages with TIBCO Rendezvous and TIBCO SmartSockets programs, which have certain features not available within the JMS specification.

- You can insert another MapMessage or StreamMessage instance as a submessage into a MapMessage or StreamMessage, generating a series of nested messages, instead of a flat message.

- You can use arrays as well as primitive types for the values.

These extensions add considerable flexibility to the two body types. However, they are extensions and therefore not compliant with JMS specifications. Extended messages are tagged as extensions with the vendor property tag JMS_TIBCO_MSG_EXT.

For more information on message compatibility with Rendezvous messages, see Message Body on page 407 in *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service Release Notes*.

tibemsMapMsg_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a map message.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_Create(
tibemsMapMsg* message);```
COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsMapMsg_Create"
USING BY REFERENCE message,
RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.

Remarks This call creates a new map message.

When your application creates a message, it also allocates storage for that message. This storage must subsequently be freed by a call to tibemsMsg_Destroy.

See Also tibemsMsg_Create on page 28
tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

tibemsMapMsg_Get

Function

Purpose   Get data values from a map message.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetBoolean(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_bool* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetByte(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_byte* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetBytes(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        void** bytes,
        tibems_uint* bytesSize);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetChar(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_wchar* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetDouble(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_double* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetField(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibemsMsgField* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetFloat(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_float* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetInt(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_int* value);

    tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetLong(
        tibemsMapMsg message,
        const char* name,
        tibems_long* value);

```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetMapMsg(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibemsMapMsg* value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetShort(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_short* value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetString(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const char** value );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetBoolean"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetBytes"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE bytes,
          BY REFERENCE bytesSize,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetByte"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetChar"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetDouble"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetField"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetFloat"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetInt"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetLong"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetMapMsg"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetShort"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetString"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and bytes have usage pointer.

value has usage pointer only in tibemsMapMsg_GetMapMsg and
tibemsMapMsg_GetString (but not in the other calls documented in this group).

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get a value from this map message.
name	Get the value associated with this name.
value	For unitary values, the function copies the value into this location. For strings, nested messages and fields, the function stores (in this location) a pointer to the value within the message.
bytes	tibemsMapMsg_GetBytes stores a pointer to the byte sequence in this location.
bytesSize	tibemsMapMsg_GetBytes stores the length of the byte sequence in this location.

Remarks   The JMS specification defines these calls to extract data from the name-value pairs of a map message.

To get array values from a map message, call tibemsMapMsg_GetField, then extract the array value from the field; see tibemsMsgField on page 133.

When the message does not have a field set for the name, these calls return TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND.

tibemsMapMsg_GetMapNames

Function

Purpose	Get an enumeration of the field names in a map message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_GetMapNames(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsgEnum* enumeration );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_GetMapNames"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE enumeration,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and enumeration have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the field names of this message.
enumeration	The function stores a pointer to the enumeration in this location.

See Also   tibemsMsgEnum on page 130

tibemsMapMsg_ItemExists

Function

Purpose	Test if a named pair exists.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_ItemExists(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_bool* exists );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_ItemExists"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE exists,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Test in the body of this map message.
name	Test for a pair with this name.
exists	The function stores the boolean result of the test in this location.

tibemsMapMsg—Set

Function

Purpose   Set a name-value pair in a map message.

Single Value
C Declarations
```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetBoolean(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_bool value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetByte(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_byte value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetChar(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_wchar value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetDouble(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_double value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetFloat(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_float value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetInt(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_int value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetLong(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_long value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetShort(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibems_short value );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetString(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const char* value );
```

Array
C Declarations

```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetDoubleArray(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const tibems_double* value,
    tibems_uint count );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetFloatArray(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const tibems_float* value,
    tibems_uint count );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetIntArray(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const tibems_int* value,
    tibems_uint count );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetLongArray(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const tibems_long* value,
    tibems_uint count );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetShortArray(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    const tibems_short* value,
    tibems_uint count );
```

Nested Message
C Declarations

```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetMapMsg(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibemsMsg mapMsg,
    tibems_bool takeOwnership );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetStreamMsg(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const char* name,
    tibemsMsg streamMsg,
    tibems_bool takeOwnership);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetBoolean"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetByte"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetChar"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetDouble"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetDoubleArray"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           BY VALUE count,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetFloat"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetFloatArray"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           BY VALUE count,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetInt"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetIntArray"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           BY VALUE count,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetLong"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetLongArray"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           BY VALUE count,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetMapMsg"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE mapMsg,
           BY VALUE tibems-Boolean,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetShort"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetShortArray"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           BY VALUE count,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetStreamMsg"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE streamMsg,
           BY VALUE tibems-Boolean,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetString"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`message`, `streamMsg` and `mapMsg` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the pair in the body of this map message.
name	Set the pair with this name.
	Field names must not be null, and must not be empty strings.
value	Associate this value with the name.
count	Array functions set array values of this size (must be a positive number).
mapMsg	tibemsMapMsg_SetMapMsg sets this map message as a nested value.
takeOwnership	Nested message functions use this parameter to control ownership of nested messages.
	When this argument is TIBEMS_TRUE, the call increments the reference count of the nested message. This action prevents other calls from destroying the nested message improperly.
	We recommend that all calls supply TIBEMS_TRUE.

Remarks   The JMS specification defines functions to set name-value pairs in a MapMessage.

Extensions   Array functions and nested message functions extend the JMS specification. Use them only with SmartSockets or Rendezvous messages. Programs that use these extensions might be non-compliant, and cannot interoperate with other JMS providers.

See Also

tibemsMapMsg_SetBytes

Function

Purpose	Set a byte array as a named value in a map message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetBytes(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    void* bytes,
    tibems_uint bytesSize );

tibems_status tibemsMapMsg_SetReferencedBytes(
    tibemsMapMsg message,
    const char* name,
    void* bytes,
    tibems_uint bytesSize );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetBytes"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE bytes,
          BY VALUE bytesSize,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsMapMsg_SetReferencedBytes"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE bytes,
          BY VALUE bytesSize,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Set the name and value pair in the body of this map message.
name	Set the pair with this name.
bytes	Associate this byte array value with the name.
bytesSize	Set a byte array value of this length.

Remarks   `tibemsMapMsg_SetBytes` copies the byte array into the map message field. The program may free the orignal byte array after this call returns.

`tibemsMapMsg_SetReferencedBytes` adds a reference to the byte array, but does not copy the bytes. When the byte array is very large, it can be more efficient to avoid making a copy. However, the program must not free nor modify the original byte array until after freeing the map message.

tibemsObjectMsg

Type

Purpose A message containing a serializable object.

Related Types tibemsMsg on page 21

Function	Description	Page
tibemsObjectMsg_Create	Create an object message.	105
tibemsObjectMsg_GetObjectBytes	Get the byte sequence representing a serialized object from a message.	106
tibemsObjectMsg_SetObjectBytes	Set the byte sequence of an object message.	107

Object Messages in C Object messages are used for objects created in .NET or Java. A C program can create, receive, and send object messages. For example, a C application can forward or store an object generated from a Java or .NET application.

C programs cannot create object messages. However, a C program can receive an object message from a Java or .NET program, and forward it, or store it for later resending.

Serialization The C library neither serializes objects nor reassembles them from bytes.

tibemsObjectMsg_Create

Function

Purpose	Create an object message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsObjectMsg_Create(
    tibemsObjectMsg* message );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsObjectMsg_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE message,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.

Remarks This call creates a new object message.

When your application creates a message, it also allocates storage for that message. This storage must subsequently be freed by a call to tibemsMsg_Destroy.

See Also tibemsMsg_Create on page 28
tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

tibemsObjectMsg_GetObjectBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the byte sequence representing a serialized object from a message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsObjectMsg_GetObjectBytes(
     tibemsObjectMsg message,
     void** bytes,
     tibems_uint* byteSize );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsObjectMsg_GetObjectBytes"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE bytes,
           BY REFERENCE byteSize,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and bytes have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get bytes (representing an object) from this message.
bytes	The function stores a pointer to the byte sequence (within the message) in this location.
byteSize	The function stores the length of the byte sequence in this location.

Remarks When the message does not contain an object (because none has been set), this function places null in the bytes argument, and zero in the byteSize argument.

tibemsObjectMsg_SetObjectBytes

Function

Purpose	Set the byte sequence of an object message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsObjectMsg_SetObjectBytes(
    tibemsObjectMsg message,
    const void* bytes,
    tibems_uint byteSize );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsObjectMsg_SetObjectBytes"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE bytes,
          BY VALUE byteSize,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Put bytes (representing an object) into this message.
bytes	Use these bytes (representing a serialized object) as the message body data.
byteSize	Length of the byte sequence.

Remarks Setting the content of an object message stores a snapshot of the object. subsequent changes to the original object or its serialized representation (as a byte sequence) do not affect the message.

tibemsStreamMsg

Type

Purpose	A message containing a stream of data items.
Related Types	tibemsMsg on page 21

Member	Description	Page
tibemsStreamMsg_Create	Create a stream message.	110
tibemsStreamMsg_FreeField	Free storage allocated during the reading of a stream message.	111
tibemsStreamMsg_Read	Read primitive datatypes from a stream message.	112
tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBytes	Read a byte array from a stream message.	115
tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField	Read a field from a stream message.	116
tibemsStreamMsg_Reset	Set the read position to the beginning of the stream, and mark the message body as read-only.	117
tibemsStreamMsg_Write	Write data to a stream message.	118
tibemsBytesMsg_WriteBytes	Write bytes from a byte array to a stream message.	122

Remarks   Each datum in the stream must be a primitive type, or an object representation of a primitive type.

Extensions   TIBCO Enterprise Message Service extends the MapMessage and StreamMessage body types in two ways. These extensions allow TIBCO Enterprise Message Service to exchange messages with TIBCO Rendezvous and ActiveEnterprise formats that have certain features not available within the JMS specification.

- You can insert another MapMessage or StreamMessage instance as a submessage into a MapMessage or StreamMessage, generating a series of nested messages, instead of a flat message.

- You can use arrays as well as primitive types for the values.

These extensions add considerable flexibility to the two body types. However, they are extensions and therefore not compliant with JMS specifications. Extended messages are tagged as extensions with the vendor property tag JMS_TIBCO_MSG_EXT.

For more information on message compatibility with Rendezvous messages, see Message Body on page 407 in *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsStreamMsg_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a stream message.
| **C Declaration** | ```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_Create(
    tibemsStreamMsg* message );
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE message,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
``` |

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.

Remarks   This call creates a new stream message.

When your application creates a message, it also allocates storage for that message. This storage must subsequently be freed by a call to tibemsMsg_Destroy.

See Also   tibemsMsg_Create on page 28
tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

tibemsStreamMsg_FreeField

Function

Purpose	Free storage allocated during the reading of a stream message.
C Declaration	`void tibemsStreamMsg_FreeField(` `    tibemsMsgField* field );`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_FreeField"`
	`     USING BY REFERENCE field`
	`END-CALL.`

Parameters

Parameter	Description
`field`	Free the storage associated with this field struct.

Remarks Each successful call to `tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField` allocates storage for a `tibemsMsgField`. Programs that call `tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField` must subsequently call this function to free that allocated storage.

This function does not need to be called after `tibemsMapMsg_GetField`.

See Also tibemsMsgField on page 133
tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField on page 116

tibemsStreamMsg_Read

Function

Purpose Read primitive datatypes from a stream message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBoolean(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_bool* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadByte(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_byte* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadChar(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_wchar* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadDouble(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_double* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadFloat(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_float* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadInt(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_int* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadLong(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_long* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadShort(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_short* value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadString(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    char** value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBoolean"
     USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadByte"
     USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadChar"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadDouble"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadFloat"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadInt"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadLong"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadShort"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadString"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

value has usage pointer only in tibemsStreamMsg_ReadString (but not in the other calls documented in this group).

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Read a field struct from this message.
value	The function stores a pointer to the field struct in this location.

Remarks Each call reads a unit of data from the stream, and advances the read position so that the next read call gets the next datum. (Other read functions are documented on separate pages.)

See Also tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBytes on page 115
tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField on page 116

tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBytes

Function

Purpose	Read a byte array from a stream message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBytes(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    void** value,
    tibems_uint* length );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadBytes"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          BY REFERENCE size,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and value have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Read a byte array from this message.
value	The function stores a pointer to the byte sequence (within the message) in this location.
length	The function stores the actual number of bytes read in this location.

Remarks
Each call reads bytes from the stream into the byte array, and advances the read position so that the next read call gets the next datum. (Other read functions are documented on separate pages.)

This call uses the length parameter to return the actual number of bytes read. When the call cannot read even one byte, the length is -1.

A program that calls this function must call it repeatedly until it returns -1, indicating that the program has extracted the complete set of bytes. Only then may the program call another read function.

See Also

tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField

Function

Purpose	Read a field from a stream message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField(
      tibemsStreamMsg message,
      tibemsMsgField* value );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Read a field struct from this message.
value	The function stores a pointer to the field struct in this location.

Remarks   Each call reads a field from the stream, and advances the read position so that the next read call gets the next datum. (Other read functions are documented on separate pages.)

Freeing Fields   Each successful call to tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField creates a field struct. Field structs can contain data in allocated storage. Programs that call tibemsStreamMsg_ReadField *must* subsequently call tibemsStreamMsg_FreeField to free that allocated storage.

See Also   tibemsStreamMsg_FreeField on page 111

tibemsStreamMsg_Reset

Function

Purpose Set the read position to the beginning of the stream, and mark the message body as read-only.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_Reset(
    tibemsStreamMsg message );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_Reset"
    USING BY VALUE message,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Reset the read position of this message.

Remarks This call prepares a message body for reading, as if the message were newly received. Contrast tibemsMsg_ClearBody on page 26, which clears a message body in preparation for writing, as if it were newly created.

tibemsStreamMsg_Write

Function

Purpose	Write data to a stream message.

**Single Value
C Declarations**

```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteBoolean(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_bool value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteByte(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_byte value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteChar(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_wchar value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteDouble(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_double value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteFloat(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_float value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteInt(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_int value );
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteLong(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_long value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteShort(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    tibems_short value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteString(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    char* value );
```

**Array
C Declarations**

```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteDoubleArray(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const tibems_double* value,
    tibems_int count );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteFloatArray(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const tibems_float* value,
    tibems_int count );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteIntArray(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const tibems_int* value,
    tibems_int count );
```

```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteLongArray(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const tibems_long* value,
    tibems_int count );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteShortArray(
    tibemsMsg message,
    const tibems_short* value,
    tibems_int count );
```

Nested Message C Declarations

```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteMapMsg(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsg value );

tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteStreamMsg(
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsg value );
```

Nested messages are an extension of the JMS specification. Programs that use this feature are non-compliant.

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteBoolean"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteByte"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteChar"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteDouble"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteDoubleArray"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          BY VALUE count,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteFloat"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteFloatArray"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          BY VALUE count,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteInt"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteIntArray"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          BY VALUE count,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteLong"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteLongArray"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          BY VALUE count,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteMapMsg"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteShort"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY VALUE value,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteShortArray"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE value,
          BY VALUE count,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteStreamMsg"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY VALUE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteString"
     USING BY VALUE message,
           BY REFERENCE value,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

value has usage pointer only in tibemsStreamMsg_WriteStreamMsg and tibemsStreamMsg_WriteMapMsg (but not in the other calls documented in this group).

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Write a datum to this stream message.
value	Write this datum. Arrays must not be null.
count	Array functions set array values of this size.

Remarks Each call writes a data value to the stream, and advances the write position so that the next write call appends to the new end of the stream.

See Also tibemsStreamMsg_WriteBytes on page 122

tibemsStreamMsg_WriteBytes

Function

Purpose	Write bytes from a byte array to a stream message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStreamMsg_WriteBytes(
    tibemsStreamMsg message,
    void* value,
    tibems_uint length );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStreamMsg_WriteBytes"
      USING BY VALUE message,
            BY REFERENCE value,
            BY VALUE length,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Write to the byte stream of this message.
value	Copy bytes from this byte array to the message.
length	Write this number of bytes from the byte array to the message.

Remarks Each call writes bytes from the byte array into the stream, and advances the write position.

tibemsTextMsg

Type

Purpose	A message containing a text string.
Related Types	tibemsMsg on page 21
Remarks	Messages with this body type contain a single value, which is a string.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsTextMsg_Create	Create a text message.	124
tibemsTextMsg_GetText	Get the string data from a text message.	125
tibemsTextMsg_SetText	Set the data string of a text message.	126

tibemsTextMsg_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a text message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTextMsg_Create(
    tibemsTextMsg* message );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTextMsg_Create"
     USING BY REFERENCE message,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	The function stores a pointer to the new message in this location.

Remarks This call creates a new text message.

When your application creates a message, it also allocates storage for that message. This storage must subsequently be freed by a call to `tibemsMsg_Destroy`.

See Also tibemsMsg_Create on page 28
tibemsMsg_Destroy on page 31

See Also tibemsSession_CreateTextMessage on page 304

tibemsTextMsg_GetText

Function

Purpose	Get the string data from a text message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTextMsg_GetText(
    tibemsTextMsg message,
    const char** text );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTextMsg_GetText"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE text,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

message and text have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Get the string from this message.
text	The function stores a pointer to the string (within the message) in this location.

Remarks
When the message does not contain any text (because none has been set), this function sets its text parameter to null.

tibemsTextMsg_SetText

Function

Purpose	Set the data string of a text message.
| **C Declaration** | ```
tibems_status tibemsTextMsg_SetText(
    tibemsTextMsg message,
    const char* text );
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibemsTextMsg_SetText"
    USING BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE text,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
``` |

`message` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
message	Put the text into this message.
text	Copy this string into the message body.

tibemsData

Type

Purpose   Union type that covers all possible datatypes in a tibemsMsgField struct.

C Declaration

```
typedef union {
    tibems_bool boolValue;
    tibems_byte byteValue;
    tibems_short shortValue;
    tibems_wchar wcharValue;
    tibems_int intValue;
    tibems_long longValue;
    tibems_float floatValue;
    tibems_double doubleValue;
    char* utf8Value;
    void* bytesValue;
    struct __tibemsMsg* msgValue;
    void* arrayValue;
} tibemsData;
```

COBOL

```
05  MsgFld-data.
    10  MFD                 PIC  X(8).
    10  MFD-boolValue
        redefines MFD       PIC S9(8) BINARY.
    10  MFD-byteValue
        redefines MFD       PIC  X(1) USAGE DISPLAY.
    10  MFD-shortValue
        redefines MFD       PIC S9(4) BINARY.
    10  MFD-wcharValue
        redefines MFD       PIC  9(4) COMPUTATIONAL-5.
    10  MFD-intValue
        redefines MFD       PIC S9(9) BINARY.
    10  MFD-longValue
        redefines MFD       PIC S9(18) COMPUTATIONAL-5.
    10  MFD-floatValue
        redefines MFD       USAGE COMPUTATIONAL-1.
    10  MFD-doubleValue
        redefines MFD       USAGE COMPUTATIONAL-2.
    10  MFD-utf8Value
        redefines MFD       USAGE POINTER.
    10  MFD-bytesValue
        redefines MFD       USAGE POINTER.
    10  MFD-msgValue
        redefines MFD       USAGE POINTER.
    10  MFD-arrayValue
        redefines MFD       USAGE POINTER.
```

See Also   tibemsMsgField on page 133

tibemsDeliveryMode

Type

Purpose	Define delivery mode constants.

C Declaration
```
typedef enum {
    TIBEMS_NON_PERSISTENT,
    TIBEMS_PERSISTENT,
    TIBEMS_RELIABLE
} tibemsDeliveryMode;
```

COBOL
```
01  TIBEMS-DELIVERY-MODES.
    05  tibemsDeliveryMode          PIC S9(8) BINARY.
        88  TIBEMS-NON-PERSISTENT   VALUE    1.
        88  TIBEMS-PERSISTENT       VALUE    2.
        88  TIBEMS-RELIABLE         VALUE   22.
```

Member	Description
TIBEMS_NON_PERSISTENT	Non-persistent delivery.
TIBEMS_PERSISTENT	Persistent delivery.
TIBEMS_RELIABLE	Reliable delivery mode is a TIBCO proprietary extension that offers increased performance of the message producers. See also RELIABLE_DELIVERY on page 25 in *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsNpCheckMode

Type

Purpose	Define when a producer should check the result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.

C Declaration

```
typedef enum
{
    NPSEND_CHECK_DEFAULT   = 0,
    NPSEND_CHECK_ALWAYS    = 1,
    NPSEND_CHECK_NEVER     = 2,
    NPSEND_CHECK_TEMP_DEST = 3,
    NPSEND_CHECK_AUTH      = 4,
    NPSEND_CHECK_TEMP_AUTH = 5
} tibemsNpCheckMode;
```

COBOL

```
01  TIBEMS-NPCHECK-MODES.
    05 tibemsNpCheckMode            PIC S9(8) BINARY.
    88 NPSEND_CHECK_DEFAULT      VALUE 0.
    88 NPSEND_CHECK_ALWAYS       VALUE 1.
    88 NPSEND_CHECK_NEVER        VALUE 2.
    88 NPSEND_CHECK_TEMP_DEST    VALUE 3.
    88 NPSEND_CHECK_AUTH         VALUE 4.
    88 NPSEND_CHECK_TEMP_AUTH    VALUE 5.
```

Member	Description
NPSEND_CHECK_DEFAULT	Defines default check mode for sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.
NPSEND_CHECK_ALWAYS	Defines mode when producer always checks result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.
NPSEND_CHECK_NEVER	Defines mode when producer never checks result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.
NPSEND_CHECK_TEMP_DEST	Defines mode when producer checks result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message only when sending into temporary destination.
NPSEND_CHECK_AUTH	Defines mode when producer checks result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message only when server authorization is enabled.
NPSEND_CHECK_TEMP_AUTH	Defines mode when producer checks result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message when sending into temporary destination or if server authorization is enabled.

tibemsMsgEnum

Type

Purpose   Enumerate the properties of a message, or the field names of a map message.

Remarks   tibemsMsg_GetPropertyNames and tibemsMapMsg_GetMapNames create instances of this type.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsMsgEnum_Destroy	Destroy a message enumerator.	131
tibemsMsgEnum_GetNextName	Get the next item from a message enumerator.	132

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetPropertyNames on page 48
tibemsMapMsg_GetMapNames on page 95

tibemsMsgEnum_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a message enumerator.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgEnum_Destroy(
    tibemsMsgEnum enumeration );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgEnum_Destroy"
    USING BY VALUE enumeration,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

enumeration has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
enumeration	Destroy this enumerator.

tibemsMsgEnum_GetNextName

Function

Purpose	Get the next item from a message enumerator.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgEnum_GetNextName(
    tibemsMsgEnum enumeration,
    const char** name );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgEnum_GetNextName"
     USING BY VALUE enumeration,
             BY REFERENCE name,
             RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

enumeration and name have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
enumeration	Get the next item from this enumerator.
name	The function stores the next item in this location.

tibemsMsgField

Type

Purpose   Represents a message field or property.

C Declaration
```
typedef struct {
     tibems_byte type;
     tibems_int size;
     tibems_int count;
     tibemsData data;
} tibemsMsgField
```

COBOL
```
01  tibemsMsgField.
    05  MsgFld-type               PIC  X(1).
        88  TIBEMS-NULL             VALUE  X'00'.
        88  TIBEMS-BOOL             VALUE  X'01'.
        88  TIBEMS-BYTE             VALUE  X'02'.
        88  TIBEMS-WCHAR            VALUE  X'03'.
        88  TIBEMS-SHORT            VALUE  X'04'.
        88  TIBEMS-INT              VALUE  X'05'.
        88  TIBEMS-LONG             VALUE  X'06'.
        88  TIBEMS-FLOAT            VALUE  X'07'.
        88  TIBEMS-DOUBLE           VALUE  X'08'.
        88  TIBEMS-UTF8             VALUE  X'09'.
        88  TIBEMS-BYTES            VALUE  X'0A'.
        88  TIBEMS-MAP-MSG          VALUE  X'0B'.
        88  TIBEMS-STREAM-MSG       VALUE  X'0C'.
        88  TIBEMS-SHORT-ARRAY      VALUE  X'14'.
        88  TIBEMS-INT-ARRAY        VALUE  X'15'.
        88  TIBEMS-LONG-ARRAY       VALUE  X'16'.
        88  TIBEMS-FLOAT-ARRAY      VALUE  X'17'.
        88  TIBEMS-DOUBLE-ARRAY     VALUE  X'18'.
    05  Filler                 PIC  X(3).
    05  MsgFld-size            PIC  S9(9) BINARY.
    05  MsgFld-count           PIC  S9(9) BINARY.
    05  Filler                 PIC  X(4).
    05  MsgFld-data.
        10  MFD                    PIC  X(8).
```

Remarks   Any message can have property values. Only map messages and stream messages can have fields.

Field	Description
type	A one-byte indicator of the field's datatype; for values, see Table 10 below.
size	The size of the data (in bytes). Zero is a special value, indicating that the size is unknown.
count	If the data is an array, this value is the number of elements in the array.

Field	Description
data	The actual data in the field, or the property value.

Table 10   Message Field Type Indicators

Constant	Value	Comment
TIBEMS_NULL	0	
TIBEMS_BOOL	1	
TIBEMS_BYTE	2	
TIBEMS_WCHAR	3	wide character; 2 bytes
TIBEMS_SHORT	4	
TIBEMS_INT	5	
TIBEMS_LONG	6	
TIBEMS_FLOAT	7	
TIBEMS_DOUBLE	8	
TIBEMS_UTF8	9	UTF8-encoded string
TIBEMS_BYTES	10	
TIBEMS_MAP_MSG	11	
TIBEMS_STREAM_MSG	12	
TIBEMS_SHORT_ARRAY	20	
TIBEMS_INT_ARRAY	21	
TIBEMS_LONG_ARRAY	22	
TIBEMS_FLOAT_ARRAY	23	
TIBEMS_DOUBLE_ARRAY	24	

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetProperty, listed at tibemsMsg_Get Property on page 45

tibemsMsgField_Print

Function

Purpose	Print a message field.
| **C Declaration** | ```
void tibemsMsgField_Print(
     tibemsMsgField* field );
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibemsMsgField_Print"
     USING BY REFERENCE field,
END-CALL.
``` |

Parameters

Parameter	Description
field	Print this message field instance.

Remarks tibemsMsgField_Print prints to stdout in the format *FieldDataType*:*Value*.

tibemsMsgField_PrintToBuffer

Function

Purpose	Print a message field into a buffer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsgField_PrintToBuffer(
    tibemsMsgField* field,
    char* buffer,
    tibems_int maxlen);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsgField_PrintToBuffer"
    USING BY REFERENCE field,
    BY REFERENCE buffer,
    BY VALUE maxlen,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
field	Print this message field instance.
buffer	Location to store the string representation of the message.
maxlen	The size of the buffer.

Remarks tibemsMsgField_PrintToBuffer prints to a buffer, in the format
FieldDataType : *Value*.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_INSUFFICIENT_BUFFER	The buffer is too small to hold the data.

tibemsMsgType

Purpose   Enumerated constants representing message body types.

C Declaration
```
typedef enum {
     TIBEMS_MESSAGE_UNKNOWN,
     TIBEMS_MESSAGE,
     TIBEMS_BYTES_MESSAGE,
     TIBEMS_MAP_MESSAGE,
     TIBEMS_OBJECT_MESSAGE,
     TIBEMS_STREAM_MESSAGE,
     TIBEMS_TEXT_MESSAGE,
     TIBEMS_MESSAGE_UNDEFINED
} tibemsMsgType;
```

COBOL
```
01  TIBEMS-MSG-TYPES.
    05 tibemsMsgType              PIC S9(8) BINARY.
       88  TIBEMS-MESSAGE-UNKNOWN    VALUE     0.
       88  TIBEMS-MESSAGE            VALUE     1.
       88  TIBEMS-BYTES-MESSAGE      VALUE     2.
       88  TIBEMS-MAP-MESSAGE        VALUE     3.
       88  TIBEMS-OBJECT-MESSAGE     VALUE     4.
       88  TIBEMS-STREAM-MESSAGE     VALUE     5.
       88  TIBEMS-TEXT-MESSAGE       VALUE     6.
       88  TIBEMS-MESSAGE-UNDEFINED  VALUE   256.
```

See Also   tibemsMsg_GetBodyType on page 35

Chapter 3 **Destination**

This chapter documents the functions that create and modify destination objects. The destination of a message determines where the message is sent.

Topics

Destination Overview

Destination objects represent destinations within the EMS server—the queues and topics to which programs send messages, and from which they receive messages.

Queues deliver each message to exactly one consumer. Topics deliver each message to every subscriber. Queues and topics can be static, dynamic or temporary.

Table 11   Destination Overview

Aspect	Static	Dynamic	Temporary
Purpose	Static destinations let administrators configure EMS behavior at the enterprise level. Administrators define these administered objects, and client programs use them—relieving program developers and end users of the responsibility for correct configuration.	Dynamic destinations give client programs the flexibility to define destinations as needed for short-term use.	Temporary destinations are ideal for limited-scope uses, such as reply subjects.
Scope of Delivery	Static destinations support concurrent use. That is, several client processes (and in several threads within a process) can create local objects denoting the destination, and consume messages from it.	Dynamic destinations support concurrent use. That is, several client processes (and in several threads within a process) can create local objects denoting the destination, and consume messages from it.	Temporary destinations support only local use. That is, only the client connection that created a temporary destination can consume messages from it. However, servers connected by routes do exchange messages sent to temporary topics.

Table 11   Destination Overview

Aspect	Static	Dynamic	Temporary
Creation	Administrators create static destinations using EMS server administration tools or API.	If the server configuration permits dynamic destinations, client programs can create one in two steps: 1. Create a local destination object; see `tibemsSession` on page 286. 2. Send a message to that destination, or create a consumer for it. Either of these actions automatically creates the destination in the server.	Client programs create temporary destinations; see `tibemsSession` on page 286.
Lookup	Client programs lookup static destinations by name. Successful lookup returns a local object representation of the destination; see `tibemsLookupContext_Lookup` on page 327.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Table 11   Destination Overview

Aspect	Static	Dynamic	Temporary
Duration	A static destination remains in the server until an administrator explicitly deletes it.	A dynamic destination remains in the server as long as at least one client actively uses it. The server automatically deletes it (at a convenient time) when all applicable conditions are true: • **Topic or Queue** all client programs that access the destination have disconnected • **Topic** no offline durable subscribers exist for the topic • **Queue** queue, no messages are stored in the queue	A temporary destination remains in the server either until the client that created it explicitly deletes it, or until the client disconnects from the server.

tibemsDestinationType

Type

Purpose	Enumerated constants representing destination types.

C Declaration

```
typedef enum {
    TIBEMS_UNKNOWN,
    TIBEMS_QUEUE,
    TIBEMS_TOPIC
} tibemsDestinationType;
```

COBOL

```
01  TIBEMS-DESTINATION-TYPES.
    05  tibemsDestinationType   PIC S9(8) BINARY.
        88  TIBEMS-UNKNOWN                        VALUE    0.
        88  TIBEMS-QUEUE                          VALUE    1.
        88  TIBEMS-TOPIC                          VALUE    2.
        88  TIBEMS-UNDEFINED                      VALUE  256.
```

See Also   tibemsDestination_Create on page 146
tibemsDestination_GetType on page 149

tibemsDestination

Type

Purpose   Represent a named queue or topic in the server.

Remarks   Administrators define destinations in the server. Client programs access them using functions of `tibemsLookupContext`.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsDestination_Copy`	Create an independent copy of a destination object.	145
`tibemsDestination_Create`	Create a destination object.	146
`tibemsDestination_Destroy`	Destroy a destination object.	147
`tibemsDestination_GetName`	Get the name of a destination object.	148
`tibemsDestination_GetType`	Get the type of a destination object.	149

Related Types   `tibemsQueue` on page 150
`tibemsTemporaryQueue` on page 154
`tibemsTopic` on page 156
`tibemsTemporaryTopic` on page 155

See Also   `tibemsMsg_GetDestination` on page 40
`tibemsMsg_SetDestination` on page 61
`tibemsLookupContext` on page 322

tibemsDestination_Copy

Function

Purpose	Create an independent copy of a destination object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsDestination_Copy(
    tibemsDestination destination,
    tibemsDestination* copy );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsDestination_Copy"
    USING BY VALUE destination,
          BY REFERENCE copy,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

destination has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
destination	Copy this existing destination object.
copy	The function stores the new copy in this location.

tibemsDestination_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a destination object.

C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsDestination_Create(
	    tibemsDestination* destination,
	    tibemsDestinationType type,
	    const char* name);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsDestination_Create"
	    USING BY REFERENCE destination,
	        BY VALUE type,
	        BY REFERENCE name,
	        RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

destination has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
destination	The function stores the new destination in this location.
type	Create a destination of this type (queue or topic).
name	Create a destination with this name.

See Also tibemsDestinationType on page 143

tibemsDestination_Destroy

Function

Purpose   Destroy a destination object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsDestination_Destroy(
    tibemsDestination destination );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsDestination_Destroy"
    USING BY VALUE destination,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

destination has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
destination	Destroy this destination.

tibemsDestination_GetName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of a destination object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsDestination_GetName(
     tibemsDestination destination,
     char* name,
     tibems_int name_len );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsDestination_GetName"
     USING BY VALUE destination,
           BY REFERENCE name,
           BY VALUE name-len
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

destination has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
destination	Get the name of this destination.
name	The function copies the name to this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

Remarks A null character terminates the copied name string.

Your program must allocate the name buffer, and pass its length to the function. If the length of the name is greater than the size of the buffer provided, the entire destination name may not be copied. The buffer size is determined by the TIBEMS_DESTINATION_MAX constant. Constants such as TIBEMS_DESTINATION_MAX are located in the tibems/types.h header file.

tibemsDestination_GetType

Function

Purpose	Get the type of a destination object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsDestination_GetType(
    tibemsDestination destination,
    tibemsDestinationType* type );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsDestination_GetType"
    USING BY VALUE destination,
          BY REFERENCE type,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `destination` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
destination	Get the type of this destination.
type	The function stores the type in this location.

See Also   tibemsDestinationType on page 143

tibemsQueue

Type

Purpose   Queues deliver each message to exactly one consumer.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsQueue_Create	Create a queue object.	151
tibemsQueue_Destroy	Destroy a queue object.	152
tibemsQueue_GetQueueName	Get the name of a queue object.	153

Related Types

tibemsQueue_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a queue object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueue_Create(
    tibemsQueue* queue,
    const char* queueName );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueue_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE queue,
          BY REFERENCE queueName,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

queue has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queue	The function stores the queue object in this location.
queueName	Create a local queue instance with this name.

Remarks This call creates only local objects (within the program). It does not attempt to bind the local queue object to the corresponding server object until the program creates a tibemsMsgConsumer or a tibemsMsgProducer that uses the queue.

The bind can fail for the following reasons:

- Authorization is enabled for the queue and the user does not have the appropriate permissions.

- The queue does not exist and the server cannot dynamically create the queue.

See Also tibemsLookupContext on page 322

tibemsQueue_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a queue object.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsQueue_Destroy(` `        tibemsQueue queue );`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsQueue_Destroy"`
	`        USING BY VALUE queue,`
	`                RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

queue has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queue	Destroy this queue.

tibemsQueue_GetQueueName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of a queue object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueue_GetQueueName(
    tibemsQueue queue,
    char* name,
    tibems_int name_len );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueue_GetQueueName"
    USING BY VALUE queue,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY VALUE name-len
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

queue has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queue	Get the name of this queue.
name	The function copies the name to this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

Remarks A null character terminates the copied name string.

Your program must allocate the name buffer, and pass its length to the function. If the length of the queue name is greater than the size of the buffer provided, the entire queue name may not be copied. The buffer size is determined by the TIBEMS_DESTINATION_MAX constant. Constants such as TIBEMS_DESTINATION_MAX are located in the tibems/types.h header file.

tibemsTemporaryQueue

Type

Purpose   Programs can use temporary queues as reply destinations.

Remarks   Programs create temporary queues using
`tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryQueue`.

A temporary queue exists only for the duration of the session's connection, and is available only within that connection.

Only consumers associated with the same connection as the temporary queue can consume messages from it.

All functions that accept a queue or a generic destination as an argument also accept a temporary queue.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryQueue`	Create a temporary queue.	302
`tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryQueue`	Delete a temporary queue.	305

Related Types   `tibemsDestination` on page 144
`tibemsQueue` on page 150

tibemsTemporaryTopic

Type

Purpose	Programs can use temporary topics as reply destinations.
Remarks	Programs create temporary topics using `tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryTopic`.

A temporary topic exists only for the duration of the session's connection, and is available only within that connection.

Only consumers associated with the same connection as the temporary topic can consume messages from it.

Servers connected by routes do exchange messages sent to temporary topics.

All functions that accept a topic or a generic destination as an argument also accept a temporary queue.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryTopic`	Create a temporary topic.	303
`tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryTopic`	Delete a temporary topic.	306

Related Types   `tibemsDestination` on page 144
`tibemsTopic` on page 156

tibemsTopic

Type

Purpose Topics deliver each message to multiple consumers.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsTopic_Create	Create a topic object.	157
tibemsTopic_Destroy	Destroy a topic object.	158
tibemsTopic_GetTopicName	Get the name of a topic object.	159

Related Types tibemsDestination on page 144
tibemsTemporaryTopic on page 155

tibemsTopic_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a topic object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopic_Create(
    tibemsTopic* topic,
    const char* topicName );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopic_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE topic,
          BY REFERENCE topicName,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `topic` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topic	The function stores the topic object in this location.
topicName	Create a local topic instance with this name.

Remarks   This constructor creates only local objects (within the program). It does not attempt to bind the local topic object to the corresponding server object until the program creates a `tibemsMsgConsumer` or a `tibemsMsgProducer` that uses the topic.

The bind can fail for the following reasons:

- Authorization is enabled for the topic and the user does not have the appropriate permissions.

- The topic does not exist and the server cannot dynamically create the topic.

See Also   tibemsLookupContext on page 322

tibemsTopic_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a topic object.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsTopic_Destroy(tibemsTopic topic);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsTopic_Destroy"
	    USING BY VALUE topic,
	        RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

topic has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topic	Destroy this topic object.

tibemsTopic_GetTopicName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of a topic object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopic_GetTopicName(
    tibemsTopic topic,
    char* name,
    tibems_int name_len );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopic_GetTopicName"
      USING BY VALUE topic,
            BY REFERENCE name,
            BY VALUE name-len,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

topic has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topic	Get the name of this topic.
name	The function copies the name to this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

Remarks A null character terminates the copied name string.

Your program must allocate the name buffer, and pass its length to the function. If the length of the topic name is greater than the size of the buffer provided, the entire topic name may not be copied. The buffer size is determined by the TIBEMS_DESTINATION_MAX constant. Constants such as TIBEMS_DESTINATION_MAX are located in the tibems/types.h header file.

Chapter 4   **Consumer**

This chapter documents the functions that create and modify message consumers. A message consumer receives messages from a destination.

Topics

tibemsMsgConsumer

Type

Purpose	Consume messages from a destination.
Remarks	Consumers can receive messages synchronously (using the receive functions), or asynchronously.
	Consumers can receive messages asynchronously using callback functions.
	Clients create message consumers using functions of a `tibemsSession` object.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsMsgConsumer_Close`	Closes a message consumer and releases associated storage.	163
`tibemsMsgConsumer_GetDestination`	Get the destination from a message consumer.	164
`tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgListener`	Get the message callback and closure data from a consumer.	165
`tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgSelector`	Get the message selector from a consumer.	166
`tibemsMsgConsumer_GetNoLocal`	Get the no local property of a message consumer.	167
`tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive`	Receive a message (synchronous).	168
`tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait`	Receive a message (synchronous, non-blocking).	169
`tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout`	Receive a message (synchronous, blocks up to a time limit).	170
`tibemsMsgConsumer_SetMsgListener`	Set the message callback and closure data of a consumer.	171

See Also	`tibemsMsgCallback` on page 172
	`tibemsSession_CreateConsumer` on page 293

tibemsMsgConsumer_Close

Function

Purpose	Closes a message consumer and releases associated storage.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_Close(
      tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_Close"
      USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgConsumer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Close this consumer.

Remarks   If a receive call or a message listener callback is in progress, then this function waits until that call returns, and then closes the consumer.

This call also notifies the server that the client program is closing the consumer. In response, the server stops sending message data to the consumer.

Your program must explicitly close all consumers that it creates.

See Also   tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive on page 168
tibemsSession_CreateConsumer on page 293

tibemsMsgConsumer_GetDestination

Function

Purpose   Get the destination from a message consumer.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_GetDestination(
        tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
        tibemsDestination* destination);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_GetDestination"
        USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
              BY REFERENCE destination,
              RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.

msgConsumer and destination have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Get the destination from this consumer.
destination	The function stores the destination in this location.

Remarks   The consumer consumes messages from this destination.

Programs set this destination when creating the consumer, and cannot subsequently change it.

tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgListener

Function

Purpose	Get the message callback and closure data from a consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgListener(
    tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
    tibemsMsgCallback* callbackPtr,
    void** closure );
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Get the listener from this consumer.
callbackPtr	The function stores a pointer to the callback in this location.
closure	The function stores a pointer to the closure data in this location. This pointer is passed into the message listener callback.

Remarks EMS C programs can implement a message listener as a callback function paired with closure data. This call extracts these items from a consumer object.

Your program implements the callback, and registers it by calling tibemsMsgConsumer_SetMsgListener. When a message arrives, the consumer calls the callback.

This call is not supported in COBOL.

See Also tibemsMsgConsumer_SetMsgListener on page 171
tibemsMsgCallback on page 172

tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgSelector

Function

Purpose	Get the message selector from a consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgSelector(
      tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
      const char** selectorPtr );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_GetMsgSelector"
      USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
            BY REFERENCE selectorPtr,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> msgConsumer and selectorPtr have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Get the listener from this consumer.
selectorPtr	The function stores a pointer to the selector string in this location.

Remarks   A message selector restricts the set of messages that the consumer receives to those that match the selector; see Message Selectors on page 17.

Programs can set this property only when creating the consumer object; see tibemsSession_CreateConsumer on page 293.

See Also   tibemsMsgCallback on page 172

tibemsMsgConsumer_GetNoLocal

Function

Purpose	Get the no local property of a message consumer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_GetNoLocal(
    tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
    tibems_bool* noLocal );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_GetNoLocal"
    USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
          BY REFERENCE noLocal,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgConsumer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Get the property from this consumer.
noLocal	The function stores the property value in this location.

Remarks

When true, the consumer does not receive messages sent through the same server connection (that is, the connection associated with the consumer).

Programs set this property when creating the consumer, and cannot subsequently change it.

This property is only associated with topics, and does not apply to queues.

tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive

Function

Purpose	Receive a message (synchronous).

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive(
     tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
     tibemsMsg* message );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive"
     USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
           BY REFERENCE message,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgConsumer and message have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Receive a message through this consumer.
message	The function stores a pointer to the inbound message in this location.

Remarks This function consumes the next message from the consumer's destination.

When the destination does not have any messages ready, this function blocks:

- If a message arrives at the destination, this call immediately consumes that message and returns.

- If another thread closes the consumer, this call returns TIBEMS_INTR.

When calling tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive from a transaction, the consumer retains the message until transaction commits.

See Also tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait on page 169
tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout on page 170

tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait

Function

Purpose	Receive a message (synchronous, non-blocking).

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait(
    tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
    tibemsMsg* message);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait"
     USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
             BY REFERENCE message,
             RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgConsumer and message have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Receive a message through this consumer.
msg	The function stores a pointer to the inbound message in this location.

Remarks When the destination has at least one message ready, this function immediately returns the next message.

When the destination does *not* have any messages ready, this function immediately returns TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND.

When calling receiving within a transaction, the consumer retains the message until transaction commits.

See Also tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive on page 168
tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout on page 170

tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout

Function

Purpose	Receive a message (synchronous, blocks up to a time limit).

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout(
    tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
    tibemsMsg* message,
    tibems_long timeout );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout"
     USING BY VALUE msgConsumer,
           BY REFERENCE message,
           BY VALUE timeout,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgConsumer and message have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Receive a message through this consumer.
msg	The function stores a pointer to the inbound message in this location.
timeout	When present, wait no longer than this interval (in milliseconds) for a message to arrive. Zero is a special value, which specifies no timeout (block indefinitely).

Remarks
This function consumes the next message from the consumer's destination. When the destination does not have any messages ready, this function blocks:

- If a message arrives at the destination, this call immediately consumes that message and returns.

- If the (non-zero) timeout elapses before a message arrives, this call returns TIBEMS_TIMEOUT.

- If another thread closes the consumer, this call returns TIBEMS_INTR.

When calling receive within a transaction, the consumer retains the message until transaction commits.

See Also

tibemsMsgConsumer_SetMsgListener

Function

Purpose Set the message callback and closure data of a consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgConsumer_SetMsgListener(
    tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
    tibemsMsgCallback callback,
    void* closure );
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	Set the listener of this consumer.
callback	Use this callback function.
closure	Use this closure data.

Remarks EMS C programs can implement a message listener as a callback function paired with closure data. This call sets these items in a consumer object.

Your program implements the callback, and registers it by calling this function. When a message arrives, the consumer calls the callback.

This call is not supported in COBOL.

See Also tibemsMsgCallback on page 172

tibemsMsgCallback

Type

Purpose	Asynchronously process an arriving message.

C Declaration
```
typedef void (*tibemsMsgCallback) (
    tibemsMsgConsumer msgConsumer,
    tibemsMsg msg,
    void* closure );
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgConsumer	This parameter receives the consumer object.
msg	This parameter receives the message object.
closure	This parameter receives the closure argument, which your program registered on the consumer.

Remarks To asynchronous receive messages, your program can define callback functions of this type, and register them with a consumer (using tibemsMsgConsumer_SetMsgListener or a related function). When a message arrives, the consumer calls its callback.

Serialization In compliance with the JMS specification, sessions distribute messages to consumers in serial (non-concurrent) fashion.

See Also tibemsMsgConsumer on page 162

Chapter 5   **Producer**

Message producers send messages to destinations on the server.

Topics

tibemsMsgProducer

Type

Purpose   Send message to destinations on the server.

Remarks   Clients use message producers to send messages. A message producer object can store several parameters that affect the messages it sends.

Clients create message producers using functions of a `tibemsSession` object.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsMsgProducer_Close	Destroy the producer object; reclaim resources.	176
tibemsMsgProducer_GetDeliveryMode	Get the delivery mode property of a producer object.	177
tibemsMsgProducer_GetDestination	Get the destination of a message producer object.	178
tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageID	Get the disable message ID property of a producer object.	179
tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageTimestamp	Get the disable message timestamp property of a producer object.	180
tibemsMsgProducer_GetNPSendCheckMode	Get the mode that defines when a producer checks the result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.	181
tibemsMsgProducer_GetPriority	Get the priority property of a producer object.	182
tibemsMsgProducer_GetTimeToLive	Get the time-to-live property of a producer object.	183
tibemsMsgProducer_Send tibemsMsgProducer_SendEx tibemsMsgProducer_SendToDestination tibemsMsgProducer_SendToDestinationEx	Send a message.	184

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsMsgProducer_SetDeliveryMode`	Set the delivery mode property of a producer object.	187
`tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID`	Set the disable message ID property of a producer object.	188
`tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp`	Set the disable message timestamp property of a producer object.	189
`tibemsMsgProducer_SetNPSendCheckMode`	Set when a producer should check the result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.	190
`tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority`	Set the priority property of a producer object.	192
`tibemsMsgProducer_SetTimeToLive`	Set the time-to-live property of a producer object.	193

See Also   `tibemsSession_CreateProducer` on page 300

tibemsMsgProducer_Close

Function

Purpose	Destroy the producer object; reclaim resources.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_Close(` `    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer );`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_Close"`
	`      USING BY VALUE msgProducer,`
	`            RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

> `msgProducer` has usage pointer.

Parameters	

Parameter	Description
`msgProducer`	Close this producer.

Remarks	This call also notifies the server that the client program is closing the producer. In response, the server reclaims storage associated with the producer.
	Your program must explicitly close all producers that it creates.
See Also	`tibemsSession_CreateProducer` on page 300

tibemsMsgProducer_GetDeliveryMode

Function

Purpose	Get the delivery mode property of a producer object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetDeliveryMode(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_int* deliveryMode );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetDeliveryMode"
     USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
            BY REFERENCE deliveryMode,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the property from this producer.
deliveryMode	The function stores the property in this location.

Remarks   Delivery mode instructs the server concerning persistent storage.

Programs can use this property to define a default delivery mode for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

For values, see the type tibemsDeliveryMode on page 128.

tibemsMsgProducer_GetDestination

Function

Purpose   Get the destination of a message producer object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetDestination(
     tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
     tibemsDestination* destination );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetDestination"
     USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
            BY REFERENCE destination,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer and destination have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the destination from this producer.
destination	The function stores the destination in this location.

Remarks   Each send call directs a message to a destination.

Programs can use this property to define a default destination for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

Programs set this destination when creating the sender, and cannot subsequently change it.

tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageID

Function

Purpose	Get the disable message ID property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageID(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_bool* disable );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageID"
    USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
          BY REFERENCE disable,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the property from this producer.
disable	The function stores the property in this location.

Remarks Applications that do not require message IDs can reduce overhead costs by disabling IDs (set this property to true).

tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageTimestamp

Function

Purpose   Get the disable message timestamp property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageTimestamp(
      tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
      tibems_bool* disable );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetDisableMessageTimestamp"
      USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
            BY REFERENCE disable,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the property from this producer.
disableMessageTimeStamp	The function stores the property in this location.

Remarks   Applications that do not require timestamps can reduce overhead costs by disabling timestamps (set this property to true).

tibemsMsgProducer_GetNPSendCheckMode

Function

Purpose	Get the mode that defines when a producer checks the result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.

C Declaration
```
extern tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetNPSendCheckMode(
     tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
     tibemsNpCheckMode* mode);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetNPSendCheckMode"
     USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
             BY REFERENCE mode,
             RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the property from this producer.
mode	The function stores the mode in this location. Must not be null.
	See tibemsNpCheckMode on page 129 for details.

Remarks   This function returns the send check mode set by the tibemsMsgProducer_SetNPSendCheckMode function. If the returned value is NPSEND_CHECK_DEFAULT, then the effective mode can be set by the server parameter applied to all producers.

See Also   tibemsMsgProducer_SetNPSendCheckMode on page 190

tibemsMsgProducer_GetPriority

Function

Purpose	Get the priority property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetPriority(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_int* priority );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetPriority"
    USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
          BY REFERENCE priority,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the property from this producer.
priority	The function stores the property in this location.

Remarks Priority affects the order in which the server delivers messages to consumers (higher values first).

The JMS specification defines ten levels of priority value, from zero (lowest priority) to 9 (highest priority). The specification suggests that clients consider 0–4 as gradations of normal priority, and priorities 5–9 as gradations of expedited priority.

Programs can use this property to define a default priority for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

tibemsMsgProducer_GetTimeToLive

Function

Purpose Get the time-to-live property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_GetTimeToLive(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_long* timeToLive );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_GetTimeToLive"
     USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
           BY REFERENCE timeToLive,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Get the property from this producer.
timeToLive	The function stores the property in this location.

Remarks Time-to-live (in milliseconds) determines the expiration time of a message.

- If the time-to-live is non-zero, the expiration is the sum of that time-to-live and the sending client's current time (GMT). This rule applies even within sessions with transaction semantics—the timer begins with the send call, not the commit call.

- If the time-to-live is zero, then expiration is also zero—indicating that the message never expires.

Programs can use this property to define a default time-to-live for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

Whenever your application uses non-zero values for message expiration or time-to-live, you must ensure that clocks are synchronized among all the host computers that send and receive messages. Synchronize clocks to a tolerance that is a very small fraction of the smallest or time-to-live.

tibemsMsgProducer_Send

Function

Purpose   Send a message.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_Send(
        tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
        tibemsMsg message);

tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SendEx(
        tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
        tibemsMsg message,
        tibems_int deliveryMode,
        tibems_int priority,
        tibems_long timeToLive);

tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SendToDestination(
        tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
        tibemsDestination destination,
        tibemsMsg message);

tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SendToDestinationEx(
        tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
        tibemsDestination destination,
        tibemsMsg message,
        tibemsDeliveryMode deliveryMode,
        tibems_int priority,
        tibems_long timeToLive);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_Send"
        USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
                BY VALUE message,
                RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.

    CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SendEx"
        USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
                BY VALUE message,
                BY VALUE deliveryMode,
                BY VALUE priority,
                BY VALUE timeToLive,
                RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.

    CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SendToDestination"
        USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
                BY VALUE destination,
                BY VALUE message,
                RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.
    CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SendToDestinationEx"
        USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
                BY VALUE destination,
                BY VALUE message,

```
            BY VALUE deliveryMode,
            BY VALUE priority,
            BY VALUE timeToLive,
            RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.
```

msgProducer, message and destination have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Send a message through this producer object.
destination	When present, the call sends the message to this destination (queue or topic).
	Other send calls send the message to the producer's default destination. When the producer does not specify a default, the send call must supply this parameter.
message	Send this message object.
deliveryMode	When present, the call sends the message with this delivery mode.
	This argument is an enumerated value (see tibemsDeliveryMode on page 128).
	Other send calls send the message with the producer's default delivery mode.
priority	When present, the call sends the message with this priority.
	Priority affects the order in which the server delivers messages to consumers (higher values first). The JMS specification defines ten levels of priority value, from zero (lowest priority) to 9 (highest priority). The specification suggests that clients consider 0–4 as gradations of normal priority, and priorities 5–9 as gradations of expedited priority.
	Other send calls send the message with the producer's default priority.

Parameter	Description
timeToLive	When present, the call uses this value (in milliseconds) to compute the message expiration.
	• If the time-to-live is non-zero, the expiration is the sum of that time-to-live and the sending client's current time (GMT). This rule applies even within sessions with transaction semantics—the timer begins with the send call, not the commit call.
	• If the time-to-live is zero, then expiration is also zero—indicating that the message never expires.
	Other send calls use the producer's default value to compute expiration.
	Whenever your application uses non-zero values for message expiration or time-to-live, you must ensure that clocks are synchronized among all the host computers that send and receive messages. Synchronize clocks to a tolerance that is a very small fraction of the smallest or time-to-live.

tibemsMsgProducer_SetDeliveryMode

Function

Purpose	Set the delivery mode property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SetDeliveryMode(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_int deliveryMode );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SetDeliveryMode"
    USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
          BY VALUE deliveryMode,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Set the property of this producer.
deliveryMode	Set the property to this value.

Remarks Delivery mode instructs the server concerning persistent storage.

Programs can use this property to define a default delivery mode for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

For values, see the type tibemsDeliveryMode on page 128.

tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID

Function

Purpose   Set the disable message ID property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID(
      tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
      tibems_bool disable );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageID"
      USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
            BY VALUE disable,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Set the property of this producer.
disable	Set the property to this value.

Remarks   Applications that do not require message IDs can reduce overhead costs by disabling IDs (set this property to true).

tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp

Function

Purpose   Set the disable message timestamp property of a producer object.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp(
        tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
        tibems_bool disable);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SetDisableMessageTimestamp"
        USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
                BY VALUE disable,
                RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Set the property of this producer.
disable	Set the property to this value.

Remarks   Applications that do not require timestamps can reduce overhead costs by disabling timestamps (set this property to true).

tibemsMsgProducer_SetNPSendCheckMode

Function

Purpose	Set when a producer should check the result of sending a NON_PERSISTENT message.

C Declaration
```
extern tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SetNPSendCheckMode(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibemsNpCheckMode mode);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SetNPSendCheckMode"
    USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
            BY VALUE mode,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Set the property of this producer.
mode	The send check mode. See tibemsNpCheckMode on page 129 for details.

Remarks tibemsNpCheckMode only applies to messages sent using the NON_PERSISTENT delivery mode, using non-transactional Session. It does not apply to cases when message was sent using PERSISTENT or RELIABLE_DELIVERY delivery modes, or if the corresponding Session is transactional.

If the producer's send check mode is not set, it may execute the mode applied globally to all producers via EMS server parameter. Setting any mode other than NPSEND_CHECK_DEFAULT unconditionally overrides global setting defined by the server.

Normally applications use the server's setting or configure producers with a specific send mode only once. However, if required, applications may choose to change this mode before sending every message.

If a producer does not check the result of sending a message, it will not know if a problem has occurred and the message was not processed by the server. If the producer checks the result of the send, the send method will receive the server's response to the send and throw the appropriate exception if any problem has occurred. However, checking the result of sending a message will reduce the performance of the producer.

See Also   tibemsMsgProducer_GetNPSendCheckMode on page 181

tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority

Function

Purpose   Set the priority property of a producer object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_int priority );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SetPriority"
     USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
           BY VALUE priority,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `msgProducer` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Set the property of this producer.
priority	Set the property to this value.

Remarks   Priority affects the order in which the server delivers messages to consumers (higher values first).

The JMS specification defines ten levels of priority value, from zero (lowest priority) to 9 (highest priority). The specification suggests that clients consider 0–4 as gradations of normal priority, and priorities 5–9 as gradations of expedited priority.

Programs can use this property to define a default priority for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

tibemsMsgProducer_SetTimeToLive

Function

Purpose	Set the time-to-live property of a producer object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsMsgProducer_SetTimeToLive(
    tibemsMsgProducer msgProducer,
    tibems_long timeToLive );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsMsgProducer_SetTimeToLive"
    USING BY VALUE msgProducer,
          BY VALUE timeToLive,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgProducer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgProducer	Set the property of this producer.
timeToLive	Set the property to this value.

Remarks

Time-to-live (in milliseconds) determines the expiration time of a message.

- If the time-to-live is non-zero, the expiration is the sum of that time-to-live and the sending client's current time (GMT). This rule applies even within sessions with transaction semantics—the timer begins with the send call, not the commit call.

- If the time-to-live is zero, then expiration is also zero—indicating that the message never expires.

Programs can use this property to define a default time-to-live for messages that this producer sends. Individual sending calls can override this default value.

Whenever your application uses non-zero values for message expiration or time-to-live, you must ensure that clocks are synchronized among all the host computers that send and receive messages. Synchronize clocks to a tolerance that is a very small fraction of the smallest or time-to-live.

Chapter 6   **Requestor**

Requestors implement convenience functions for request-reply semantics. They send messages (called *requests*) and wait for *reply* messages in response.

Topics

tibemsMsgRequestor

Type

Purpose Encapsulate request-reply semantics.

Remarks We recommend that programs follow these steps:

1. Create a `tibemsSession`, and use it to create either a `tibemsQueue` or `tibemsTopic` (respectively) for requests and replies.

2. Supply that session and destination to `tibemsMsgRequestor_Create` to create a tibemsMsgRequestor.

3. Call `tibemsMsgRequestor_Request` to send a request and receive a reply. You may repeat this step for several request and reply pairs.

4. Close the requestor object. `tibemsMsgRequestor_Close` also closes the requestor's session as a side effect.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsMsgRequestor_Close`	Close a message requestor.	197
`tibemsMsgRequestor_Create`	Create a message requestor.	198
`tibemsMsgRequestor_Request`	Send a request message; wait for a reply.	200

See Also tibemsSession
tibemsQueue on page 150
tibemsTopic on page 156

tibemsMsgRequestor_Close

Function

Purpose	Close a message requestor.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgRequestor_Close(
    tibemsMsgRequestor msgRequestor );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgRequestor_Close"
    USING BY VALUE msgRequestor,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

msgRequestor has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgRequestor	Close this requestor.

Remarks This call also closes the requestor's session as a side effect.

tibemsMsgRequestor_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a message requestor.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgRequestor_Create(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsMsgRequestor* msgRequestor,
    tibemsDestination destination);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgRequestor_Create"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE msgRequestor,
          BY VALUE destination,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session, msgRequestor and destination have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	The requestor operates within this session.
	This session must not use transaction semantics. Its delivery mode must be either TIBEMS_AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE or TIBEMS_DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE.
msgRequestor	The function stores the new requestor in this location.
destination	The requestor sends request messages to this destination, and waits for replies on an internally created temporary destination.
	If the destination that request messages are sent to is a queue, then an internal temporary queue is created and used. If the destination that request messages are sent to is a topic, then an internal temporary topic is created and used.
	You *must* create this destination using the session you supply as the first argument.

Remarks   We recommend that programs follow these steps:

1. Create a `tibemsSession`, and use it to create a `tibemsQueue` or `tibemsTopic` for requests and replies.

2. Create a `tibemsMsgRequestor`, using the session and destination as arguments.

3. Send a request and receive a reply with `tibemsMsgRequestor_Request`. You may repeat this step for several request and reply pairs.

4. Close the requestor object. `tibemsMsgRequestor_Close` also closes the requestor's session as a side effect.

See Also   `tibemsDestination` on page 144
`tibemsMsgRequestor_Close` on page 197
`tibemsMsgRequestor_Request` on page 200
`tibemsSession` on page 286

tibemsMsgRequestor_Request

Function

Purpose   Send a request message; wait for a reply.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsMsgRequestor_Request(
    tibemsMsgRequestor msgRequestor,
    tibemsMsg message,
    tibemsMsg* reply );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsMsgRequestor_Request"
    USING BY VALUE msgRequestor,
          BY VALUE message,
          BY REFERENCE reply,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `msgRequestor`, `message` and `reply` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msgRequestor	Send and receive through this requestor.
message	Send this request message.
reply	When a reply message arrives, the function stores it in this location.

Remarks   This call blocks indefinitely, until a reply arrives.

The requestor receives only the first reply. It discards other replies that arrive subsequently.

Chapter 7 **Connection**

Connection objects represent a client program's network connection to the server.

Topics

tibemsConnection

Type

Purpose   Represent a server connection.

Remarks   When a program first opens a connection, the connection is *stopped*—that is, it does not deliver inbound messages. To begin the flow of inbound messages, the program must explicitly call `tibemsConnection_Start`. (Outbound messages flow even before calling `tibemsConnection_Start`.)

The EMS C and COBOL APIs do *not* support the JMS methods `createConnectionConsumer` and `createDurableConnectionConsumer` (which are optional in the JMS specification).

Asynchronous Errors   When a program uses a connection to send messages, the send calls can detect problems with the connection, and notify the client program (synchronously) by returning error codes.

However, when a program uses a connection only to receive messages, the client lacks that opportunity to detect problems. Instead, programs can handle such errors asynchronously by defining an exception listener callback (see `tibemsExceptionCallback` on page 225).

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsConnection_Close`	Close the connection; reclaim resources.	204
`tibemsConnection_Create` `tibemsConnection_CreateSSL`	Create a new connection to an EMS server.	206
`tibemsConnection_CreateSession`	Create a session object.	208
`tibemsConnection_GetActiveURL`	Get the active URL of a connection.	209
`tibemsConnection_GetClientId`	Get the client ID of a connection.	210
`tibemsConnection_GetExceptionListener`	Get the exception listener of a connection.	211
`tibemsConnection_GetMetaData`	Get the metadata from a connection.	212
`tibemsConnection_IsDisconnected`	Checks whether the connection has been disconnected.	213
`tibemsConnection_SetClientId`	Set the client ID of a connection.	214

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener`	Set the exception listener for a connection.	215
`tibemsConnection_Start`	Start delivering inbound messages.	216
`tibemsConnection_Stop`	Stop delivering inbound messages.	217

tibemsConnection_Close

Function

Purpose	Close the connection; reclaim resources.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsConnection_Close(``` ``` tibemsConnection connection);```

COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsConnection_Close"```
	``` USING BY VALUE connection,```
	``` RETURNING tibems-status```
	```END-CALL.```

connection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Close this connection.

Remarks	Closing the connection is not sufficient to reclaim all of its resources; your program must explicitly close the sessions, producers, and consumers associated with the connection.
	Closing a connection deletes all temporary destinations associated with the connection.
Blocking	If any message listener or receive call associated with the connection is processing a message when the program calls this function, all facilities of the connection and its sessions remain available to those listeners until they return. In the meantime, this function blocks until that processing completes—that is, until all message listeners and receive calls have returned.
Acknowledge	Closing a connection does *not* force acknowledgment in client-acknowledged sessions. When the program still has a message that it received from a connection that has since closed, tibemsMsg_Acknowledge indicates status code TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

Transactions   Closing a connection rolls back all open transactions in all sessions associated
with the connection.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE	The connection is currently processing a message callback.

See Also

tibemsConnection_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a new connection to an EMS server.

C Declarations

```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_Create(
    tibemsConnection* connection,
    const char* brokerURL,
    const char* clientId,
    const char* username,
    const char* password );

tibems_status tibemsConnection_CreateSSL(
    tibemsConnection* connection,
    const char* brokerURL,
    const char* clientId,
    const char* username,
    const char* password,
    tibemsSSLParams sslParams,
    const char* pk_password );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnection_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE connection,
          BY REFERENCE brokerURL,
          BY REFERENCE clientId,
          BY REFERENCE username,
          BY REFERENCE password
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsConnection_CreateSSL"
    USING BY REFERENCE connection,
          BY REFERENCE brokerURL,
          BY REFERENCE clientId,
          BY REFERENCE username,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          BY VALUE tibemsSSLParams,
          BY REFERENCE pk-password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection and sslParams have usage pointer.

On IBM z/OS systems, the pk-password must always be a null value.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	The function stores the new connection in this location.
brokerURL	Find the EMS server at this URL. If configuring a fault-tolerant client, enter two of more URLs, as described in Configuring C and COBOL Clients for Fault-Tolerant Connections on page 5.
clientId	Identify the client program to the server with this unique ID.
username	Authenticate the client program to the server with this user name.
password	Authenticate the client program to the server with this password.
sslParams	Establish SSL communication using these parameters.
pk_password	Private key password for SSL.

Remarks   When the authentication parameters are null, the connection object presents a default user identity. If the server configuration permits that anonymous user, then the call succeeds.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_SERVER_NOT_CONNECTED	• No server is running at the specified URL. • The call could not communicate with a server because of mismatched SSL and TCP protocols. • Other error situations are possible.
TIBEMS_SECURITY_EXCEPTION	• The server rejected the connection because the username or password was invalid. • SSL setup is incorrect.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CLIENT_ID	The client ID is not unique; that is, another client already uses the ID.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_Create on page 253
SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544

tibemsConnection_CreateSession

Function

Purpose   Create a session object.

C Declaration   `tibems_status tibemsConnection_CreateSession(`
`    tibemsConnection connection,`
`    tibemsSession* session,`
`    tibems_bool transacted,`
`    tibemsAcknowledgeMode acknowledgeMode );`

COBOL Call   `CALL "tibemsConnection_CreateSession"`
`    USING BY VALUE connection,`
`        BY REFERENCE session,`
`        BY VALUE transacted,`
`        BY VALUE acknowledgeMode,`
`        RETURNING tibems-status`
`END-CALL.`

`connection` and `session` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
`connection`	Create a session on this connection.
`session`	The function stores the new session in this location.
`transacted`	When true, the new session has transaction semantics. When false, it has non-transaction semantics.
`acknowledgeMode`	This parameter determines the acknowledge mode of the session. Supply a value enumerated by `tibemsAcknowledgeMode`.

Remarks   The new session uses the connection for all server communications.

See Also   `tibemsMsg_Acknowledge` on page 24
`tibemsSession` on page 286
`tibemsAcknowledgeMode` on page 312

tibemsConnection_GetActiveURL

Function

Purpose	Get the active URL of a connection.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_GetActiveURL(
    tibemsConnection connection,
    char** serverURL );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnection_GetActiveURL"
     USING BY VALUE connection,
             BY REFERENCE serverURL,
             RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection and serverURL have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Get the active URL of this connection.
serverURL	The function stores a pointer to the URL in this location.

Remarks This property is the URL of the server at the other endpoint of the connection. When the connection interacts with several servers in a fault-tolerant arrangement, this property indicates the current active server.

tibemsConnection_GetClientId

Function

Purpose	Get the client ID of a connection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_GetClientId(
     tibemsConnection connection,
     const char** clientId );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnection_GetClientId"
     USING BY VALUE connection,
           BY REFERENCE clientId,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection and clientId have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Get the client ID of this connection.
clientId	The function stores a pointer to the ID string in this location.

Remarks   Each connection uses a unique client ID.

Client IDs partition the namespace of durable subscribers; see
tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber on page 295.

See Also   tibemsConnection_SetClientId on page 214

tibemsConnection_GetExceptionListener

Function

Purpose	Get the exception listener of a connection.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_GetExceptionListener(
    tibemsConnection connection,
    tibemsExceptionCallback* listener,
    void** closure );
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Get the exception listener of this connection.
listener	The function stores a pointer to the exception listener callback in this location.
closure	The function stores a pointer to the exception listener closure argument in this location.

Remarks

This is an alternate pathway for alerting a client program of connection problems. The program defines an exception listener callback function, and registers the callback using tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener. When the client library detects a connection problem, it calls the callback with an exception argument that details the problem.

This call is not available in COBOL.

See Also

tibemsConnection_GetMetaData

Function

Purpose	Get the metadata from a connection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_GetMetaData(
    tibemsConnection connection,
    tibemsConnectionMetaData* metaData );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnection_GetMetaData"
    USING BY VALUE connection,
          BY REFERENCE metaData,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> connection and metaData have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Get the metadata of this connection.
metaData	The function stores a metadata object in this location.

See Also   tibemsConnectionMetaData on page 219

tibemsConnection_IsDisconnected

Function

Purpose	Checks whether the connection has been disconnected.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_IsDisconnected(
    tibemsConnection* connection,
    tibems_bool* disconnected);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnection_IsDisconnected"
     USING BY REFERENCE connection,
           BY REFERENCE disconnected,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Get the status of this connection.
disconnected	The function stores the connection status in this location.

Remarks This function gets a value indicating whether the connection is disconnected from the server. If the connection is disconnected from the server, tibemsConnection_IsDisconnected sets the the connection status to TRUE. Otherwise, the connection status is FALSE.

That is, if the client has called tibemsConnection_Close, or if the connection has been terminated due to a network failure, tibemsConnection_IsDisconnected returns TRUE.

tibemsConnection_SetClientId

Function

Purpose	Set the client ID of a connection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_SetClientId(
    tibemsConnection connection,
    const char* clientId );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnection_SetClientId"
    USING BY VALUE connection,
          BY REFERENCE clientId,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Set the client ID of this connection.
clientId	Set the client ID to this string.

Remarks   Each connection uses a unique client ID.

Client IDs partition the namespace of durable subscribers; see tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber on page 295.

Administrators can configure connection factories to assign client IDs to new connections. Alternatively, administrators can allow client programs to assign their own IDs. If the factory does not assign an ID, the program may set this property. However, it is illegal to overwrite an existing client ID value, and or to set this property after using the connection in any way (for example, after creating a session, or starting the connection); attempting to set this property in these situations results in TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

See Also   tibemsConnection_GetClientId on page 210

tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener

Function

Purpose	Set the exception listener for a connection.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener(
    tibemsConnection connection,
    tibemsExceptionCallback listener,
    const void* closure );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener_STL"
    USING BY VALUE     tibemsConnection,
          BY REFERENCE tibems-Exception-Status,
          BY VALUE     TIBEMS-NULLPTR,
          RETURNING    tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection has usage pointer.

tibems-Exception-Status has usage binary.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Set the exception listener for this connection.
listener	Register this exception listener callback.
closure	Register this closure argument.

Remarks This is an alternate pathway for alerting a client program of connection problems. The program defines an exception listener callback function, and calls this function to register the callback and a closure argument. When the client library detects a connection problem, it calls the callback with a status code that identifies the problem.

See Also tibemsConnection_GetExceptionListener on page 211
Asynchronous Errors on page 202.
tibemsExceptionCallback on page 225

tibemsConnection_Start

Function

Purpose	Start delivering inbound messages.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsConnection_Start(``` ``` tibemsConnection connection);```

COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsConnection_Start"```
	 ``` USING BY VALUE connection,```
	 ``` RETURNING tibems-status```
	 ```END-CALL.```

connection has usage pointer.

Parameters	

Parameter	Description
connection	Start delivering inbound messages on this connection.

Remarks	When a connection is created, it is stopped. It does not deliver inbound messages until the program calls this function to explicitly start it.
	If the connection is not stopped, this call has no effect.
	Outbound messages flow even before calling start.
See Also	tibemsConnection_Stop on page 217

tibemsConnection_Stop

Function

Purpose	Stop delivering inbound messages.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnection_Stop(
    tibemsConnection connection );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnection_Stop"
    USING BY VALUE connection,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

connection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Stop delivering inbound messages on this connection.

Remarks This call temporarily stops the connection from delivering inbound messages. A program can restart delivery by calling tibemsConnection_Start.

When a connection is created, it is stopped. It does not deliver inbound messages until the program calls this function to explicitly start it.

If the connection is already stopped, this call has no effect.

Effect When this call returns, the connection has stopped delivery to all consumers associated with the connection:

- Messages do not arrive to trigger asynchronous message handler events, nor message listeners.

- Synchronous receive functions block. If their timeout intervals expire, they return null.

Blocking If any message listener or receive call associated with the connection is processing a message when the program calls this function, all facilities of the connection and its sessions remain available to those listeners until they return. In the meantime, this function blocks until that processing completes—that is, until all message listeners and receive calls have returned.

However, the stopped connection prevents the client program from processing any new messages.

Sending A stopped connection can still send outbound messages.

See Also   tibemsConnection_Start on page 216

tibemsConnectionMetaData

Type

Purpose   Get information about EMS and the EMS provider.

Remarks   Functions of type `tibemsConnectionMetaData` retrieve information about the EMS application.

Function	Description	Page

`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMajorVersion`
`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMinorVersion`
`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSVersion`
	Get information about the JMS specification supported by EMS.	220

`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMajorVersion`
`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMinorVersion`
`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderVersion`
	Get the version number of the EMS installation.	222

`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSProviderName`	Get the name of the EMS provider.	224

See Also   `tibemsConnection_GetMetaData` on page 212

tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMS

Function

Purpose	Get information about the JMS specification supported by EMS.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMajorVersion(
    tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
    tibems_int* majorVersion);

tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMinorVersion(
    tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
    tibems_int* minorVersion);

tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSVersion(
    tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
    const char** version);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMajorVersion"
    USING BY VALUE metadata
          BY REFERENCE majorVersion
          RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMinorVersion"
    USING BY VALUE metadata
          BY REFERENCE minorVersion
          RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSVersion"
    USING BY VALUE metadata
          BY REFERENCE version
          RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.
```

metadata has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
metaData	The tibemsConnectionMetaData object from which the version number will be extracted.
majorVersion	tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMajorVersion uses this location to store the major version number of the JMS specification supported by the EMS application.

Parameter	Description
minorVersion	`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSMinorVersion` uses this location to store the minor version number of the JMS specification supported by the EMS application.
version	`tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSVersion` uses this location to store the version number of the JMS specification supported by the EMS application.

Remarks EMS applications can retrieve the `metaData` object from any connection; see `tibemsConnection_GetMetaData` on page 212.

tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProvider

Function

Purpose   Get the version number of the EMS installation.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMajorVersion(
      tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
      tibems_int* providerMajorVersion);

tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMinorVersion(
      tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
      tibems_int* providerMinorVersion);

tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderVersion(
      tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
      const char** providerVersion);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMajorVersion"
      USING BY VALUE metadata
            BY REFERENCE majorVersion
            RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMinorVersion"
      USING BY VALUE metadata
            BY REFERENCE minorVersion
            RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderVersion"
      USING BY VALUE metadata
            BY REFERENCE version
            RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.
```

metadata and version have usage pointers.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
metaData	The tibemsConnectionMetaData object from which the version number will be extracted.
providerMajorVersion	tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMajorVersion uses this location to store the major version number of the EMS application.

Parameter	Description
providerMinorVersion	tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderMinorVersion uses this location to store the minor version number of the EMS application.
providerVersion	tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetProviderVersion uses this location to store the version number of the EMS application.

Remarks   EMS applications can retrieve the metaData object from any connection; see tibemsConnection_GetMetaData on page 212.

tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSProviderName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of the EMS provider.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSProviderName(
      tibemsConnectionMetaData metaData,
      const char** providerName);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSProviderName"
      USING BY VALUE metadata
            BY REFERENCE providerName
            RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.
```

metadata has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
metaData	The object from which the provider name will be extracted.
providerName	The location where the provider's vendor name will be stored.

Remarks tibemsConnectionMetaData_GetEMSProviderName provides the name of the EMS provider, TIBCO Software Inc.

EMS applications can retrieve the metaData object from any connection; see tibemsConnection_GetMetaData on page 212.

tibemsExceptionCallback

Function Type

Purpose Programs define functions of this type to asynchronously detect problems with connections.

C Declaration
```
typedef void (*tibemsExceptionCallback) (
    tibemsConnection connection,
    tibems_status status,
    void* closure);
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	This parameter receives the connection object.
status	This parameter receives a status code, which identifies the connection problem.
closure	This parameter receives the closure data, which the program supplied in the call that registered the callback.

Remarks When a program uses a connection to send messages, the send calls can detect problems with the connection, and notify the client program by returning an error status code. However, when a program uses a connection only to receive messages, the client cannot detect errors in this way.

This callback provides an alternate pathway for alerting a client program of connection problems. The program implements this callback, and registers it with the connection object. When the client library detects a connection problem, it calls this callback with a status code that identifies the problem.

See Also tibemsConnection on page 202
tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener on page 215

tibemsMulticastExceptionCallback

Function Type

<table>
<tr><td>**Purpose**</td><td>Programs define functions of this type to asynchronously detect conditions with EMS multicast that may affect message consumers.</td></tr>
<tr><td>**C Declaration**</td><td>

```
typedef void (*tibemsMulticastExceptionCallback) (
    tibemsConnection connection,
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsMsgConsumer consumer,
    tibems_status status,
    const char* description,
    void* closure);
```

</td></tr>
</table>

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	This parameter receives the connection object.
session	This parameter receives the session object.
consumer	This parameter receives the consumer object.
status	This parameter receives a status code, which identifies the multicast problem.
description	This parameter receives a text description describing the multicast problem.
closure	This parameter receives the closure data, which the program supplied in the call that registered the callback.

Remarks When a program uses a multicast consumer to receive messages, EMS can detect conditions that may indicate a problem, and notify the client program by returning an error status code. The client application can then take the appropriate action.

This callback provides a pathway for alerting a client program of multicast problems. The program implements this callback and registers it. When the client library detects a multicast problem, it calls this callback and passes it the appropriate EMS objects, a status code that identifies the problem, and a detailed description of the problem. This callback is invoked for each consumer that is affected by the multicast warning or error. Some applications may just simply log the problem; others may take further measures.

See Also tibems_SetMulticastExceptionListener on page 403

Chapter 13, Using Multicast, in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibemsSSL

Type

Table 12   Functions

Function	Description	Page
tibemsSSL_GetTrace	Determine whether SSL tracing is enabled.	228
tibemsSSL_OpenSSLVersion	Get a string representing the OpenSSL version number.	229
tibemsSSL_SetTrace	Enable or disable SSL tracing.	230

Table 13   Certificate Encodings

Constant	Value
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_AUTO	(0x0000)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_PEM	(0x0001)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_DER	(0x0002)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_BER	(0x0004)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_PKCS7	(0x0010)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_PKCS8	(0x0020)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_PKCS12	(0x0040)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_ENTRUST	(0x0100)
TIBEMS_SSL_ENCODING_KEYSTORE	(0x0200)

tibemsSSL_GetTrace

Function

Purpose	Determine whether SSL tracing is enabled.

C Declaration	tibems_bool tibemsSSL_GetTrace(void);
	
	tibems_bool tibemsSSL_GetDebugTrace(void);

IBM z/OS	This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.
Remarks	Two levels of SSL tracing are available—regular tracing and debug tracing (more detailed). If tracing is enabled, these calls return TIBEMS_TRUE. If tracing is disabled, they return TIBEMS_FALSE.

tibemsSSL_OpenSSLVersion

Function

Purpose	Get a string representing the OpenSSL version number.

C Declaration
```
const char* tibemsSSL_OpenSSLVersion(
    char* buffer,
    tibems_int buf_size );
```

IBM z/OS This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
buffer	The function copies the version string in this buffer.
buf_size	Length (in bytes) of the buffer.

Remarks The versions string has the format *major.minor.update*.

A null character terminates the version string.

tibemsSSL_SetTrace

Function

Purpose	Enable or disable SSL tracing.

C Declaration
```
void tibemsSSL_SetTrace(
     tibems_bool trace );

void tibemsSSL_SetDebugTrace(
     tibems_bool trace );
```

IBM z/OS These functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
trace	TIBEMS_TRUE enables tracing.
	TIBEMS_FALSE disables tracing.

Remarks Two levels of SSL tracing are available—regular tracing and debug tracing (more detailed).

tibemsSSLParams

Type

Purpose   Group parameters representing a client identity.

Remarks   These parameters apply when creating SSL connections to the EMS server. On
most systems, secure connections are created using OpenSSL. Users on IBM z/OS
systems must create SSL connections using IBM System SSL. For more
information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsSSLParams_AddIssuerCert	Add one or more issuer certificates to the SSL parameter object.	232
tibemsSSLParams_AddTrustedCert	Add one or more trusted certificates to the SSL parameter object.	233
tibemsSSLParams_Create	Create a new SSL parameter object.	234
tibemsSSLParams_Destroy	Destroy an SSL parameter object.	235
tibemsSSLParams_GetIdentity	Get the client identity that an SSL parameter object represents.	236
tibemsSSLParams_GetPrivateKey	Get the private key from an SSL parameter object.	237
tibemsSSLParams_SetAuthOnly	Limit the use of SSL to improve performance.	238
tibemsSSLParams_SetCiphers	Set the cipher suites for SSL connections.	239
tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName	Set the expected host name.	240
tibemsSSLParams_SetHostNameVerifier	Set the host name verifier function.	241
tibemsSSLParams_SetIdentity	Set the identity of the client program.	242
tibemsSSLParams_SetPrivateKey	Set the client's private key.	243
tibemsSSLParams_SetRandData tibemsSSLParams_SetRandEGD tibemsSSLParams_SetRandFile	Settings for generating random data.	244
tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost	Sets flags that enable client verification of the host certificate or host name.	245

tibemsSSLParams_AddIssuerCert

Function

Purpose	Add one or more issuer certificates to the SSL parameter object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_AddIssuerCert(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const void* data,
    tibems_int size,
    tibems_int encoding );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_AddIssuerCertFile(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* filename,
    tibems_int encoding );
```

IBM z/OS These functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Add the certificates to this SSL parameter object.
data	Use the certificate data at this location.
size	Length of the certificate data (in bytes).
encoding	Interpret the certificate data using this encoding; for values, see Table 13, Certificate Encodings, on page 227.
filename	Read the certificate data from this file.

Remarks Issuer certificates are certificates that authenticate the client's certificate; the certificate authority (CA) that issued the client's certificate supplies these. SSL clients must supply them during the SSL handshake, so your program must set them.

If the parameter object already has issuer certificates, this call adds to that set; it does not overwrite them.

tibemsSSLParams_AddTrustedCert

Function

Purpose Add one or more trusted certificates to the SSL parameter object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_AddTrustedCert(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const void* data,
    tibems_int size,
    tibems_int encoding );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_AddTrustedCertFile(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* filename,
    tibems_int encoding );
```

IBM z/OS These functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Add the certificates to this SSL parameter object.
data	Use the certificate data at this location.
size	Length of the certificate data (in bytes).
encoding	Interpret the certificate data using this encoding; for values, see Table 13, Certificate Encodings, on page 227.
filename	Read the certificate data from this file.

Remarks Trusted certificates are certificates that authenticate the server's certificate; the certificate authority (CA) that issued the server's certificate supplies these. SSL clients may verify them during the SSL handshake; if your program verifies host certificates (see `tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost` on page 245), then you must register trusted certificates as well.

If the parameter object already has trusted certificates, this call adds to that set; it does not overwrite them.

tibemsSSLParams_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a new SSL parameter object.
C Declaration	tibemsSSLParams tibemsSSLParams_Create(void);
IBM z/OS	This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. See SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

tibemsSSLParams_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy an SSL parameter object.
C Declaration	```void tibemsSSLParams_Destroy(``` ``` tibemsSSLParams SSLParams);```
IBM z/OS	This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Destroy this SSL parameter object.

tibemsSSLParams_GetIdentity

Function

Purpose   Get the client identity that an SSL parameter object represents.

C Declaration   ```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_GetIdentity(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const void** data,
    tibems_int* size,
    tibems_int* encoding);
```

**IBM z/OS**       This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see
SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

**Parameters**

| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|-------------|
| SSLParams | Get the identity from this SSL parameter object. |
| data | The function stores in this location a pointer to the identity data within the tibemsSSLParams object. |
| size | The function stores the length (in bytes) of the identity data in this location. |
| encoding | The function stores the encoding of the identity data in this location; for values, see Table 13, Certificate Encodings, on page 227. |

**Remarks**       A client identity includes a certificate and private key; it may also include issuer
certificates (optional).

# tibemsSSLParams_GetPrivateKey

*Function*

| | |
|---|---|
| **Purpose** | Get the private key from an SSL parameter object. |

**C Declaration**

```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_GetPrivateKey(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const void** data,
    tibems_int* size,
    tibems_int* encoding );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see
SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Get the private key from this SSL parameter object.
data	The function stores in this location a pointer to the key data within the tibemsSSLParams object.
size	The function stores the length (in bytes) of the key data in this location.
encoding	The function stores the encoding of the key data in this location; for values, see Table 13, Certificate Encodings, on page 227.

tibemsSSLParams_SetAuthOnly

Function

Purpose	Limit the use of SSL to improve performance.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetAuthOnly(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    tibems_bool auth_only );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see
SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
auth_only	TIBEMS_TRUE instructs the SSL parameter object to request a connection that uses SSL only for authentication.
	TIBEMS_FALSE instructs the SSL parameter object to request a connection that uses SSL to secure all data.

Remarks   For background information, see SSL Authentication Only on page 472 in *TIBCO
Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsSSLParams_SetCiphers

Function

Purpose	Set the cipher suites for SSL connections.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetCiphers(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* ciphers );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
ciphers	Specify the cipher suites that the client can use.
	Supply a colon-separated list of cipher names. Names may be either OpenSSL names, or longer descriptive names.
	For a list of supported cipher suites, see Supported Cipher Suites on page 466 in *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName

Function

Purpose   Set the expected host name.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* expected_hostname );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
expected_hostname	Use this value.

Remarks   This parameter applies when establishing an SSL connection to the EMS server. If host name verification is enabled, an application-specific verifier function checks that the actual host name where the server is running is the same as this expected host name.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_SetHostNameVerifier on page 241
tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost on page 245
tibemsSSLHostNameVerifier on page 246

tibemsSSLParams_SetHostNameVerifier

Function

Purpose	Set the host name verifier function.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetHostNameVerifier(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    tibemsSSLHostNameVerifier verifier,
    const void* closure );
```

IBM z/OS This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
verifier	Use this verifier function.
closure	Supply application-specific data. Each call to the verifier function passes this data as an argument.

Remarks When creating a connection to the EMS server, an application-specific verifier function checks that the actual host name where the server is running is the same as this expected host name.

See Also tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName on page 240
tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost on page 245
tibemsSSLHostNameVerifier on page 246

tibemsSSLParams_SetIdentity

Function

Purpose	Set the identity of the client program.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetIdentity(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const void* data,
    tibems_int size,
    tibems_int encoding );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetIdentityFile(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* filename,
    tibems_int encoding );
```

IBM z/OS Thess functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
data	Data must include the client's certificate and private key. It may optionally include issuer certificates.
size	Supply the size (in bytes) of the data.
filename	Read identity data from this file.
encoding	Interpret the certificate data using this encoding; for values, see Table 13, Certificate Encodings, on page 227.

tibemsSSLParams_SetPrivateKey

Function

Purpose	Set the client's private key.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetPrivateKey(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const void* data,
    tibems_int size,
    tibems_int encoding );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetPrivateKeyFile(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* filename,
    tibems_int encoding );
```

IBM z/OS These functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
data	Private key data.
size	Supply the size (in bytes) of the data.
filename	Read private key data from this file.
encoding	Interpret the data using this encoding; for values, see Table 13, Certificate Encodings, on page 227.

tibemsSSLParams_SetRandData

Function

Purpose	Settings for generating random data.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetRandData(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* rand_data,
    tibems_int size );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetRandFile(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* rand_file );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetRandEGD(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* rand_egd_path );
```

IBM z/OS These functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
rand_data	Supply random data as a character string.
size	Supply the length (in bytes) of the random data string.
rand_file	Read random data from this file.
rand_egd_path	Supply the file pathname of an entropy gathering daemon, which generates random data.

Remarks These three functions represent three ways to inject crucial random data into SSL computations. Every program must select one of these ways. If an entropy gathering daemon is available on the host computer, we recommend using it.

tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost

Function

Purpose	Sets flags that enable client verification of the host certificate or host name.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost(
     tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
     tibems_bool verify );

tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHostName(
     tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
     tibems_bool verify );
```

IBM z/OS   These functions are not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
verify	TIBEMS_TRUE enables verification.
	TIBEMS_FALSE disables verification.

Remarks   Both of verification actions are enabled by default (unless a program explicitly disables them).

tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost enables checking that the server host's certificate was signed by a trusted CA; see tibemsSSLParams_AddTrustedCert on page 233).

tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHostName enables checking the server's actual host name against an expected server host name; see tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName on page 240.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_SetHostNameVerifier on page 241
tibemsSSLHostNameVerifier on page 246

tibemsSSLHostNameVerifier

Function Type

Purpose   Programs define functions of this type to check server identity based on the server's host name.

C Declaration
```
typedef tibems_status (*tibemsSSLHostNameVerifier) (
    const char* connected_hostname,
    const char* expected_hostname,
    const char* certificate_name,
    void* closure );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. For more information, see SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS on page 544.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connected_hostname	This parameter receives the actual host name of the server to which the client program is attempting to connect.
expected_hostname	This parameter receives the host name that the client expects the server to be running on.
certificate_name	This parameter receives the host name in the server's public certificate.
closure	This parameter receives application-specific data.

Remarks   SSL attempts to verify that the EMS server hostname (taken from the server's certificate identity) matches the hostname in the server URL. Your program can use the default matching behavior, or customize it in different ways.

- The default behavior is a straightforward string comparison, matching the hostname from the server certificate against the hostname of the connected URL.

- If you set an expected hostname, then the match compares the hostname from the server certificate against the expected hostname (instead of the URL hostname).

- You may also define and set a hostname verifier function, which can override a string mismatch. If the string comparison fails, then SSL calls your verifier function to determine whether to accept the hostname anyway. Your function receives three hostnames—the connected name, the expected name, and the

certificate hostname—and must return a status code indicating the final match result:

— TIBEMS_OK indicates a successful check.

— TIBEMS_SECURITY_EXCEPTION indicates a failed check.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName on page 240
tibemsSSLParams_SetHostNameVerifier on page 241
tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHost on page 245

Chapter 8 **Connection Factory**

Connection factories let administrators preconfigure client connections to the EMS server.

Topics

tibemsConnectionFactory

Type

Purpose   Administered object for creating server connections.

Remarks   Connection factories are administered objects. They support concurrent use.

Administrators define connection factories in a repository. Each connection factory has administrative parameters that guide the creation of server connections. Usage follows either of two models:

EMS Server   You can use the EMS server as a name service provider—one `tibemsd` process provides both the name repository and the message service. Administrators define factories in the name repository. Client programs create connection factory objects with the URL of the repository, and call `tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateConnection`. This function automatically accesses the corresponding factory in the repository, and uses it to create a connection to the message service.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsConnectionFactory_Create`	Create a connection factory.	253
`tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateConnection`	Create a connection object.	254
`tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateXAConnection`	Create an XA connection object.	255
`tibemsConnectionFactory_Destroy`	Destroy a connection factory object.	256
`tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyHost`	Get the SSL proxy host from a connection factory.	257
`tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPort`	Get the SSL proxy port from a connection factory.	258
`tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyUser`	Get the SSL proxy username from a connection factory.	259
`tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPassword`	Get the SSL proxy password from a connection factory.	260

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsConnectionFactory_Print`	Print the parameters set in a connection factory object.	261
`tibemsConnectionFactory_PrintToBuffer`	Print the parameters set in a connection factory object to a buffer.	262
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetClientID`	Set the client ID of a connection factory object.	263
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptCount`	Modify the connection attempts setting.	264
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptDelay`	Modify the connection delay setting.	265
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptTimeout`	Modify the connection timeout setting.	266
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMetric`	Modify the load balancing metric.	267
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastDaemon`	Sets the port on which the client will connect to the multicast daemon.	268
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastEnabled`	Set whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics will receive messages over multicast.	269
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetPkPassword`	Set the SSL private key password for the connection factory.	270
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptCount`	Modify the reconnection attempts setting.	271
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptDelay`	Modify the reconnection delay setting.	272

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout`	Modify the reconnection timeout setting.	273
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetServerURL`	Set the server URL.	274
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLParams`	Set a connection factory's default SSL parameters.	275
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy`	Set a connection factory's parameters for connecting through an SSL proxy.	276
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxyAuth`	Set a connection factory's username and password for connecting through an SSL proxy.	277
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserName`	Set a connection factory's username.	278
`tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserPassword`	Set the password used by the connection factory to authenticate itself with the EMS Server.	279
`tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_Create`	Create an unshared state connection factory.	280
`tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_CreateFromConnectionFactory`	Create an unshared state connection factory from a normal connection factory.	281
`tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_RecoverConnection`	Recover an unshared state connection.	282

Administered Objects   Administered objects let administrators configure EMS behavior at the enterprise level. Administrators define these objects, and client programs use them. This arrangement relieves program developers and end users of the responsibility for correct configuration.

See Also   `tibemsLookupContext` on page 322

tibemsConnectionFactory_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a connection factory.
C Declaration	tibemsConnectionFactory tibemsConnectionFactory_Create(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_Create" RETURNING factory END-CALL.

factory has usage pointer.

Remarks	The resulting connection factory object is empty. This call does not attempt to access the repository (see also tibemsLookupContext on page 322).
See Also	tibemsLookupContext on page 322

tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateConnection

Function

Purpose	Create a connection object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateConnection(
     tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
     tibemsConnection* connection,
     const char * username,
     const char * password );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateConnection"
     USING BY VALUE factory,
           BY REFERENCE connection,
           BY REFERENCE username,
           BY REFERENCE password,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory and connection have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Use this connection factory to create a connection.
connection	The function stores the new connection object in this location.
userName	The connection object presents this user identity to the server. Set to NULL if the server isn't authenticating or authorizing users.
password	The connection object authenticates the user identity with this password. Set to NULL if the server isn't authenticating or authorizing users.

Remarks When the identity parameters are null, the connection object presents a default user identity. If the server configuration permits that anonymous user, then the call succeeds.

See Also tibemsConnection on page 202

tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateXAConnection

Function

Purpose	Create an XA connection object.

C Declaration
```
extern tibems_status
tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateXAConnection(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibemsConnection* connection,
    const char* username,
    const char* password);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateXAConnection"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY REFERENCE connection,
          BY REFERENCE username,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> `factory` and `connection` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Use this connection factory to create a connection.
connection	The function stores the new connection object in this location.
userName	The connection object presents this user identity to the server. Set to NULL if the server isn't authenticating or authorizing users.
password	The connection object authenticates the user identity with this password. Set to NULL if the server isn't authenticating or authorizing users.

Remarks
When the identity parameters are null, the connection object presents a default user identity. If the server configuration permits that anonymous user, then the call succeeds.

See Also
tibemsConnection on page 202

tibemsConnectionFactory_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a connection factory object.
C Declaration	<code>tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_Destroy(tibemsConnectionFactory factory)</code>

COBOL Call	<code>CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_Destroy"
	    USING BY VALUE factory,
	        RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.</code>

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Destroy this connection factory.

Remarks This call destroys an object within the program. It does not affect objects in the repository.

tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyHost

Function

Purpose	Get the SSL proxy host from a connection factory.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyHost(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char** proxy_host);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyHost"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
        BY REFERENCE proxy-host,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory and proxy-host have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Get the SSL proxy host from this connection factory.
proxy_host	The function stores the proxy host in this location.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy on page 276

tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPort

Function

Purpose	Get the SSL proxy port from a connection factory.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPort(
     tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
     tibems_int* proxy_port);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPort"
     USING BY VALUE factory,
           BY REFERENCE proxy-port,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Get the SSL proxy port number from this connection factory.
proxy_port	The function stores the proxy port in this location.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy on page 276

tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyUser

Function

Purpose   Get the SSL proxy username from a connection factory.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyUser(
        tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
        const char** proxy_user);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyUser"
        USING BY VALUE factory,
            BY REFERENCE proxy-user,
        RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.

factory and proxy-user have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Get the SSL proxy username from this connection factory.
proxy_user	The function stores the proxy user name in this location.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxyAuth on page 277

tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPassword

Function

Purpose	Get the SSL proxy password from a connection factory.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPassword(
      tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
      const char** proxy_password);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPassword"
      USING BY VALUE factory,
            BY REFERENCE proxy-password,
      RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`factory` and `proxy-password` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Get the SSL proxy password from this connection factory.
proxy_password	The function stores the proxy password in this location.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxyAuth on page 277

tibemsConnectionFactory_Print

Function

Purpose	Print the parameters set in a connection factory object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_Print(
      tibemsConnectionFactory factory);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_Print"
      USING BY VALUE factory,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Print the parameters set in this connection factory.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_PrintToBuffer on page 262

tibemsConnectionFactory_PrintToBuffer

Function

Purpose	Print the parameters set in a connection factory object to a buffer.

C Declaration
```
extern tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_PrintToBuffer(
     tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
     char* buffer,
     tibems_int maxlen);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_PrintToBuffer"
     USING BY VALUE factory,
           BY REFERENCE buffer,
           BY VALUE maxlen
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Print the parameters set in this connection factory.
buffer	Location to store the string representation of the connection factory.
maxlen	The size of the buffer.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_Print on page 261

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetClientID

Function

Purpose	Set the client ID of a connection factory object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetClientID(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* cid );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetClientID"
     USING BY VALUE factory,
           BY REFERENCE cid,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`factory` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the client ID of this connection factory.
type	Set the ID to this string.

Remarks A client ID string lets the server associate a client-specific factory with each client program. When such a factory already exists, the server supplies that factory to the client. If a factory does not yet exist for the client, the server creates one, and stores it for future use by that specific client.

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptCount

Function

Purpose　Modify the connection attempts setting.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptCount(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_int connAttempts );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptCount"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY VALUE connAttempts,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the connection attempts parameter of this connection factory.
connAttempts	This value limits the number of times that a connection object attempts to establish a connection to the server. The minimum value is 1. When this property is not set, the default value is 2.

See Also　tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptDelay on page 265
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptTimeout on page 266

Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptDelay

Function

Purpose	Modify the connection delay setting.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptDelay(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_int delay );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptDelay"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
        BY VALUE delay,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the connection delay parameter of this connection factory.
delay	This value determines the time (in milliseconds) between connection attempts. The minimum value is 250.
	When this property is not set, the default value is 500.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptCount on page 264
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptTimeout on page 266

Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptTimeout

Function

Purpose Modify the connection timeout setting.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptTimeout(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_int timeout );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptTimeout"
     USING BY VALUE factory,
           BY VALUE timeout,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the connection timeout parameter of this connection factory.
timeout	This value determines the maximum time (in milliseconds) the client will wait for a connection to the server to be established.
	The minimum permitted timeout is 100 milliseconds. However, under stress conditions, this minimum may be too low to enable reliable connection creation. In such cases, a value of greater than 1000 is suggested. Zero is a special value, which specifies no timeout.
	When this property is not set, the default value is 0.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptCount on page 264
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetConnectAttemptDelay on page 265

Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMetric

Function

Purpose	Modify the load balancing metric.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMetric(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibemsFactoryLoadBalanceMetric metric );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMetric"
     USING BY VALUE factory,
           BY VALUE metric,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the load balancing metric of this connection factory.
metric	Use this metric.

Remarks   When the connection factory balances the client load among several servers, it uses this metric to determine the least loaded server, so the connection factory can create a connection to it. For values, see tibemsFactoryLoadBalanceMetric on page 283.

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastDaemon

Function

Purpose   Sets the port on which the client will connect to the multicast daemon.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastDaemon(
      tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
      const char* multicastDaemon);
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the multicast daemon for this connection factory.
multicastDaemon	The port number for the multicast daemon that connections created using this factory will connect to.

Remarks   A connection to the multicast daemon is required when multicast is enabled and a consumer is subscribed to a multicast-enabled topic. Setting the port with this method will override the default port supplied by the server.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastEnabled on page 269
tibems_SetMulticastDaemon on page 401

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastEnabled

Function

Purpose	Set whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics will receive messages over multicast.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastEnabled(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_bool multicastEnabled);
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Enable or disable multicast capabilities for connections created by this factory
multicastEnabled	When true, multicast is enabled. When false, multicast is disabled.

Remarks When enabled, message consumers using a connection created by this factory, and which are subscribed to a multicast-enabled topic will receive messages over multicast. The default is enabled.

See Also

multicast and multicast_daemon_default server parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetPkPassword

Function

Purpose	Set the SSL private key password for the connection factory.

C Declaration

```
extern tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetPkPassword(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* pk_password);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetPkPassword"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
            BY REFERENCE pk-password,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.
>
> On IBM z/OS systems, the pk-password must always be a null value.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the SSL password for this connection factory.
pk_password	Connections created by the connection factory decode their SSL private key using this password when establishing SSL communication.

Remarks It is an error to call this function on a connection factory for which an tibemsSSLParams struct is not yet set.

Notice that this SSL private key encryption password is distinct from the server authentication password, and from the proxy authentication password.

See Also tibemsSSLParams on page 231
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLParams on page 275

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptCount

Function

Purpose	Modify the reconnection attempts setting.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptCount(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_int connAttempts );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptCount"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY VALUE connAttempts,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the reconnection attempts parameter of this connection factory.
connAttempts	This value limits the number of times that a connection object attempts to reestablish a connection to the server. The minimum value is 1.
	When this property is not set, the default value is 4.

See Also

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptDelay on page 272
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout on page 273

Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptDelay

Function

Purpose	Modify the reconnection delay setting.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptDelay(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_int delay );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptDelay"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY VALUE delay,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the reconnection delay parameter of this connection factory.
delay	This value determines the time (in milliseconds) between reconnection attempts. The minimum value is 250.
	When this property is not set, the default value is 500.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptCount on page 271
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout on page 273

Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout

Function

Purpose	Modify the reconnection timeout setting.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    tibems_int timeout );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY VALUE timeout,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the reconnection timeout parameter of this connection factory.
timeout	This value determines the maximum time (in milliseconds) a client will wait for the reconnection to be established. Zero is a special value, which specifies no timeout. When this property is not set, the default value is 0.

See Also
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptCount on page 271
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetReconnectAttemptDelay on page 272

Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetServerURL

Function

Purpose	Set the server URL.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetServerURL(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* url );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetServerURL"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY REFERENCE url,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`factory` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
`factory`	Set the server URL of this connection factory.
`url`	The factory object contacts the EMS server at this URL, to access a corresponding factory defined by the administrator.

Reconnect and Fault Tolerance

To enable reconnection behavior and fault tolerance, the connection factory's server URL parameter must be a comma-separated list of two or more URLs. To enable client reconnection in a situation with only one server, you may supply two copies of that server's URL (for example, `tcp://localhost:7222,tcp://localhost:7222`).

Note that `tibemsConnectionFactory_SetServerURL` can be used to set the server URL for a connection factory only once. If the URL has previously been set for the connection factory, `tibemsConnectionFactory_SetServerURL` returns the status code `TIBEMS_EXCEPTION`.

When specifying an IPv6 address, use square brackets around the address specification. For example, `tcp://[2001:cafe::107]:7222`.

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLParams

Function

Purpose	Set a connection factory's default SSL parameters.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLParams(
      tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
      tibemsSSLParams sslparams );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLParams"
      USING BY VALUE factory,
            BY VALUE sslparams,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory and sslparams have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the default SSL parameters of this connection factory.
sslParams	The connection establishes SSL communication using these parameters.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams on page 231
tibemsConnectionFactory_CreateConnection on page 254

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy

Function

Purpose	Set a connection factory's parameters for connecting through an SSL proxy.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* proxy_host,
    tibems_int proxy_port);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY REFERENCE proxy-host,
          BY VALUE proxy-port,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the SSL proxy host and port on this connection factory.
proxy_host	The connection factory establishes SSL communication through a web proxy at this host. Supply a simple hostname, a fully qualified hostname with domain name, or an IP address (dot notation).
proxy_port	The connection factory establishes SSL communication through a web proxy on this port.

Remarks An SSL proxy lets an EMS application create an SSL connection to an EMS server, even though a firewall separates the application from the server. The proxy usually runs within the firewall's DMZ.

A connection factory contacts the SSL proxy, requesting an SSL connection to the server. The proxy authenticates the application program, and mediates the initial SSL negotiation between application and server. After the SSL connection is established, the application and server use it to communicate directly with one another.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyHost on page 257
tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPort on page 258
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxyAuth on page 277

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxyAuth

Function

Purpose	Set a connection factory's username and password for connecting through an SSL proxy.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxyAuth(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* proxy_user,
    const char* proxy_password);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY REFERENCE proxy-user,
          BY REFERENCE proxy-password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the username and password on this connection factory.
proxy_user	The connection factory authenticates itself to the SSL proxy using this username.
proxy_password	The connection factory authenticates itself to the SSL proxy using this password.

Remarks   When a connection factory establishes an EMS server connection through an SSL proxy host, the proxy might first require authentication before facilitating a connection. When required, use this call to set that authentication data on the connection factory. Notice that this proxy authentication data is distinct from the server authentication data, and from the SSL private key encryption password.

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyUser on page 259
tibemsConnectionFactory_GetSSLProxyPassword on page 260
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetSSLProxy on page 276

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserName

Function

Purpose	Set a connection factory's username.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserName(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* username);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserName"
      USING BY VALUE factory,
            BY REFERENCE username,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

`factory` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the username on this connection factory.
username	The connection factory identifies itself using this username.

Remarks When a connection factory establishes an EMS server connection, the EMS server requests identification. Use this call to set the username that the connection factory uses to identify itself to the EMS server. Notice that this server authentication data is different from SSL authentication data.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserPassword on page 279

tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserPassword

Function

Purpose	Set the password used by the connection factory to authenticate itself with the EMS Server.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserPassword(
    tibemsConnectionFactory factory,
    const char* password);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserPassword"
    USING BY VALUE factory,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

factory has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
factory	Set the password on this connection factory.
password	The connection factory authenticates itself using this password.

Remarks When a connection factory establishes an EMS server connection, the EMS server requests authentication. Use this call to set the password that the connection factory uses to authenticate itself with the EMS server. Notice that this server authentication data is different from SSL authentication data.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetUserName on page 278

tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_Create

Function

Purpose	Create an unshared state connection factory.
C Declaration	`tibemsConnectionFactory tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_Create(void);`
COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_Create"
RETURNING factory
END-CALL.```

`factory` has usage pointer.

Remarks	The resulting unshared state connection factory object is empty. This call does not attempt to access the repository (see also `tibemsLookupContext` on page 322).
See Also	`tibemsLookupContext` on page 322

tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_CreateFromConnectionFactory

Function

Purpose	Create an unshared state connection factory from a normal connection factory.

C Declaration
```
tibemsConnectionFactory
tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_CreateFromConnectionFactory(
    tibemsConnectionFactory emsFactory);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_CreateFromConnectionFactory"
    USING BY VALUE emsFactory
        RETURNING facory
END-CALL.
```

`factory` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
emsFactory	Connections created by this unshared state connection factory connect to a server in the URL list of this connection factory.

See Also

tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_RecoverConnection

Function

Purpose	Recover an unshared state connection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status
tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_RecoverConnection(
    tibemsConnectionFactory ufoFactory,
    tibemsConnection ufoConnection);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsUFOConnectionFactory_RecoverConnection"
     USING BY VALUE ufoFactory,
           BY VALUE ufoConnection,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

ufoConnection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
ufoFactory	The unshared state connection factory used to create the unshared state connection.
ufoConnection	The unshared state connection to be recovered.

Remarks This function is used to recover the broken connection on another available server.

See Also See the section Unshared State Failover Process in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide* for more information.

tibemsFactoryLoadBalanceMetric

Type

Purpose   Define enumerated load balancing constants.

Remarks   When a connection factory balances the client load among several servers, it uses this metric to determine the least loaded server, so the connection factory can create a connection to it.

Constant	Description
TIBEMS_FACTORY_LOAD_BALANCE_METRIC_NONE	Indicates absence of any load balancing metric.
TIBEMS_FACTORY_LOAD_BALANCE_METRIC_CONNECTIONS	The connection factory balances the connection load among several servers by creating a connection to the server with the fewest number of connections.
TIBEMS_FACTORY_LOAD_BALANCE_METRIC_BYTE_RATE	The connection factory balances the connection load among several servers by creating a connection to the server with the lowest total byte rate (input and output).

COBOL
```
* NOTE:  LBM is an acronym for LOAD-BALANCE-METRIC
  01  TIBEMS-FACTORY-LBM-TYPES.
      05  tibemsFactoryLoadBalanceMetric   PIC S9(8) BINARY.
          88  TIBEMS-FACTORY-LBM-NONE             VALUE   0.
          88  TIBEMS-FACTORY-LBM-CONNECTIONS      VALUE   1.
          88  TIBEMS-FACTORY-LBM-BYTE-RATE        VALUE   2.
```

See Also   tibemsConnectionFactory on page 250

Chapter 9 **Session**

A session is a single-threaded context for producing and consuming messages.

Topics

tibemsSession

Type

Purpose	Organizing context for message activity.
Remarks	Sessions combine several roles:

- Create message producers and consumers
- Create message objects
- Create temporary destinations
- Create dynamic destinations
- Create queue browsers
- Serialize for inbound and outbound messages
- Serialize for asynchronous message events (or message listeners) of its consumer objects
- Cache inbound messages (until the program acknowledges them).
- Transaction support (when enabled).

Single Thread	The JMS specification restricts programs to use each session within a single thread.
Associated Objects	The same single-thread restriction applies to objects associated with a session—namely, messages, message consumers, durable subscribers, message producers, queue browsers, and temporary destinations (however, static and dynamic destinations are exempt from this restriction).
Corollary	One consequence of this rule is that all the consumers of a session must deliver messages in the same mode—either synchronously or asynchronously.
Asynchronous	In asynchronous delivery, the program registers message handler events or message listeners with the session's consumer objects. An internal dispatcher thread delivers messages to those event handlers or listeners (in all the session's consumer objects). No other thread may use the session (nor objects created by the session).
Synchronous	In synchronous delivery, the program explicitly begins a thread for the session. That thread processes inbound messages and produces outbound messages, serializing this activity among the session's producers and consumers. Functions that request the next message (such as `tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive`) can organize the thread's activity.

Close   The only exception to the rule restricting session calls to a single thread is the function `tibemsSession_Close`; programs can call `Close` from any thread at any time.

Transactions   A session has either transaction or non-transaction semantics. When a program specifies transaction semantics, the session object cooperates with the server, and all messages that flow through the session become part of a transaction.

- When the program calls `tibemsSession_Commit`, the session acknowledges all inbound messages in the current transaction, and the server delivers all outbound messages in the current transaction to their destinations.

- If the program calls `tibemsSession_Rollback`, the session recovers all inbound messages in the current transaction (so the program can consume them in a new transaction), and the server destroys all outbound messages in the current transaction.

After these actions, both `Commit` and `Rollback` immediately begin a new transaction.

Function	Description	Page
Messages		
tibemsSession_CreateBytesMessage	Create a byte array message.	292
tibemsSession_CreateMapMessage	Create a map message.	298
tibemsSession_CreateStreamMessage	Create a stream message.	301
tibemsSession_CreateTextMessage	Create a text message.	304
Destinations		
tibemsSession_CreateBrowser	Create a queue browser.	291
tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryQueue	Create a temporary queue.	302
tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryTopic	Create a temporary topic.	303
Consumers & Producers		
tibemsSession_CreateConsumer	Create a message consumer.	293
tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber	Create a durable topic subscriber.	295
tibemsSession_CreateProducer	Create a message producer.	300

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsSession_Unsubscribe`	Unsubscribe a durable topic subscription.	311
Transactions		
`tibemsSession_Commit`	Commit the open transaction.	290
`tibemsSession_Rollback`	Roll back messages in the current transaction.	310
Other		
`tibemsSession_Close`	Close a session; reclaim resources.	289
`tibemsSession_Recover`	Recover from undetermined state during message processing.	309

tibemsSession_Close

Function

Purpose	Close a session; reclaim resources.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsSession_Close(tibemsSession session);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsSession_Close"
	        USING BY VALUE session,
	                RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

> session has usage pointer.

Remarks	Closing a session automatically closes its consumers (except for durable subscribers), producers and browsers.
Blocking	If any message listener or receive call associated with the session is processing a message when the program calls this function, all facilities of the connection and its sessions remain available to those listeners until they return. In the meantime, this function blocks until that processing completes—that is, until all message listeners and receive calls have returned.
Transactions	Closing a session rolls back the open transaction in the session.

tibemsSession_Commit

Function

Purpose	Commit the open transaction.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_Commit(
      tibemsSession session );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_Commit"
      USING BY VALUE session,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> session has usage pointer.

Remarks A session (with transaction semantics) always has exactly one open transaction. Message operations associated with the session become part of that transaction. This call commits all the messages within the transaction, and releases any locks. Then it opens a new transaction.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_OK	Successful commit.
TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE	The session does not have transaction semantics.
TIBEMS_SECURITY_EXCEPTION	The client lacks permission to send one of messages in the transaction.
TIBEMS_TRANSACTION_FAILED	Commit failed and the server automatically rolled back the transaction.
TIBEMS_TRANSACTION_ROLLBACK	

tibemsSession_CreateBrowser

Function

Purpose   Create a queue browser.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateBrowser(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsQueueBrowser* browser,
    tibemsQueue queue,
    const char* messageSelector );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateBrowser"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE browser,
          BY VALUE queue,
          BY REFERENCE messageSelector,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session, browser and queue have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create a browser in this session.
browser	The function stores the new browser object in this location.
queue	Browse this queue.
messageSelector	When non-null, the browser presents only messages that match this selector; see Message Selectors on page 17.
	When null, or the empty string, the browser views all messages in the queue.

See Also   tibemsQueue on page 150
tibemsQueueBrowser on page 316

tibemsSession_CreateBytesMessage

Function

Purpose	Create a byte array message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateBytesMessage(
     tibemsSession session,
     tibemsBytesMsg* bytesMsg );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateBytesMessage"
     USING BY VALUE session,
           BY REFERENCE bytesMsg,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session and bytesMsg have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the message in this session.
bytesMsg	The function stores the new message object in this location.

See Also tibemsBytesMsg on page 73

tibemsSession_CreateConsumer

Function

Purpose	Create a message consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateConsumer(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsMsgConsumer* consumer,
    tibemsDestination destination,
    const char* messageSelector,
    tibems_bool noLocal );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateConsumer"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE consumer,
          BY VALUE destination,
          BY REFERENCE messageSelector,
          BY VALUE noLocal,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session, consumer and destination have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the consumer in this session.
consumer	The function stores the new consumer object in this location.
destination	Create a consumer for this destination. The argument may be any destination (queue or topic).
messageSelector	When non-null, the server filters messages using this selector, so the consumer receives only matching messages; see Message Selectors on page 17.
	When null, or the empty string, the consumer receives messages without filtering.
noLocal	When true, the server filters messages so the consumer does not receive messages that originate locally—that is, messages sent through the same connection.
	When false, the consumer receives messages with local origin.

See Also   tibemsDestination on page 144
                 tibemsMsgConsumer on page 162

tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber

Function

Purpose	Create a durable topic subscriber.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsMsgConsumer* msgConsumer,
    tibemsTopic topic,
    const char* name,
    const char* messageSelector,
    tibems_bool noLocal );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE msgConsumer,
          BY VALUE topic,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          BY REFERENCE messageSelector,
          BY VALUE noLocal,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> session, msgConsumer, and topic have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the topic subscriber in this session.
msgConsumer	The function stores the new message consumer object in this location. Note that the message consumer must be a topic subscriber.
topic	Create a durable subscriber for this topic (which *cannot* be a tibemsTemporaryTopic).
name	This unique name lets the server associate the subscriber with a subscription.
messageSelector	When non-null, the server filters messages using this selector, so the subscriber receives only matching messages; see Message Selectors on page 17. When null, or the empty string, the subscriber receives messages without filtering.

Parameter	Description
noLocal	When `true`, the server filters messages so the subscriber does not receive messages that originate locally—that is, messages sent through the same connection. When `false`, the consumer receives messages with local origin.

Remarks The server associates a durable subscription with at most one subscriber object at a time. When a subscriber object exists, the subscription is *active*, and the server delivers messages to it; when no subscriber object exists, the subscription is *inactive*.

Durable subscriptions guarantee message delivery across periods during which the subscriber is inactive. The server retains unacknowledged messages until the subscriber acknowledges them, or until the messages expire.

Subscription Continuity Continuity across inactive periods uses two data items from the client:

- **Subscription Name** a parameter of this call

- **Client ID** an optional property of the `tibemsConnection` (used only when supplied)

The server uses one or both of these two items to match a subscriber object with its subscription. If a matching subscription exists, and it is inactive, then the server associates it with the subscriber (and the subscription becomes active). The server delivers unacknowledged messages to the subscriber.

If a matching subscription exists, but it is already active, this function fails with `TIBEMS_INVALID_CONSUMER`.

If a matching subscription to the topic does not yet exist, the server creates one.

Matching Client ID
- If the `tibemsConnection`'s client ID is non-null when a session creates a durable subscription, then only sessions of a connection with the same client ID can attach to that subscription.

- If the `tibemsConnection`'s client ID is null when a session creates a durable subscription, then any session can attach to that subscription (to receive its messages).

Changing Topic or Selector	Notice that the server does *not* use the topic and message selector arguments to match a subscriber to an existing subscription. As a result, client programs can *change* a subscription by altering either or both of these arguments. The effect is equivalent to deleting the existing subscription (from the server) and creating a new one (albeit with the same client ID and subscription name).
See Also	tibemsTopic on page 156 tibemsMsgConsumer on page 162 tibemsConnection on page 202

tibemsSession_CreateMapMessage

Function

Purpose	Create a map message.
| **C Declaration** | ```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateMapMessage(
      tibemsSession session,
      tibemsMapMsg* mapMsg );
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateMapMessage"
      USING BY VALUE session,
            BY REFERENCE mapMsg,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
``` |

session and mapMsg have usage pointer.

Parameters	Parameter	Description
	session	Create the message in this session.
	mapMsg	The function stores the new message object in this location.

Remarks	The JMS specification requires this call. It is equivalent to tibemsMapMsg_Create on page 90.
See Also	tibemsMapMsg on page 89

tibemsSession_CreateMessage

Function

Purpose	Create a message.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateMessage(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsMsg* message );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateMessage"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE message,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session and message have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the message in this session.
message	The function stores the new message object in this location.

Remarks The JMS specification requires this call. It is equivalent to tibemsMsg_Create on page 28.

See Also tibemsMsg on page 21

tibemsSession_CreateProducer

Function

Purpose	Create a message producer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateProducer(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsMsgProducer* producer,
    tibemsDestination destination );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateProducer"
     USING BY VALUE session,
           BY REFERENCE producer,
           BY VALUE destination,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session, producer and destination have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the producer in this session.
producer	The function stores the new producer object in this location.
destination	When non-null, the producer sends messages to this destination. When null, the client program must specify the destination for each message individually.

See Also   tibemsDestination on page 144
tibemsMsgProducer on page 174

tibemsSession_CreateStreamMessage

Function

Purpose	Create a stream message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateStreamMessage(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsStreamMsg* streamMsg );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateStreamMessage"
     USING BY VALUE session,
           BY REFERENCE streamMsg,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> session and streamMsg have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the message in this session.
streamMsg	The function stores the new message object in this location.

Remarks The JMS specification requires this call. It is equivalent to tibemsStreamMsg_Create on page 110.

See Also tibemsStreamMsg on page 108

tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryQueue

Function

Purpose	Create a temporary queue.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryQueue(
     tibemsSession session,
     tibemsTemporaryQueue* tmpQueue );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryQueue"
     USING BY VALUE session,
           BY REFERENCE tmpQueue,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> session and tmpQueue have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the queue in this session.
tmpQueue	The function stores the new temporary queue object in this location.

Remarks A temporary queue lasts no longer than the connection. That is, when the connection is closed or broken, the server deletes temporary queues associated with the connection.

If the named queue already exists at the server, then this function returns that queue. (That queue can be either static or dynamic.)

If the named queue does not yet exist at the server, and the server allows dynamic queue, then this function creates a dynamic queue.

Dynamic destinations are provider-specific, so programs that use them might not be portable to other providers.

See Also tibemsTemporaryQueue on page 154

tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryTopic

Function

Purpose	Create a temporary topic.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryTopic(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsTemporaryTopic* tmpTopic );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateTemporaryTopic"
     USING BY VALUE session,
           BY REFERENCE tmpTopic,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session and tmpTopic have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the topic in this session.
tmpTopic	The function stores the new temporary topic object in this location.

Remarks A temporary topic lasts no longer than the connection. That is, when the connection is closed or broken, the server deletes temporary topic associated with the connection.

If the named topic already exists at the server, then this function returns that topic. (That topic can be either static or dynamic.)

If the named topic does not yet exist at the server, and the server allows dynamic topics, then this function creates a dynamic topic.

Dynamic destinations are provider-specific, so programs that use them might not be portable to other providers.

See Also tibemsTemporaryTopic on page 155

tibemsSession_CreateTextMessage

Function

Purpose	Create a text message.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateTextMessage(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsTextMsg* textMsg );

tibems_status tibemsSession_CreateTextMessageEx(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsTextMsg* textMsg
    const char* text );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_CreateTextMessage"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE textMsg,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsSession_CreateTextMessageEx"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE textMsg,
          BY REFERENCE text,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session and textMsg have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Create the message in this session.
textMsg	The function stores the new message object in this location.
text	Create a text message with this text as its body.

Remarks The JMS specification requires these calls. It is equivalent to tibemsTextMsg_Create on page 124.

See Also tibemsTextMsg on page 123

tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryQueue

Function

Purpose	Delete a temporary queue.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryQueue(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsTemporaryQueue tmpQueue );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryQueue"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY VALUE tmpQueue,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session and tmpQueue have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Delete a temporary queue from this session.
tmpQueue	Delete this temporary queue.

Remarks When a client deletes a temporary queue, the server deletes any unconsumed messages in the queue.

If the client still has listeners or receivers for the queue, then this delete call returns TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

See Also tibemsTemporaryQueue on page 154

tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryTopic

Function

Purpose	Delete a temporary topic.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryTopic(
      tibemsSession session,
      tibemsTemporaryTopic tmpTopic );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_DeleteTemporaryTopic"
      USING BY VALUE session,
            BY VALUE tmpTopic,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session and tmpTopic have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Delete a temporary topic from this session.
tmpTopic	Delete this temporary topic.

Remarks
When a client deletes a temporary topic, the server deletes any unconsumed messages in the topic.

If the client still has listeners or receivers for the topic, then this delete call returns TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

See Also
tibemsTemporaryTopic on page 155

tibemsSession_GetAcknowledgeMode

Function

Purpose	Get the acknowledge mode of a session.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSession_GetAcknowledgeMode(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibemsAcknowledgeMode* acknowledgeMode );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSession_GetAcknowledgeMode"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE acknowledgeMode,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Get the property from this session.
acknowledgeMode	The function stores the property value in this location.

Remarks This mode governs message acknowledgement and redelivery for consumers associated with the session. For values, see tibemsAcknowledgeMode on page 312.

This property is irrelevant when the session has transactional semantics.

tibemsSession_GetTransacted

Function

Purpose	Get the transactional semantics property of a session.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSession_GetTransacted(
    tibemsSession session,
    tibems_bool* isTransacted );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSession_GetTransacted"
    USING BY VALUE session,
            BY REFERENCE isTransacted,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Get the property from this session.
isTransacted	The function stores the property value in this location.

Remarks When true, then the session has transaction semantics, and the session's acknowledge mode is irrelevant.

When false, it has non-transaction semantics.

tibemsSession_Recover

Function

Purpose	Recover from undetermined state during message processing.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsSession_Recover(` `    tibemsSession session );`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsSession_Recover"`
	`    USING BY VALUE session,`
	`    RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

> `session` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Recover this session.

Remarks   Exceptions during message processing can sometimes leave a program in an ambiguous state. For example, some messages might be partially processed. This function lets a program return to an unambiguous state—the point within the message stream when the program last acknowledged the receipt of inbound messages. Programs can then review the messages delivered since that point (they are marked as *redelivered*), and resolve ambiguities about message processing. Programs can also use this function to resolve similar ambiguities after a `tibemsConnection` stops delivering messages, and then starts again.

Operation   This function requests that the server do this sequence of actions:

1. Stop message delivery within the session.

2. Mark as *redelivered*, any messages that the server has attempted to deliver to the session, but for which it has not received acknowledgement (that is, messages for which processing state is ambiguous).

   According to the JMS specification, the server need not redeliver messages in the same order as it first delivered them.

3. Restart message delivery (including messages marked as *redelivered* in step 2).

Transactions   Commit and rollback are more appropriate with transactions. When a session has transactional semantics, this call is illegal, and returns `TIBEMS_INVALID_SESSION`.

See Also   tibemsMsg_Recover on page 57

tibemsSession_Rollback

Function

Purpose	Roll back messages in the current transaction.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSession_Rollback(
     tibemsSession session );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSession_Rollback"
     USING BY VALUE session,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> session has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Rollback the messages in this session.

Remarks   When a session does not have transactional semantics, this function returns
TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

Messages sent to a queue with prefetch=none and maxRedelivery=*number*
properties are not received *number* times by an EMS application that receives in a
loop and does an XA rollback after the XA prepare phase.

tibemsSession_Unsubscribe

Function

Purpose	Unsubscribe a durable topic subscription.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSession_Unsubscribe(
    tibemsSession session
    const char* name );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSession_Unsubscribe"
    USING BY VALUE session,
          BY REFERENCE name,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

session has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Delete a subscription in this session.
name	This name lets the server locate the subscription.

Remarks
This function deletes the subscription from the server.

You must unsubscribe *before* closing the session.

It is illegal to delete an active subscription—that is, while a tibemsMsgConsumer exists.

It is illegal to delete a subscription while one of its messages is either unacknowledged, or uncommitted (in the current transaction). Attempting to do so results in a status of TIBEMS_EXCEPTION.

See Also
tibemsMsgConsumer on page 162
tibemsTopic on page 156
tibemsSession_CreateDurableSubscriber on page 295

tibemsAcknowledgeMode

Type

Purpose   Define acknowledgement mode constants.

Constant	Description
TIBEMS_AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE	In this mode, the session automatically acknowledges a message when message processing is finished—that is, when either of these calls returns successfully:
	• synchronous receive calls (such as tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive on page 168)
	• asynchronous listener callback (namely, tibemsMsgCallback on page 172)
TIBEMS_CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE	In this mode, the client program acknowledges receipt by calling tibemsMsg_Acknowledge on page 24. Each call acknowledges all messages received so far.
TIBEMS_DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE	As with TIBEMS_AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE, the session automatically acknowledges messages. However, it may do so lazily.
	Lazy means that the provider client library can delay transferring the acknowledgement to the server until a convenient time; meanwhile the server might redeliver the message. Lazy acknowledgement can reduce session overhead.

Constant	Description
TIBEMS_EXPLICIT_CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE	As with TIBEMS_CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE, the client program acknowledges receipt by calling tibemsMsg_Acknowledge on page 24. However, each call acknowledges *only* the individual message. The client may acknowledge messages in any order.
	This mode and behavior are proprietary extensions, specific to TIBCO EMS.
TIBEMS_EXPLICIT_CLIENT_DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE	In this mode, the client program lazily acknowledges *only* the individual message, by calling tibemsMsg_Acknowledge on page 24. The client may acknowledge messages in any order.
	Lazy means that the provider client library can delay transferring the acknowledgement to the server until a convenient time; meanwhile the server might redeliver the message.
	This mode and behavior are proprietary extensions, specific to TIBCO EMS.
TIBEMS_NO_ACKNOWLEDGE	In TIBEMS_NO_ACKNOWLEDGE mode, messages do not require acknowledgement (which reduces message overhead). The server never redelivers messages.
	This mode and behavior are proprietary extensions, specific to TIBCO EMS.

```cobol
COBOL    01   TIBEMS-ACKNOWLEDGE-MODES.
              05   TIBEMS-AUTO-ACKNOWLEDGE          PIC S9(8) COMP VALUE    1.
              05   TIBEMS-CLIENT-ACKNOWLEDGE        PIC S9(8) COMP VALUE    2.
              05   TIBEMS-DUPS-OK-ACKNOWLEDGE       PIC S9(8) COMP VALUE    3.
              05   TIBEMS-NO-ACKNOWLEDGE            PIC S9(8) COMP VALUE   22.
              05   TIBEMS-EXPLICIT-CL-ACK           PIC S9(8) COMP VALUE   23.
              05   TIBEMS-EXPLICIT-CL-DUPS-OK-ACK PIC S9(8) COMP VALUE   24.
```

Chapter 10   **Queue Browser**

Queue browsers let client programs examine the messages on a queue without removing them from the queue.

Topics

- tibemsQueueBrowser, page 316

tibemsQueueBrowser

Type

Purpose   View the messages in a queue without consuming them.

Remarks   A browser is a dynamic enumerator of the queue (not a static snapshot). The queue is at the server, and its contents change as message arrive and consumers remove them. Meanwhile, while the browser is at the client. The function `tibemsQueueBrowser_GetNext` gets the next message from the server.

The browser can enumerate messages in a queue, or a subset filtered by a message selector.

Sessions serve as factories for queue browsers; see `tibemsSession_CreateBrowser` on page 291.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsQueueBrowser_Close	Close the browser; reclaim resources.	317
tibemsQueueBrowser_GetNext	Get the next message from the browser.	319
tibemsQueueBrowser_GetMsgSelector	Get the selector string for the browser.	318
tibemsQueueBrowser_GetQueue	Get the queue that the browser examines.	320

See Also   `tibemsSession_CreateBrowser` on page 291

tibemsQueueBrowser_Close

Function

Purpose	Close the browser; reclaim resources.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueBrowser_Close(
    tibemsQueueBrowser queueBrowser );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueBrowser_Close"
    USING BY VALUE queueBrowser,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

queueBrowser has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueBrowser	Close this queue browser.

tibemsQueueBrowser_GetMsgSelector

Function

Purpose	Get the selector string for the browser.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueBrowser_GetMsgSelector(
      tibemsQueueBrowser queueBrowser,
      const char** selector );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueBrowser_GetMsgSelector"
      USING BY VALUE queueBrowser,
            BY REFERENCE selector,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> queueBrowser and selector have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueBrowser	Get the selector from the queue of this browser.
selector	The function stores the selector string in this location.

Remarks When non-null, the browser presents only messages that match this selector; see Message Selectors on page 17.

When null, or the empty string, the browser views all messages in the queue.

tibemsQueueBrowser_GetNext

Function

Purpose	Get the next message from the browser.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueBrowser_GetNext(
    tibemsQueueBrowser queueBrowser,
    tibemsMsg* msg );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueBrowser_GetNext"
    USING BY VALUE queueBrowser,
            BY REFERENCE msg,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

queueBrowser and msg have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueBrowser	Get the next message from the queue of this browser.
msg	The function stores the next message in this location.

Remarks A browser is a dynamic enumerator of the queue (not a static snapshot). The queue is at the server, and its contents change as message arrive and consumers remove them. Meanwhile, while the browser is at the client. This function gets the next message from the server.

If prior calls to this function have exhausted the messages in the queue, the function returns TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND.

tibemsQueueBrowser_GetQueue

Function

Purpose	Get the queue that the browser examines.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueBrowser_GetQueue(
    tibemsQueueBrowser queueBrowser,
    tibemsQueue* queue );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueBrowser_GetQueue"
    USING BY VALUE queueBrowser,
          BY REFERENCE queue,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

queueBrowser and queue have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueBrowser	Get the queue of this browser.
queue	The function stores the queue in this location.

Chapter 11 **Name Server Lookup**

Lookup context objects find named objects (such as connection factories and destinations) in the name repository. (The EMS server, `tibemsd`, provides the name repository service).

Topics

tibemsLookupContext

Type

Purpose Retrieve objects from the server's naming directory.

Remarks The context object establishes communication with an EMS server or an LDAP server, authenticates the user, and submits name queries.

Name queries can retrieve connection factories and destinations.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsLookupContext_Create tibemsLookupContext_CreateSSL	Create a new EMS lookup context object.	323
tibemsLookupContext_CreateExternal	Create a new LDAP lookup context object.	325
tibemsLookupContext_Destroy	Destroy a lookup context and reclaim resources.	326
tibemsLookupContext_Lookup tibemsLookupContext_LookupDestination tibemsLookupContext_LookupConnectionFactory	Lookup an object in the naming server.	327

tibemsLookupContext_Create

Function

Purpose Create a new EMS lookup context object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_Create(
    tibemsLookupContext* context,
    const char* brokerURL,
    const char* username,
    const char* password );

tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_CreateSSL(
    tibemsLookupContext* context,
    const char* brokerURL,
    const char* username,
    const char* password,
    tibemsSSLParams sslParams,
    const char* pk_password );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsLookupContext_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE context,
          BY REFERENCE brokerURL,
          BY REFERENCE username,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsLookupContext_CreateSSL"
    USING BY REFERENCE context,
          BY REFERENCE brokerURL,
          BY REFERENCE username,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          BY VALUE sslParams,
          BY REFERENCE pk-password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

context and sslParams have usage pointer.

On IBM z/OS systems, the pk-password must always be a null value.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
context	The function stores the new lookup context object in this location.
brokerURL	The context object connects to the EMS server at this URL. If configuring a fault-tolerant client, enter two of more URLs, as described in Configuring C and COBOL Clients for Fault-Tolerant Connections on page 5.

Parameter	Description
username	The context object identifies itself to the server with this user name.
password	The context object identifies itself to the server with this password.
sslParams	The context object uses this data to create an SSL connection to the EMS server.
pk_password	The context object uses this password to decrypt its SSL private key.

Remarks The first call produces a lookup context that communicates with server without encryption. The second call produces a lookup context that communicates using an SSL connection.

If the server permits anonymous lookup, you may supply null values for the username and password parameters.

See Also

tibemsLookupContext_CreateExternal

Function

Purpose	Create a new LDAP lookup context object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_CreateExternal(
    tibemsLookupContext* context,
    tibemsLookupParams lookupParams );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsLookupContext_CreateExternal"
    USING BY REFERENCE context,
          BY VALUE lookupParams,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

context and lookupParams have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
context	The function stores the new lookup context object in this location.
lookupParams	The context object uses these parameters to connect to an LDAP server.
	After the function returns successfully, the calling program may delete this struct.

See Also
tibemsLookupContext_Create on page 323
tibemsLookupParams on page 329
tibemsLookupParams_Create on page 330
tibemsLookupParams_Destroy on page 331

tibemsLookupContext_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a lookup context and reclaim resources.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_Destroy(
    tibemsLookupContext context );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsLookupContext_Destroy"
    USING BY VALUE context,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

context has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
context	Destroy this lookup context object.

tibemsLookupContext_Lookup

Function

Purpose Lookup an object in the naming server.

C Declaration tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_Lookup(
    tibemsLookupContext context,
    const char* name,
    void** object);

tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_LookupDestination(
    tibemsLookupContext context,
    const char* name,
    tibemsDestination* destination);

tibems_status tibemsLookupContext_LookupConnectionFactory(
    tibemsLookupContext context,
    const char* name,
    tibemsConnectionFactory* factory);

COBOL Call CALL "tibemsLookupContext_Lookup"
        USING BY VALUE context,
              BY REFERENCE name,
              BY REFERENCE object,
              RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsLookupContext_LookupDestination"
        USING BY VALUE context,
              BY REFERENCE name,
              BY REFERENCE destination,
              RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsLookupContext_LookupConnectionFactory"
        USING BY VALUE context,
              BY REFERENCE name,
              BY REFERENCE factory,
              RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

context, object, destination and factory have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
context	Destroy this lookup context object.
name	Lookup this name.

Parameter	Description
`object` `destination` `factory`	The function stores the results of the lookup operation in this location.

Remarks These calls look up names in either the name server portion of an EMS server, or in an LDAP server.

The first call looks up a generic object; the calling program must cast the result to the expect type. The other calls restrict lookup to either destinations or connection factories.

If the server does not find the name, this call returns `TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND`.

If the server finds both a topic and a queue with the same name, this call returns `TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE`.

The calling program must destroy the resulting object when it is no longer needed.

tibemsLookupParams

Type

Purpose   Encapsulate parameters for LDAP lookup.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsLookupParams_Create	Create a new LDAP lookup context object.	330
tibemsLookupParams_Destroy	Destroy a lookup parameters object.	331
tibemsLookupParams_GetLdapServerUrl	Get the LDAP server URL.	332
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapBaseDN	Set the LDAP base distinguished name.	333
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCAFile	Set the LDAP CA certificate file.	334
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCAPath	Set the LDAP CA certificate directory pathname.	335
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCertFile	Set the LDAP client certificate file.	336
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCiphers	Set SSL ciphers.	337
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapConnType	Set the LDAP connection type.	338
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCredential	Set the LDAP credential (password).	339
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapKeyFile	Set the LDAP client key file.	340
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapPrincipal	Set the LDAP principal (user name).	341
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapRandFile	Set a randomization data file.	342
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapSearchScope	Set the LDAP search scope.	343
tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapServerUrl	Set the LDAP server URL.	344

tibemsLookupParams_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a new lookup parameters object.
C Declaration	tibemsLookupParams tibemsLookupParams_Create(void);
IBM z/OS	This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.
See Also	tibemsLookupContext_CreateExternal on page 325

tibemsLookupParams_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a lookup parameters object.
| **C Declaration** | ```
void tibemsLookupParams_Destroy(
      tibemsLookupParams lparams );
``` |
| **IBM z/OS** | This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems. |

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	The function stores the new lookup context object in this location.

tibemsLookupParams_GetLdapServerUrl

Function

Purpose	Get the LDAP server URL.
C Declaration	`char* tibemsLookupParams_GetLdapServerUrl(` `        tibemsLookupParams lparams);`
IBM z/OS	This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Get the LDAP server URL from this external lookup context object.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapBaseDN

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP base distinguished name.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapBaseDN(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* basedn );
```

IBM z/OS This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
basedn	Set the property to this distinguished name.

Remarks This parameter is required for all LDAP lookup operations.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCAFile

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP CA certificate file.

| **C Declaration** | ```tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCAFile(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* file);``` |

IBM z/OS	This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
path	Set the property to this filename.

Remarks	The client program reads the CA certificate from this file.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCAPath

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP CA certificate directory pathname.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCAPath(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* path );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
path	Set the property to this directory pathname.

Remarks   Set this parameter when several certificate files are grouped in one directory. This parameter specifies that directory. The client program reads certificate files from this directory.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCertFile

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP client certificate file.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCertFile(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* file );
```

IBM z/OS This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
file	Set the property to this filename.

Remarks The client program reads the client certificate from this file.

Set this parameter when the LDAP server requires clients to present certificates as identification.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCiphers

Function

Purpose	Set SSL ciphers.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCiphers(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* ciphers );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
ciphers	Set the property to specify these ciphers (as a colon-separated list).

	For example:
	`"EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA:EDH-DSS-DES-CBC3-SHA:DES-CBC3`
	`-SHA:DES-CBC3-MD5:DHE-DSS-RC4-SHA:IDEA-CBC-SHA:RC4-`
	`SHA:RC4-MD5:IDEA-CBC-MD5:RC2-CBC-MD5:RC4-MD5:RC4-64`
	`-MD5:EXP1024-DHE-DSS-RC4-SHA:EXP1024-RC4-SHA:EXP102`
	`4-DHE-DSS-DES-CBC-SHA:EXP1024-DES-CBC-SHA:EXP1024-R`
	`C2-CBC-MD5:EXP1024-RC4-MD5:EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA:EDH-`
	`DSS-DES-CBC-SHA:DES-CBC-SHA:DES-CBC-MD5:EXP-EDH-RSA`
	`-DES-CBC-SHA:EXP-EDH-DSS-DES-CBC-SHA:EXP-DES-CBC-SH`
	`A:EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5:EXP-RC4-MD5:EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5:EXP-R`
	`C4-MD5"`

Remarks   Set this parameter when using secure LDAP connections.

The LDAP server configures a similar list of ciphers. SSL communication uses the strongest ciphers in the intersection of the server and client cipher lists.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapConnType

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP connection type.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapConnType(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* type );
```

IBM z/OS This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
type	Set the property to this type.
	When this value is not set, it specifies a simple (non-secure) connection.
	Either "ldaps" or "startTLS" specify secure connections.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCredential

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP credential (password).

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapCredential(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* credential );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
credential	Set the property to this credential (password).

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapKeyFile

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP client key file.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapKeyFile(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* file );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
file	Set the property to this filename.

Remarks   The client program reads the private key for the client certificate from this (encrypted) file.

Set this parameter when the LDAP server requires clients to present certificates as identification.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapPrincipal

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP principal (user name).

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapPrincipal(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* principal );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
principal	Set the property to this principal (user name).

Remarks   This parameter is required for all LDAP lookup operations.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapRandFile

Function

Purpose	Set a randomization data file.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapRandFile(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* file );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
file	Set the property to this filename.

Remarks   The client program reads random data for security computations from this file.

Set this parameter when the operating system does not provide a random data service.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapSearchScope

Function

Purpose	Set the LDAP search scope.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapSearchScope(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* scope );
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
scope	Set the property to this search scope.

Remarks   This parameter is required for all LDAP lookup operations.

tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapServerUrl

Function

Purpose   Set the LDAP server URL.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsLookupParams_SetLdapServerUrl(
    tibemsLookupParams lparams,
    const char* url);
```

IBM z/OS   This function is not supported on IBM z/OS systems.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lparams	Set the property in this parameter object.
url	Set the property to this URL.

Remarks   This parameter is required for all LDAP lookup operations.

Chapter 12 **XA—External Transaction Manager**

This chapter describes the EMS XA API. This API lets you code your own transaction manager (TM) that can interact with the EMS server as a transactional resource.

Topics

tibemsXAConnection

This implicit type is not defined; instead it is identical to `tibemsConnection` on page 202. The functions we present on the following pages apply only to connection objects used with XA.

tibemsXAConnection_Close

Function

Purpose	Close the connection; reclaim resources.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsXAConnection_Close(tibemsConnection connection);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsXAConnection_Close"
	     USING BY VALUE connection,
	             RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

connection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Close this connection.

Remarks

Closing an XA connection reclaims all XA resources associated with the connection or its sessions.

Closing the connection is not sufficient to reclaim all of its resources; your program must explicitly close the sessions, producers, and consumers associated with the connection.

Closing a connection deletes all temporary destinations associated with the connection.

Blocking

If any message listener or receive call associated with the connection is processing a message when the program calls this function, all facilities of the connection and its sessions remain available to those listeners until they return. In the meantime, this function blocks until that processing completes—that is, until all message listeners and receive calls have returned.

Acknowledge

Closing a connection does *not* force acknowledgment in client-acknowledged sessions. When the program still has a message that it received from a connection that has since closed, tibemsMsg_Acknowledge returns the status code TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE.

Transactions

Closing a connection rolls back all open transactions in all sessions associated with the connection.

See Also   tibemsMsg_Acknowledge on page 24
tibemsMsgConsumer on page 162
tibemsMsgProducer on page 174
tibemsDestination on page 144
tibemsSession on page 286

tibemsXAConnection_Create

Function

Purpose Create a new XA connection to an EMS server; use XA for transactions.

C Declarations
```
tibems_status tibemsXAConnection_Create(
    tibemsConnection* connection,
    const char* brokerURL,
    const char* clientId,
    const char* username,
    const char* password );

tibems_status tibemsXAConnection_CreateSSL(
    tibemsConnection* connection,
    const char* brokerURL,
    const char* clientId,
    const char* username,
    const char* password,
    tibemsSSLParams sslParams,
    const char* pk_password );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAConnection_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE connection,
          BY REFERENCE brokerURL,
          BY REFERENCE clientId,
          BY REFERENCE username,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

On IBM z/OS systems, the pk-password must always be a null value.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	The function stores the new connection in this location.
brokerURL	Find the EMS server at this URL. If configuring a fault-tolerant client, enter two of more URLs, as described in Configuring C and COBOL Clients for Fault-Tolerant Connections on page 5.
clientId	Identify the client program to the server with this unique ID.
username	Identify the client program to the server with this user name.
password	Authenticate the client program to the server with this password.

Parameter	Description
sslParams	Establish SSL communication using these parameters.
pk_password	Private key password for SSL.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_OK	The call succeeded.
TIBEMS_SERVER_NOT_CONNECTED	• No server is running at the specified URL. • The call could not communicate with a server because of mismatched SSL and TCP protocols. • Other error situations are possible.
TIBEMS_SECURITY_EXCEPTION	• The server rejected the connection because the username or password was invalid. • SSL setup is incorrect.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CLIENT_ID	The client ID is not unique; that is, another client already uses the ID.

See Also   tibemsConnection_Create on page 206

tibemsXAConnection_CreateXASession

Function

Purpose	Create an XA session object.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsXAConnection_CreateXASession(
tibemsConnection connection,
tibemsSession* session);```
COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsXAConnection_CreateXASession"
USING BY VALUE connection,
BY REFERENCE session,
RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.```

connection and session have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Create a session on this connection.
session	The function stores the new session in this location.

Remarks The new session has transactional semantics with an external transaction manager, and uses the connection for all server communications.

XA sessions do not support routed queues.

See Also tibemsSession on page 286

tibemsXAConnection_Get

Function

Purpose	Find the XA connection object for a server URL.

C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsXAConnection_Get(
	    tibemsConnection* connection,
	    const char* brokerURL);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsXAConnection_Get"
	    USING BY REFERENCE connection,
	        BY REFERENCE brokerURL,
	        RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

> connection has usage pointer.

Parameters	**Parameter**	**Description**
	connection	The function stores the connection object in this location.
	brokerURL	Find the connection the EMS server at this URL. If configuring a fault-tolerant client, enter two of more URLs, as described in Configuring C and COBOL Clients for Fault-Tolerant Connections on page 5.

Remarks If the TM has implicitly created a connection by calling xa_open, then the TM can get that connection object with this call.

tibemsXAConnection_GetXASession

Function

Purpose   Get the XA session object from an XA connection.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsXAConnection_GetXASession(
        tibemsConnection* connection,
        tibemsSession* xaSession);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsXAConnection_GetXASession"
        USING BY VALUE connection,
              BY REFERENCE xaSession,
              RETURNING tibems-status
    END-CALL.

connection and xaSession have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
connection	Get the XA session object from this XA connection.
xaSession	The function stores the XA session object in this location.

Remarks   If the TM has implicitly created a session by calling xa_open, then the TM can get that session object with this call.

XID

Type

Purpose   Represent a transaction ID.

tibemsXAResource

Type

Purpose   Coordinate XA transactions.

Remarks   Each `tibemsXAResource` instance can coordinate a series of transactions, but only one transaction at a time. A program that keeps *n* transactions open simultaneously must create *n* instances of this type.

The transaction manager assigns each resource instance a unique RMID, which it uses to bind together a thread, a resource and a transaction.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsXAResource_Commit	Commit a transaction.	356
tibemsXAResource_End	Disassociate a transaction from the resource.	357
tibemsXAResource_Forget	Unimplemented.	358
tibemsXAResource_GetRMID	Get the RMID of the resource.	359
tibemsXAResource_GetTransactionTimeout	Get the timeout limit.	360
tibemsXAResource_isSameRM	Determine whether two resource objects originate from the same connection to an EMS server.	361
tibemsXAResource_Prepare	Prepare a transaction for commit.	362
tibemsXAResource_Recover	Get a list of prepared transactions.	363
tibemsXAResource_SetRMID	Assign an RMID to a resource.	366
tibemsXAResource_SetTransactionTimeout	Set the timeout limit.	367
tibemsXAResource_Start	Associate a transaction with a resource.	368

tibemsXAResource_Commit

Function

Purpose	Commit a transaction.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_Commit(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xid,
    tibems_bool onePhase );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_Commit"
     USING BY VALUE xaResource,
            BY REFERENCE xid,
            BY VALUE onePhase,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xid have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Commit the transaction in this resource.
xid	Commit this transaction.
onePhase	TIBEMS_TRUE requests a *one-phase commit*.
	TIBEMS_FALSE requests a *two-phase commit*.

tibemsXAResource_End

Function

Purpose	Disassociate a transaction from the resource.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_End(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xid,
    int flags );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_End"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY REFERENCE xid,
          BY VALUE flags,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xid have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Disassociate the transaction from this resource.
xid	Disassociate this transaction from the resource.
flags	TMSUCCESS—Completely end the transaction.
	TMSUSPEND—Temporarily disassociate the transaction from this resource.

tibemsXAResource_Forget

Function

Purpose   Unimplemented.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_Forget(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xid );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_Forget"
     USING BY VALUE xaResource,
           BY REFERENCE xid,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xid have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Forget the transaction in this resource.
xid	Forget this transaction.

Remarks   In the XA interface, the transaction manager can instruct a resource to forget a transaction.

However, this call is not implemented in EMS; it is present for completeness only.

tibemsXAResource_GetRMID

Function

Purpose	Get the RMID of the resource.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_GetRMID(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    tibems_int* rmid );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_GetRMID"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY REFERENCE rmid,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> xaResource has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Get the RMID of this resource.
rmid	The function stores the RMID in this location.

Remarks The transaction manager assigns a unique RMID to each resource instance, which it uses to bind together a thread, a resource and a transaction.

tibemsXAResource_GetTransactionTimeout

Function

Purpose	Get the timeout limit.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_GetTransactionTimeout(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    tibems_int* seconds );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_GetTransactionTimeout"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY REFERENCE seconds,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Get the transaction timeout of this resource.
seconds	The function stores the transaction timeout (in seconds) in this location.

Remarks   If an open, unprepared transaction does not log any activity on the server for this length of time, then the server automatically rolls back the transaction.

See Also   tibemsXAResource_SetTransactionTimeout on page 367

tibemsXAResource_isSameRM

Function

Purpose	Determine whether two resource objects originate from the same connection to an EMS server.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_isSameRM(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    tibemsXAResource xaResource2,
    tibems_bool* result );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_isSameRM"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY VALUE xaResource2,
          BY REFERENCE result,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xaResource2 have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	First XA resource.
xaResource2	Second XA resource.
result	The function stores the result in this location:

tibemsXAResource_Prepare

Function

Purpose	Prepare a transaction for commit.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_Prepare(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xid );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_Prepare"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY REFERENCE xid,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xid have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Prepare the transaction in this resource.
xid	Prepare this transaction.

tibemsXAResource_Recover

Function

Purpose	Get a list of prepared transactions.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_Recover(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xids,
    tibems_int desiredCount,
    tibems_int* returnedCount,
    tibems_int flag );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_Recover"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY REFERENCE xids,
          BY VALUE desiredCount,
          BY REFERENCE returnedCount,
          BY VALUE flag,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> xaResource and xids have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	List the prepared transactions of this resource.
xids	The function stores the list of transaction IDs in the array in this location.
desiredCount	Size of the array (number of XIDs).
returnedCount	The function stores the actual number of transaction IDs in this location.
flag	TMSTARTRSCAN—Start a new list of XIDs; the EMS server generates a complete list, and sends the first batch. TMNOFLAGS—Continue the list of XIDs; the EMS server sends the next batch. TMENDRSCAN—The EMS server discards its list of prepared transactions, and reclaims storage.

Remarks   When this call returns, if `returnedCount` `desiredCount`, then more prepared transactions might exist. To get the next batch of XIDs, call this function again with `TMNOFLAGS` flag until `returnedCount < desiredCount`.

tibemsXAResource_Rollback

Function

Purpose	Roll back a transaction.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_Rollback(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xid );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_Rollback"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY REFERENCE xid,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xid have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Roll back in this resource.
xid	Roll back this transaction.

Remarks Messages sent to a queue with prefetch=none and maxRedelivery=*number* properties are not received *number* times by an EMS application that receives in a loop and does an XA rollback after the XA prepare phase.

tibemsXAResource_SetRMID

Function

Purpose	Assign an RMID to a resource.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_SetRMID(
     tibemsXAResource xaResource,
     tibems_int rmid );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_SetRMID"
     USING BY VALUE xaResource,
           BY VALUE rmid,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> xaResource has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Set the RMID of this resource.
rmid	Use this RMID.

tibemsXAResource_SetTransactionTimeout

Function

Purpose	Set the timeout limit.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_SetTransactionTimeout(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    tibems_int seconds );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_SetTransactionTimeout"
    USING BY VALUE xaResource,
          BY VALUE seconds,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

 xaResource has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Set the transaction timeout of this resource.
seconds	Use this transaction timeout (in seconds).

Remarks   If an unprepared transaction does not log any activity on the server for this length of time, then the server automatically rolls back the transaction.

See Also   tibemsXAResource_GetTransactionTimeout on page 360

tibemsXAResource_Start

Function

Purpose   Associate a transaction with a resource.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsXAResource_Start(
    tibemsXAResource xaResource,
    XID* xid,
    tibems_int flags );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsXAResource_Start"
      USING BY VALUE xaResource,
            BY REFERENCE xid,
            BY VALUE flags,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaResource and xid have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaResource	Associate a transaction with this resource.
xid	Associate this transaction with a resource.
flags	TMNOFLAGS—This is a new transaction, which was not previously associated with the resource.
	TMRESUME—This transaction was previously associated with the resource.

tibemsXASession

Type

Purpose A session with an XA resource.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsXASession_Close	Close an XA session.	370
tibemsXASession_GetSession	Get the EMS session from an XA session.	371
tibemsXASession_GetXAResource	Get the XA resource of an XA session.	372

XA sessions do not support routed queues.

See Also tibemsSession on page 286

tibemsXASession_Close

Function

Purpose	Close an XA session.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsXASession_Close(
tibemsSession session);```
COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsXASession_Close"
USING BY VALUE session,
RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.```

> session has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Close this session.

tibemsXASession_GetSession

Function

Purpose	Get the EMS session from an XA session.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsXASession_GetSession(
    tibemsSession xaSession,
    tibemsSession* session );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsXASession_GetSession"
    USING BY VALUE xaSession,
          BY REFERENCE session,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

xaSession and session have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
xaSession	Get the EMS session from this XA session.
session	The function stores the EMS session in this location.

tibemsXASession_GetXAResource

Function

Purpose	Get the XA resource of an XA session.

C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsXASession_GetXAResource(`
	`    tibemsSession session,`
	`    tibemsXAResource* xaResource );`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsXASession_GetXAResource"`
	`    USING BY VALUE session,`
	`            BY REFERENCE xaResource,`
	`            RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

session and xaResource have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
session	Get the XA resource from this session.
xaResource	The function stores the resource in this location.

Chapter 13 **Types**

This chapter presents types in general use.

Topics

Uniform Types

Purpose   Standard datatypes.

C Declarations
```
typedef char tibems_byte;
typedef short tibems_short;
typedef unsigned short tibems_wchar;
typedef int tibems_int;
typedef TIBX_I64 tibems_long;

typedef float tibems_float;
typedef double tibems_double;

typedef unsigned int tibems_uint;

typedef enum {
    TIBEMS_FALSE  = 0,
    TIBEMS_TRUE   = 1
} tibems_bool;
```

Table 14   EMS Types

Type	
`tibems_byte`	
`tibems_short`	
`tibems_wchar`	wide character; 2 bytes
`tibems_int`	
`tibems_long`	
`tibems_float`	
`tibems_double`	
`tibems_uint`	
`tibems_bool`	`TIBEMS_FALSE, TIBEMS_TRUE`

Chapter 14 **Utilities**

This chapter presents utility functions.

Topics

Utility Functions

The following functions are not related to a specific data type.

Function	Description	Page
tibems_Close	Deallocate the memory used by the EMS internal global data structures.	379
tibems_GetAllowCloseInCallback	Gets whether the client application is allowed to call close functions inside message listener callbacks.	380
tibems_GetConnectAttemptCount	Return the connection attempts limit.	381
tibems_GetConnectAttemptDelay	Return the connection delay.	382
tibems_GetConnectAttemptTimeout	Return the connection timeout.	383
tibems_GetExceptionOnFTEvents	Detects whether exception listener is called on any of the following fault-tolerant events: disconnected, each reconnect attempt, reconnected.	384
tibems_GetExceptionOnFTSwitch	Detects whether exception listener is called on a fault-tolerant switchover.	385
tibems_GetMulticastDaemon	Gets the port of the multicast daemon that this application connects to.	386
tibems_GetMulticastEnabled	Gets whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics in EMS client applications can receive messages over multicast.	387
tibems_GetReconnectAttemptCount	Return the reconnection attempts limit.	388
tibems_GetReconnectAttemptDelay	Return the reconnection delay.	389
tibems_GetReconnectAttemptTimeout	Return the reconnection timeout.	390
tibems_GetSocketReceiveBufferSize	Return the size of socket receive buffers.	391
tibems_GetSocketSendBufferSize	Return the size of socket send buffers.	392

Function	Description	Page
`tibems_IsConsumerMulticast`	Checks if a consumer can receive messages over multicast.	393
`tibems_Open`	Allocate the global memory for the EMS library.	394
`tibems_SetAllowCloseInCallback`	Sets whether client applications can close message consumers, sessions, or connections inside message listener callbacks.	395
`tibems_SetConnectAttemptCount`	Modify the connection attempt limit.	396
`tibems_SetConnectAttemptDelay`	Modify the connection delay.	397
`tibems_SetConnectAttemptTimeout`	Modify the connection timeout.	398
`tibems_SetExceptionOnFTEvents`	Sets whether exception listener is called each step of the fault-tolerant switchover process.	399
`tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch`	Sets whether exception listener is called on fault-tolerant switchover.	400
`tibems_SetMulticastDaemon`	Sets the port on which the EMS client will connect to the multicast daemon.	401
`tibems_SetMulticastEnabled`	Set whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics in the EMS client application will receive messages over multicast.	402
`tibems_SetMulticastExceptionListener`	Sets the multicast exception listener for an application.	403
`tibems_SetReconnectAttemptCount`	Modify the reconnection attempts limit.	404
`tibems_SetReconnectAttemptDelay`	Modify the reconnection delay.	405
`tibems_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout`	Modify the reconnection timeout.	406
`tibems_SetSocketReceiveBufferSize`	Set the size of socket receive buffers.	407
`tibems_SetSocketSendBufferSize`	Set the size of socket send buffers.	408

Function	Description	Page
tibems_SetTraceFile	Start or stop directing client trace information to a file.	409
tibems_Sleep	Sleep thread.	410
tibems_Version	Return the EMS library version number.	411

tibems_Close

Function

Purpose	Deallocate the memory used by the EMS internal global data structures.
C Declaration	`void tibems_close(void);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_close"`
	`    RETURNING tibems-Return-Value`
	`END-CALL.`

Remarks	Before unloading the EMS library, you must call this function to clean up. Windows platforms allow selective unloading of DLLs. Applications that call tibems_Open and tibems_Close one or more times will allocate and deallocate correctly as long as the close calls match the open calls.
See Also	tibems_Open on page 394

tibems_GetAllowCloseInCallback

Function

Purpose	Gets whether the client application is allowed to call close functions inside message listener callbacks.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibems_GetAllowCloseInCallback(
      tibems_bool *isAllowed);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibems_GetAllowCloseInCallback"
  USING BY REFERENCE isAllowed,
  RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
isAllowed	Returns true when the client application does not wait for the message callback to return before closing a message consumer, session, or connection. Returns false if the application waits for the callback to return.

See Also   tibems_SetAllowCloseInCallback on page 395

tibems_GetConnectAttemptCount

Function

Purpose	Return the connection attempts limit.

C Declaration   `tibems_int tibems_GetConnectAttemptCount(void);`

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_GetConnectAttemptCount"
  RETURNING tibems-Return-Value
END-CALL.
```

Remarks   This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects, limiting the number of times that connection objects attempt to establish a connection to the server. The default value is 2. The minimum value is 1.

See Also   tibems_SetConnectAttemptCount on page 396

Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_GetConnectAttemptDelay

Function

Purpose	Return the connection delay.
C Declaration	tibems_int tibems_GetConnectAttemptDelay(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_GetConnectAttemptDelay" RETURNING tibems-Return-Value END-CALL.
Remarks	This setting governs all client tibemsConnection objects. It determines the delay time between successive attempt to establish a connection to the server. Its value is the time (in milliseconds) between connection attempts. The default value is 500. The minimum value is 250.
See Also	tibems_SetConnectAttemptDelay on page 397 Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_GetConnectAttemptTimeout

Function

Purpose	Return the connection timeout.
C Declaration	tibems_int tibems_GetConnectAttemptTimeout(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_GetConnectAttemptTimeout" RETURNING tibems-Return-Value END-CALL.
Remarks	This setting governs all client tibemsConnection objects. It determines the maximum time (in milliseconds) the client allows to establish a connection to the server. The default value is 500.
See Also	tibems_SetConnectAttemptTimeout on page 398 Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_GetExceptionOnFTEvents

Function

Purpose	Detects whether exception listener is called on any of the following fault-tolerant events: disconnected, each reconnect attempt, reconnected.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_GetExceptionOnFTEvents(
    tibems_bool* isSet);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_GetExceptionOnFTEvents"
  USING BY REFERENCE isSet,
  RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
isSet	Returns `true` if the exception listener is to be called on any of the following fault-tolerant events: disconnected, each reconnect attempt, reconnected. Returns `false` if it is not to be called. Default is `false`.

See Also
tibems_SetExceptionOnFTEvents on page 399

Setting an Exception Listener in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_GetExceptionOnFTSwitch

Function

Purpose	Detects whether exception listener is called on a fault-tolerant switchover.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_GetExceptionOnFTSwitch(
    tibems_bool* isSet);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_GetExceptionOnFTSwitch"
  USING BY REFERENCE isSet,
  RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
isSet	Returns true if the exception listener is to be called on a fault-tolerant switchover and false if it is not to be called. Default is false.

See Also tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch on page 400

Setting an Exception Listener in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_GetMulticastDaemon

Function

Purpose	Gets the port of the multicast daemon that this application connects to.
C Declaration	`const char* tibems_GetMulticastDaemon(void);`
Remarks	Gets the port of the multicast daemon that this application connects to.
See Also	tibems_SetMulticastDaemon on page 401
	Chapter 13, Using Multicast, in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_GetMulticastEnabled

Function

Purpose Gets whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics in EMS client applications can receive messages over multicast.

C Declaration tibems_bool tibems_GetMulticastEnabled(void);

Remarks Gets whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics in EMS client applications can receive messages over multicast.

See Chapter 13, Using Multicast, in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*, for more information.

See Also tibems_SetMulticastEnabled on page 402
tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastEnabled on page 269

tibems_GetReconnectAttemptCount

Function

Purpose	Return the reconnection attempts limit.
C Declaration	`tibems_int tibems_GetReconnectAttemptCount(void);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_GetReconnectAttemptCount"`
	`   RETURNING tibems-Return-Value`
	`END-CALL.`

Remarks	This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects limiting the number of times that they attempt to reconnect to the server after a network disconnect. The default value is 4. The minimum value is 1.
See Also	tibems_GetConnectAttemptCount on page 381 tibems_SetReconnectAttemptCount on page 404 Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibems_GetReconnectAttemptDelay

Function

Purpose	Return the reconnection delay.
C Declaration	`tibems_int tibems_GetReconnectAttemptDelay(void);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_GetReconnectAttemptDelay"`
	`    RETURNING tibems-Return-Value`
	`END-CALL.`

Remarks	This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects. It determines the delay time between successive attempt to establish a connection to the server. Its value is the time (in milliseconds) between connection attempts. The default value is 500. The minimum value is 250.
See Also	tibems_GetConnectAttemptDelay on page 382 tibems_SetReconnectAttemptDelay on page 405 Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibems_GetReconnectAttemptTimeout

Function

Purpose	Return the reconnection timeout.
C Declaration	tibems_int tibems_GetReconnectAttemptTimeout(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_GetReconnectAttemptTimeout" RETURNING tibems-Return-Value END-CALL.
Remarks	This setting governs all client tibemsConnection objects. It determines the maximum time (in milliseconds) to client will allow to reestablish a connection to the server. The default value is 500. The minimum value is 250.
See Also	tibems_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout on page 406 Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibems_GetSocketReceiveBufferSize

Function

Purpose	Return the size of socket receive buffers.
C Declaration	tibems_int tibems_GetSocketReceiveBufferSize(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_GetSocketReceiveBufferSize" RETURNING tibems-Return-Value END-CALL.
Remarks	When set, this value overrides the operating system's default for the size of receive buffers associated with sockets that the client uses for connections to the server. (Some operating systems do not allow you to override the default size.)
See Also	tibems_SetSocketReceiveBufferSize on page 407

tibems_GetSocketSendBufferSize

Function

Purpose   Return the size of socket send buffers.

C Declaration   tibems_int tibems_GetSocketSendBufferSize(void);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibems_GetSocketSendBufferSize"
                    RETURNING tibems-Return-Value
                  END-CALL.

Remarks   When set, this value overrides the operating system's default for the size of send
                  buffers associated with sockets that the client uses for connections to the server.
                  (Some operating systems do not allow you to override the default size.)

See Also   tibems_SetSocketSendBufferSize on page 408

tibems_IsConsumerMulticast

Function

Purpose	Checks if a consumer can receive messages over multicast.

C Declaration	tibems_bool tibems_IsConsumerMulticast(
	        tibemsMsgConsumer consumer,
	        tibems_bool *isMulticast);

Remarks	It is possible for a consumer to be a multicast consumer yet only receive messages over TCP. This may happen when the consumer is created on a wildcard destination that includes both unicast and multicast topics.
See Also	tibems_SetSocketSendBufferSize on page 408

tibems_Open

Function

Purpose	Allocate the global memory for the EMS library.
C Declaration	`void tibems_Open(void);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_Open"`
	`   RETURNING tibems-Return-Value`
	`END-CALL.`

Remarks	Applications that do not call `tibems_Open` will work as expected because the EMS internal global data structures are allocated when any public EMS function is called. However, the EMS data structures will not be deallocated until the application calls the `tibems_Close` function or exits. Existing Windows applications that only call the `tibems_Close` function will work as expected. Applications that call `tibems_Open` and `tibems_Close` one or more times will allocate and deallocate correctly as long as the close calls match the open calls.
See Also	`tibems_Close` on page 379

tibems_SetAllowCloseInCallback

Function

Purpose	Sets whether client applications can close message consumers, sessions, or connections inside message listener callbacks.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_SetAllowCloseInCallback(
    tibems_bool allow);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_SetAllowCloseInCallback",
 USING BY VALUE isAllowed,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
allow	When `true`, the application will not wait for the message callbacks to return before closing a message consumer, session, or connection. When `false`, the application waits for the callback to return. By default, the application behavior is to wait for callbacks.

Remarks   This function can be used to change the default EMS client behavior, and set whether the client application can call `tibemsMsgConsumer_Close`, `tibemsSession_Close`, or `tibemsConnection_Close` functions from the `tibemsMsgCallback`.

The default behavior is to wait for callbacks and parallel the behavior specified in the JMS specification, which the EMS client API adheres to. However, this function allows applications to override the default behavior and close EMS objects inside message callbacks.

Normally, the C client API will wait for the `tibemsMsgCallback` callback to return before the close functions can return to the calling application. Consequently, if these close functions are called inside the callback it causes a deadlock. If calling close functions inside the callback is allowed, then the close function will not wait for the `tibemsMsgCallback` to return. This prevents the deadlock.

See Also   tibemsMsgCallback on page 172
tibemsMsgConsumer_Close on page 163
tibemsConnection_Close on page 204
tibemsSession_Close on page 289
tibems_GetAllowCloseInCallback on page 380

tibems_SetConnectAttemptCount

Function

Purpose	Modify the connection attempt limit.
| **C Declaration** | ```
tibems_status tibems_SetConnectAttemptCount(
     tibems_int count);
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibems_SetConnectAttemptCount"
 USING BY VALUE count,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
``` |
| **Remarks** | This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects, limiting the number of times that connection objects attempt to establish a connection to the server. |

Parameters

Parameter	Description
count	Set the connect attempt limit to this value.
	The default value is 2. The minimum value is 1.

See Also   tibems_GetConnectAttemptCount on page 381

Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetConnectAttemptDelay

Function

Purpose	Modify the connection delay.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibems_SetConnectAttemptDelay(tibems_int delay);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_SetConnectAttemptDelay" USING BY VALUE delay, RETURNING tibems-status END-CALL.
Remarks	This setting governs all client tibemsConnection objects. It determines the delay time between successive attempt to establish a connection to the server. Its value is the time (in milliseconds) between connection attempts.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
delay	Set the connect attempt delay to this time (in milliseconds). The default value is 500. The minimum value is 250.

See Also	tibems_GetConnectAttemptDelay on page 382
	Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetConnectAttemptTimeout

Function

Purpose	Modify the connection timeout.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibems_SetConnectAttemptTimeout(` `    tibems_int timeout);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_SetConnectAttemptTimeout"`
	`  USING BY VALUE timeout,`
	`        RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

Remarks	This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects. It determines the maximum time (in milliseconds) the client allows to establish a connection to the server.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
`timeout`	Set the connect attempt timeout to this time (in milliseconds). Zero is a special value, which specifies no timeout. The default value is `0`.

See Also	tibems_GetConnectAttemptTimeout on page 383 Setting Connection Attempts, Timeout and Delay Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetExceptionOnFTEvents

Function

Purpose	Sets whether exception listener is called each step of the fault-tolerant switchover process.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibems_SetExceptionOnFTEvents(tibems_bool* callExceptionListener);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_SetExceptionOnFTEvents"
	  USING BY VALUE callExceptionListener,
	  RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

Remarks This setting determines exception behavior when the fault-tolerant client goes through phases in the failover process. If an exception listener is set on the connection, the callback is invoked when the client detects:

- Disconnection, or TIBEMS_SERVER_DISCONNECTED.

- Each reconnect attempt, or TIBEMS_SERVER_RECONNECTING.

- Reconnection to the server, or TIBEMS_SERVER_RECONNECTED.

This call reports on all events during the failover process. To report only the successful reconnection event, use the tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch method instead.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
callExceptionListener	When true, the connection's ExceptionListener catches an exception, which contains a status code indicating the state of the fault-tolerant failover: TIBEMS_SERVER_DISCONNECTED, TIBEMS_SERVER_RECONNECTING, or TIBEMS_SERVER_RECONNECTED When false, fault-tolerant failover does not trigger an exception in the client.

See Also tibems_GetExceptionOnFTEvents on page 384
tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch on page 400

Setting an Exception Listener in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch

Function

Purpose   Sets whether exception listener is called on fault-tolerant switchover.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch(
    tibems_bool callExceptionListener);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_setExceptionOnFTSwitch"
  USING BY VALUE callExceptionListener,
  RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Remarks   This setting determines exception behavior when the client successfully switches to a different server (fault-tolerant failover).

Parameters

Parameter	Description
callExceptionListener	When true, the connection's ExceptionListener catches an exception, which contains the name of the new server.
	When false, fault-tolerant failover does not trigger an exception in the client.

See Also   tibems_GetExceptionOnFTSwitch on page 385
tibems_GetExceptionOnFTEvents on page 384

Setting an Exception Listener in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetMulticastDaemon

Function

Purpose	Sets the port on which the EMS client will connect to the multicast daemon.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibems_SetMulticastDaemon(` `    const char* port);`

Parameters

Parameter	Description
port	The multicast daemon port that connections created in this application will connect to.

Remarks	A connection to the multicast daemon is required when multicast is enabled and a consumer is subscribed to a multicast-enabled topic. Setting the port with this method will override the default port supplied by the server and any port specified in a connection factory for all connections in the application.
See Also	tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastDaemon on page 268 tibems_SetMulticastEnabled on page 402
	Chapter 13, Using Multicast, in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetMulticastEnabled

Function

Purpose Set whether message consumers subscribed to multicast-enabled topics in the EMS client application will receive messages over multicast.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_SetMulticastEnabled(
    tibems_bool enabled);
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
enabled	When true, multicast is enabled for the client.
	When false, multicast is disabled and the client application will receive all messages over TCP.

Remarks When enabled, message consumers subscribed to a multicast-enabled topic will receive messages over multicast. By default, multicast is enabled.

tibems_SetMulticastEnabled overrides both the EMS server and factory settings that enable multicast.

See Also tibemsConnectionFactory_SetMulticastDaemon on page 268

multicast and multicast_daemon_default server parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetMulticastExceptionListener

Function

Purpose   Sets the multicast exception listener for an application.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibems_SetMulticastExceptionListener(
    tibemsMulticastExceptionCallback listener,
    void* closure);
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
listener	Register this multicast exception listener callback.
closure	This parameter receives the closure data in this location, which the program supplied in the call that registered the callback. This is a way to pass application related data to the multicast exception listener callback.

See Also   tibemsMulticastExceptionCallback on page 226

Chapter 13, Using Multicast, in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*

tibems_SetReconnectAttemptCount

Function

Purpose	Modify the reconnection attempts limit.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibems_SetReconnectAttemptCount(tibems_int count);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_SetReconnectAttemptCount" USING BY VALUE count, RETURNING tibems-status END-CALL.
Remarks	This setting governs all client tibemsConnection objects as they attempt to reconnect to the server after a network disconnect.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
count	Set the reconnect limit to this value.
	The default value is 4. The minimum value is 1.

See Also	tibems_GetReconnectAttemptCount on page 388
	Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibems_SetReconnectAttemptDelay

Function

Purpose	Modify the reconnection delay.
| **C Declaration** | ```
tibems_status tibems_SetReconnectAttemptDelay(
      tibems_int delay);
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibems_SetReconnectAttemptDelay"
 USING BY VALUE delay,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
``` |
| **Remarks** | This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects. It determines the delay time between successive attempt to establish a connection to the server. Its value is the time (in milliseconds) between connection attempts. |

Parameters

Parameter	Description
delay	Set the reconnect delay to this value.
	The default value is 500. The minimum value is 250.

See Also   tibems_GetReconnectAttemptDelay on page 389

Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibems_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout

Function

Purpose	Modify the reconnection timeout.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibems_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout(` `    tibems_int timeout);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_SetReconnectAttemptTimeout"`
	` USING BY VALUE timeout,`
	`        RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

Remarks	This setting governs all client `tibemsConnection` objects. It determines the maximum time (in milliseconds) to client will allow to reestablish a connection to the server.

Parameters	**Parameter**	**Description**
	timeout	Set the reconnect timeout to this value. Zero is a special value, which specifies no timeout.
		The default value is 0.

See Also	tibems_GetReconnectAttemptTimeout on page 390
	Setting Reconnection Failure Parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibems_SetSocketReceiveBufferSize

Function

Purpose	Set the size of socket receive buffers.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibems_SetSocketReceiveBufferSize(tibems_int size);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibems_SetSocketReceiveBufferSize" USING BY VALUE size, RETURNING tibems-status END-CALL.
Remarks	This value overrides the operating system's default for the size of receive buffers associated with sockets that the client uses for connections to the server. Use this call before creating server connections. This call sets an override buffer size for new socket buffers; it does not change the size of existing socket buffers.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
size	Sockets use receive buffers of this size (in kilobytes).

See Also	tibems_GetSocketReceiveBufferSize on page 391

tibems_SetSocketSendBufferSize

Function

Purpose	Set the size of socket send buffers.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_SetSocketSendBufferSize(
     tibems_int size);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_SetSocketSendBufferSize"
 USING BY VALUE size,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Remarks
This value overrides the operating system's default for the size of send buffers associated with sockets that the client uses for connections to the server.

Use this call before creating server connections. This call sets an override buffer size for new socket buffers; it does not change the size of existing socket buffers.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
size	Sockets use send buffers of this size (in kilobytes).

See Also tibems_GetSocketSendBufferSize on page 392

tibems_SetTraceFile

Function

Purpose	Start or stop directing client trace information to a file.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_SetTraceFile(
     const char* fileName);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_SetTraceFile"
 USING BY REFERENCE fileName,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
fileName	The name of the file to which tracing information should be directed, or NULL to stop directing tracing to a file.

Remarks This call directs client tracing information to the file specified by the fileName argument. This function does not generate tracing; tracing must be enabled separately. Tracing can be enabled using the set server client_trace command in the administration tool, or, for SSL tracing, using the tibemsSSL_SetTrace or tibemsSSL_SetDebugTrace function. See the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide* for more information about the administration tool.

To stop sending tracing information to the file and resume regular tracing to stderr or stdout, call tibems_SetTraceFile, passing NULL for fileName parameter.

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE	Tracing information is already being directed to a file, and the fileName argument was not NULL.
TIBEMS_IO_FAILED	The file specified by fileName could not be opened in append mode.

tibems_Sleep

Function

Purpose	Sleep thread.
| **C Declaration** | ```
void tibems_Sleep(
    tibems_long milliseconds);
``` |
| **COBOL Call** | ```
CALL "tibems_Sleep"
 USING BY VALUE milliseconds
END-CALL.
``` |

COBOL usage of `milliseconds` is COMP-2.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
milliseconds	Sleep for this interval (in milliseconds).

Remarks This call instructs its calling thread to sleep for a fixed interval (in milliseconds).

tibems_Version

Function

Purpose	Return the EMS library version number.
C Declaration	`const char* tibems_Version(void);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibems_Version"`
	`  RETURNING tibems-Pointer`
	`END-CALL.`

`tibems-Pointer` has usage pointer.

After this COBOL call, store the `tibems-Pointer` data item to `tibems-Cobol-Char`, using the following SET statement:

`SET ADDRESS OF tibems-Cobol-Char TO tibems-Pointer.`

Remarks	This string represents the three-part version number of the release (*major.minor.update*).

Chapter 15 **Administration**

This chapter documents the C Admin API functions that can be used to query the runtime state of EMS messaging applications.

Topics

Administration Overview

TIBCO Enterprise Message Service C Admin API provides a C program with the ability to query the `tibemsd` server and obtain information regarding the state of the `tibemsd`, message consumers, producers, topics and queues at runtime. TIBCO Enterprise Message Service C Admin API closely mimics a subset of the Java Admin API query functionality. It does not provide configuration capability.

Including the Administration Library

The C Admin API is provided as a separate library. For information about including the C Admin API, see the C Programmer's Checklist on page 313 of the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

tibemsAdmin

Type

Purpose   Represent an administrative connection to the server.

Remarks   tibemsAdmin provides an administrative connection to the server. To use these functions, first create an administrative connection to the server with tibemsAdmin_Create. With that connection you can retrieve information about the server and its components at runtime.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsAdmin_SetExceptionListener`	Set an exception listener for the connection used by the administration API to communicate with the EMS server.	434

Related Types `tibemsCollection` on page 436
`tibemsConsumerInfo` on page 441
`tibemsProducerInfo` on page 466
`tibemsQueueInfo` on page 474
`tibemsTopicInfo` on page 502

tibemsAdmin_Close

Function

Purpose   Close the administrative connection to the server.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsAdmin_Close(
          tibemsAdmin admin);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsAdmin_Close"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	The administrative connection to be closed.

See Also

tibemsAdmin_Create

Function

Purpose	Create an administration connection to a server.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_Create(
    tibemsAdmin* admin,
    const char* url,
    const char* userName,
    const char* password,
    tibemsSSLParams sslparams);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_Create"
 USING BY REFERENCE admin,
       BY REFERENCE url,
       BY REFERENCE userName,
       BY REFERENCE password,
       BY VALUE sslParams,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

sslParams has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Store the new administrative connection in this location.
url	Find the EMS server at this URL.
userName	Authenticate the client program to the server with this username.
password	Authenticate the client program to the server with this password.
sslparams	Establish SSL communication using these parameters. See the section on SSL server parameters in the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide* for more information.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_SERVER_NOT_CONNECTED	• No server is running at the specified URL. • The call could not communicate with a server because of mismatched SSL and TCP protocols. • Other error situations are possible.
TIBEMS_SECURITY_EXCEPTION	• The server rejected the connection because the username or password was invalid. • SSL setup is incorrect.

tibemsAdmin_GetCommandTimeout

Function

Purpose	Get the command timeout.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetCommandTimeout(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibems_long* timeout);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetCommandTimeout"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE timeout,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get the command timeout of this administrative connection.
timeout	The function stores the timeout in this location.

Remarks   Gets the command timeout in milliseconds. The command timeout determines how long to wait for the server to respond to a command. If the server does not respond within the timeout limit, the command throws an exception. The default timeout is 60000 (60 seconds).

See Also   tibemsAdmin_SetCommandTimeout on page 434

tibemsAdmin_GetConsumer

Function

Purpose	Get consumer with specified ID.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetConsumer(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsConsumerInfo* consumerInfo,
    tibems_long ID);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetConsumer"
 USING BY VALUE      admin,
       BY REFERENCE  consumerInfo,
       BY VALUE      consumerID,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get a consumer using this administrative connection.
consumerInfo	The functions stores information about the consumer in this location.
ID	The consumer ID for which the function will retrieve information.

Remarks Returns the consumer object with specified ID. The returned consumer object contains information about consumer known to server, including details, available statistics. If a consumer with the specified ID does not exist, the function returns NULL.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No consumer found matching the requested ID.

See Also tibemsConsumerInfo on page 441

tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers

Function

Purpose Returns consumers matching specified filters.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers(
     tibemsAdmin admin,
     tibemsCollection* collection,
     tibems_long connectionID,
     const char* username,
     tibemsDestinationInfo destination,
     tibems_bool durable,
     tibems_int dataFlags)
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE collection,
       BY VALUE connectionID,
       BY REFERENCE username,
       BY VALUE destination,
       BY VALUE durable,
       BY VALUE dataFlags,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get consumers using this administrative connection.
collection	The function stores the returned consumer data in the location specified here, as a collection of tibemsConsumerInfo objects.
connectionID	connectionID is reserved for future use and must be set to zero.
username	If specified, only consumers for connections that use the specified user name will be returned. Specify NULL if all consumers should be returned.

Parameter	Description
destination	If specified, only consumers on destinations of the same type and matching this destination name will be returned. destination can be: • A `tibemsQueueInfo` or `tibemsTopicInfo` object. • TIBEMS_INVALID_ADMIN_ID to return all consumers. The destination name may include wildcards.
durable	When TRUE, this parameter specifies that only durable topic subscribers should be returned. This parameter is applied only to topic subscribers, and when included prevents the function from returning non-durable topic consumers. However, it does not affect which queue consumers are returned.
dataFlags	Specifies what information will be returned for each consumer that matches the filter criteria. Possible values for this parameter are: • GET_STAT—gets a `tibemsStatData` for each consumer. • GET_DETAILED_STAT—gets a `tibemsCollection` of `tibemsDetailedDestStat` objects for each consumer When no flag is specified, the returned information does not include statistics. If statistics are disabled in the server, no statistics will be returned regardless of the flag specified in this parameter.

Remarks Returns a list of consumers matching the specified filters. The consumers are returned in a `tibemsCollection`; if no consumers matching the filter criteria exist in the server, then no tibemsCollection will be returned.

The returned consumers are not sorted and are placed in the tibemsCollection object in any order. Your application may need to sort the consumers into a specific order if required.

Example 1 For example, this call returns all consumers known to the server, but does not include statistical information for each consumer:

```
tibemsAdmin       admin;
tibemsCollection consumerInfoCollection;
tibems_status    status;
status = tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers(admin, &consumerInfoCollection,
0L, NULL, TIBEMS_ADMIN_INVALID_ID, TIBEMS_FALSE, 0);
```

Example 2   This call returns all queue consumers and all durable topic consumers:

```
tibemsAdmin       admin;
tibemsCollection consumerInfoCollection;
tibems_status    status;
status = tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers(admin, &consumerInfoCollection,
0L, NULL, TIBEMS_ADMIN_INVALID_ID, TIBEMS_TRUE, 0);
```

Example 3   This call returns all durable topic consumers that subscribe to any topic matching
topic news.*. If statistics are enabled in the server, the returned
tibemsConsumerInfo objects will include detailed statistics about the consumers.

```
tibemsAdmin       admin;
tibemsCollection consumerInfoCollection;
tibems_status    status;
tibemsTopicInfo  topicInfo;

status = tibemsTopicInfoCreate(&topicInfo, "news.*");
status = tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers(admin, &consumerInfoCollection,
0L, NULL, topicInfo, TIBEMS_TRUE, TIBEMS_GET_DETAILED_STAT);
```

Example 4   This call returns all queue consumers created by user OrderProcessor and
receiving messages from all queues matching name purchase.order.>. Each
tibemsConsumerInfo object will include the full statistics available for the
consumer.

```
tibemsAdmin       admin;
tibemsCollection consumerInfoCollection;
tibems_status    status;
tibemsQueueInfo  queueInfo;

status = tibemsQueueInfoCreate(&queueInfo, "purchase.order.>");
status = tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers(admin, &consumerInfoCollection,
0L, "OrderProcessor", queueInfo, TIBEMS_FALSE,
TIBEMS_GET_DETAILED_STAT);
```

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No consumers found matching the specified filters.

See Also   tibemsStatData on page 497
tibemsDetailedDestStat on page 462

tibemsAdmin_GetInfo

Function

Purpose	Get the current set of server metrics.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetInfo(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsServerInfo* serverInfo);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetInfo"
 USING BY VALUE      admin,
       BY REFERENCE  serverInfo,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get server metrics using this administrative connection.
serverInfo	The function stores the server metrics in this location.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.

tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics

Function

Purpose	Returns statistical information about producers that match the specified parameters.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsCollection* collection,
    tibems_long connectionID,
    const char*  username,
    tibemsDestinationInfo destination);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE prodInfos,
       BY REFERENCE username,
       BY VALUE connectionID,
       BY VALUE destination,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> prodInfos has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get the producer statistics using this administrative connection.
collection	The function stores the returned producer data in the location specified here, as a collection of tibemsProducerInfo objects.
connectionID	Must be set to zero. This parameter is reserved for future use.
username	If specified, only producers for connections that use the specified user name will be returned. Specify NULL if all producers should be returned.

Parameter	Description
destination	If specified, only producers on destinations of the same type and matching this destination name will be returned. destination can be: • A tibemsQueueInfo or tibemsTopicInfo object. • TIBEMS_INVALID_ADMIN_ID to return all producers. The destination name may include wildcards.

Remarks Returns information about message producers, including the statistical information about producers with specified parameters.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No producers found matching the specified parameters.

See Also tibemsStatData on page 497
tibemsDetailedDestStat on page 462

tibemsAdmin_GetQueue

Function

Purpose	Get information about a queue of the given queue name.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetQueue(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsQueueInfo* queueInfo,
    const char* queueName);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetQueue"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE name,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get information about a queue using this administrative connection.
queueInfo	The function will store information about the specified queue in this location.
queueName	The name of the queue for which information will be retrieved.

Remarks This function gets a `tibemsQueueInfo` object for the specified queue name. If the queueName does not exist, the function returns TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No queue found matching the specified queueName.

See Also tibemsQueueInfo on page 474

tibemsAdmin_GetQueues

Function

Purpose   Get the queues that match the given pattern and the given permanence type.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetQueues(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsCollection* collection,
    const char* pattern,
    tibems_int permType);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetQueues"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE collection,
       BY REFERENCE pattern,
       BY VALUE permType,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get information about queues using this administration connection.
collection	The function stores the returned queue data in the location specified here, as a collection of tibemsQueueInfo objects.
pattern	The queue name pattern that must be matched.
	The pattern may contain the wildcards * and >. A pattern of > or NULL will return all queues that exist in the server. See the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide* for information about working with wildcards in queues.

Parameter	Description
permType	The permanence type of the queue must match the type given here. Possible permanence types are:
	• TIBEMS_DEST_GET_ALL – Return all queues that match the pattern.
	• TIBEMS_DEST_GET_STATIC – Return only static queues that match the pattern.
	• TIBEMS_DEST_GET_DYNAMIC – Return only dynamic queues that match the pattern.
	• TIBEMS_DEST_GET_NOTEMP – Do not return any temporary queues.
	A NULL value matches all queues.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No queues found matching the specified pattern and performance type.

See Also tibemsQueueInfo on page 474

tibemsAdmin_GetTopic

Function

Purpose	Get the topic for the given topic name.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetTopic(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsTopicInfo* topicInfo,
    const char* topicName);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetTopic"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE name,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get information about a topic using this administrative connection.
topicInfo	The function stores information about the topic in this location.
topicName	The name of the topic for which information will be retrieved.

Remarks This function gets a `tibemsTopicInfo` object for the specified topic name. If the `topicName` does not exist, the function returns `TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND`.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No topic found matching the specified `topicName`.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo on page 502

tibemsAdmin_GetTopics

Function

Purpose   Get the topics that match the given pattern and the given permanence type.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_GetTopics(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsCollection* collection,
    const char* pattern,
    tibems_int permType);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_GetTopics"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE collection,
       BY REFERENCE pattern,
       BY VALUE permType,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Get information about topics using this administrative connection.
collection	The function stores the returned topic data in the location specified here, as a collection of tibemsTopicInfo objects.
pattern	The topic name pattern that must be matched.
	The pattern may contain the wildcards * and >. A pattern of > or NULL will return all topics. See the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide* for information about working with wildcards in topics.

Parameter	Description
permType	The permanence type of the topic must match the type given here. Possible permanence types are: • TIBEMS_DEST_GET_ALL – Return all topics that match the pattern. • TIBEMS_DEST_GET_STATIC – Return only static topics that match the pattern. • TIBEMS_DEST_GET_DYNAMIC – Return only dynamic topics that match the pattern. • TIBEMS_DEST_GET_NOTEMP – Do not return any temporary topics. A NULL value matches all topics.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	The administrative query timed out while waiting for a server response.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	No topics found matching the specified pattern and performance type.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo on page 502

tibemsAdmin_SetCommandTimeout

Function

Purpose	Sets the command timeout.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_SetCommandTimeout(
     tibemsAdmin admin,
     tibems_long timeout);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_SetCommandTimeout"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY VALUE timeout,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Set the command timeout on this administrative connection.
timeout	The length of time, in milliseconds, to wait for the server to respond to a command. When not specified, the default command timeout is 60000 (60 seconds).

Remarks Sets the command timeout. The command timeout determines how long, in milliseconds, the command waits for the server to respond. If the server does not respond within the timeout limit, the command throws an exception. The default timeout is 60000 (60 seconds).

See Also tibemsAdmin_GetCommandTimeout on page 420

tibemsAdmin_SetExceptionListener

Function

Purpose	Set an exception listener for the connection used by the administration API to communicate with the EMS server.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsAdmin_SetExceptionListener(
    tibemsAdmin admin,
    tibemsExceptionCallback listener,
    const void* closure);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsAdmin_SetExceptionListener_STL"
 USING BY VALUE admin,
       BY REFERENCE tibems-AdminException-Status,
       BY VALUE TIBEMS-NULLPTR,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
admin	Resister the exception listener callback on this administration connection.
listener	Register this exception listener callback. For more information about exception listeners, see the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.
closure	Register this closure argument.

Remarks This is an alternate pathway for alerting a client program of connection problems. The program defines an exception listener callback function, and calls this function to register the callback and a closure argument. When the client library detects a connection problem, it calls the callback with a status code that identifies the problem.

See Also tibemsConnection_SetExceptionListener on page 215
Asynchronous Errors on page 202.
tibemsExceptionCallback on page 225

tibemsCollection

Type

Purpose   Represent a collection of administrative objects.

Remarks   Collections provide an array-like set of administrative objects for use by the calling program. Administrative objects include `tibemsQueueInfo`, `tibemsTopicInfo`, `tibemsConsumerInfo`, `tibemsProducerInfo`, and `tibemsDetailedDestStat` objects.

> ⚠ Collections are not thread-safe and should only be operated on by a single application thread.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsCollection_Destroy`	Destroy a collection.	437
`tibemsCollection_GetCount`	Get the count of objects in a collection.	438
`tibemsCollection_GetFirst`	Get the first object in a collection.	439
`tibemsCollection_GetNext`	Get the next object in a collection.	440

See Also   tibemsAdmin_GetQueues on page 429
tibemsAdmin_GetTopics on page 432
tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers on page 422
tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics on page 426
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics on page 449
tibemsProducerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics on page 471

tibemsCollection_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a collection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsCollection_Destroy(
     tibemsCollection collection);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsCollection_Destroy"
 USING BY VALUE collection,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
collection	The collection object to be destroyed.

Remarks Collections are created internally by the EMS library. Use tibemsCollection_Destroy to remove collections of tibemsQueueInfo, tibemsTopicInfo, tibemsConsumerInfo, and tibemsProducerInfo objects. Collections of tibemsDetailedDestStat objects cannot be directly destroyed by the user application. Attempting to destroy a tibemsDetailedDestStat object returns TIBEMS_NOT_PERMITTED.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_NOT_PERMITTED	The collection may not be directly destroyed by the application.

tibemsCollection_GetCount

Function

Purpose	Get the count of objects in a collection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsCollection_GetCount(
     tibemsCollection collection,
     tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsCollection_GetCount"
 USING BY VALUE collection,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
collection	Get the number of objects in this collection.
count	The function stores the count of objects in the collection in this location.

tibemsCollection_GetFirst

Function

Purpose	Get the first object in a collection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsCollection_GetFirst(
    tibemsCollection collection,
    collectionObj* object);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsCollection_GetFirst"
 USING BY VALUE collection,
       BY REFERENCE obj,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
collection	Get the first object in this collection.
object	The function stores the first object in the collection in this location.

Remarks This function must be called before any calls to tibemsCollection_GetNext.

tibemsCollection_GetNext

Function

Purpose	Get the next object in a collection.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsCollection_GetNext(
tibemsCollection collection,
collectionObj* object);```
COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsCollection_GetNext"
USING BY VALUE collection,
BY REFERENCE obj,
RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.```

> `collection` has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
collection	Get the next object in this collection.
object	The function stores the next object in the collection in this location.

Remarks

This function gets the next object in a collection. If there are no more objects in the collection, `tibemsCollection_GetNext` returns `TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND`.

The function `tibemsCollection_GetFirst` must be called before `tibemsCollection_GetNext` is called for the first time.

Status Codes

Status Code	Description
TIBEMS_NOT_INITIALIZED	The collection has not been initialized with a call to `tibemsCollection_GetFirst`.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	There are no more objects in the collection.

tibemsConsumerInfo

Type

       Purpose   Represent a message consumer in the server.

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsConsumerInfo_Destroy`	Destroy a consumerInfo object.	443
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCreateTime`	Get a consumer's creation time in milliseconds.	444
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgCountSentByServer`	Get the number of messages sent to consumer and not yet acknowledged by consumer's session.	445
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgSizeSentByServer`	Get the combined size of messages sent to consumer and not yet acknowledged by consumer's session.	446
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationName`	Get the consumer's destination name.	447
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationType`	Get consumer's destination type.	448
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics`	Get detailed statistics for a wildcarded consumer.	449
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDurableName`	Get the name of the consumer's durable subscription.	450
`tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastAcknowledged`	Get the approximate number of milliseconds elapsed since the last time a message sent to this consumer was acknowledged by the consumer's session.	451

Function	Description	Page
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastSent	Get the approximate number of milliseconds elapsed since last time the server sent a message to this consumer.	452
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetID	Get the consumer's unique ID.	453
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageCount	Get the number of pending messages for a topic consumer.	454
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageSize	Get the combined size of pending messages for a topic consumer.	455
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetStatistics	Get total statistics for a consumer.	456
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalAcknowledgedCount	Get the total number of messages which were delivered to this consumer and have been acknowledged by the consumer's session.	457
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalMsgCountSentByServer	Get the total number of messages the server sent to this consumer since the consumer was created.	458
tibemsConsumerInfo_IsActive	Get the active status of the consumer.	459
tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnected	Get the connection status of the consumer.	460
tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnected	Get whether this is connection consumer.	460

Related Types tibemsStatData on page 497
tibemsDetailedDestStat on page 462

tibemsConsumerInfo_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a consumerInfo object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_Destroy(
      tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_Destroy"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	The consumerInfo object to be destroyed.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCreateTime

Function

Purpose	Get a consumer's creation time in milliseconds.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCreateTime(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* ctime);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCreateTime"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE created,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the creation time of this consumer.
ctime	The function stores the create time in this location.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgCountSentByServer

Function

Purpose	Get the number of messages sent to consumer and not yet acknowledged by consumer's session.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgCountSentByServer(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgCountSentByServer"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the number of messages sent to this consumer.
count	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

Remarks

This function gets the number of messages sent to but not yet acknowledged by the consumer. For topic consumers, this number is included in the number of pending messages returned by
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageCount.

See Also

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageCount on page 454

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgSizeSentByServer

Function

Purpose	Get the combined size of messages sent to consumer and not yet acknowledged by consumer's session.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgSizeSentByServer(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* size);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetCurrentMsgSizeSentByServer"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE  size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the unacknowledged message size for this consumer.
size	The function stores the total size of sent messages in this location.

Remarks
This function gets the combined size of messages sent to consumer and not yet acknowledged by consumer's session. For topic consumers this size is included into the combined size of pending messages returned by tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageSize.

See Also
tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageSize on page 455

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationName

Function

Purpose	Get the consumer's destination name.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationName(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    char* name,
    tibems_int name_len);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationName"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE destName,
       BY VALUE name_len,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the destination name of this consumer.
name	The function stores the destination name in this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationType

Function

Purpose	Get consumer's destination type.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationType(
      tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
      tibemsDestinationType* type);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDestinationType"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE destType,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the destination type of this consumer.
type	The function stores the destination type in this location.

See Also   tibemsDestinationType on page 143

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get detailed statistics for a wildcarded consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibemsCollection* collection);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE  collection,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get statistics for this consumer.
collection	The function stores the collection of tibemsDetailedDestStat objects in this location.

Remarks Returns detailed statistics for the consumer, giving a breakdown of the consumer's aggregate statistics across all destinations that it has received messages on.

This function returns NULL when there are no detailed statistics available for the consumer. This can happen for any of the following reasons:

- The consumer is not a wildcarded consumer.

- Detailed statistics are disabled in the server.

- Detailed statistics were not included into this consumerInfo object by the function tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers that was used to obtain the object.

See Also

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDurableName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of the consumer's durable subscription.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDurableName(
     tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
     char* name,
     tibems_int name_len);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetDurableName"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE durableName,
       BY VALUE name_len,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the subscription of this consumer.
name	The function stores to the durable name in this location.
name_len	The length of the name buffer.

Remarks This function returns the name of the consumer's durable subscription. Only durable topic consumers have a durable name. The function returns NULL if the consumer is a non-durable topic subscriber or a queue receiver.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastAcknowledged

Function

Purpose	Get the approximate number of milliseconds elapsed since the last time a message sent to this consumer was acknowledged by the consumer's session.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastAcknowledged(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* time);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastAcknowledged"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE time,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the milliseconds elapsed for this consumer.
time	The function stores the elapsed time in this location.

Remarks

This function gets the approximate number of milliseconds that have elapsed since last time a message sent to this consumer was acknowledged by consumer's session. This value, while returned in milliseconds, has a precision of 1 second. This value should be used for informational purposes only. For example, it can be used to identify consumers which receive messages but do not acknowledge them for some reason.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastSent

Function

Purpose Get the approximate number of milliseconds elapsed since last time the server sent a message to this consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastSent(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* time);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetElapsedSinceLastSent"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE time,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the milliseconds elapsed for this consumer.
time	The function stores the elapsed milliseconds in this location.

Remarks This function gets the approximate number of milliseconds that have elapsed since last time the server sent a message to this consumer. The value returned, while given in milliseconds, has a precision of 1 second. It should be used for informational purposes only.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetID

Function

Purpose	Get the consumer's unique ID.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetID(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* cid);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetID"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE id,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the unique ID of this consumer.
cid	The function stores the consumer ID in this location.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageCount

Function

Purpose	Get the number of pending messages for a topic consumer.

C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageCount(```
	 ``` tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,```
	 ``` tibems_long* count);```

COBOL Call	```CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageCount"```
	 ``` USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,```
	 ``` BY REFERENCE count,```
	 ``` RETURNING tibems-status```
	 ```END-CALL.```

Parameters	Parameter	Description
	consumerInfo	Get the number of pending messages for this consumer.
	count	The function stores the number of pending messages in this location.

Remarks	This function can be used to retrieve the number of pending messages for a topic consumer only. For queue consumers, the number of pending messages in the corresponding queue must be obtained from the queue. If the consumer is a queue consumer, the function returns 0 (zero).
See Also	tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageCount on page 486

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageSize

Function

Purpose	Get the combined size of pending messages for a topic consumer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageSize(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* size);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetPendingMessageSize"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the size for this consumer.
size	The function stores the size of pending messages in this location.

Remarks

This function can be used to retrieve the combined size of the pending messages for a topic consumer. If the consumer is a queue consumer, the function returns 0 (zero).

See Also

tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageSize on page 487

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get total statistics for a consumer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetStatistics(
     tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
     tibemsStatData* statData);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE  stat,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get statistics for this consumer.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location.

Remarks This function returns NULL when there are no statistics available for the consumer. This can happen for any of the following reasons:

• Statistics are disabled in the server.

• Statistics were not included into this consumerInfo object by the function tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers that was used to obtain the object.

See Also tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers on page 422
tibemsStatData on page 497

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalAcknowledgedCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of messages which were delivered to this consumer and have been acknowledged by the consumer's session.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalAcknowledgedCount(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalAcknowledgedCount"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
     RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the number of messages for this consumer.
count	The function stores the message count in this location.

tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalMsgCountSentByServer

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of messages the server sent to this consumer since the consumer was created.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalMsgCountSentByServer(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_GetTotalMsgCountSentByServer"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the number of messages for this consumer.
count	The function stores the message count in this location.

Remarks   This function returns total number of messages the server sent to this consumer since consumer was created. This value include duplicates of messages that were resent after a consumer's session recovery or rollback. Therefore, the count may not represent true number of unique messages received by this consumer and should be used only for statistical and informational purposes.

tibemsConsumerInfo_IsActive

Function

Purpose	Get the active status of the consumer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_IsActive(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_bool* active);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_IsActive"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE active,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the status of this consumer.
active	The function stores the status of the consumer in this location.

Remarks

If the consumer is active, the active status is TRUE. Otherwise, active is FALSE. A consumer is active if the server can send messages to it. Only queue consumers which have never called a receive function remain in inactive state.

Queue consumers which called have called tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive, tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait, or tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout at least once or are configured with a message callback, and all topic consumers are always active. This function can identify inactive queue consumers which have never called a receive function which and have never received any messages from the server, even when pending messages exist in the corresponding queue.

See Also

tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive on page 168
tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveNoWait on page 169
tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout on page 170

tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnected

Function

Purpose	Get the connection status of the consumer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnected(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_bool* connected);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnected"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE connected,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get the status of this consumer.
connected	The function stores the connection status in this location.

Remarks The connection status will be set to TRUE if this consumer is connected to the server, and FALSE otherwise. Only durable topic subscribers may be in a disconnected state. This function always sets the connection status to TRUE for queue receivers and non-durable topic consumers.

tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnectionConsumer

Function

Purpose	Get whether this is connection consumer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnectionConsumer(
    tibemsConsumerInfo consumerInfo,
    tibems_bool* connectionConsumer);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsConsumerInfo_IsConnectionConsumer"
 USING BY VALUE consumerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE connectionConsumer,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
consumerInfo	Get wether this consumer is a connection consumer.
connectionConsumer	The function stores consumer connection status in this location. TRUE indicates that the consumer is a connection consumer.

Remarks Sets the connection status to TRUE if the consumer is a connection consumer, and FALSE otherwise. Notice that for disconnected durable topic subscribers the function returns FALSE even if the durable was created as connection consumer.

tibemsDetailedDestStat

Type

Purpose Represents detailed destination statistics about objects such as topics, message consumers, or message producers.

Remarks Detailed statistics are optionally collected by the server for wildcarded consumers, unidentified producers and routes.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationName	Get the name of the destination.	463
tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationType	Get the type of the destination.	464
tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationType	Get statistics for a unidirectional destination.	464

Related Types tibemsStatData on page 497

See Also tibemsMsg_GetDestination on page 40

tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of the destination.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationName(
    tibemsDetailedDestStat detailedDestStat,
    char* name,
    tibems_int name_len);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationName"
 USING BY VALUE detailedDestStat,
       BY REFERENCE destName,
       BY VALUE name_len,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
detailedDestStat	Get the name of this destination.
name	The function stores the destination name in this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

See Also   tibemsDestinationType on page 143

tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationType

Function

Purpose	Get the type of the destination.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationType(
    tibemsDetailedDestStat detailedDestStat,
    tibemsDestinationType* destType);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetDestinationType"
 USING BY VALUE detailedDestStat,
       BY REFERENCE destType,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
detailedDestStat	Get the type of this destination.
destType	The function stores the destination type in this location.

See Also   tibemsDestinationType on page 143

tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetStatData

Function

Purpose	Get statistics for a unidirectional destination.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetStatData(
     tibemsDetailedDestStat detailDestStat,
     tibemsStatData* statData);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsDetailedDestStat_GetStatData"
 USING BY VALUE detailedDestStat,
       BY REFERENCE stat,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
detailedDestStat	Get statistics for this destination.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location.

Remarks   This function retrieves unidirectional destination statistics. Unidirectional destinations statistics are collected for both producers and consumers.

tibemsProducerInfo

Type

Purpose   Represent a message producer.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsProducerInfo_Destroy	Destroy a producerInfo object.	467
tibemsProducerInfo_GetCreateTime	Get the producer create time in milliseconds.	468
tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationName	Get the producer's destination name.	469
tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationType	Get the producer's destination type.	470
tibemsProducerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics	Get detailed statistics for an unidentified producer.	471
tibemsProducerInfo_GetID	Get the producer's ID.	472
tibemsProducerInfo_GetStatistics	Get total statistics for a producer.	473

Related Types   tibemsDetailedDestStat on page 462
tibemsStatData on page 497

tibemsProducerInfo_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a producerInfo object.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_Destroy(tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_Destroy" USING BY VALUE producerInfo, RETURNING tibems-status END-CALL.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	The tibemsProducerInfo object to destroy.

tibemsProducerInfo_GetCreateTime

Function

Purpose	Get the producer create time in milliseconds.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_GetCreateTime(
     tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo,
     tibems_long* created);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_GetCreateTime"
USING BY VALUE producerInfo,
      BY REFERENCE created,
      RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	Get the create time for this producer.
created	The function stores the create time in this location.

tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationName

Function

Purpose	Get the producer's destination name.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationName(
    tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo,
    char* name
    tibems_int name_len);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationName"
 USING BY VALUE producerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE destName,
       BY VALUE name_len,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	Get the destination name of this producer.
name	The function stores the destination name in this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationType

Function

Purpose   Get the producer's destination type.

C Declaration   tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationType(
        tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo,
        tibemsDestinationType* type);

COBOL Call   CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_GetDestinationType"
 USING BY VALUE producerInfo,
        BY REFERENCE destType,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	Get the destination type of this producer.
type	The function stores the destination type in this location.

See Also   tibemsDestinationType on page 143

tibemsProducerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get detailed statistics for an unidentified producer.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics(
    tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo,
    tibemsCollection* collection;
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_GetDetailedStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE producerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE collection,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

collection has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	Get statistics for this producer.
collection	The function stores the statistics in this location, as a collection of tibemsDetailedDestStat objects.

Remarks Gets detailed statistics for an unidentified producer, giving a breakdown of the producer's aggregate statistics across all destinations that it has published messages on.

This function returns NULL when there are no detailed statistics available for the producer. This can happen when, for example, detailed statistics for producers are disabled in the server.

See Also

tibemsProducerInfo_GetID

Function

Purpose	Get the producer's ID.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_GetID(
    tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo,
    tibems_long* id);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_GetID"
 USING BY VALUE producerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE id,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	Get the ID for this producer.
id	The function stores the producer ID in this location.

tibemsProducerInfo_GetStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get total statistics for a producer.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsProducerInfo_GetStatistics(
     tibemsProducerInfo producerInfo,
     tibemsStatData* statData);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsProducerInfo_GetStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE producerInfo,
       BY REFERENCE stat,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
producerInfo	Get statistics for this producer.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location. The stored value will be NULL if statistics are disabled in the server and so there are none available for the producer.

See Also   tibemsStatData on page 497

tibemsQueueInfo

Type

Purpose   Represent a message queue that is configured in the EMS server.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsQueueInfo_Create	Create a tibemsQueueInfo object.	476
tibemsQueueInfo_Destroy	Destroy a tibemsQueueInfo object.	477
tibemsQueueInfo_GetDeliveredMessageCount	Get the total number of messages that have been delivered to consumer applications but have not yet been acknowledged.	478
tibemsQueueInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes	Get the volume of pending messages at which flow control is enabled for the queue.	479
tibemsQueueInfo_GetInboundStatistics	Get inbound statistics for this queue.	480
tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxBytes	Get the maximum number of bytes that the server stores of pending messages bound for this queue.	481
tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxMsgs	Get the maximum number of pending messages bound for the queue that the server will store.	482
tibemsQueueInfo_GetName	Get the name of this queue.	483
tibemsQueueInfo_GetOutboundStatistics	Get outbound statistics for this queue.	484
tibemsQueueInfo_GetOverflowPolicy	Get the overflow policy for this queue.	485
tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageCount	Get the total number of pending messages for this queue.	486
tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageSize	Get the total size of all pending messages for this queue.	487
tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount	Get the total number of pending messages for this queue that were sent persistently.	488

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMess ageSize`	Get the total size of all pending messages for this queue that were sent persistently.	489
`tibemsQueueInfo_GetReceiverCount`	Get the number of active receivers on this queue.	490

Related Types `tibemsQueue` on page 150
`tibemsStatData` on page 497

tibemsQueueInfo_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a tibemsQueueInfo object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_Create(
     tibemsQueueInfo* queueInfo,
     const char* queueName);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_Create"
 USING BY REFERENCE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE name,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Store the new tibemsQueueInfo object in this location.
queueName	Create the tibemsQueueInfo object with this name. The queueName can include wildcards.

Remarks   This function is used to create a tibemsQueueInfo object with the specified name. The tibemsQueueInfo object may then be passed as the tibemsDestinationInfo argument to the tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers and tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics functions. The name may include wildcards.

For more information on wildcards, see Wildcards on page 73 of the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_Create on page 504
tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers on page 422
tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics on page 426

tibemsQueueInfo_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a tibemsQueueInfo object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_Destroy(
    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_Destroy"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	The tibemsQueueInfo object to destroy.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_Destroy on page 505

tibemsQueueInfo_GetDeliveredMessageCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of messages that have been delivered to consumer applications but have not yet been acknowledged.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetDeliveredMessageCount(
    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
    tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetDeliveredMessageCount"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the number of unacknowledged messages in this queue.
count	The function stores the message count in this location.

tibemsQueueInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the volume of pending messages at which flow control is enabled for the queue.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes(
      tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
      tibems_long* maxBytes);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE maxBytes,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the volume for this queue.
maxBytes	The function stores the volume in this location.
	The value stored indicates the volume of pending messages, in bytes, that the server will store in the queue before enabling flow control. A value of 0 indicates that flow control will never be enabled.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes on page 508

tibemsQueueInfo_GetInboundStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get inbound statistics for this queue.

C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetInboundStatistics(`
	`    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,`
	`    tibemsStatData* statData);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetInboundStatistics"`
	` USING BY VALUE queueInfo,`
	`       BY REFERENCE statData,`
	`       RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get statistics for this queue.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location.

Remarks This function retrieves the inbound statistics for the queue. Inbound statistics include all messages sent into the queue by EMS clients and routed servers.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo_GetInboundStatistics on page 509

tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the maximum number of bytes that the server stores of pending messages bound for this queue.

C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxBytes(
	    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
	    tibems_long* maxBytes);

COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxBytes"
	 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
	    BY REFERENCE maxBytes,
	    RETURNING tibems-status
	END-CALL.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the maximum bytes for this queue.
maxBytes	The function stores the number of bytes in this location.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxBytes on page 510

tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxMsgs

Function

Purpose	Get the maximum number of pending messages bound for the queue that the server will store.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxMsgs(
    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
    tibems_long* maxMsgs);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxMsgs"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE maxMsgs,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	
maxMsgs	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxMsgs on page 511

tibemsQueueInfo_GetName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of this queue.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetName(
    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
    char* name,
    tibems_int name_len);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetName"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
        BY REFERENCE name,
        BY VALUE name_len,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the name of this queue.
name	The function stores the queue name in this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_GetName on page 512

tibemsQueueInfo_GetOutboundStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get outbound statistics for this queue.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetOutboundStatistics(
      tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
      tibemsStatData* statData);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetOutboundStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE statData,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get statistics for this queue.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location.

Remarks

This function retrieves the outbound statistics for the queue. Outbound statistics include all messages delivered from the queue to EMS clients and routed servers.

See Also

tibemsTopicInfo_GetOutboundStatistics on page 513

tibemsQueueInfo_GetOverflowPolicy

Function

Purpose	Get the overflow policy for this queue.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetOverflowPolicy(
     tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
     tibems_int* overflowPolicy);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetOverflowPolicy"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE overflowPolicy,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the policy for this queue.
overflowPolicy	The function stores the overflow policy in this location.

Remarks This function retrieves the overflow policy for the queue. Possible values are:

- TIBEMS_OVERFLOW_DEFAULT
- TIBEMS_OVERFLOW_DISCARD_OLD
- TIBEMS_OVERFLOW_REJECT_INCOMING

For more information about overflow policies, see the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo_GetOverflowPolicy on page 514

tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of pending messages for this queue.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageCount(
     tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
     tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageCount"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the number of messages for this queue.
count	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageCount on page 515

tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageSize

Function

Purpose	Get the total size of all pending messages for this queue.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageSize(
    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
    tibems_long* size);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageSize"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the size of pending messages for this queue.
size	The function stores the size of pending messages in this location.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageSize

tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of pending messages for this queue that were sent persistently.

C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount(`
	`    tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,`
	`    tibems_long* count);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount"`
	` USING BY VALUE queueInfo,`
	`       BY REFERENCE count,`
	`       RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the number of messages for this queue.
count	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount on page 517

tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize

Function

Purpose	Get the total size of all pending messages for this queue that were sent persistently.
C Declaration	```tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize(```

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize(
     tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
     tibems_long* size);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the size of pending messages for this queue.
size	The function stores the size of pending messages in this location.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize on page 518

tibemsQueueInfo_GetReceiverCount

Function

Purpose	Get the number of active receivers on this queue.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsQueueInfo_GetReceiverCount(
      tibemsQueueInfo queueInfo,
      tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsQueueInfo_GetReceiverCount"
 USING BY VALUE queueInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
queueInfo	Get the number of receivers on this queue.
count	The function stores the number of receivers in this location.

tibemsServerInfo

Type

Purpose Represent a TIBCO Enterprise Message Service server.

Remarks This type represents metrics for an EMS server.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsServerInfo_Destroy	Destroy a tibemsServerInfo object.	492
tibemsServerInfo_GetConsumerCount	Get the total number of consumers.	493
tibemsServerInfo_GetProducerCount	Get the total number of producers.	494
tibemsServerInfo_GetQueueCount	Get the total number of queues in the server.	495
tibemsServerInfo_GetTopicCount	Get the total number of topics in the server.	496

tibemsServerInfo_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a tibemsServerInfo object.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsServerInfo_Destroy(
     tibemsServerInfo serverInfo);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsServerInfo_Destroy"
 USING BY VALUE serverInfo,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
serverInfo	The tibemsServerInfo object to destroy.

tibemsServerInfo_GetConsumerCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of consumers.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsServerInfo_GetConsumerCount(
    tibemsServerInfo serverInfo,
    tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsServerInfo_GetConsumerCount"
 USING BY VALUE serverInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
serverInfo	Get the number of consumers for this server.
count	The function stores the number of consumers in this location.

tibemsServerInfo_GetProducerCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of producers.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsServerInfo_GetProducerCount(
    tibemsServerInfo serverInfo,
    tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsServerInfo_GetProducerCount"
 USING BY VALUE serverInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
serverInfo	Get the number of producers for this server.
count	The function stores the number of producers in this location.

tibemsServerInfo_GetQueueCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of queues in the server.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsServerInfo_GetQueueCount(
    tibemsServerInfo serverInfo,
    tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsServerInfo_GetQueueCount"
 USING BY VALUE serverInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
serverInfo	Get the number of queues in this server.
count	The function stores the number of queues in this location.

tibemsServerInfo_GetTopicCount

Function

Purpose   Get the total number of topics in the server.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsServerInfo_GetTopicCount(
    tibemsServerInfo serverInfo,
    tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsServerInfo_GetTopicCount"
 USING BY VALUE serverInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
serverInfo	Get the number of topics in this server.
count	The function stores the number of topics in this location.

tibemsStatData

Type

Purpose Represent statistical data about another object, such as a topic or queue.

Remarks Statistical data contains the total number of messages and their cumulative size. It can also provide message rates, as the number of messages sent each second second and number of bytes each second. Whether or not rate information is available is controlled by the server configuration. If rate collection is turned off, all rate numbers are set to 0. However, in those cases the application can calculate the rates based on absolute numbers taken at periodic intervals.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsStatData_GetByteRate	Get the average rate of bytes sent or received each second.	498
tibemsStatData_GetMessageRate	Get the rate of messages sent or received each second.	499
tibemsStatData_GetTotalBytes	Get the total size of messages sent or received each second.	500
tibemsStatData_GetTotalMessages	Get the total number of messages sent or received each second.	501

Related Types
tibemsQueue on page 150
tibemsTopic on page 156
tibemsConsumerInfo on page 441
tibemsProducerInfo on page 466
tibemsQueueInfo on page 474
tibemsTopicInfo on page 502

tibemsStatData_GetByteRate

Function

Purpose   Get the average rate of bytes sent or received each second.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsStatData_GetByteRate(
     tibemsStatData statData,
     tibems_long* byteRate);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsStatData_GetByteRate"
 USING BY VALUE statData,
       BY REFERENCE rate_size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
statData	Get the rate for this message consumer, producer, topic, or queue.
byteRate	The function stores the average byte rate in this location.

Remarks   This function gets the average byte rate for messages sent or received per second. For message consumers, this rate reflects the number of messages received by the consumer. For messages producers, it is the rate of messages sent, and for topics and queues the rate includes both inbound and outbound messages.

tibemsStatData_GetMessageRate

Function

Purpose	Get the rate of messages sent or received each second.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsStatData_GetMessageRate(
    tibemsStatData statData,
    tibems_long* messageRate);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsStatData_GetMessageRate"
 USING BY VALUE statData,
       BY REFERENCE rate_msgs,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
statData	Get the rate for this message consumer, producer, topic, or queue.
messageRate	The function stores the average message rate in this location.

Remarks This function gets the average number of messages sent or received per second. For message consumers, this rate reflects the number of messages received by the consumer. For messages producers, it is the rate of messages sent, and for topics and queues the rate includes both inbound and outbound messages.

tibemsStatData_GetTotalBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the total size of messages sent or received each second.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStatData_GetTotalBytes(
    tibemsStatData statData,
    tibems_long* bytes);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStatData_GetTotalBytes"
 USING BY VALUE statData,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
statData	Get the total message size for this consumer, producer, topic, or queue.
bytes	The function stores the size of messages in this location.

Remarks   This function gets the total size of messages sent or received. For message consumers, this is the size of messages received by the consumer. For messages producers, it is the size of messages sent, and for topics and queues the size includes both inbound and outbound messages.

tibemsStatData_GetTotalMessages

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of messages sent or received each second.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsStatData_GetTotalMessages(
    tibemsStatData statData,
    tibems_long* messages);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsStatData_GetTotalMessages"
 USING BY VALUE statData,
       BY REFERENCE msgs,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
statData	Get the total number of messages for this consumer, producer, topic, or queue.
messages	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

Remarks This function gets the total number of messages sent or received. For message consumers, this is the number of messages received by the consumer. For messages producers, it is the number of messages sent, and for topics and queues the number includes both inbound and outbound messages.

tibemsTopicInfo

Type

Purpose   Represent a topic that is configured in the server.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsTopicInfo_Create	Create a tibemsTopicInfo object.	504
tibemsTopicInfo_Destroy	Destroy a tibemsTopicInfo object.	505
tibemsTopicInfo_GetActiveDurableCount	Get the current number of active durable subscribers for this topic.	506
tibemsTopicInfo_GetDurableCount	Get the current number of durable subscribers for this topic.	507
tibemsTopicInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes	Get the volume of pending message bytes at which flow control is enabled for the topic.	508
tibemsTopicInfo_GetInboundStatistics	Get inbound statistics for this topic.	509
tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxBytes	Get the maximum number of bytes of pending messages bound for this topic that the server will store.	510
tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxMsgs	Get the maximum number of pending messages bound for the topic that the server will store.	511
tibemsTopicInfo_GetName	Get the name of this topic.	512
tibemsTopicInfo_GetOutboundStatistics	Get outbound statistics for this topic.	513
tibemsTopicInfo_GetOverflowPolicy	Get the overflow policy for this topic.	514
tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageCount	Get the total number of pending messages for this topic.	515
tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageSize	Get the total size of all pending messages for this topic.	516
tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount	Get the total number of pending messages for this topic that were sent persistently.	517

Function	Description	Page
`tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize`	Get the total size of all pending messages for this topic that were sent persistently.	518
`tibemsTopicInfo_GetSubscriberCount`	Get the number of subscribers on this topic.	519

Related Types   `tibemsStatData` on page 497

tibemsTopicInfo_Create

Function

Purpose Create a tibemsTopicInfo object.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_Create(
     tibemsTopicInfo* topicInfo,
     const char* topicName);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_Create"
 USING BY REFERENCE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE name,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Store the new tibemsTopicInfo object in this location.
topicName	Create the tibemsTopicInfo object with this name. The topicName can include wildcards.

Remarks This function is used to create a tibemsTopicInfo object with the specified name. The tibemsTopicInfo object may then be passed as the tibemsDestinationInfo argument to the tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers and tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics functions. The name may include wildcards.

For more information on wildcards, see Wildcards on page 73 of the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

See Also tibemsQueueInfo_Create on page 476
tibemsAdmin_GetConsumers on page 422
tibemsAdmin_GetProducerStatistics on page 426

tibemsTopicInfo_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy a tibemsTopicInfo object.
C Declaration	tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_Destroy(tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_Destroy" USING BY VALUE topicInfo, RETURNING tibems-status END-CALL.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Destroy this tibemsTopicInfo object.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_Destroy on page 477

tibemsTopicInfo_GetActiveDurableCount

Function

Purpose   Get the current number of active durable subscribers for this topic.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetActiveDurableCount(
      tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
      tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetActiveDurableCount"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the number of subscribers to this topic.
count	The function stores the number of active subscribers in this location.

See Also   tibemsTopicInfo_GetDurableCount on page 507
tibemsTopicInfo_GetSubscriberCount on page 519

tibemsTopicInfo_GetDurableCount

Function

Purpose	Get the current number of durable subscribers for this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetDurableCount(
    tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
    tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetDurableCount"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the number of subscribers to this topic.
count	The function stores the number of subscribers in this location.

See Also tibemsTopicInfo_GetActiveDurableCount on page 506
tibemsTopicInfo_GetSubscriberCount on page 519

tibemsTopicInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the volume of pending message bytes at which flow control is enabled for the topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes(
    tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
    tibems_long* maxBytes);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE maxBytes,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the volume for this topic.
maxBytes	The function stores the volume in this location.
	The value stored indicates the volume of pending messages, in bytes, that the server will store for the topic before enabling flow control. A value of 0 indicates that flow control will never be enabled.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetFlowControlMaxBytes on page 479

tibemsTopicInfo_GetInboundStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get inbound statistics for this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetInboundStatistics(
     tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
     tibemsStatData* statData);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetInboundStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE statData,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get statistics for this topic.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location.

Remarks   This function retrieves the inbound statistics for the topic. Inbound statistics include all messages sent by EMS clients and routed servers.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetInboundStatistics on page 480

tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxBytes

Function

Purpose	Get the maximum number of bytes of pending messages bound for this topic that the server will store.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxBytes(
    tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
    tibems_long* maxBytes);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxBytes"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE maxBytes,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the number of bytes for this server.
maxBytes	The function stores the number of bytes in this location.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxBytes on page 481

tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxMsgs

Function

Purpose Get the maximum number of pending messages bound for the topic that the server will store.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxMsgs(
     tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
     tibems_long* maxMsgs);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetMaxMsgs"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE maxMsgs,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the number of messages for this topic.
maxMsgs	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

See Also tibemsQueueInfo_GetMaxMsgs on page 482

tibemsTopicInfo_GetName

Function

Purpose	Get the name of this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetName(
    tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
    char* name,
    tibems_int name_len);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetName"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE name,
       BY VALUE name_len,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the name of this topic.
name	The function stores the topic name in this location.
name_len	Length of the name buffer.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetName on page 483

tibemsTopicInfo_GetOutboundStatistics

Function

Purpose	Get outbound statistics for this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetOutboundStatistics(
      tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
      tibemsStatData* statData);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetOutboundStatistics"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE statData,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get statistics for this topic.
statData	The function stores the statistics in this location.

Remarks   This function retrieves the outbound statistics for the topic. Outbound statistics include all messages delivered by the topic to EMS clients and routed servers.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetOutboundStatistics on page 484

tibemsTopicInfo_GetOverflowPolicy

Function

Purpose   Get the overflow policy for this topic.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetOverflowPolicy(
      tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
      tibems_int* overflowPolicy);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetOverflowPolicy"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE overflowPolicy,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	
overflowPolicy	The function stores the overflow policy in this location.

Remarks   This function retrieves the overflow policy for the queue. Possible values are:

- TIBEMS_OVERFLOW_DEFAULT
- TIBEMS_OVERFLOW_DISCARD_OLD
- TIBEMS_OVERFLOW_REJECT_INCOMING

For more information about overflow policies, see the *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

See Also

tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of pending messages for this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageCount(
    tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
    tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageCount"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the number of messages for this topic.
count	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageCount on page 486

tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageSize

Function

Purpose	Get the total size of all pending messages for this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageSize(
     tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
     tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingMessageSize"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the size of messages for this topic.
count	The function stores the size of pending messages in this location.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingMessageSize

tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount

Function

Purpose	Get the total number of pending messages for this topic that were sent persistently.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount(
    tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
    tibems_long* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the number of messages for this topic.
count	The function stores the number of messages in this location.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageCount on page 488

tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize

Function

Purpose	Get the total size of all pending messages for this topic that were sent persistently.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize(
     tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
     tibems_long* size);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE size,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the size of messages for this topic.
count	The function stores the size of pending messages in this location.

See Also   tibemsQueueInfo_GetPendingPersistentMessageSize on page 489

tibemsTopicInfo_GetSubscriberCount

Function

Purpose	Get the number of subscribers on this topic.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsTopicInfo_GetSubscriberCount(
     tibemsTopicInfo topicInfo,
     tibems_int* count);
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsTopicInfo_GetSubscriberCount"
 USING BY VALUE topicInfo,
       BY REFERENCE count,
       RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
topicInfo	Get the count for this topic.
count	The function stores the number of subscribers in this location.

See Also

tibemsTopicInfo_GetActiveDurableCount on page 506
tibemsTopicInfo_GetDurableCount on page 507
tibemsQueueInfo_GetReceiverCount on page 490

Chapter 16 **Exception**

This chapter presents exceptions related to EMS.

Topics

tibems_status

Type

Purpose   Functions return status codes to indicate return conditions.

Table 15   Status Codes

Constant	Code	Description
TIBEMS_OK	0	The call completed normally.
TIBEMS_ILLEGAL_STATE	1	A function call or server request occurred in an inappropriate context. For example, `tibemsSession_Commit` indicates this status when the session is non-transactional.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CLIENT_ID	2	The provider rejects the connection's client ID. Setting a connection's client ID to an invalid or duplicate value results in this exception. (A duplicate value is one that is already in use by another connection.)
TIBEMS_INVALID_DESTINATION	3	`tibemsd` cannot locate the destination.
TIBEMS_INVALID_SELECTOR	4	The client passed a message selector with invalid syntax; see Message Selectors on page 17.
TIBEMS_EXCEPTION	5	Non-specific error code.
TIBEMS_SECURITY_EXCEPTION	6	The function cannot complete because of a security restriction. For example, the provider rejects a user or the user's authentication.

Table 15   Status Codes

Constant	Code	Description
TIBEMS_MSG_EOF	7	The data stream within a message ended unexpectedly. `tibemsBytesMsg` contains a stream of bytes. `tibemsStreamMsg` contains a stream of characters. If any of their read functions detects the end of a stream unexpectedly, it indicates this status.
TIBEMS_MSG_NOT_READABLE	9	Attempt to read from a message in write-only mode.
TIBEMS_MSG_NOT_WRITEABLE	10	Attempt to write to a message in read-only mode. See also, `tibemsMsg_MakeWriteable` on page 53.
TIBEMS_SERVER_NOT_CONNECTED	11	• An attempt to connect to the server has failed. • The operation requires a server connection, but the program is not connected.
TIBEMS_SUBJECT_COLLISION	13	The server cannot create a topic or durable because the name is already in use. (Also applies to collisions with external subjects, such as Rendezvous.)
TIBEMS_INVALID_PROTOCOL	15	Cannot create a connection or transaction because the specified protocol does not exist.
TIBEMS_INVALID_HOSTNAME	17	The connection URL includes an invalid hostname, or an attempt to lookup the host address failed. Host names must be less than 128 characters.
TIBEMS_INVALID_PORT	18	The connection URL includes an invalid port number.

Table 15 Status Codes

Constant	Code	Description
TIBEMS_NO_MEMORY	19	The program exceeded available memory during the call.
TIBEMS_INVALID_ARG	20	The function received an illegal value as an argument.
TIBEMS_SERVER_LIMIT	21	The server has exceeded the maximum number of licensed connections or hosts that it can service.
TIBEMS_NOT_PERMITTED	27	The function call is not permitted (for example, closing a connection within a callback).
TIBEMS_SERVER_RECONNECTED	28	Exception callback handler functions receive this code to indicate that the server has reconnected. See tibemsExceptionCallback on page 225
TIBEMS_INVALID_NAME	30	In a lookup request, the name has incorrect syntax. The most common syntax error is a prefix other than tibjmsnaming:// (or a misspelling). See also, tibemsLookupContext on page 322.
TIBEMS_INVALID_SIZE	32	An argument is outside the range of valid values.
TIBEMS_NOT_FOUND	35	1. The name lookup repository cannot find a name; the name is not bound. See also, tibemsLookupContext on page 322 2. A function that gets a message field or property value cannot find the specified item because the name is not bound in the message.

Table 15   Status Codes

Constant	Code	Description
TIBEMS_CONVERSION_FAILED	38	A datatype conversion failed while parsing a message (converting UTF-8 data to native datatypes).
TIBEMS_INVALID_MSG	42	The message is uninitialized or corrupt.
TIBEMS_INVALID_FIELD	43	The message contains an invalid field. The message might be corrupt.
TIBEMS_CORRUPT_MSG	45	The message is corrupt.
TIBEMS_TIMEOUT	50	The timeout has expired while waiting for a message. See `tibemsMsgConsumer_ReceiveTimeout` on page 170.
TIBEMS_INTR	51	A blocking operation has been interrupted. See `tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive` on page 168.
TIBEMS_DESTINATION_LIMIT_EXCEEDED	52	A server queue or topic has exceeded its size limit, and cannot add a new message.
TIBEMS_MEM_LIMIT_EXCEEDED	53	The server has exceeded its memory limit.
TIBEMS_USER_INTR	54	IBM z/OS only. A blocking operation has been interrupted. See `tibx_MVSConsole_SetConsumer()` on page 540.
TIBEMS_INVALID_IO_SOURCE	65	The function detected an invalid I/O source (such as a socket or file).
TIBEMS_OS_ERROR	68	An operating system error occurred during the call.
TIBEMS_INSUFFICIENT_BUFFER	70	The result of the call overflowed the buffer supplied by the program.
TIBEMS_EOF	71	The call detected an unexpected end-of-file.
TIBEMS_INVALID_FILE	72	The function detected an invalid file.

Table 15   Status Codes

Constant	Code	Description
TIBEMS_FILE_NOT_FOUND	73	The specified file does not exist.
TIBEMS_IO_FAILED	74	An operating system I/O call failed.
TIBEMS_ALREADY_EXISTS	91	Cannot create an item that already exists.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CONNECTION	100	The connection is invalid.
TIBEMS_INVALID_SESSION	101	The session is invalid.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CONSUMER	102	The consumer is invalid.
TIBEMS_INVALID_PRODUCER	103	The producer is invalid.
TIBEMS_INVALID_USER	104	The server could not authenticate the user.
TIBEMS_TRANSACTION_FAILED	106	A transaction failed at the server during a commit call.
TIBEMS_TRANSACTION_ROLLBACK	107	Failure during prepare or commit caused automatic rollback of a transaction. This type of rollback can occur during fault tolerance failover.
TIBEMS_TRANSACTION_RETRY	108	A transaction failed during two-phase commit; the program may attempt to commit it again.
TIBEMS_INVALID_XARESOURCE	109	When a session uses an XA transaction manager, the XA resource is the correct locus for all commit and rollback requests. Local commit or rollback calls are not permitted, and indicate this status.
TIBEMS_FT_SERVER_LACKS_TRANSACTION	110	The producer attempted to send a message immediately after a fault tolerance failover to another server. The new server has no record of the transaction.
TIBEMS_NOT_INITIALIZED	200	Initialization of the tibems library failed. For example, this code could be generated if the library failed to allocate memory while building its basic structures.

Table 15   Status Codes

Constant	Code	Description
SSL		
TIBEMS_INVALID_CERT	150	SSL detected an invalid X.509 certificate.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CERT_NOT_YET	151	SSL detected an X.509 certificate that is not yet valid; that is, the current date is before the first date for which the certificate becomes valid.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CERT_EXPIRED	152	SSL detected an X.509 certificate that is no longer valid; that is, the current date is after the expiration date.
TIBEMS_INVALID_CERT_DATA	153	SSL detected an X.509 certificate containing corrupt data.
TIBEMS_ALGORITHM_ERROR	154	Error loading a cipher suite algorithm.
TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR	155	Generic SSL error code.
TIBEMS_INVALID_PRIVATE_KEY	156	SSL detected a private key that does not match its public key.
TIBEMS_INVALID_ENCODING	157	SSL detected a certificate encoding that it cannot read.
TIBEMS_NOT_ENOUGH_RANDOM	158	SSL lacks sufficient random data to complete an operation securely.
Unimplemented		
TIBEMS_NOT_IMPLEMENTED	255	The function is not implemented.

tibemsStatus_GetText

Function

Purpose	Get the text string corresponding to a status code.

C Declaration

```
const char* tibemsStatus_GetText(
     tibems_status status );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsStatus_GetText"
     USING BY VALUE status
          RETURNING tibems-Pointer
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
status	Get the text corresponding to this status code.

tibemsErrorContext

Type

Purpose Enable additional error tracking

Remarks The `tibemsErrorContext` objects collect additional error information beyond the status returned by most EMS calls. When a `tibemsErrorContext` is created, EMS records detailed error information and a stack trace for the last error detected inside the EMS client library. Upon encountering an EMS error, the error information is written to the `tibemsErrorContext` object and then cleared at the start of the next public EMS function call.

Because each thread of execution in an application may contain specific error information, `tibemsErrorContext` objects should be created at the start of each thread and then destroyed before exiting the thread. Threads spawned internally by EMS will automatically create `tibemsErrorContext` objects.

Function	Description	Page
tibemsErrorContext_Create	Create a new error context object.	530
tibemsErrorContext_Close	Close and free memory associated with an error context.	531
tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorString	Retrieve any available detailed error string associated with the last EMS call.	532
tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorStackTrace	Retrieve a stack trace associated with the last EMS call.	533

tibemsErrorContext_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a new error context object.
C Declaration	`tibems_status tibemsErrorContext_Create(` `     tibemsErrorContext* errorContext);`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsErrorContext_Create"`
	`   USING BY REFERENCE errorContext,`
	`   RETURNING tibems-status`
	`END-CALL.`

Parameters

Parameter	Description
errorContext	The function stores the new error context in this location.

Remarks   Create a new error context object and enables detailed error information and stack tracing for the thread that calls this function.

Returns TIBEMS_OK, TIBEMS_INVALID_ARG, or TIBEMS_NO_MEMORY.

See Also   tibemsErrorContext_Close on page 531

tibemsErrorContext_Close

Function

Purpose	Close and free memory associated with an error context.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsErrorContext_Close(
    tibemsErrorContext errorContext);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsErrorContext_Close"
    USING BY VALUE errorContext,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
errorContext	Close this error context.

Remarks Returns TIBEMS_OK, TIBEMS_INVALID_ARG.

See Also tibemsErrorContext_Create on page 530

tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorString

Purpose Retrieve any available detailed error string associated with the last EMS call.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorString(
    tibemsErrorContext errorContext,
    const char** string);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorString"
    USING BY VALUE errorContext,
        BY REFERENCE string,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
errorContext	The error context.
string	Location of the detailed error string.

Remarks Error string includes the day and time the error occurred.

Passing NULL for the errorContext parameter will default to the error context of the current thread. This is useful for retrieving information from within a listener or exception callback. This function returns a pointer, not a copy of the error string. If the last call was considered a non-error, an empty string is returned.

Returns TIBEMS_OK, TIBEMS_INVALID_ARG (string is null, or passing an object created in a different thread), TIBEMS_NOT_INITIALIZED (no error context for this thread)

See Also tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorStackTrace on page 533

tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorStackTrace

Purpose	Retrieve a stack trace associated with the last EMS call.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorStackTrace(
    tibemsErrorContext errorContext,
    const char** string);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorStackTrace"
    USING BY VALUE errorContext,
        BY REFERENCE string,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
errorContext	The error context.
string	Location of the stack trace string.

Remarks Passing NULL for the errorContext parameter will default to the error context of the current thread. This is useful for retrieving information from within a listener or exception callback. This function returns a pointer, not a copy of the stack trace string. If the last call was considered a non-error, an empty string is returned.

Returns TIBEMS_OK, TIBEMS_INVALID_ARG (string is null, or passing an object created in a different thread), TIBEMS_NOT_INITIALIZED (no error context for this thread)

See Also tibemsErrorContext_GetLastErrorString on page 532

Chapter 17 **IBM z/OS and IBM i**

This chapter presents items of interest only to programmers coding for IBM z/OS and IBM i native operating systems.

Topics

IBM EBCDIC Platform Calls

The calls we present on the following pages are implemented only on IBM
EBCDIC platforms.

tibems_SetCodePages()

Function

Purpose   Set code pages for string conversion on EBCDIC platforms (when non-default code pages are required).

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibems_SetCodePages(
    char* host_codepage,
    char* net_codepage);
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibems_SetCodePages"
    USING BY REFERENCE host-codepage,
          BY REFERENCE net-codepage,
              RETURNING TIBEMS-STATUS
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
host_codepage	Set this code page as the native (EBCDIC) character encoding for the host computer.
net_codepage	Set this code page as the ASCII or UTF-8 character set for the network.

String Conversion   EMS software uses the operating system's iconv() call to automatically convert strings within messages. Conversion occurs only as needed:

- Programs running in EBCDIC environments represent all strings using an EBCDIC code page (called the *host code page*). Before sending a message, the EMS client library converts its strings to an ASCII or UTF-8 character set (the *network code page*).

- Conversely, when a message arrives from the network, the EMS client library converts its strings to the EBCDIC host code page before presenting the message to the program.

Remarks   This call sets the host and network code pages for string conversions in EBCDIC environments.

Call this function when the system code pages differ from the EMS default code pages (see the table of Default Code Pages on page 538). Throughout an enterprise, all sending and receiving programs must use the same code pages.

Both arguments are string names of code pages. To determine valid code page names for your operating system, see documentation from the operating system vendor.

Programs may call this function at most once. The call *must* precede the first call to any message function, and the arrival of the first message from the network.

Default Code Pages

To use a default code page, programs may supply NULL for either parameter. Using the default code pages in both parameter positions has the same effect as not calling this function at all.

Default Host Code Page	Default Network Code Page
"IBM-1047"	"ISO8859-1"

See Also

IBM z/OS Functions

These functions are implemented only on IBM z/OS platforms.

tibx_MVSConsole_SetConsumer()

Function

Purpose	Exit from a blocking listener.

C Declaration
```
tibx_MVSConsole_SetConsumer(
    void* pConsole,
    tibemsMsgConsumer tibemsMsgConsumer,
    char* tibems_MVS_BreakFunction);

signed long int tibems_MVS_BreakFunction(
    void* pConsole );
```

COBOL Call
```
SET WS-PROCEDURE-PTR TO ENTRY 'tibems_MVS_BreakFunction'

CALL "tibx_MVSConsole_SetConsumer"
    USING BY VALUE    pConsole,
          BY VALUE    tibemsMsgConsumer,
          BY VALUE    pFunction,
          RETURNING   tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

pConsole has usage pointer.

Before this call, you must set the entry to the MVS break function.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pConsole	Set the consumer of this MVS console object.
tibemsMsgConsumer	Use this message consumer.
pFunction	In COBOL, use this tibems_MVS_BreakFunction function address.
tibems_MVS_BreakFunction	In C, use this break function name.

Remarks
Programs in single-threaded environments (such as COBOL) need a way to interrupt blocking receive calls (such as tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive).

After registering this function in COBOL, a console stop or shut command causes the receive call to return with a status code TIBEMS_USER_INTR (54).

See Also

tibx_MVSConsole_Create()

Function

Purpose	Create or destroy an MVS console.

C Declaration
```
signed long int tibx_MVSConsole_Create (
    void** pConsole,
    char** pConsoleMsg,
    Console_Response pCallBack)

signed long int tibx_MVSConsole_Destroy(
    void* pConsole );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibx_MVSConsole_Create"
    USING BY REFERENCE pConsole,
          BY REFERENCE pConsoleMsg,
          BY VALUE     TIBEMS-NULLPTR,
          RETURNING    tibems-status
END-CALL.

CALL "tibx_MVSConsole_Destroy"
    USING BY VALUE pConsole,
    RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> pConsole and pConsole-Msg have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pConsole	The create call stores the MVS console handle in this location.
	The destroy call destroys this MVS console.
pConsoleMsg	When the return status code is non-zero, the function stores an error message in this location.
pCallBack	C programs define this callback function to receive the results of MVS console commands.

Remarks Some consumer application programs wait indefinitely for messages to arrive. You can use this function in conjunction with tibems_MVS_BreakFunction to arrange console input to such programs, in order to interrupt them from waiting to receive a message, so they can exit cleanly (see tibx_MVSConsole_SetConsumer() on page 540).

C programs can receive console command results through a callback function. COBOL programs cannot receive console command results, but can react to the MVS stop and shut commands.

See Also   tibemsMsgConsumer_Receive on page 168

Console_Response

Function Type

Purpose	Callback function to relay the results of MVS console commands to C programs.

C Declaration

```
signed long int
 Console_Response(
    signed long int rc,
    char* ops_command );
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
rc	This parameter receives the return status code from the MVS console.
ops_command	This parameter receives the operator command from the MVS console.
return value	Zero indicates a normal return.
	All other values indicate a special console command— namely, stop or shut.

Remarks   Available only in C for z/OS MVS.

COBOL does not support callback functions.

See Also

SSL Implementation on IBM z/OS

On IBM z/OS systems, secure connections are created using IBM System SSL. To implement IBM System SSL for TIBCO Enterprise Message Service, you must set the necessary environment variables, and use the API documented in the sections below.

Additionally, the EMS client application must run within the context of a user ID which has the necessary privileges to access the IBM System SSL facility. For details about these requirements, see the section on SSL requirements in the *TIBCO EMS Client for z/OS (MVS) Installation and Reference*.

IBM System SSL Environment Variables

There are some System SSL environment variables related to tracing and debug messages which must be specified before the EMS library is loaded. These environment variables are discussed in the IBM System Secure Sockets Layer programming guide, but a short summary is provided here:

- Set the file name (USS only) for raw trace records:

    — `GSK_TRACE_FILE <trace file name>`

    — `GSK_TRACE <mask>` — specify `255` to trace everything

    These two values enable detailed tracing of all GSK calls to a file. The file may subsequently be formatted for viewing using the `gsktrace` command.

- `GSK_HW_CRYPTO <crypto mask>` — `65535` to enalble all, `0` to disable all hardware cryptographic functions.

- `GSK_SSL_HW_DETECT_MESSAGE` — if set, causes brief messages regarding the state of the installed hardware to be written to `stdout` when the application is started.

Call Summary

Table 16 provides a list of the API calls used to configure IBM System SSL.

Table 16   IBM System SSL Calls

IBM System SSL API	Corresponding Open SSL API
tibemsSSL_System_GetTrace	tibemsSSL_GetTrace
tibemsSSL_System_GetDebugTrace	tibemsSSL_GetDebugTrace

Table 16   IBM System SSL Calls

IBM System SSL API	Corresponding Open SSL API
tibemsSSL_System_SetFipsMode	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSL_System_SetTrace tibemsSystemSSL_SetDebugTrace	tibemsSSL_SetTrace tibemsSSL_SetDebugTrace
tibemsSSL_System_Version	tibemsSSL_OpenSSLVersion
tibemsSSLParams_System_Create	tibemsSSLParams_Create
tibemsSSLParams_System_Destroy	tibemsSSLParams_Destroy
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetAuthOnly	tibemsSSLParams_SetAuthOnly
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetCiphers	tibemsSSLParams_SetCiphers
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetEnableSSLV3	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetEnableTLS1	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetExpectedHostName	tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetKeyRingFile	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLabel	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerPassword	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUrl	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUserid	IBM System SSL only
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetVerifyHostName	tibemsSSLParams_SetVerifyHostName

tibemsSSL_System_GetTrace

Function

Purpose	Determine whether SSL tracing is enabled.
C Declaration	tibems_bool tibemsSSL_System_GetTrace(void);
	tibems_bool tibemsSSL_System_GetDebugTrace(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsSSL_System_GetTrace" RETURNING value-Boolean END-CALL.
	CALL "tibemsSSL_System_GetDebugTrace" RETURNING value-Boolean END-CALL.
Remarks	Two levels of SSL tracing are available—regular tracing and debug tracing (more detailed).
	If tracing is enabled, these calls return TIBEMS_TRUE.
	If tracing is disabled, they return TIBEMS_FALSE.
See Also	tibemsSSL_GetTrace on page 228

tibemsSSL_System_SetFipsMode

Function

Purpose	Enable or disable FIPS 140-2 mode.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSSL_System_SetFipsMode(
     tibems_bool enabled)
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetFipsMode"
     USING BY VALUE fipsEnabled,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
fipsEnabled	When TIBEMS_TRUE, FIPS mode is enabled. When TIBEMS_FALSE, FIPS mode is disabled.

Remarks

This call, while closely associated with the SSL parameters calls, does not actually set or reset a parameter value. Rather, it enables at an application-wide scope the use (or disuse) of FIPS mode.

This call must be made before any other System SSL related calls and before instantiating an SSL connection factory.

Returns TIBEMS_OK if it succeeds, otherwise TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR.

tibemsSSL_System_SetTrace

Function

Purpose	Enable or disable trace messages on the creation of TIBCO Enterprise Message Service connections. These messages indicate the status of various stages of connection creation.

C Declaration
```
void tibemsSSL_System_SetTrace(
     tibems_bool trace );

void tibemsSSL_System_SetDebugTrace(
     tibems_bool trace );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSSL_System_SetTrace"
     USING BY VALUE trace
END-CALL.

CALL "tibemsSSL_System_SetDebugTrace"
     USING BY VALUE trace
END-CALL.
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
trace	TIBEMS_TRUE enables tracing.
	TIBEMS_FALSE disables tracing.

Remarks Two levels of SSL tracing are available—regular tracing and debug tracing (more detailed). Trace messages are written to standard output while connecting or reconnecting to the server. These messages can be helpful in diagnosing a failure to connect.

See Also tibemsSSL_SetTrace on page 230

tibemsSSL_System_Version

Function

Purpose   Get a string representing the IBM System SSL version number.

C Declaration
```
const char* tibemsSSL_System_Version(
    char* buffer,
    tibems_int buf_size );
```

COBOL Call
```
MOVE LENGTH OF buffer TO buf-size.

CALL "tibemsSSL_System_Version"
    USING BY REFERENCE buffer,
          BY VALUE buf-size,
          RETURNING value-Pointer
END-CALL.
```

buffer has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
buffer	The function copies the version string in this buffer.
buf_size	Length (in bytes) of the buffer.

Remarks   The versions string has the format *major . minor . update*.

A null character terminates the version string.

See Also   tibemsSSL_OpenSSLVersion on page 229

tibemsSSLParams_System_Create

Function

Purpose	Create a new IBM System SSL parameter object.
C Declaration	tibemsSSLParams tibemsSSLParams_System_Create(void);
COBOL Call	CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_Create" RETURNING SSLParams END-CALL.

SSLParams has usage pointer.

Remarks	Storage is allocated to contain the values associated with various SSL parameters. This call must precede any call that requires an SSL parameters object as an argument.
See Also	tibemsSSLParams_Create on page 234

tibemsSSLParams_System_Destroy

Function

Purpose	Destroy an IBM System SSL parameter object.
C Declaration	`void tibemsSSLParams_System_Destroy(` `    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams );`

COBOL Call	`CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_Destroy"`
	`    USING BY VALUE SSLParams`
	`END-CALL.`

SSLParams has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Destroy this SSL parameter object.

Remarks   Storage related to the parameters object and all individual parameters therein is released.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_Destroy on page 235

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetAuthOnly

Function

Purpose	Limit the use of IBM System SSL to improve performance.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_System_SetAuthOnly(
      tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
      tibems_bool auth_only );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetAuthOnly"
      USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
            BY VALUE auth_only,
            RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> SSLParams has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
auth_only	TIBEMS_TRUE instructs the SSL parameter object to request a connection that uses SSL only for authentication.
	TIBEMS_FALSE instructs the SSL parameter object to request a connection that uses SSL to secure all data.

Remarks This parameter is connection-specific and can be specified for each connection.

For background information, see SSL Authentication Only on page 472 in *TIBCO Enterprise Message Service User's Guide*.

See Also tibemsSSLParams_SetAuthOnly on page 238

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetCiphers

Function

Purpose	Set the cipher suites for IBM System SSL connections.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_System_SetCiphers(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* ciphers );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetCiphers"
     USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
           BY REFERENCE ciphers,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

SSLParams has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
ciphers	Specify the cipher suites that the client can use.
	The ciphers provided should conform to the cipher suite specifications for IBM System SSL. For a detailed description of these ciphers, see the IBM Cryptographic Services, System Secure Sockets Layer Programing bookshelf. Note that only the SSLV3 and TLSV1 protocol and associated ciphers are enabled.
	Supported ciphers are listed below.

Remarks This parameter is connection-specific and can be specified for each connection.

The supported ciphers are:

- "03" = 40-bit RC4 encryption with MD5 message authentication and RSA key exchange

- "04" = 128-bit RC4 encryption with MD5 message authentication and RSA key exchange

- "05" = 128-bit RC4 encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and RSA key exchange

- "06" = 40-bit RC2 encryption with MD5 message authentication and RSA key exchange

- "09" = 56-bit DES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and RSA key exchange
- "0A" = 168-bit Triple DES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and RSA key exchange
- "15" = 56-bit DES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and ephemeral Diffie-Hellman key exchange signed with an RSA certificate
- "16" = 168-bit Triple DES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and ephemeral Diffie-Hellman key exchange signed with an RSA certificate
- "2F" = 128-bit AES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and RSA key exchange
- "33" = 128-bit AES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and ephemeral Diffie-Hellman key exchange signed with an RSA certificate
- "35" = 256-bit AES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and RSA key exchange
- "39" = 256-bit AES encryption with SHA-1 message authentication and ephemeral Diffie-Hellman key exchange signed with an RSA certificate

These ciphers are specified in a string with no spaces or other delimiters. For example "333539".

CIPHERS allowed in FIPS mode are a subset of these: 0A 16 2F 33 35 39

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_SetCiphers on page 239

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetEnableSSLV3

Function

Purpose	Enable or disable the SSLV3 protocol.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetEnableSSLV3(
    tibemsSSLParams params,
    tibems_bool SSLV3enabled)
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetEnableSSLV3"
    USING BY VALUE params,
          BY VALUE SSLV3enabled,
          RETURNING tibems_status
END-CALL.
```

> params has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
SSLV3enabled	Specify TIBEMS_TRUE or TIBEMS_FALSE to enable or disable the SSLV3 protocol. This protocol is enabled by default.

Remarks Note that by default the SSLV3 and TLSV1 protocols are enabled. Disabing both of them results in a "No SSL cipher specifications" error mesage (if tracing is enabled).

This parameter is connection-specific and can be specified for each connection.

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetEnableTLS1

Function

Purpose	Enable or disable the TLSV1 protocol.
C Declaration	``` tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetEnableTLS1(tibemsSSLParams params, tibems_bool TLS1enabled) ```
COBOL Call	``` CALL "tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetEnableTLS1" USING BY VALUE params, BY VALUE TLS1enabled, RETURNING tibems_status END-CALL. ```

> params has usage pointer.

Parameters	

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
TLS1enabled	Specify TIBEMS_TRUE or TIBEMS_FALSE to enable or disable the TLSV1 protocol. This protocol is enabled by default.

Remarks	Note that by default the SSLV3 and TLSV1 protocols are enabled. Disabing both of them will result in a "No SSL cipher specifications" error mesage (if tracing is enabled).
	This parameter is connection-specific and can be specified for each connection.
	Returns TIBEMS_OK if it succeeds, otherwise TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR.

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetExpectedHostName

Function

Purpose	Set the expected host name.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_System_SetExpectedHostName(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    const char* expected_hostname );
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetExpectedHostName"
    USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
        BY REFERENCE expected-hostname,
        RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

SSLParams and expected_hostname have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
expected_hostname	Use this value.

Remarks This parameter applies when establishing an SSL connection to the EMS server. If host name verification is enabled, the EMS client compares the name specified in this call to the CN of the certificate presented by the server during the initial SSL handshake. If they are not the same, the connection fails.

This parameter is connection-specific and can be specified for each connection.

See Also tibemsSSLParams_SetExpectedHostName on page 240

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetKeyRingFile

Function

Purpose Set the SAF key ring to be used by this application.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetKeyRingFile(
tibemsSSLParams params,
    const char* keyring_file)
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetKeyRingFile"
     USING BY VALUE params,
           BY REFERENCE keyring_file,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> params and keyring_file have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
keyring_file	The name of the SAF key ring on which the certificates for this application reside.

Remarks This is a global parameter which means that the first connection made by the application will establish the key ring to be used by all other connections within this address space. Any attempt to specify a different key ring for subsequent connections will be ignored. This parameter is required to make a connection.

Returns TIBEMS_OK if it succeeds, otherwise TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR.

See Also tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLabel on page 559

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLabel

Function

Purpose   Set the certificate to be used to make the connection.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLabel(
    tibemsSSLParams params,
    const char* keyring_label)
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLabel"
    USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
          BY REFERENCE keyring_label,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

SSLParams and keyring_label have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
keyring_label	The name of the certificate label on the chosen SAF key ring to use when creating the connection.

Remarks   This is a connection-specific parameter and can be separately specified for each connection. The label parameter is optional. If it is not specified, the system uses the default certificate on the key ring. If there is no default certificate, the connection fails.

Returns TIBEMS_OK if it succeeds, otherwise TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_System_SetKeyRingFile on page 558

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerPassword

Function

Purpose   Set the password to be used to access LDAP for certificates and CRLs.

C Declaration   ```
tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLdapServerPassword(
    tibemsSSLParams params,
    const char* password)
```

**COBOL Call**    ```
CALL "tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLdapServerPassword"
    USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
          BY REFERENCE password,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> SSLParams and password have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
password	The password to be used when authenticating with the LDAP server.

Remarks   Once LDAP parameters are established, these parameters remain in effect for the life of the client application, and cannot be overridden by subsequent specifications. The first connection to be established sets the LDAP parameters for all subsequent connections.

Returns TIBEMS_OK if it succeeds, otherwise TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR.

See Also   tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUrl on page 561

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUrl

Function

Purpose	Set the server URLs to be used to access LDAP for certificates and CRLs.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLdapServerUrl(
    tibemsSSLParams params,
    const char* urls)
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLdapServerUrl"
     USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
           BY REFERENCE urls,
           RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

> SSLParams and password have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
urls	The URLs of the LDAP servers to be used for obtaining trusted certificates and CRLs. The format of the URL is: *server*[:*port*] *server2*[:*port2*] where *server* is the EMS server name or IP address and port is the server port number. If the server runs on the standard LDAP port, 389, specifying the *port* parameter is optional. Specify multiple servers in a space delimited string.

Remarks
Once LDAP parameters are established, these parameters remain in effect for the life of the client application, and cannot be overridden by subsequent specifications. The first connection to be established sets the LDAP parameters for all subsequent connections.

Returns TIBEMS_OK if it succeeds, otherwise TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR.

See Also
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerPassword on page 560
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUserid on page 562

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUserid

Function

Purpose	Set the user ID to be used to access LDAP for certificates and CRLs.

C Declaration
```
tibems_status tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLdapServerUserid(
    tibemsSSLParams params,
    const char* userid)
```

COBOL Call
```
CALL "tibemsSystemSSLParams_SetLdapServerUserid"
    USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
          BY REFERENCE userid,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

SSLParams and `password` have usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
params	The SSL parameter object.
userid	The user IDto be used when authenticating with the LDAP server.

Remarks Once the LDAP parameters are established, these parameters remain in effect for the life of the client application, and cannot be overridden by subsequent specifications. That is, the first connection to be established sets the LDAP parameters for all subsequent connections.

Returns `TIBEMS_OK` if it succeeds, otherwise `TIBEMS_SSL_ERROR`.

See Also tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerPassword on page 560
tibemsSSLParams_System_SetLdapServerUrl on page 561

tibemsSSLParams_System_SetVerifyHostName

Function

Purpose	Enables or disables the verification of the server's hostname during connection creation.

C Declaration

```
tibems_status tibemsSSLParams_System_SetVerifyHostName(
    tibemsSSLParams SSLParams,
    tibems_bool verify );
```

COBOL Call

```
CALL "tibemsSSLParams_System_SetVerifyHostName"
    USING BY VALUE SSLParams,
          BY VALUE verify,
          RETURNING tibems-status
END-CALL.
```

SSLParams has usage pointer.

Parameters

Parameter	Description
SSLParams	Set the value in this SSL parameter object.
verify	TIBEMS_TRUE enables verification.
	TIBEMS_FALSE disables verification.

Remarks tibemsSSLParams_System_SetVerifyHostName enables checking the server's actual host name against an expected server host name. If no "expected hostname" has been established, the server's fully qualified hostname is compared with the CN in the certificate presented by the server during the initial handshake. If they are not equal, the connection fails.

This parameter is connection-specific and can be specified for each connection.

This verification action is enabled by default (unless a program explicitly disables it).

See Also tibemsSSLParams_System_SetExpectedHostName on page 557

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