



# **TIBCO Foresight® Instream®**

## **Validation Technical Manual**

Version 9.3.0 | March 2024

# Contents

---

<b>Contents</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Introduction</b>	<b>5</b>
System Requirements	5
Recommended Software	5
Checking TIBCO Foresight Instream Version	6
License File	6
Capabilities	6
API Overview	7
Customizing for Specific Partners	7
Input and Output	9
Typical Inbound Implementation - X12 and EDIFACT Example	11
Typical Inbound Implementation – HIPAA Example	11
Typical Outbound Implementation - X12 and EDIFACT Example	13
Typical Outbound Validation - Docsplitter Implementation	13
Acknowledgment Generation	14
Conditions that Stop Validation	15
Performance	15
MaxPassByMemoryMB	16
Windows Tutorials	16
UNIX Tutorials	22
Create your Script File	23
TIBCO Foresight Supplied Guidelines	26
Customizing Guidelines	26
<b>Validating with TIBCO Foresight Instream</b>	<b>27</b>
Methods of Execution	27
Validating from a Command Line	27

EDIFACT Escape Characters .....	34
Application Program Interface .....	34
<b>Validation Results .....</b>	<b>36</b>
Line Numbers .....	37
Record Definitions .....	38
Displaying Version Information in the Results File .....	78
<b>HIPAA External Code Tables .....</b>	<b>79</b>
Table File Server .....	79
Extending or Modifying Code Tables .....	79
Creating your Code Tables .....	79
<b>Appendix A: Return Codes .....</b>	<b>80</b>
Foresight Instream Validation .....	80
Seeing Return Codes .....	82
Virus Checking and TIBCO Foresight Products .....	82
<b>Appendix B: Table File Server .....</b>	<b>83</b>
fscint.ini Setup .....	84
fsFileServer.ini Setup .....	85
Starting the Table File Server .....	85
How to tell if the Table File Server is running .....	86
<b>Appendix C: SVALU Record Structure IDs .....</b>	<b>87</b>
Structure IDs .....	87
HIPAA Structure ID Chart .....	88
<b>Appendix D: Record Definition Summary .....</b>	<b>145</b>
Record Layout Summary, Version 2.0 .....	145
<b>Appendix E: ISError Refiner .....</b>	<b>162</b>
ISerrorRefiner Configuration File .....	165
Setting Error Exclusivity .....	168

<b>TIBCO Documentation and Support Services .....</b>	<b>171</b>
<b>Legal and Third-Party Notices .....</b>	<b>173</b>

# Introduction

---

This document is intended for technical staff implementing TIBCO Foresight® Instream® validation. A general familiarity with EDI is assumed.

## System Requirements

Foresight® Instream is available for Windows or UNIX platforms and requires the following:

- Java JDK (if using the Java API or ReportMailer)
- SMTP server (if using ReportMailer functionality)

For a complete list of supported operating systems and hardware or memory requirements see the Foresight Instream Readme file.



**Note:** Some dll's are not accessible, when you install Foresight Instream on newer platforms such as Windows 2022. It is due to missing MSVCRT100.dll file. Ensure that you install vcredist\_x64.exe file to access these dlls .

## Recommended Software

Recommended software for Foresight Instream includes:

- **TIBCO Foresight® EDISIM® 6.6 or later**

This will let you develop your own business rules for use with Foresight Instream.

- **TIBCO Foresight® HIPAA Validator® Desktop**

This will let you view errors, the corresponding EDI, and guideline information in a graphical user interface. Look for it under **Start > Programs > Foresight > Desktop**.

# Checking TIBCO Foresight Instream Version

To check Foresight Instream version, run the Version file in the Scripts directory of Foresight Instream.

## License File

Beginning with Foresight Instream version 8.0.0, a license file is no longer required.

## Capabilities

The validation module of Foresight Instream is a command line validator for many different file formats, including (but not limited to) HIPAA (health care) data, other X12 formats, EDIFACT, TRADACOMS, HL7, flat files, and XML.

See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Supported File Formats* for a complete list.

For UNICODE handling information, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Unicode at TIBCO Foresight*.

You can add your edits to these formats with the help of TIBCO Foresight® EDISIM®, TIBCO Foresight's guideline authoring tool.

This document describes validation with Foresight Instream. The other Foresight Instream modules are documented separately.

## Delimiters and Separators

Foresight Instream can validate data with separators and delimiters that are keyboard characters or ASCII up to hex equivalent 252.

## Command Line Overview

If you start Foresight Instream from a command line, you will take data files as input and write result files. See [Validating from a Command Line](#) for details about starting from the command line.

Your calling software can scan the resulting summary report to determine if the data passed validation.

If your software determines that the data failed validation, the calling software can:

- Use the detailed results file to generate emails or response documents. The detail results file is consistently formatted and contains information needed to fill out all optional and mandatory elements.
- Call Foresight Instream's Docsplitter module to split good data from bad, and to call Foresight Instream Response Generator module to generate a response for the sender.

## API Overview

You can integrate Foresight Instream validation with another software package by using Foresight Instream's C++, C# (.NET6 and .NET7), VB.NET, or Java API.

See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® API*.

## Customizing for Specific Partners

Foresight Instream validation lets you customize for specific partners by:

- Using different TIBCO Foresight-supplied guidelines to strengthen or weaken compliance checking.
- Using guidelines with partner-specific edits that you define with EDISIM, the TIBCO Foresight guideline-authoring tool.
- Customizing diagnostic messages.
- Adjusting error severity levels for a partner or group of partners. This controls the conditions that cause data to be rejected and the response generated after rejection.
- Creating and enforcing new external code lists.
- Amending the contents of TIBCO Foresight-supplied external code lists.

**Trading Partner Automation:** To automatically select a guideline or profile based on some information in the EDI data, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Trading Partner Automation* and *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

## Customizing for Specific Guidelines

You can save the profile you want to use for a specific standard or guideline and have Foresight Instream automatically load it whenever you use that standard for validation. See **Specifying which APF File to Use** in *TIBCO Foresight® Instream®*.

## CCI Edits

Foresight Instream will enforce:

- Correct Coding Initiatives (CCI) for Part B Medicare Carriers from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).
- National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) edits for Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS).

TIBCO Foresight guidelines that enforce CCI are marked with \*CCI in *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Standards and Guidelines Reference Manual*. You can enforce CCI in your guidelines by merging them with these or by using BusinessRules.CCI as described in *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Business Rules*.

TIBCO Foresight CCI checking includes:

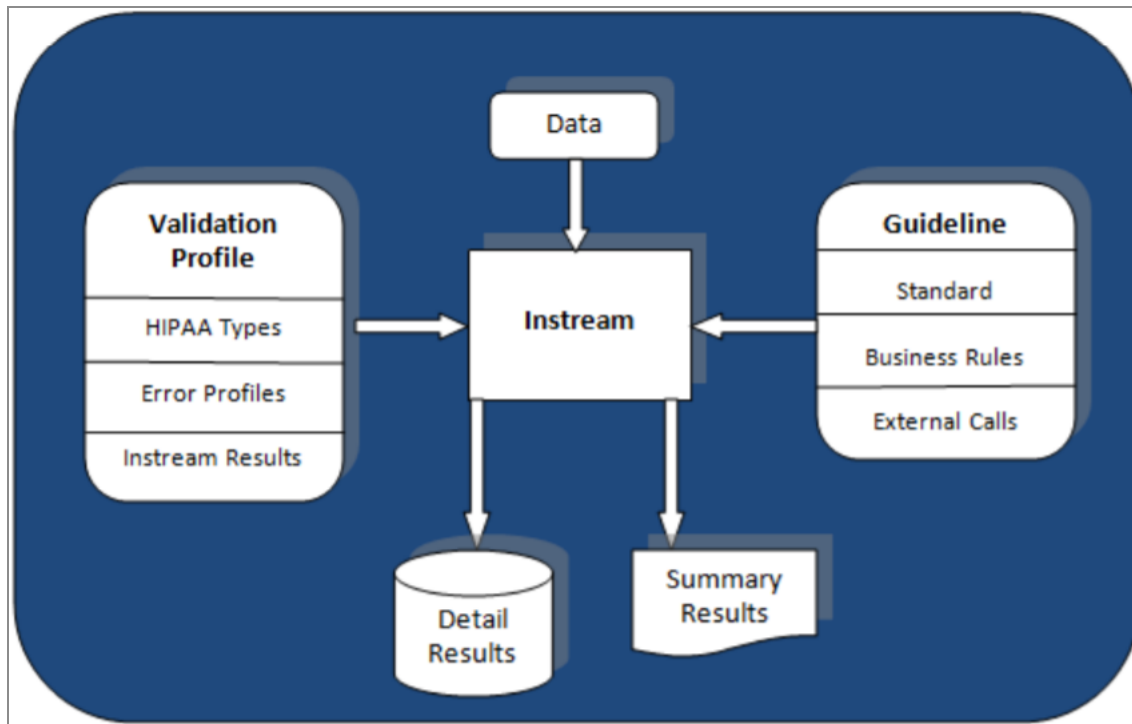
- Check CCI pairs to see if they can go together.
- For pairs that need a modifier to go together:
  - Is a modifier provided in the data?
  - Are the modifiers legal CCI modifiers?
  - Both members of a pair cannot use the same anatomical modifier.

CCI and NCCI checking significantly reduce the speed of validation.

Refer to the National Correct Coding Policy Manual for information about modifiers.



# Input and Output



The validation program is HVInStream (for UNIX) or HVInStream.exe (for Windows).

## Input

Foresight Instream validation reads data in various formats (For more information, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Supported File Formats*).

When running from the command line, EDI data includes one or more complete interchanges per file. Each interchange can contain one or more functional groups, each with one or more transactions or messages.

For X12-based data, when using the C++ API, the data need not have ISA, GS, GE, or IEA if you use **DocumentLevelOnly** or **FSDOCUMENTONLY**.

## Output

Foresight Instream validation creates two files or output streams:

- **Detail results** describing each error and warning found during validation, plus

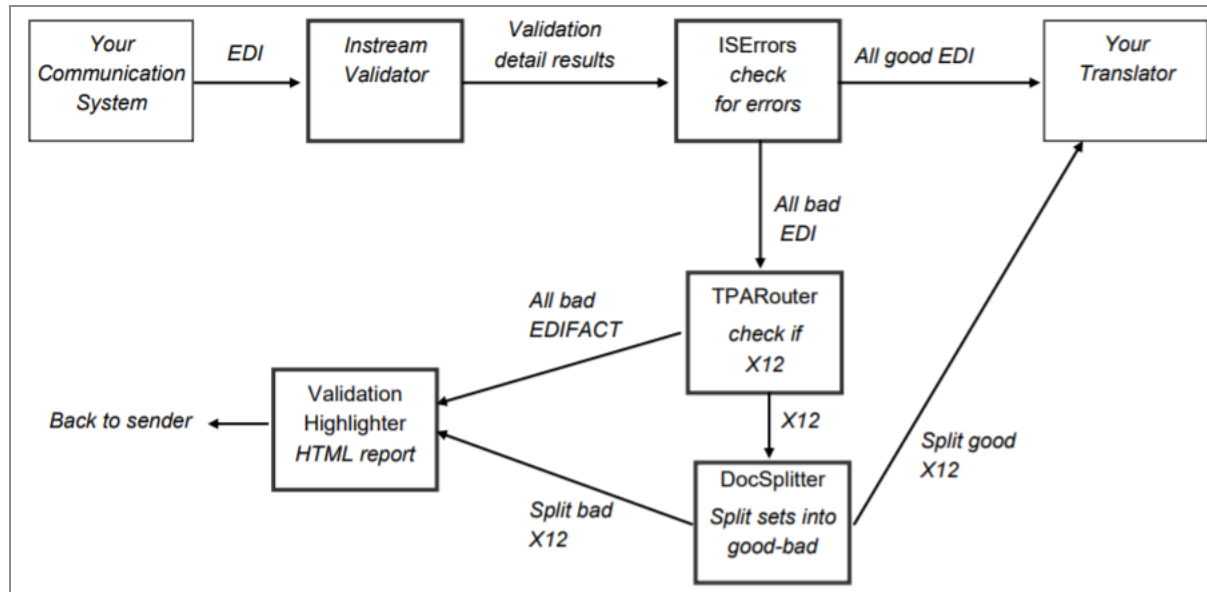
general messages and statistics. You can include custom records that contain actual values from the data. For example, you can output claim numbers or patient numbers so that post-processors can identify the specific claim or patient to which an error applies. For details, refer [Detail Results](#)

- **Summary results** containing a summary of the validation, including validation start and end times and the number of errors, warnings, and other messages. For details, refer [Summary Results](#).

For validation, Foresight Instream uses:

- (For HIPAA data) More than 50 TIBCO Foresight supplied data code tables such as Taxonomy and ICD-9. For directions on changing these tables, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Deploying and Changing Code Tables*.
- (For EDI data) TIBCO Foresight supplied guidelines containing the rules from the underlying standard (such as X12, EDIFACT, or TRADACOMS); for HIPAA data, this includes the HIPAA rules. For a list, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Standards and Guidelines Reference Manual*.
- (Optional) Your own rules. You can use the TIBCO Foresight guideline authoring tool Foresight® EDISIM® to add your own rules to a guideline. Contact TIBCO Foresight Support for details.

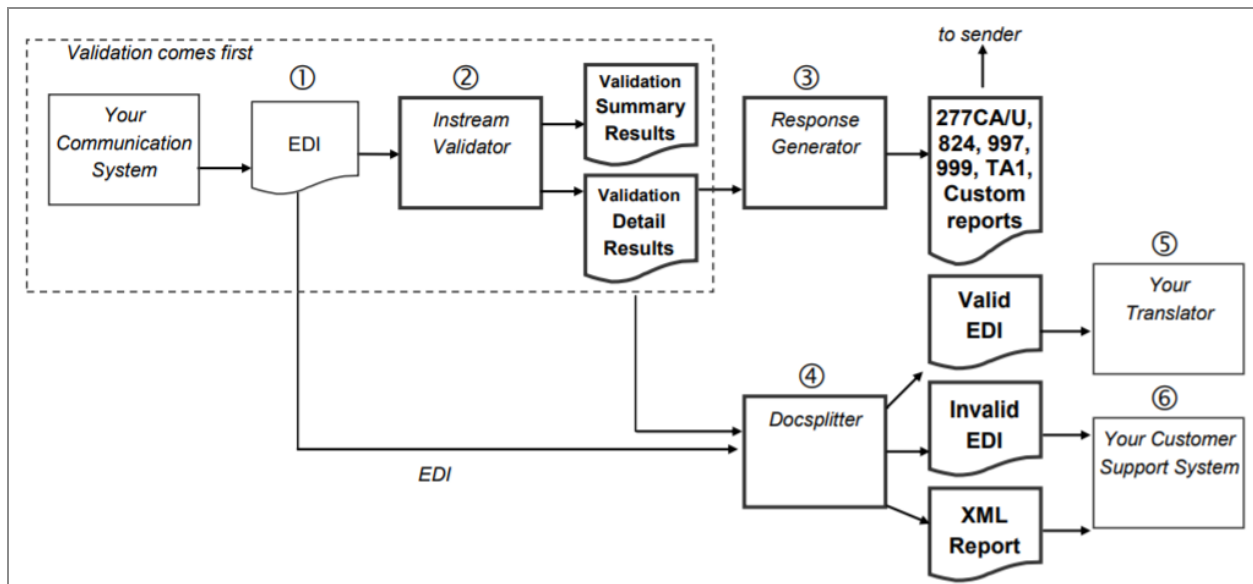
## Typical Inbound Implementation - X12 and EDIFACT Example



The **bold** objects above are part of Foresight Instream or are generated by Foresight Instream.

## Typical Inbound Implementation – HIPAA Example

Foresight Instream can validate *inbound* data as it comes into your organization to protect your translator and application systems from bad data.

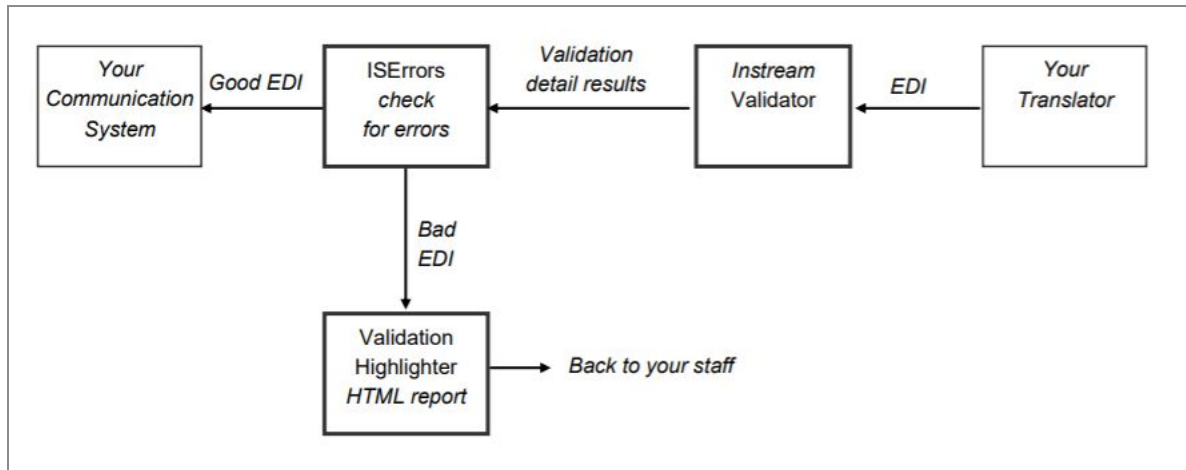


The **bold** objects above are part of Foresight Instream or are generated by Foresight Instream.

Typical process:

1. EDI comes in through your company communication system.
2. Foresight Instream Validator reads the EDI and creates detail and summary results.
  - The dotted outline in the graphic above indicates these steps, which precede the use of Docsplitter or Response Generator.
  - After Validator creates the detailed results file, either Docsplitter or Response Generator can start in any order or simultaneously. Assume that Response Generator starts first.
3. Response Generator reads the detailed results created by Validator and generates the appropriate response document. Your application dispatches it to the sender.
4. Docsplitter reads the detailed results created by Validator and the original EDI file and generates a file containing the valid EDI, a file containing the invalid EDI, and an XML report.
5. The valid EDI goes to your translator.
6. The invalid EDI and the XML report go to your customer support system.

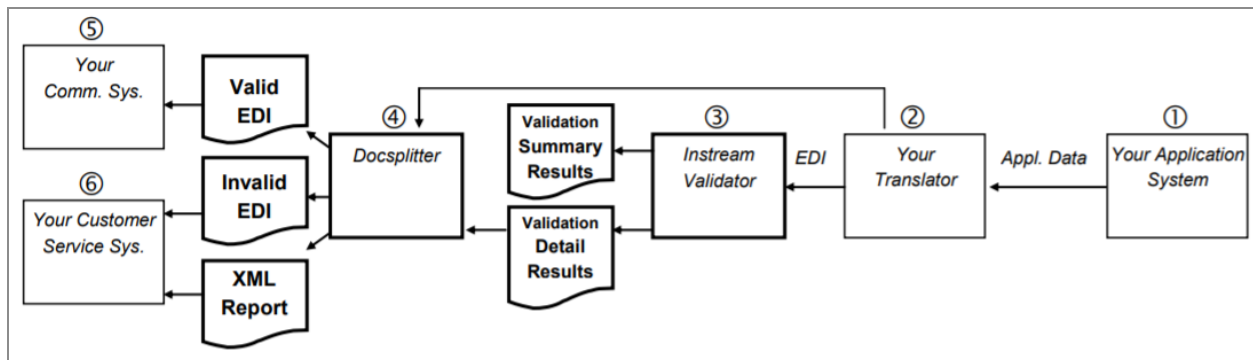
## Typical Outbound Implementation - X12 and EDIFACT Example



The **bold** objects above are part of Foresight Instream or are generated by Foresight Instream.

## Typical Outbound Validation - Docsplitter Implementation

This example shows Foresight Instream and Docsplitter working together to validate outbound EDI data as a final check before it goes into the world.



The **bold** objects above are part of Foresight Instream or are generated by Foresight Instream.

### Typical Steps:

1. Your application system creates application data.
2. Your translator reads the application data and creates EDI.
3. Foresight Instream Validator reads the EDI and creates summary and detail results files.
4. Docsplitter reads the detail results file and the EDI file and splits the data into valid and invalid EDI. It also creates an XML report.
5. The valid EDI is sent to your communications system so that it can be sent out to the recipient.

The invalid EDI and the XML report go to your customer service system.

## Acknowledgment Generation

You have two options for generating acknowledgment:

- Use your acknowledgment handling procedures, which can make use of the summary and detail results files created by validation.
- Use Foresight Instream's Response Generator (X12- and EDIFACT-based data).

Response Generator can create:

- HIPAA data
  - 824, 997, and 999 (version 5010 only)
  - 277CA, 277U, and 277X228 (for 837 transactions only)
  - TA1
  - Custom text reports
- Non-HIPPA data
  - 824, 997, and 999 (version 5010 only)
  - TA1
- EDIFACT data

- CONTRL message

You have control of many aspects of the response, including the severity of errors that cause a response.

For details, refer [Typical Inbound Implementation – HIPAA Example](#) for an example of where Response Generator might fit. Also see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Response Generator*.

## Conditions that Stop Validation

Foresight Instream validation sends a return code of 140 and stop validating if it cannot fulfill your requests for APF, guideline, partner automation, error file, database lookup, or other setup information or resources. **Errors in data will not stop validation.**

The following list gives examples of circumstances that **will stop** validation:

- You ask for guideline ABC, which does not exist.
- You ask for partner automation, but the setup file is not in a usable format.
- Your APF file is a Microsoft Word document.
- Communication issues between validation business rule DBExecute and DBQuery and the SQL database, such as:
  - A business rule points to a database that cannot be accessed.
  - Your business rule queries a database table that does not exist.

If you prefer that validation continues when a communication issue is encountered, enable the following option in your validation profile:

```
ContinueAfterSQLErrors=1
```

See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)* for more information.

## Performance

If you do not use HIPAA guidelines, you can improve the efficiency of Foresight Instream by putting this line in the [Options] section of `$dir.ini`, or by removing any colon in front of the line if it is already there:

HipaaCodeTable=0

## MaxPassByMemoryMB

In this release, handling of new dir.ini [Options] parameter MaxPassByMemoryMB is added. The user can override the current limit of 5 GB on files which are passed via memory. You can change the limit by setting this parameter to a number greater than or equal to 0. If the parameter is set to -1 (or any negative number), then the limit is removed and if the parameter is not specified, the system takes the default value of 5 GB.

## Windows Tutorials

### HIPAA Windows Tutorial

1. Go to the **DemoData** directory of Foresight Instream and look at the EDI data in **837I\_4010\_H\_ErrorEvenClms.txt**.

This contains one 837I transaction set with one provider, one subscriber, and 10 claims. The claims are numbered from 1 to 10 and the even-numbered claims have errors.

2. Validate the data:

Go to the **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and double-click on **V\_837I\_4010\_H\_1.bat**.

This batch runs Foresight Instream validation with GuidelinePlus PDSA837I, the HIPAA X12-4010 addendum. When it finishes successfully, you should see the message **Validation Return code = 100**.



```

C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Foresight32\instream716\Scripts>set InStr
C:\Foresight32\instream716\Scripts>"C:\Fores
e" -i"C:\Foresight32\instream716\DemoData\83
oresight32\instream716\Output\837I_4010_H_Er

[Validation Return Code 1001]

C:\Foresight32\instream716\Scripts>pause
Press any key to continue . . .

```

3. Go to the **Output** directory of Foresight Instream and use a text editor to look at the validation summary file **Summary\_837I\_4010\_H\_ErrorEvenClms\_results\_out.txt**.

It has 7 errors:

```

Summary_837I_4010_H_ErrorEvenClms_results.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
VER 2.0
STRT 010002 103/06/12 16:23:52Analysis re
SVRTY 0 12 0 1
ETYP 250 12 5 1
END 25010006 103/06/12 16:23:52Analysis of

```

For details about the format of the summary file, see [Summary Results](#)

4. Look for the specific errors in the detailed validation results file:

Open **837I\_4010\_H\_ErrorEvenClms\_results.txt**.

Search for **DTL**. This line and the next three explain an error. This error is on line 69 of the EDI file, a DTP segment. The segment is missing.

```

DTL 69 2300 DTP 66 2
10811 3 1731 3 1007 488

EMSG 69Missing Segment DTP (Statement Dates) at 2-135, though
marked "Must Be Used"

```

Search for the other DTL segments to see additional errors.

For details about the format of the detail file, see [Detail Results](#)

## Create your Batch File

Create a batch file to validate **834\_4010\_H\_2members.txt**, which is in **DemoData** directory of Foresight Instream.

Since its GS08 contains **004010X095A1**, you know it is based on an 834 Addendum (see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Standards and Guidelines Reference Manual*).

Your job is to create and execute a batch file to validate this 834.

1. Go to the **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and copy **V\_837I\_4010\_H\_1.bat** to **V\_834\_4010\_H\_1.bat**.
2. Open the new file in a text editor like Notepad and make these changes:

```
"%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVInStream.exe"

-i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\ 834_4010_H_2members.txt"
-o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\ 834_4010_H_2members_out.txt"
-gPDSA834
```

3. Save, close, and run **V\_837I\_4010\_H\_1.bat**.
4. View the new output files added to the **Output** folder of Foresight Instream:  
The Foresight Instream validation command format is described on page [Validating from a Command Line](#).

## EDIFACT Windows Tutorial

1. Go to the **DemoData** directory of Foresight Instream and look at the EDI data in **ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1.txt**.

This contains one simple ORDERS message that we are going to check for errors.

2. Validate the ORDERS data:

Go to the **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and double-click on **V\_ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1.bat**.

This batch file uses Foresight Instream to validate this data against the EDIFACT standard D93A. When it finishes successfully, you should see the message **Return code = 100**.

```

C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
ORDERS_D93A_UN_1.txt in Instream's DemoData
directory.

-----
Running validation
-----

C:\Foresight32\instream716\Scripts>"C:\Foresight32\
e" -i"C:\Foresight32\instream716\DemoData\ORDERS_D9
2\instream716\Output\ORDERS_D93A_UN_1_Results.txt"

[Validation Return Code 100]

-----
Look in Instream's Output directory for the report
ORDERS_D93A_UN_1_Results.txt.
For details about Instream validation, please see
InStreamValidationTechnicalManual.pdf.
-----

```

- Go to the **Output** directory of Foresight Instream and use a text editor to look at the validation summary file **Summary\_ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1\_Results.txt**. It has two errors:

```

Summary_ORDERS_D93A_UN_1_Results.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
VER 2.0
STRT 010002 103/06/12 16:30:27Analysis r
SVRTY 0 13 0 2
ETYPE 16 13 1 1
END 1610006 103/06/12 16:30:27Analysis o

```

For details about the format of the summary file, refer [Summary Results](#)

- Look for the specific errors in the detailed validation results file:

Open **ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1\_Results.txt**.

Search for **DTL**. This line and the next two explain an error. This error is on line 4 of the EDI file, the BGM segment. There is an excess sub-element separator:

```

DTL 4 BGM1225 1 3 0
10623 3 21 8 6848

EMSG 4Sub-element separator seen in elementary data element
at BGM03 (D.E. 1225) at col. 17. Excess ignored.

ESEG 4BGM+220+KC11111+9:'

```

The next DTL line is about line 7 in the EDI file, a NAD segment with a bad code value in the NAD01.

For details about the format of the detail file, refer [Detail Results](#)

## Create your own Command Line Batch File

We are going to create a batch file to validate `INVOIC_D96A_UN_1.txt` in the **DemoData** directory of Foresight Instream.

Copy **V\_ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1.bat** to **V\_INVOIC\_D96A\_UN\_1.bat**. Replace the highlighted parts below to point to the input file (-i), the output file (-o), and the guideline (-g).

```
"%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVInStream.exe" -i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\INVOIC_D96A_UN_1.txt" -o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\INVOIC_D96A_UN_1_Results.txt" -gD96A
```

(The guideline D96A must be in Foresight Instream's Static directory since it is a basic, unmodified EDIFACT standard. Modified guidelines go in the Database directory.)

Foresight Instream validation command format is described on [Validating from a Command Line](#).

## X12 Windows Tutorial

1. Go to the **DemoData** directory of Foresight Instream and look at the EDI data in **810\_5040\_X\_1.txt**.

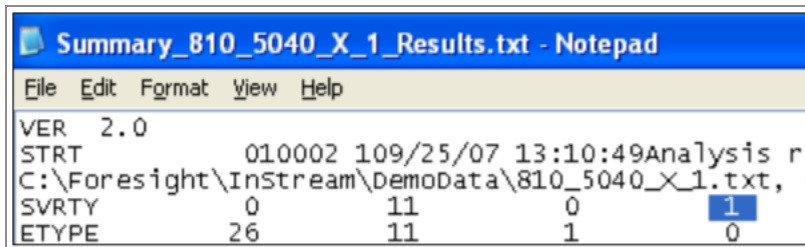
This contains one simple X12-5040 810 invoice that we are going to check for errors.

2. Validate the 810 data:
  - a. Go to the **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and double-click on **V\_810\_5040\_X\_1.bat**
  - b. This batch file uses Foresight Instream to validate this data against standard X12-5040. When it finishes successfully, you should see the message **Return code = 100**

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Foresight\InStream\Scripts>set InStreamR
C:\Foresight\InStream\Scripts>"C:\Foresight\InStream\Output\810_5040_X_1_Results.txt"
[Validation Return Code 100]
C:\Foresight\InStream\Scripts>pause
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

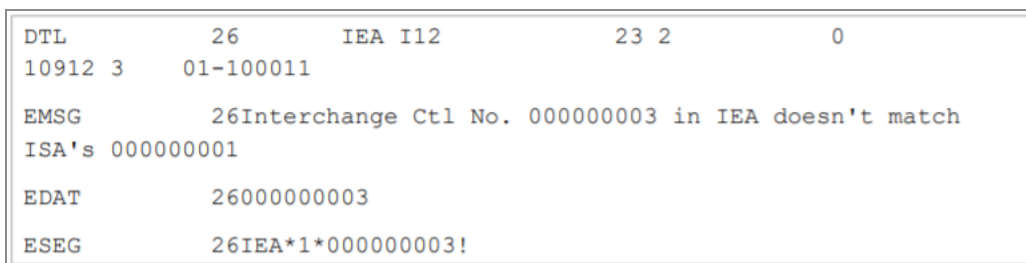
3. Go to the **Output** directory of Foresight Instream and use a text editor to look at the validation summary file **Summary\_810\_5040\_X\_1\_Results.txt**.

It has one error:



For details about the format of the summary file, refer [Summary Results](#)

4. Look for the specific error in the detailed validation results file:
  - a. Open **810\_5040\_X\_1\_Results.txt**.
  - b. Search for **DTL**. This line and the next three explain an error. This error is on line 26 of the EDI file, the IEA segment. The control number doesn't match the one in the ISA.



This is the only error. If there had been others, they would be documented similarly, starting with a DTL line.

For details about the format of the detail file, refer [Detail Results](#)

## Create your own Command Line Batch File (X12 Windows)

We will make a batch file to validate an 850 purchase order: **850\_4010\_X\_1.txt**.

Copy **V\_810\_5040\_X\_1.bat** to a new name **V\_850\_4010\_X\_1.bat**. Replace the bold parts below to point to **850\_4010\_X\_1.txt** for the input file (-i) and modify the output filename accordingly (-o). The guideline is X12-4010.

```
"%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVINStream.exe"
-i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\850_4010_X_1.txt"
-o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\850_4010_X_1_Results.txt"
-gX12-4010
```

Foresight Instream validation command format is described at [Validating from a Command Line](#).

## UNIX Tutorials

Each TIBCO Foresight supplied script identifies the location of Instream with LIBPATH.

### Setting LIBPATH on UNIX

AIX	<code>export LIBPATH=/HVInStream/bin:\$LIBPATH</code>
SUN	<code>LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/HVInStream/bin:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH; export LD_LIBRARY_PATH</code>
Red Hat Enterprise Linux	<code>export FSINSTREAMINI=/HVInStream/bin export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/HVInStream/bin:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH</code>

### HIPAA UNIX Tutorial

1. Go to the **DemoData** directory of Instream and look at the EDI data in **837I\_4010\_H\_ErrorEvenClms.txt**.

This contains one 837I transaction set with one provider, one subscriber, and 10 claims. The claims are numbered from 1 to 10 and the even-numbered claims have errors.

2. Validate the data:

Go to **Scripts** directory of Instream and look at the contents of **V\_837I\_4010\_H\_1.sh**. Execute this script by typing its name.

This script runs Instream validation with GuidelinePlus PDSA837I. When the script finishes successfully, you should see the message **validation return code=100**.

3. Go to the **Output** directory of Instream and use a text editor to look at the validation summary file **Summary\_ 837I\_4010\_H\_ErrorEvenClms\_results.txt**. The SVRTY line shows that it has 7 errors (the 4<sup>th</sup> number is the error count).
4. Look for the specific errors in the detailed validation results file:

In **837I\_4010\_H\_ErrorEvenClms\_results.txt**, find the first line that starts with DTL.

This line and the next three explain an error. This error is on line 69 of the EDI file, a DTP segment. The segment is missing.

Search for the other DTL segments and see what other errors were found.

For details about the format of the detail file, see [Detail Results](#)

## Create your Script File

Create a script file to validate **834\_4010\_H\_2members.txt**, which is in the **DemoData** directory of Instream.

As its GS08 contains **004010X095A1**, you know it is based on an 834 Addenda (see **ForesightHIPAAguidelinelist.pdf**).

Your job is to create and execute a script file to validate this 834.

1. Go to the **Scripts** directory of Instream and copy **V\_837I\_4010\_H\_1.sh** to **V\_834\_4010\_H\_1.sh**.

2. Make these changes to the new file

```
"%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVInStream.exe"

-i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\ 834_4010_H_2members.txt"
-o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\ 834_4010_H_2members_out.txt"
-gPDSA834
```

3. Save, close, and run **V\_837I\_4010\_H\_1.sh**.
4. View the new output files added to the **Output** folder of Foresight Instream:

The Foresight Instream validation command format is described on page [Validating from a Command Line](#).

## EDIFACT UNIX Tutorial

1. Go to the **DemoData** directory of Foresight Instream and look at the EDI data in **ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1.txt**.

This contains one simple ORDERS message that we are going to check for errors.

2. Validate the ORDERS data:

Go to **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and double-click **V\_ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_**

**1.sh.**

This script file uses Foresight Instream to validate this data against the EDIFACT standard D93A. When it finishes successfully, you should see the message **Return code = 100**.

3. Go to the **Output** directory of Foresight Instream and look at the validation summary file **Summary\_ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1\_Results.txt**. The SVRTY line shows two errors (the fourth number in the line).

For details about the format of the summary file, see [Summary Results](#)

4. Look for the specific errors in the detailed validation results file:
  - a. Open **ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1\_Results.txt**.
  - b. Search for **DTL**. This line and the next two explain an error. This error is on line 4 of the EDI file, the BGM segment. There is an excess sub-element separator:

```
DTL          4      BGM1225          1 3          0
10623 3      21 8 6848

MSG          4Sub-element separator seen in elementary data element
at BGM03 (D.E. 1225) at col. 17. Excess ignored.

ESEG          4BGM+220+KC11111+9:'
```

The next DTL line is about line 7 in the EDI file, a NAD segment with a bad code value in the NAD01.

For details about the format of the detail file, see [Detail Results](#)

## Create your Script File

Copy **V\_ORDERS\_D93A\_UN\_1.SH** to **V\_INVOIC\_D96A\_UN\_1.SH**. Adjust the bold parts below to point to the input file (-i), the output file (-o), and the guideline (-g).

```
"%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVInStream.exe" -i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\INVOIC_D96A_
UN_1.txt" -o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\INVOIC_D96A_UN_1_Results.txt"
-gD96A
```

(The guideline D96A must be in Foresight Instream's Static directory, since it is a basic, unmodified EDIFACT standard. Modified guidelines go in the Database directory.)

The Foresight Instream validation command format is described on page [Validating from a Command Line](#).



## X12 UNIX Tutorial

1. Go to the **DemoData** directory of Instream and look at the EDI data in **810\_5040\_X\_1.txt**.

This contains one simple X12-5040 810 invoice that we are going to check for errors.

2. Validate the 810 data:

Go to the **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and double-click on **V\_810\_5040\_X\_1.sh**

This batch file uses Foresight Instream to validate this data against standard X12-5040. When it finishes successfully, you should see the message **Return code = 100**.

3. Go to the **Output** directory of Foresight Instream and look at the validation summary file **Summary\_810\_5040\_X\_1\_Results.txt**. The SVRTY line shows one error (the fourth number in the line).

For details about the format of the summary file, see [Summary Results](#)

4. Look for the specific error in the detailed validation results file:

Open **810\_5040\_X\_1\_Results.txt**.

Search for **DTL**. This line and the next three explain an error. This error is on line 26 of the EDI file, the IEA segment. The control number doesn't match the one in the ISA.

DTL	26	IEA I12	23 2	0
10912 3	01-100011			
EMSG	26Interchange Ctl No. 000000003 in IEA doesn't match ISA's 000000001			
EDAT	26000000003			
ESEG	26IEA*1*000000003!			

This is the only error. If there had been others, they would be documented similarly, starting with a DTL line.

For details about the format of the detail file, see [Detail Results](#)

## Create your Script File

We will make a batch file to validate an 850 purchase order: **850\_4010\_X\_1.txt**.

Copy **V\_810\_5040\_X\_1.sh** to a new name **V\_850\_4010\_X\_1.sh** . Adjust the bold parts below to point to **850\_4010\_X\_1.txt** for the input file (-i) and modify the output filename accordingly (-o). The guideline is X12-4010.

```
"%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVInStream.exe"
-i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\850_4010_X_1.txt"
-o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\850_4010_X_1_Results.txt"
-gX12-4010
```

The Foresight Instream validation command format is described at [Validating from a Command Line](#).

## TIBCO Foresight Supplied Guidelines

Foresight Instream ships with a database of EDI guidelines that contains information about the valid X12 and EDIFACT syntax and rules.

- Some X12 guidelines contain HIPAA validation rules. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Standards and Guidelines Reference Manual* for a list of HIPAA guideline names.
- See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Standards and Guidelines Reference Manual* for a list of general guideline names supported by Foresight Instream on TIBCO Foresight® Transaction Insight®.

## Customizing Guidelines

You can use Foresight EDISIM Standards Editor to add your own rules to TIBCO Foresight supplied guidelines.

HIPAA customers can merge a guideline that they customize with the corresponding TIBCO Foresight supplied HIPAA guideline. This yields a guideline that contains all X12 and HIPAA rules plus your own rules.

See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Business Rules* and *TIBCO Foresight® EDISIM® Standards Editor User's Guide* for more information.

# Validating with TIBCO Foresight Instream

---

## Methods of Execution

Foresight Instream validation can be:

- Run as a command line, usually from within a batch file or script
- Executed from another program via a system call.

## Validating from a Command Line

The command line to start validation is usually in a script or batch file.

Foresight Instream issues one or more return codes after validation is successful.

The standalone executable in the Bin directory of Foresight Instream is:

Windows	<b>HVInStream.exe</b>
UNIX	<b>HVInStream</b>

Control returns when the validation completes, and your procedures then examine the output files to determine the success or failure of the validation.

The command line has the following case-sensitive parameters. Use quotation marks around paths or filenames that contain spaces.

*InstreamExecutable* **-iInFile** **-oOutpath** **-g(or -xg)Guideline**  
**-sStartupProfile** **-a -c -D -d -f -m -r -u**

Parameters	Description
<p><b>Important:</b> All HVInStream options are <b>case-sensitive</b>.  <b>Spaces</b> are significant.  Use <b>double quotation marks</b> around paths that have spaces.</p>	
<i>InstreamExecutable</i>	<p>Foresight Instream executable, including path:</p> <p><b>HVInStream.exe</b> (Windows)</p> <p><b>HVInStream</b> (UNIX)</p>
i	(Required) input file: Path and filename of an EDI data file.
o	<p>(Required) output file: File name for the results file and the path to which it must be saved.</p> <p>The detail file will use the file name that you specify and the summary file will use the same file name preceded with "Summary_".</p> <p>The directory must already exist. If the output files already exist, they will be overwritten.</p> <p>The filename is optional. Default output filenames are FS_Output and Summary_Output.</p>
xo	<p><b>XML output:</b> Desired path and file name for the results file. Optional but recommended.</p> <p>See <i>TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Using XML</i> for details.</p>
g	<p><b>guideline</b> – a guideline to use for validation. Required for flat file data. Optional but recommended for EDI data. For XML data, use the <b>xg</b> parameter instead.</p> <p>If using a standard, it must be located in Foresight Instream's Static directory. If using a guideline, it must be in the Database directory of Foresight Instream.</p> <p>If <b>-g</b> is omitted, Foresight Instream checks to see if trading partner automation is enabled and if a match can be found that</p>

Parameters	Description
	<p>way.</p> <p>If not, it checks the \$dir.ini or fsdir.ini for a GuidelineBestFit=0 setting. If it finds it, validation is canceled and a return code of 140 is issued.</p> <p>Otherwise, Foresight Instream picks the guideline that best fits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For X12-based data, it matches the data's GS08 (X12) or UNG07 (EDIFACT) with the VRI of a guideline.</li> <li>• For EDIFACT-based data, it matches the UNG UNG07 (01 and 02, plus 03 if it exists). If there is no UNG, it uses the UNH02 (02, 03, and 05 if available).</li> </ul> <p>The detail results file shows a message confirming the guideline for each GS or UNH segment for which the best fit guideline is used.</p> <p>If you are using envelope-based partner automation (see <i>TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Trading Partner Automation</i>, using <code>-g</code> on the command line causes Foresight Instream to ignore the partner automation entirely.</p> <p>If you are using content-based partner automation, you can use <code>-g</code> to load the guideline that has the content-based partner automation rules.</p> <p><b>Recommendation:</b> Since TIBCO Foresight distributes HIPAA guidelines that include types 1 and 2 and also HIPAA guidelines for types 1 through 7, it is advisable to use <code>-g</code>.</p>
xg	<p><b>XML g</b> guideline: Guideline to use for validating XML data. Optional but recommended.</p> <p>See <i>TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Using XML</i> for details.</p>
a	<p>(Primarily for TIBCO Foresight use)</p> <p><b>Automator mode:</b> Uses these file extensions for output, regardless of what is specified with the <code>-o</code> parameter:</p>

Parameters	Description
	DTL for the detailed results file RPT for the report card SUM for the summary file
c	configuration file location: The high-level directory containing \$dir.ini (Windows) or fsdir.ini (UNIX). For details, refer <a href="#">Specifying Alternate INI Files</a>
d	Not available for EDIFACT-based data. <b>Document-only validation:</b> Ignore the ISA and GS and only validate the segments between ST and SE. If you use <b>-d</b> , you must also use <b>-D</b> . For details, refer <a href="#">Document-Only Processing</a>
D	Not available for EDIFACT-based data. <b>Delimiters for document-only validation</b> (segments ST-SE, no ISA, and GS). Parameters: <i>"segTerminator,elemSeparator,componentSeparator"</i> Possible formats: integer Example: <code>-D"29,30,31"</code> hexadecimal Example: <code>-D"0x1E,0x1F,0x1D"</code> character Example: <code>-D" ~*:"</code> <div> <b>Important:</b> <b>-D</b> must come before <b>-d</b> in the command-line. </div> <a href="#">Document-Only Processing</a>
f	table file server – use the Table File Server. This gives faster processing if you are validating many very small files. See page <a href="#">Appendix A: Return Codes</a> .

Parameters	Description
m	<p>Original file information - lets you insert the literal file name, date and hour of file creation, the EDI file's size, and its pathname into a GEN record with number 15077. This is for your use; Transaction Insight® displays it and lets you use it in searches on the Transmissions Summary page.</p> <p>Parameters: <i>"mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm:ss fileSize pathName"</i></p> <p>All parameters are required.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>-m"02/14/2005 14:55:19 2032 C:/HVInStream/DemoData/835-DEMO1.TXT"</pre> <p>Instead of <b>-m</b> on the validation command line, you can use <code>useinputfileasoriginal=1</code> in <code>Importer.ini</code>. This collects the information from the STRT record in the validation detail file.</p> <p>If you import data validated with <b>-m</b> into Transaction Insight, it takes up additional database space.</p>
r	<p><b>report card:</b> Creates a formatted report summarizing the results. The report card will be in a file called <b>Report_resultsfilename.txt</b>.</p>
s	<p><b>startup profile:</b> Profile (APF) file. Optional; default is <code>\$fsdefault.apf</code> (Windows and UNIX)</p> <p>Parameter: <i>"path"</i></p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>-s"S:\shared profiles\MyProfile.apf"</pre> <p>Please see <i>TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)</i> for details.</p>
tr	Transaction Insight revalidation (error correction).
u	<b>user message:</b> free-form text. Allows you to insert whatever text

Parameters	Description
	<p>you'd like in a GEN record with number 15078. This is for your use. Transaction Insight can display it.</p> <p>Parameter: <i>"some text"</i></p> <p>Example: -u"From Sock 2"</p> <p>Resulting GEN record: GEN                    015078 1 0From Sock 2</p>
-version	<p>Displays the release/version of the Foresight Instream software.</p> <p>Example: -version</p> <p>Sample output: HIPAA Validator InStream version 9.3.0 [Build 011r(64 bit): 11/8/2021]</p>

If you execute Foresight Instream with no parameters, you will see the version and a list of parameters.

## Command Line Examples

The commands below validate this file: `EDI.txt`

And creates these results files: `Results.txt`

`Summary_Results.txt`

### Windows Example

All input and output files are in the **C:\Files** directory.

```
"C:\Foresight\Instream\Bin\HVInStream.exe" -i"C:\Files\EDI.txt"
-o"C:\Files\Results.txt" -gPDSA837I
```

### UNIX Example

All input and output files are in the **/Files** directory.

```
export FSINSTREAMINI=/HVInStream/bin
export LIBPATH=/HVInStream/bin:$LIBPATH
/HVInStream/bin/HVInStream -i"/Files/EDI.txt" -o"/Files/Results.txt"
```



gPDSA837I

## Sample Batch or Script Files

The files that TIBCO Foresight installs in Foresight Instream's **Scripts** folder contain examples of validation. Some also execute Docsplitter, DataSwapper, or Response Generator after validating. Please see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Index of TIBCO Foresight Validation Demo Files* for details.

## Document-Only Processing

Available for X12 messages only.

The command-line parameters `-D` and `-d` work together to validate EDI with no delimiters as follows. If the command-line has `-d`, it must also have `-D`.

ISA/GS present in data	✓		✓		✓	
<code>-D</code> on command-line	✓	✓	✓	✓		
<code>-d</code> on command-line	✓	✓			✓	✓
Delimiters used for validation	<code>-D</code>	<code>-D</code>	<code>-D</code>	ISA	Error	Error

## Specifying Alternate INI Files

Many configuration features of Foresight Instream are defined in the `$Dir.ini` file (Windows) and the `fsdir.ini` file (UNIX). This file allows you to specify the name and location of error message files, set up partner automation, and set certain other options.

Foresight Instream automatically reads this file from the Foresight Instream Bin directory when you request a validation.

When you do not want to use the settings in your usual `$Dir.ini` or `fsdir.ini` file in the Foresight Instream Bin directory, you can point to a different one with the `-c` command-line parameter.

The format is:

`-c"path"`

Where *path* is the high-level directory containing a Bin directory which must contain:

- \$Dir.ini or fsdir.ini
- fscint.ini (only needed here if you are using the table file server)

### Example

set InStreamRoot=C:\Foresight\Instream

```
%InStreamRoot%\Bin\HVInStream.exe"
-i"%InStreamRoot%\DemoData\Tutorial837IA.txt"
-o"%InStreamRoot%\Output\Tutorial837IA_Results.txt"
-gPDSA837I -c"C:\OtherINI"
```

**C:\OtherINI\Bin** contains:

- \$dir.ini or fsdir.ini

## EDIFACT Escape Characters

If the segment terminator, data element separator, or subelement separator appears in the data itself, it should be preceded with an escape character (usually a question mark) to indicate that it is data rather than a separator. For instance, your segment terminator is a single quote. Your data is **Bob's Restaurant** so your data should read **Bob?'s Restaurant**.

To include a ? in the data, use two consecutive ?? . To include ? in the data, use two consecutive ?? . To include two ?? , use ???? since each ? escapes only one character.

To change the escape character from a question mark, the data file being validated should start with a UNA Service String Advice that contains a different escape character.

## Application Program Interface

You can integrate Foresight Instream validation into another of your applications either statically (for C/C++) or dynamically (for C/C++, C#, and Java).

An advantage of an API interface is that you can read and act on results as they come back, rather than waiting for a file to be created. You can also stop the validation anytime, based on the type or number of errors.

The API can pass both the inbound data and the resulting output via common memory or file. Common memory is normally the most efficient way of connecting, but *large* documents should be called files.

For details, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® API*.

# Validation Results

Foresight Instream Validator writes a summary and a detailed results file for each EDI file validated.

<b>Summary File</b>	Check it to see how many errors, warnings were found. For details, refer <a href="#">Summary Results</a> .
<b>Detail File</b>	Check it to see specifics about the validation: error and warning messages, general messages. For details, refer <a href="#">Detail Results</a>

Both files:

- Consist of records that start with a one- to five-character record identifier or “tag,” left-justified in a field five characters wide.
- Contains the output from the validation of a single EDI data file.

## Summary Results

This file is named **Summary-xxx** where *xxx* is the name of the detailed output file. This file contains these five records that summarize the validation results:

VER	The version number of the output file format	See page <a href="#">VER: Version Record</a>
STRT	Date and time when validation started, name and location of file validated	See page <a href="#">IDENT: Unique Identifier Record</a>
SVRTY	Message count by severity	See page <a href="#">SVRTY: Error Severity Summary Record for File</a>
ETYPE	Message count by type	See page <a href="#">ETYPE: Error Type Summary Record for File</a>
END	Information about the file just validated	See page <a href="#">END: End Validation Record</a>

To see an example, run one of the files in the **Scripts** directory of Foresight Instream and then look in the **Output** directory of Foresight Instream for a filename that contains the word **Summary**.

## Detail Results

The detailed results file contains the details of the validation. Its name and location are specified with the **-o** command line parameter.

The file has the following structure.

VER

STRT

*body* (GEN, DTL, EDAT, EMSG, ESEG, SVRTS, ETYPS, Custom Z records)

SVRTY

ETYPE

END

Each DTL record will be followed by an EMSG and ESEG and possibly an EDAT. Don't assume the order of EMSG, ESEG, and EDAT.

## TA1

Foresight Instream produces a TA1 file under these conditions:

- GuidelineBestFit=0 in the **\$dir.ini/fsdir.ini**
- No guideline is provided on the command line
- No guideline is identified by trading partner automation (GS01 or GS08 is missing)

## Line Numbers

Line numbers appear throughout the validation detail file, XML report, and delimited report of Foresight Instream.

### Example from detail file

DTL	21	2100 NM11036	18 4	...
EMSG	21Element	NM104 (D.E. 1036)	at col. 18	...

### Example from validation XML report

```
- <Error line="35" msgID="34015" severity="3" type="5" loopI
  segPos="32" elmPos="2" compPos="-1">
  <Message>The Modifier Code 02 was not valid for date
  <Element>20020108</Element>
  <Segment line="35">DTM*472*20020108~</Segment>
</Error>
```

This is the line number where the error was discovered, but not always the line number where the problem occurred. In some cases, it cannot be determined that a segment has an error until later in the transaction.

For example, balancing rules have to be run at the end of a loop. Foresight Instream becomes aware of the loop ending when it encounters the first segment after the loop ends. It then makes the balancing comparison and uses its current line number – the first segment after the loop. This is the line number that will appear in the DTL record.

## Record Definitions

### CSEG: Current Segment Data Record

The CSEG record is variable in length and contains the actual contents of the EDI segment currently being processed.

By default, CSEG records are not included in the output as their presence inflates the size of the detail file. To include CSEG records in the output, set CSEG=1 in the APF file. For details, see the **Detail Record Output** section of *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

CSEG Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (CSEG)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Segment Data	n	16	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **CSEG** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Segment Data

Contains the complete EDI segment.

## CTX: Context Record for Response Generator 999

Now, you have three options for 5010 999 Errata CTX records:

- No CTX records (the default)
- TIBCO Foresight supplied CTX records
- Your custom CTX records

These are explained in *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Response Generator*, Appendix H: CTX Segments in Response Generator 999s.

### Example

The underlined information is static text.

CTX record in a DTL file:

CTX 19|CTX02|14,32001

The corresponding segment in a 999:

CTX\*SITUATIONAL TRIGGER\*SBR\*14\*\*2\*1069~

CTX Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (CTX)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Vertical Bar	1	16	17
CTX02	5	17	21
Vertical Bar	1	22	23
Line # for 1st seg.	varies	23	
, ( <i>comma</i> )	1		
Error #	5		

### Record Tag

Identifies the type of record: CTX.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### CTX02

Currently, this is always CTX02.

### Line # for 1st seg

Line number in the EDI file for the first segment in the situational relationship. The ST is segment 1.

### Error #



Error number generated when the situational relationship is violated. This must be in the [RespGen Overrides] section of the validation APF used with Response Generator.

Example: CTX50001=CTX,32001,SBR,,2,,,1069

## DTL: Detailed Message Record

The DTL record is fixed length and contains detailed information about a warning, error, or information message generated by Foresight Instream validation.

The DTL record will be followed by an EMSG and ESEG record. It may also be followed by an EDAT record and one or more EMSG, EDAT, and ESEG records, depending on the error encountered.

DTL Record Layout				
Field	Length	Start	End	Notes
Record Tag (DTL)	5	1	5	
Line #	10	6	15	
Loop/Group ID	6	16	21	
Seg ID	4	22	25	
Elem ID	4	26	29	
Comp ID	4	30	33	
Seg Pos	10	34	43	
Elem Pos	2	44	45	
SubElem Pos	2	46	47	
Loop/Group Repeat Count	10	48	57	
Element Repeat	10	58	67	4020 or later

DTL Record Layout				
Field	Length	Start	End	Notes
999 IK3-04	3	68	70	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
999 IK4-03	3	71	73	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
Filler	4	74	77	
Error #	5	78	82	
Severity	2	83	84	
Seg Ordinal Number	5	85	89	
HIPAA Type	1	90	90	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
997 AK304	2	91	92	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
997 AK403	2	93	94	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
824 TED01	3	95	97	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
824 TED02	3	98	100	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
277 STC01-02	5	101	105	not in EDIFACT or TRADACOMS
Filler	5	106	110	
Application Data	20	111	130	right justified

### Record Tag

Contains **DTL** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

**Loop/Group ID**

Contains the identifier of the lowest level loop or group when the DTL record was generated. This field will be blank when the message is associated with an object that is outside any loop or group.

**Seg ID**

Contains the segment identifier in effect when the DTL record was generated. This segment ID may not be the one that caused the error. Instead, it is the segment being processing when the error was detected.

Example: An N2 segment is required in the NM1 loop. Foresight Instream does not know that it is missing until it encounters the N3 segment and notices that the N2 segment was not seen. The Segment ID in the 'Missing Segment' message will be N3, not N2. Also see the Segment Ordinal Number field, below.

**Elem ID**

Contains the element identifier corresponding to the message in the DTL record. If the message is not related to an element, this field is blank.

**Comp ID**

Contains the composite identifier corresponding to the message in the DTL record. If the message is not related to a composite, this field is blank.

**Seg Pos**

Contains a sequential number indicating where the segment is located in the input file. This is the segment being processed when the error was detected, not necessarily the segment that *caused* the message to be generated. The numbering starts at **0** at each ST or UNH and increments through the set or message. It starts over at the next ST or UNH.

**Elem Pos**

Contains the position number of the element or composite in the segment that caused the message, starting with **1**. If the message is not related to an element, this field is blank.

**SubElem Pos**

Contains the position number of the subelement within the composite that caused the message, starting with **1**. If the message is not related to a composite, this field is blank.

**Loop/Group Repeat Count**

Shows the iteration of the loop or group. For example, if the error is within the second iteration of the claim loop for a particular dependent, then this value is 2.

## Element Repeat

X12-4020 and later. Shows which position a repeating element occupies. Example: If the element repeats three times and the error is in the second one, this field will contain 2.

### 999 IK3-04

Used in X12 999 responses only. The Implementation Segment Syntax Error Code for this error number. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

### 999 IK4-03

Used in X12 999 responses only. The Implementation Data Element Syntax Error Code for this error number. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

## Filler

Blank field reserved for future development.

## Error #

Contains the ID number of the error.

## Severity

Contains the severity of the error, one of these:

- 0 Ignore
- 1 Informational
- 2 Warning
- 3 Error
- 4 Fatal Error
- 5 User Level 1
- 6 User Level 2

## Seg Ordinal Number

Contains the ordinal (internal key) number of the segment that *caused* the message. The ordinal number is mainly for internal use by TIBCO Foresight. Unlike the Seg ID field, this segment will be the one that is referenced by the message, not the current segment being processed.

Let's use the same example from the Seg ID field above. An N2 segment is required in the NM1 loop. The validator does not know that it is missing until it encounters the N3 segment and notices that the N2 segment was not seen. The Segment Ordinal Number in the 'Missing Segment' message will be for the N2, not the N3.

### **HIPAA (WEDI SNIP) Type**

The WEDI SNIP Type field contains the HIPAA type of the error. The valid types and their meanings are:

- 0** General messages. TIBCO Foresight assigns messages to Type 0 if they do not deal with WEDI SNIP type errors or warnings.
- 1** EDI Syntax
- 2** Syntactical Requirement (within HIPAA Validator® Desktop, this is combined with 1)
- 3** Balancing
- 4** Situation
- 5** Code Set
- 6** Product Types or Lines of Service
- 7** Payer Specific
- 8** Partner Specific (within HIPAA Validator Desktop, this is shown as a P)

### **997 AK304**

Used in X12 997 responses only. The Segment Syntax Error Code for this error number. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

### **997 AK403**

Used in X12 997 responses only. The Element Syntax Error Code for this error number. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

### **824 TED01**

Used in X12 824 responses only. Application Error Condition Code for this error number. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

### **824 TED02**

Used in X12 824 responses only. Technical Error Description Free Form Message for this error number. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

### 277 STC01-02 code

Used in X12 277 responses only. Health care claim status code. This field is mapped from the **Warning Levels** section of the **APF** file used. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

### Application Data

For your use. This field is mapped from the APF file's **Warning Levels** section. It is the last item in the error's definition. The data is right-justified in the field.

Example usage: Store your error number that corresponds to the TIBCO Foresight error number. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

## EDAT: EDI Error Data Record

The EDAT record is variable in length and contains the actual data that caused the warning, error, or information message referred to by the preceding DTL record.

The EDAT record follows and further describes, a DTL record. Only one EDAT record occurs for a DTL record.

If no specific data is involved in the error (example: missing segment), then no EDAT record is written; since there would be no data to show.

EDAT Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EDAT)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error Data	N	16	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **EDAT** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Error Data

Contains the data that caused the error.

## EDTL: Detailed Message Record for XML Data

For details about XML, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Using XML*.

The EDTL record is variable in length and contains detailed information about a warning, error, or information message generated by Foresight Instream when validating XML or flat file data.

The flat file format is documented separately on [EDTL: Detailed Message Record for Flat File Data](#).

The EDTL record will be followed by an EMSG record ESEG record and may be followed by an EDAT record, depending on the error encountered.

### Example:

```
EDTL 16|/PO/BT_COUNTRY/||BT_COUNTRY|13| || ||18244|3|
```

EDTL Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EDTL)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable length and each is preceded by a vertical bar			
Path from root		17	
Group Repeat Count			

EDTL Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
"Segment" ID			
Position			
Not used for XML			
Not used for XML			
Not used for XML			
Not used for XML			
Error #			
Severity			

### Record Tag

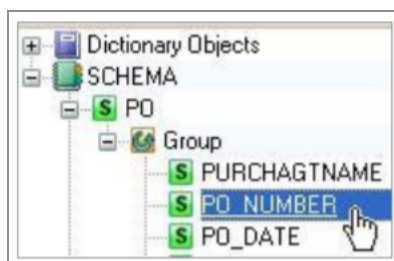
Contains **EDTL** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the XML data file up to the point where this record is generated.

### Path from root

Contains the path from the root to the element containing the error. Slashes separate each part of the path. If this element had an error, the EDTL would contain a path of /PO/PO\_NUMBER/:



### Group Repeat Count



The iteration of the group, if applicable.

### “Segment” ID

The ID of the “segment” to which the message pertains:



### Position

The first character position where the error was detected. In this example, USA is not an acceptable value so the position is 13 because the “U” is the 13<sup>th</sup> position from the start of the tag:

```
<BT_COUNTRY>USA</BT_COUNTRY>
```

↑

### Error#

Contains the ID number of the error.

### Severity

Contains the severity of the error, one of these:

<b>0</b>	Ignore	<b>4</b>	Fatal Error
<b>1</b>	Informational	<b>5</b>	User Level 1
<b>2</b>	Warning	<b>6</b>	User Level 2
<b>3</b>	Error		

### Application Data

For your use. This field is mapped from the APF file’s **Warning Levels** section. It is the last item in the error’s definition. Example usage: Store your error number that corresponds to the TIBCO Foresight error number. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

## EDTL: Detailed Message Record for Flat File Data

For details about flat files, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Using Flat Files*

The EDTL record is variable in length and contains detailed information about a warning, error, or information message generated by Foresight Instream when validating XML or flat file data.

The XML version of this record is documented separately at [EDTL: Detailed Message Record for XML Data](#).

The EDTL record will be followed by an EMSG record ESEG record and may be followed by an EDAT record, depending on the error encountered.

**Example:**

EDTL 5||0|PETS|SPEC|2||0|2|10605|3|

EMSG 5Code Value "PARAKEET" not found in the dictionary ...

EDAT 5PARAKEET

ESEG 5PETS\*JENNY\*PARAKEET\*BLUE!

EDTL Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EDTL)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
<b>The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar</b>			
Loop ID		17	
Loop Repeat Count			
Segment ID			
Element ID			
Element Position			
Subelement ID			
Subelement Position			

EDTL Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Ordinal Number			
Error #			
Severity			
Application Data			

### Record Tag

Contains **EDTL** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the data file up to the point where this record is generated.

### Loop ID

Contains the identifier of the lowest level loop where the EDTL record was generated. This field will be blank when the message is associated with an object that is outside any loop.

### Loop Repeat Count

Shows the iteration of the loop containing the error. For example, if the error is within the second iteration of a repeating loop, then this value is 2.

### Segment ID

Contains the record identifier in effect when the EDTL record was generated. This segment ID may not be the one that caused the error. Instead, it is the segment being processing when the error was detected.

### Element ID

Contains the field tag that generated the message. This may not be what caused the error, but it was being processed when the error was detected.

### Element Position

The position number of the field in the record that caused the message, starting with **1**. If the message is not related to an element, this field is blank.

**Subelement ID**

Contains the identifier of the field within a complex field.

**Subelement Position**

Contains the position number of the field within the complex field that caused the message, starting with **1**.

**Ordinal Number**

Contains the ordinal (internal key) number of the record that caused the message. The ordinal number is mainly for internal use by TIBCO Foresight. This will be the one that is referenced by the message, not the current record being processed.

**Error #**

Contains the ID number of the error.

**Severity**

Contains the severity of the error, one of these:

- 0** Ignore
- 1** Informational
- 2** Warning
- 3** Error
- 4** Fatal Error
- 5** User Level 1
- 6** User Level 2

**Application Data**

For your use. This field is mapped from the APF file's **Warning Levels** section. It is the last item in the error's definition. Example usage: Store your error number that corresponds to the TIBCO Foresight error number. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

**ELOC: Error Location Record**

The ELOC record is variable in length and contains the names of elements, composites, segments, and loops to identify the location of errors in business language rather than for an EDI specialist. It is generated for errors in the 10000-29999 range only.

If ELOC=1 in the validation APF:

- An ELOC record appears in the detail file after an EMSG record that refers to an error.
- An ELOC record appears in a Response Generator custom report if the custom report template contains the %ErrMsg\_NonTech% variable.
- Transaction Insight Portal users will see this information if they select Non-technical messages.

**Demo** V\_RG\_837P\_4010\_textrpt\_ELOC in the Scripts directory of Instream.

## Output Examples using ELOC=1 in APF

### 1. Detail file entry. Data is EDI.

#### Example:

```
EMSG 6Element NM103 (D.E. 1035) at col. 10 is missing, though marked
      "Must Be Used"
```

```
ELOC 6\Name Last or Organization Name\Submitter Name
```

### 2. Response Generator custom report entry with %ErrMsg\_NonTech% variable in report template. Data is EDI.

#### Example:

%ErrMsg%	Clm: The field Name Last or Organization Name field of the Other Payer Name
%ErrMsg_NonTech%	Clm: The field Name Last or Organization Name field of the Other Payer Name information in the Claim Information/Other Subscriber Information area at col. 10 is missing though it was marked in the guideline as "Must Be Used".

### 3. Detail file entry. Data is XML with an error in the tag.

#### Example:

EDTL	5  0 PETS SPEC 2  0 2 10605 3
EMSG	13Expected end of tag 'ST_CITY'
EDAT	13

ESEG	13<BT_CITY>DAMASCUS</BT_CITY>
ELOC	13ST_CITY/PO/ST_CITY/

## Record Layout

ELOC Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (ELOC)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Location Text	N	16	EOL

## Record Tag

Contains **ELOC** to identify the type of record.

## Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that does not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

## Location Text

A variable-length field that contains the name of the loop, segment, composite, and element referred to by the preceding DTL record.

## EMSG: Error Message Record

The EMSG record is variable in length and contains the actual text of the warning, error, or information message referred to by the preceding DTL record.

The EMSG record only occurs after a DTL record. It further describes the DTL record. One EMSG record occurs for each DTL record.

EMSG Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EMSG)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error Message Text	N	16	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **EMSG** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a newline character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Error Message Text

A variable in length field that contains the text of the error, warning, or informational message referred to by the preceding DTL record.

## END: End Validation Record

The END record is variable in length and occurs once at the end of the detail and summary files. It contains various pieces of information about the file just validated.

END Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (END)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error #	5	16	20

END Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Severity	2	21	22
Date/Time	17	23	39
FileName Msg	N	40	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **END** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

The number of physical lines in the EDI data file. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Error #

Contains the error number of the 'Analysis Completed' message (by default, this is 10006).

### Severity

Contains the severity code of the 'Analysis Completed' message (by default, this is 1).

### Date/Time

Contains the data and time that the validation completed in the format *MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS* (a single space separates the date and time).

### FileName Msg

Contains the name and size of the EDI data file just validated. The format of this message is 'Analysis of file *filename* complete' where *filename* is the full path and filename of the EDI data file.

## ENDS: End Record for Transaction Set or Message

The ENDS record is fixed in the length and occurs once at the end of each transaction set or message.



ENDS Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (ENDS)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Segment Count	10	16	25
ST/SE Control #	9	26	34

### Record Tag

Contains **ENDS** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Segment Count

The actual number of segments in this transaction set or message, including:

X12:	ST and SE
EDIFACT:	UNH and UNT

This is NOT simply a repeat of the value in the SE01 or UNT01 and it does not include:

X12:	ISA, GS, GE, or IEA
EDIFACT:	UNB, UNG, UNE, and UNZ

### ST/SE Control #

---

X12: The SE02 value for the transaction is set for this ENDS record.

---

EDIFACT: The UNT02 value for the message for this ENDS record.

---

## ESEG: Error Segment Data Record

The ESEG record varies in the length and contains the actual contents of the EDI segment that caused the warning, error, or information message referred to by the preceding DTL record.

If the message refers to specific data, then an ESEG record will follow, and further describe a DTL record. Only one ESEG record will occur for a DTL record.

Some errors don't refer to particular data, and these will have no ESEG record. For example, a missing segment won't generate an EMSG record since it has no data to show.

ESEG Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (ESEG)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Segment Data	N	16	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **ESEG** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Segment Data

Contains the complete EDI segment where the message was generated.

## ETYPE: Error Type Summary Record for File

The ETYPE record is fixed in length and occurs once at the end of the detail and summary files. It contains a count of messages by type, including messages referring to enveloping segments.

You can see an error type in the Warning Levels section of the APF file being used for the validation. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*.

ETYPE RecordLayout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (ETYPE)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Type 0 Count    type 0	10	16	25
EDI Syntax Count    type 1	10	26	35
Syntactical Requirement    type 2	10	36	45
Balancing Count    type 3	10	46	55
Situation Count    type 4	10	56	65
Code Set Count    type 5	10	66	75
Product Count    type 6	10	76	85
Payer Count    type 7	10	86	95
Partner Count    type 8	10	96	105

### Record Tag

Contains **ETYPE** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the entire EDI data file, including all enveloping. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### **Type 0 Count**

Contains the number of Type 0 messages in the entire EDI data file. TIBCO Foresight uses Type 0 for general messages that do not deal with EDI errors or warnings.

### **Error Type Count Fields**

Contain the number of errors for each error type in the entire EDI data file.

## **ETYPS: Error Type Summary Record for Transaction Set or Message**

The ETYPS record is fixed in length and occurs on every SE or UNT segment in the EDI data file. It contains the total number of errors, by type, in the transaction set or message. It does not include errors in the interchange or functional group enveloping.

<b>ETYPS Record Layout</b>			
<b>Field</b>	<b>Length</b>	<b>Start</b>	<b>End</b>
Record Tag (ETYPS)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Type 0 count    type 0	10	16	25
EDI Syntax Count    type 1	10	26	35
Syntactical Requirement    type 2	10	36	45
Balancing Count    type 3	10	46	55
Situation Count    type 4	10	56	65
Code Set Count    type 5	10	66	75
Product Count    type 6	10	76	85

ETYPS Record Layout				
Field		Length	Start	End
Payer Count	type 7	10	86	95
Partner Count	type 8	10	96	105

### Record Tag

Contains **ETYPS** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Type 0 Count

Contains the number of Type 0 messages in the transaction set or message. TIBCO Foresight uses Type 0 for general messages that do not deal with EDI errors or warnings.

### Error Type Count Fields

Contain the number of errors, by type, in the transaction set or message.

## EVALU: Element Value Record

EVALU records display the data in an EDI element. Currently, no TIBCO Foresight guidelines create EVALU records and TIBCO Foresight programs do not use them after they are created in the validation detail results file.

If you are working with XML data, refer to [SVALU: Segment Value Record](#)

They will be generated if:

- The APF file used for validation contains EVALU=1.
- You have added EVALU records to the guideline with EDISIM Standards Editor (see below).

To create EVALU records for your use:

1. Right-click on an element in Standards Editor and select **DSR Mark**.

A pop-up box allows you to change the default structure ID. You will need the Standards Editor that ships with EDISIM 5.14 or later.

2. (If HIPAA)

Merge the guideline.

Use Foresight Instream to validate with the merged guideline.

3. (If not HIPAA)

Copy the guideline to the Database directory of Foresight Instream and validate with it.

**Example:** This displays the data for the data in the ST-02 element. It shows that the element is in the segment at line 3 in the data; the second element in the segment; and has a value of 0386.

```
EVALU 3|ST_02|1|2|0|0386
```

You can prevent EVALU segments from being created by setting EVALU=0 in the APF file.

EVALU Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EVALU)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar			
Structure ID		17	
Segment Position			
Element position			
Subelement position			
Element value			end of record

## Record Tag

Contains **EVALU** to identify the type of record.

**Line#**

The number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where the EVALU is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

**Structure ID**

The variable name assigned to the element. For details, refer [HIPAA Structure ID Chart](#).

**Segment Position**

The ordinal position of the segment that contains the element. This is roughly equal to the position of the segment in the guideline when used and unused segments are all taken into account.

**Element position**

The position of the element within its segment.

**Subelement position**

The position of the subelement within its composite, if the data is in a subelement. Otherwise, this will be 0.

**Element data**

The data in the element.

**GEN: General Message Record**

The GEN record is fixed in length and contains informational messages generated by the validation. They mark such things as the start of interchange.

Please see [Displaying Version Information in the Results File](#) for some additional fields that Foresight Instream can add to the end of GEN records.

Please see *TIBCO Foresight® ICD-10 Conversion Adapter ICD-9 and ICD-10 at TIBCO Foresight* for the format of the GEN record created by ICD business rules.

GEN Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (GEN)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error #	5	16	20
Severity	2	21	22
Type	2	23	24
Message	N	25	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **GEN** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Error #

Contains the ID number of the error message that is included within the GEN record.

### Severity

Contains the severity of the error message that is included within the GEN record, one of the following numbers:

- 0** Ignore
- 1** Informational
- 2** Warning
- 3** Error
- 4** Fatal Error



**5** User Level 1**6** User Level 2**Type**

Contains the type of informational message encountered. Generally, this will be 0 in a GEN record, but you can map the error number to a HIPAA type in the APF file. The valid type codes and their meanings are:

- 0** General message; not an EDI error or warning
- 1** EDI Syntax
- 2** Syntactical Requirement (within HIPAA Validator Desktop, this is combined with 1)
- 3** Balancing
- 4** Situation
- 5** Code Set
- 6** Product Types or Lines of Service
- 7** Payer Specific
- 8** Partner Specific (within HIPAA Validator Desktop this is shown as a **P**)

**Message**

A variable length field containing the actual message text.

If you have this line in the [Options] section of your **\$Dir.ini** in the **Bin** directory of Foresight Instream, this will be an FSUID. Please see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® FSUIDs and Application Documents*.

**GEN record 17021**

Document types and message references:

- EDIFACT  
Document type(1), Message reference(UN)
- FlatFile  
Document type(2), Message reference(flatfile)
- XML

Document type(3), Message reference(XML)

- TRADACOM

Document type(4), Message reference(DT)

- X12

The message is not written out

## IDENT: Unique Identifier Record

The IDENT record contains a unique identifier (TIBCO Foresight Unique ID or FSUID) to identify a part of the input data passed to Foresight Instream.

In this example, an IDENT record is generated for each subscriber CLM segment:

STRUS	31 2300 0 1 1159
SVALU	31 S009 464 CLM*2235057*460.00***25:B:1*N*A*N*I'
IDENT	31 I 32f31986-efdc-11de-a384-f131e23d4046 1
DTL	31 2300 CLM1332C023 28 5 2 1

IDENT Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (IDENT)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are separated by vertical bars			
RuleID	1	17	
FSUID	varies	19	at vertical bar
SystemID	varies		at vertical bar
Reserved	varies		end of record

### Record Tag

Contains **IDENT** to identify the type of record.

**Line #**

The number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where the IDENT is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

**RuleID**

Shows which business rule created it. Contains:

- **M** if the record was created by a Match business rule
- **I** if the record was created by an Identify business rule

**FSUID**

TIBCO Foresight User ID, a unique 37-character ID. Should never be repeated in an IDENT record.

**SystemID**

ID to identify the Foresight Instream system used for validation. It always contains 1 for the initial Foresight Instream run (this is the only system defined by default in TI). If the record contains a SystemID other than 1, define the system in TI under Settings | External System Setting before attempting to import the detail file.

**Reserved**

Reserved for future development.

**STRT: Start Validation Record**

The STRT record is variable in length and occurs once in the detail and summary results files. It is the second record in the file. It contains the date and time that validation started and the name, location, and size of the EDI data file.

STRT Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (STRT)	5	1	5

STRT Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Line #	10	6	15
Error #	5	16	20
Severity	2	21	22
Date/Time	17	23	39
FileName Msg	N	40	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **STRT** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Always contains 0, since this record is generated before the validation of any segments.

### Error #

Contains the error number of the 'Analysis Requested' message (10002).

### Severity

Contains the severity code of the 'Analysis Requested' message (1 by default).

### Date/Time

Contains the date and time that the validation was started in the format *MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS* (a single space separates the date and time).

### FileName Msg

Contains the name and size of the EDI data file being validated. The format of this message is 'Analysis requested on file *filename*, *size* bytes long' where *filename* is the full path and file name of the EDI data file, and *size* is the number of bytes in the file.

## STRUE: Structure End Record

STRUE records mark the end of every interchange, functional group, transaction set or message, and loop or group.

They will be generated if the APF file used for validation contains STRUE=1. This is true regardless of which guideline is used for validation.

The start of the structure is marked with a STRUS record.

### Example

This marks the end of loop 1000A, which occurs at line 8 in the EDI data:

This marks the end of loop ISA, which occurs at line 100 in the EDI data:

```
STRUE      100|ISA|0|1|2693|0:11:0:5:0:0:0|11:0:5:0:0:0:0:0|IEA|2709
```

STRUE Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (STRUE)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID		17	
Document flag			
Instance			
Starting position			
Errors by severity			
Errors by type			
ID of ending segment			end of record
Ending position			

### Record Tag

Contains **STRUE** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

**Structure ID**

Contains the ID of the segment or loop/group that starts the structure. This field starts at character position 17 and ends with a vertical bar. For details, refer [HIPAA Structure ID Chart](#).

**Document flag**

This marks structures that you designate as application documents. The flag will match the one in the corresponding STRUS record (For details, refer [STRUS: Structure Start Record](#)).

Document flags are for your use and future enhancements within TIBCO Foresight products.

**Instance**

The first instance of the structure that is ending will be 1, the second will be 2, etc.

**Starting position**

The number of bytes at the start of the segment.

**Errors by severity**

The number of errors of each severity in the structure that is ending. Colons separate each severity.

**Errors by type**

The number of errors of each type in the structure that is ending. Colons separate each type.

**Ending segment ID**

The segment tag for the last segment in the structure.

**Ending position**

The number of bytes at the end of the segment.

## STRUS: Structure Start Record

STRUS records mark the start of every interchange, functional group, transaction set or message, and loop or group. A corresponding STRUE record marks the end of each structure.

They will be generated if the APF file used for validation contains STRUS=1. This is true regardless of which guideline is used for validation.

You can change the document flag in a STRUS record as described under the **Document flag** below.

**Example:** This marks the start of loop 1000A, which occurs at line 6 in the EDI data:

```
STRUE      6|1000A|0|1|255
```

STRUS Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record (STRUS)	5	1	5
Starting line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID		17	
Document flag			
Instance			
Starting position			End of record

### Record Tag

Contains **STRUS** to identify the type of record.

### Starting line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

**Structure ID**

Contains the ID of the segment or loop or group. This field starts at character position 17 and ends with a vertical bar.

**Document flag**

This marks loops or groups that you consider application documents. The flag is set to 0 by default and is set to 1 if you have designated this loop as an application document.

To designate this loop or group as an application document:

1. Right-click on the loop or group in Standards Editor and select **DSR Mark**. You will need the Standards Editor that ships with EDISIM 5.14 or later.
2. Merge the guideline with a TIBCO Foresight PD (e.g., PDSA5010834) guideline.
3. Validate with the merged guideline. The document flag for this STRUS will be 1 in the detail results file.

Document flags are for your use and future enhancements within TIBCO Foresight products.

**Instance**

If the structure occurs more than once in the transaction set or message, the instance identifies which one is being shown. For example, the first instance of a claim loop will be 1, the second instance will be 2, etc.

**Starting position**

This is the number of bytes from the beginning of the EDI data to the beginning of this structure.

**SVALU: Segment Value Record**

SVALU records display the data in an EDI segment or XML element.

They will be generated if:

- The APF file used for validation contains SVALU=1.
- The guideline used for validation is a PD guideline, a user guideline that generates SVALU records (see below), or a guideline merged from either of them.

To create SVALU records for your use:



1. Right-click on a segment in Standards Editor and select **DSR Mark**. A pop-up box allows you to change the default structure ID. You will need the Standards Editor that ships with EDISIM 5.14 or later.
2. (If HIPAA)  
Merge the guideline.  
Use Foresight Instream to validate with the merged guideline.
3. (If not HIPAA)  
Copy the guideline to the Database directory of Foresight Instream and validate with it.

**Example (EDI):** This displays the data for a claim segment, which has been given Structure ID S009 and is 37 lines and 464 bytes from the beginning of the EDI data.

```
SVALU      37|S009|464|CLM*1*100.00***11:A:1*N*A*N*A*****N**1
```

You can prevent SVALU segments from being created by setting SVALU=0 in the APF file. Do not do this if you are using Docsplitter.

SVALU Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (SVALU)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID	varies	17	varies
Structure position	varies	varies	varies
Segment data	varies	varies	end of record

Contains **SVALU** to identify the type of record.

### Line#

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

**Structure ID**

Contains the ID of the structure. This matches the ID of the corresponding TIBCO Foresight supplied Z-record that was discontinued in Foresight Instream 4.5.

shows where records with each Structure ID are generated.

**Structure position**

The ordinal position of the segment within the transaction set or message, according to the guideline.

**Segment data**

The entire EDI segment.

**SVRTS: Error Severity Summary Record for Transaction Set or Message**

The SVRTS record is fixed length and occurs on each SE or UNT segment. It contains the number of messages generated in that transaction set or message for each severity.

Severities are set in the validation's APF file. See *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Validation Profile Files (APF)*. for details.

SVRTS Record Layout				
Field		Length	Start	End
Record Tag (SVRTS)		5	1	5
Line #		10	6	15
Ignore Count	severity 0	10	16	25
Info Count	severity 1	10	26	35
Warning Count	severity 2	10	36	45
Error Count	severity 3	10	46	55
Fatal Count	severity 4	10	56	65

SVRTS Record Layout				
Field		Length	Start	End
User1 Count	severity 5	10	66	75
User2 Count	severity 6	10	76	85

### Record Tag

Contains **SVRTS** to identify the type of record.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Severity Error Count Fields

Contain the number of errors for each severity level.

## SVRTY: Error Severity Summary Record for File

The SVRTY record is fixed length and occurs once toward the end of the summary and detail results file. It contains a count of messages by severity level.

It is usually the next-to-last record in the file, just before the End record.

SVRTY Record Layout				
Field		Length	Start	End
Record Tag (SVRTY)		5	1	5
Ignore Count	severity 0	10	6	15
Info Count	severity 1	10	16	25

SVRTY Record Layout				
Field		Length	Start	End
Warning Count	severity 2	10	26	35
Error Count	severity 3	10	36	45
Fatal Count	severity 4	10	46	55
User1 Count	severity 5	10	56	65
User2 Count	severity 6	10	66	75

### Record Tag

Contains **SVRTY** to identify the type of record.

### Count Fields

Contain the number of errors for each severity.

## VER: Version Record

The VER record is variable length and occurs once in the detail and summary results files. It is the first record in the file and contains the version number of the output file format.

VER Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (VER)	5	1	5
Version	N	6	EOL

### Record Tag

Contains **VER** to identify the type of record.

### Version

Contains the version number of the output file in the format  $n1.n2$ , where  $n1$  is the major version number, which can be one or more digits, and  $n2$  is the minor version number.

## Z: Custom Data Record

You can include the contents of actual data fields in the output file. See **CustRec** in *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Business Rules*.

Z Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (Zaaaa)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Field 1 Data			
Field $n$ Data			

### Record Tag

Identifies the type of record. For this record, this field always starts with **Z** followed by one to four alphanumeric characters.

### Line #

Contains the number of physical lines in the EDI data file up to the point where this record is generated. If the EDI data is wrapped to fixed length blocks or has segment terminators that do not include a new-line character, the physical line number may not be a segment count.

### Field Data

Contains the contents of the specified variable name as defined in the guideline.

# Displaying Version Information in the Results File

You can display version, date, and time information at the end of the GEN records at the top of the validation detail results file. To do this, change this line in the **\$dir.ini** file:

```
:ShowVersion=0
```

to:

```
ShowVersion=1
```

Be sure to remove the leading colon.

This causes:

- Version information to appear at the end of these GEN records near the top of the file:

```
GEN 015072 1 0HIPAA Validator InStream (Version=9.3.0 [Build 011r(64
bit): 11/8/2021])
```

```
GEN 015040 1 0Loaded Profile from C:\Foresight\InStream\bin\fsdeflt.apf
(Version=9.3.0.0 Date=2021/11/10 10:39)
```

```
GEN 015074 1 0Message file loaded :
C:\Foresight\InStream\bin\FSANERRS.TXT (Version=9.3.0.0 Date=2021/11/10
10:39)
```

```
GEN 015075 1 0Message file loaded :
C:\Foresight\InStream\bin\FSBRERRS.TXT (Version=9.3.0.0 Date=2021/11/10
10:39)
```

```
GEN 015010 1 0Message file loaded :
C:\Foresight\InStream\bin\CustomerFSBRERRS.TXT (Date=2021/11/10 10:39)
```

```
GEN 015073 1 0HIPAA table loaded
D:\FINS\TIBCO\FINSHCE920V14\instream\9.3\Bin\fs_hipaa.dat
(Version=9.1.0.33 Date=2021/11/10 10:39)
```

- This record to appear:

```
GEN          015073 1 0HIPAA table loaded
C:\Foresight\InStream\Bin\fs_hipaa.dat (Version=6.1.0.1)
```

This information refers to the version and date of the file mentioned in the message.

# HIPAA External Code Tables

---

## Table File Server

The Table File Server is an application that loads the external code tables used during HIPAA validation. It provides faster processing of many very small EDI files since it preloads the code tables used during validation. It may slow processing for large files. For details, refer [Appendix B: Table File Server](#)

## Extending or Modifying Code Tables

You can add to or override codes in the HIPAA external code tables provided by TIBCO Foresight.

Example situations where you might want to do this:

- You receive an error message indicating that a code is invalid, but you are accepting the code.
- Foresight Instream does not flag a code as an error, and you want to have it flagged.

For details, see *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Deploying and Changing Code Tables*.

## Creating your Code Tables

You can create your code tables and use EDISIM Standards Editor to create rules that enforce them.

This is explained in detail in *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Business Rules*.

# Appendix A: Return Codes

---

## Foresight Instream Validation

Return Code	Meaning
100	Validation ran successfully.
110	Validation did not run successfully. The command line syntax is incorrect.
112	A JNI EXCEPTION was encountered when using the Java API.
115	MISSING TERMINATOR in the input data. (Note: This error causes validation to stop.)
120	There was a problem loading the HVInStream.DLL library.
129	<b>\$dir.ini</b> or <b>fsdir.ini</b> \$dir.ini was found but cannot be opened.
130	A problem occurred when initializing the validation engine caused by a setup problem (registry setup error) or <b>\$dir.ini</b> or <b>fsdir.ini</b> is missing or contains invalid paths.
131	<b>\$dir.ini</b> or <b>fsdir.ini</b> cannot be found.
132	Cannot access the "BASEROOT" specified in the \$dir.ini or fsdir.ini.
133	Cannot access the Database directory.
134	Generic failure to read ini settings.
140	A critical error prevented Validation from running successfully.



Return Code	Meaning
150	Cannot find or open FS_HIPAA.dat in the Bin directory.
180	The activity was cancelled by the user (when using API).
185	When running validation, Docsplitter, and Response Generator together from an API, Docsplitter failed.
186	When running validation, Docsplitter, and Response Generator together from an API, Response Generator failed.
187	When running validation, Docsplitter, and Response Generator together from an API, Response Generator and Docsplitter both failed.
188	DataSwapper failed when run from an API.
191	A critical trading partner automation error prevented Validation from running successfully. For more information, see *.TA1 is in the same directory as the validation detail results file.
195	Cannot find the error message file. Check the [ErrMsgFile] of your \$dir.ini or fsdir.ini file.
200	Configuration path error when using the -c command-line parameter.
201	The input file could not be accessed. Check filenames and paths. Put quotes around paths that contain spaces.
202	The output file could not be opened. Check filenames and paths. Put quotes around paths that contain spaces.

Troubleshooting information	Notes
Validation detail results file	Check GEN records. Check for EMSG records near the top.

Troubleshooting information	Notes
TA1 file	Look for a TA1 file if no guideline is specified.
Report file	Use -r command-line parameter.

## Seeing Return Codes

To display return codes when you run a script, put this line similar to this in the script right after running the program:

**UNIX**                    `echo "return code = " $?`

**Windows**              `@echo [Return Code = %ERRORLEVEL%]`

This returns something like: `[Return Code=100]`

## Virus Checking and TIBCO Foresight Products

Exclude all TIBCO Foresight workflow subdirectories from virus checking.

## Appendix B: Table File Server

---

### HIPAA only

The Table File Server is an application that loads the external code tables that can be used during HIPAA validation. It provides faster processing of many very small EDI files by preloading code tables used during validation.

For best performance when processing medium or large files, do not use the Table File Server. Foresight Instream processes files larger than 1048578 bytes without using the file server.

When using an API to run Foresight Instream validation, the Table File Server is used if it has been started before the application program that uses the API.

These files are associated with the Table File Server:

Windows	UNIX	Purpose
fsFileServer.exe	fsFileServer	Table File Server executable. Installed in Foresight Instream's <b>Bin</b> folder but can be moved to another machine.
fscint.ini	fscint.ini	INI file that Foresight Instream uses to locate <b>fsFileServer</b> or <b>fsFileServer.exe</b> on the local machine or one or more remote server locations. Must stay in Foresight Instream's <b>Bin</b> folder.
fsFileServer.ini	fsFileServer.ini	INI file that goes in the same folder as <b>fsFileServer</b> or <b>fsFileServer.exe</b> . Specifies the number of connections and the port to which it listens.
fsFileServerDebug Mode.bat	n/a	Batch file to start the Table File Server in debug mode.
n/a	RunServDemo	Foresight Instream's <b>API\FsServer</b> directory.

Windows	UNIX	Purpose
		Script file to test your Table File Server setup.
n/a	startfServer shutdownfServer	In Foresight Instream's <b>API\FsServer</b> directory. Script files to start /stop the Table File Server.

## fscint.ini Setup

As installed, the Table File Server runs from the **Bin** directory of Foresight Instream. You can configure it to run on a different machine on the network as long as it is accessible by the main Foresight Instream installation.

To adjust its location, edit **fscint.ini**, which must be in the **Bin** directory of Foresight Instream. The file lists servers and ports where Foresight Instream can find the Table File Server running. For example, you might replace `localhost 5850` with one or more IP addresses and ports. Multiple machines could be set to the same port.

If you list multiple machines and ports, the Table File Server will try to access the top one. If it is accessible and the maximum number of users (see [fsFileServer.ini Setup](#)) hasn't been exceeded, then it uses that one. Otherwise, it continues down the list until it finds one that it can use.

It will look only if **fscint.ini** has **USINGFSFILESERVER=ON**.

### Sample Windows fscint.ini

(in Foresight Instream's Bin directory)

```
#list of hosts and ports to connect to
# using fsFileServer USINGFSFILESERVER should be set to ON/OFF
USINGFSFILESERVER=ON
localhost 5850
255.255.255.0 5855
```

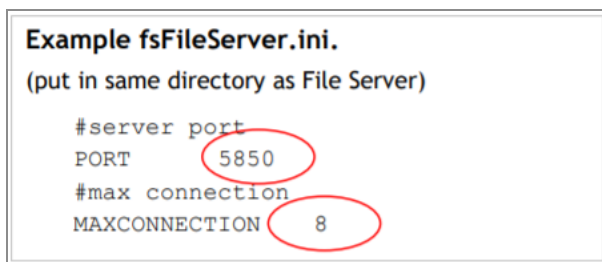
### Sample UNIX fscint.ini

```
# using fsFileServer USINGFSFILESERVER should be set to ON/OFF
USINGFSFILESERVER=ON
```

```
#list of hosts and ports to connect to
YOURCOMPUTER  5850
255.255.255.0  5855
255.255.255.1  5855
```

## fsFileServer.ini Setup

The server configuration specifies the port to which the server is “listening” and the number of connections you are allowing. The server port number must match in **fscint.ini** and **fsFileServer.ini**. It can listen on only one port.



## Starting the Table File Server

### Windows

1. Start the Table File Server by running **fsFileServer.exe** in debug mode.

**Debug mode:** Run fsFileServer.exe with a **-d** parameter and start it from a batch file so the Table File Server maintains control of the console window.

To do this, you can use **fsFileServerDebugMode.bat** in Foresight Instream’s API\FsServer directory.

2. Run Foresight Instream with the Table File Server by including the **-f** command line parameter when starting Foresight Instream.
3. Stop the Table File Server by running **ShutdownfsFileServer.bat** in the API\FsServer directory.

### UNIX

1. Start the Table File Server by running **./startfServer** from Foresight Instream's API\FsServer directory.
2. Run Foresight Instream with the Table File Server by including the **-f** command line parameter when starting Foresight Instream.
3. Stop the Table File Server by running **shutdownfServer** in the API\FsServer directory.

### Table File Server Start-up Scripts

These scripts are installed under Foresight Instream's API\FsServer directory.

- **Starting the Table File Server with Debugging Turned On**

Windows:	fsFileServerDebugMode.bat
UNIX:	startfServer

- **Running Foresight Instream with the Table File Server**

Windows:	RunFileServerDemo.bat
UNIX:	RunServDemo

This creates detail and summary files in Foresight Instream's output directory. If your **Dir.ini** file has **ShowVersion=1**, your detail files will have a GEN record like this:

```
GEN          015080 1 0Connect to fsFileServer on Host
```

- **Stopping the Table File Server**

Windows:	ShutdownfsFileServer.bat
UNIX:	shutdownfServer

## How to tell if the Table File Server is running

Use Task Manager to see whether **fsFileServer.exe** is running.

# Appendix C: SVALU Record Structure IDs

## Structure IDs

### HIPAA only

The SVALU record in the detail results file contains a Structure ID (For details, refer [STRUS: Structure Start Record](#)) that identifies where the record was generated.

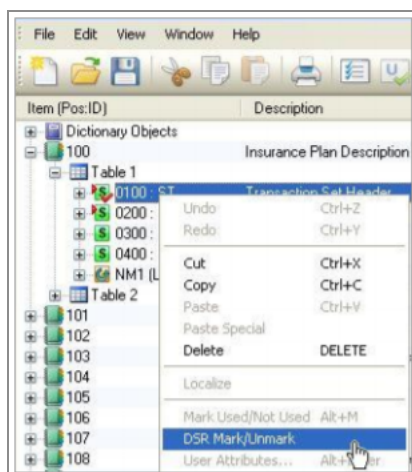
Example:

STRUS	6 100A 0 1 255
-------	----------------

This ID matches the ID of the old custom Z records that were generated by Foresight Instream 4.4 and earlier.

The sources of SVALU records are:

- Your own SVALU records that you created in EDISIM Standards Editor by right-clicking on a record and choosing DSR Mark:



In this case, you assign a variable to the location. This variable appears as the structure ID in the SVALU record.

- Certain HIPAA guidelines that place SVALU records in the detail results file. The chart

below lists each structure ID supplied by these guidelines and shows where they are generated.

## HIPAA Structure ID Chart

All Documents	
ID	Called on segment ...
ISA1	Interchange Information (ISA)
GSSG	Functional Group Header (GS)
STST	Transaction Set Header (ST)
TRSE	Transaction Set Trailer (SE segment)

270 Eligibility, Coverage or Benefit Inquiry (PDSA270 and PDSA5010270X279)	
ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Transaction Type Code (BHT)
ISST	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
HLIS	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
ISNM	Information Source Name (Loop 2100A, NM1)
HLIR	Information Receiver Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
IRNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
SBST	Subscriber Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)



**270 Eligibility, Coverage or Benefit Inquiry (PDSA270 and PDSA5010270X279)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
SUBTRN	X12_5010: Subscriber Trace Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2100C, NM1 segment)
SUBPRV	Provider Information (Loop 2100C, PRV segment)
SBSV	Subscriber Eligibility (Loop 2110C, EQ segment)
DPST	Dependent Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DEPTRN	X12_5010: Dependent Trace Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2100D, NM1 segment)
DEPPRV	Provider Information (Loop 2100D, PRV segment)
DPSV	Dependent Eligibility (Loop 2110D, EQ segment)

**271 Eligibility, Coverage or Benefit Response to Inquiry (PDSA271 and PDSA5010271X279)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0021	Transaction Set Purpose Code (BHT segment)
IHLIS	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment )
ISNM	Information Source Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)
HLIR	Information Receiver Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)

**271 Eligibility, Coverage or Benefit Response to Inquiry (PDSA271 and PDSA5010271X279)**

ID	Called on segment ...
IRNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
SBST	Subscriber Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SUBTRN	X12_5010: Subscriber Trace Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2100C, NM1 segment)
SBSV	Subscriber Eligibility (Loop 2110C, EB segment)
DPST	Dependent Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DEPTRN	X12_5010: Dependent Trace Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2100D, NM1 segment)
DPSV	Dependent Eligibility (Loop 2110D, EB segment)

**275 Patient Information (PDSA5010275X210.STD and PDSX5010275X210.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
BGNSEGMENT	Beginning Segment (BGN segment)
1000APAYER	Payer Name (Loop 1000A, NM1 segment)
	Submitter Information (Loop 1000B, NM1 segment)

**275 Patient Information (PDSA5010275X210.STD and PDSX5010275X210.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
1000BSUBMITTER	
1000CPROVIDER	Provider Name Information (Loop 1000C, NM1 segment)
1100CPROVIDERID	Provider Identification (Loop 1100C, NX1 segment)
1000DPATIENT	Patient Name (Loop 1000D, NM1 segment)
1000DCONTROLNUMBER	Patient Control Number (Loop 1000D, REF segment)
1000DDTPClaimServiceDate	Claim Service Date (Loop 1000D, DTP segment)
2000ATRN	Payer Claim Control Number/Provider Attachment Control Number (Loop 2000A, TRN segment)
2000ANUMBER	Assigned Number (Loop 2000A, LX segment)
2000ASTC	Status Information (Loop 2000A, STC segment)
2100ADTP	Service Line Date of Service (Loop 2100A, DTP segment)
2100BDTP	Additional Information Submission Date (Loop 2100B, DTP segment)
2110BEFI	Electronic Format Identification (Loop 2110B, EFI segment)

**275-X314 Health Care Claim or Encounter (PDSA6020-275X314.STD and PDSX6020-275X314.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
BGNSEGMENT	BGN - Beginning Segment

**275-X314 Health Care Claim or Encounter (PDSA6020-275X314.STD and PDSX6020-275X314.STD)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
1000APAYER	Payer Name (Loop 1000A, NM1 segment)
1000BSUBMITTER	Submitter Information (Loop 1000B, NM1 segment)
1000CPROVIDER	Provider Name Information (Loop 1000C, NM segment 1)
1000DPATIENT	Patient Name (Loop 1000D, NM1 segment)
1000DCONTROLNUMBER	Provider's Assigned Claim Identifier (Loop 1000D, REF segment)
1000DDTPClaimServiceDate	Claim Service Date (Loop 1000D, DTP segment)
2000ANUMBER	Assigned Number (Loop 2000A, LX segment)
2000ATRAN	Payer Claim Control Trace Number/Provider Attachment Control Trace Number (Loop 2000A, TRN segment)
2000ASTC	Status Information (Loop 2000A, STC segment)
2100ADTP	Service Line Service Date (Loop 2100A, DTP segment)
2100BDTP	Additional Information Submitted Date (Loop 2100B, DTP segment)
2110BOOI	Associated Object Type Identification (Loop 2110B, OOI segment)

**275-X316 Health Care Services Review (PDSA6020-275X316.STD and PDSX6020-275X316.STD)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
BGNSEGMENT	BGN - Beginning Segment
1000AINFOSOURCENAME	Information Source Name (Loop 1000A, NM1 segment)
1000BRECEIVERNAME	Information Receiver Name (Loop 1000B, NM1 segment)
1000CPATIENTNAME	Patient Name (Loop 1000C, NM1 segment)
1000CCONTROLNUMBER	Patient Account Number (Loop 1000C, REF segment)
2000ANUMBER	Assigned Number (Loop 2000A, LX segment)
2000ATRNL	Payer Claim Control Trace Number/Provider Attachment Control Trace Number (Loop 2000A, TRN segment)
2000ASTC	Status Information (Loop 2000A, STC segment)
2100ADTP	Additional Information Submitted Date (Loop 2100A, DTP segment) -
2110AOOI	Associated Object Type Identification (Loop 2110B, OOI segment)

<b>276 Health Care Claim Status Request (PDSA276 and PDSA5010-276X212)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLIS	Information Source Level Starts (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
ISPN	Payer Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)
HLIR	Information Receiver Level Starts (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
IRNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
HLSP	Service Provider Level Starts (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SPNM	Provider Name (Loop 2100C, NM1 segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Level Starts (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2100D, NM1 segment)
SBTN	Claim Submitter Trace Number (Loop 2200D, TRN segment)
SPCREF	Payer Claim Identification Number (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SDOS	Claim Service Date (Loop 2200D, DTP segment)
SBSV	Service Line Information Starts (Loop 2210D, SVC segment)
HLDP	Dependent Level Starts (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2100E, NM1 segment)

**276 Health Care Claim Status Request (PDSA276 and PDSA5010-276X212)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
DPTN	Claim Submitter Trace Number (Loop 2200E, TRN segment)
DPCREF	Payer Claim Identification Number (Loop 2200E, REF segment)
DDOS	Claim Service Date (Loop 2200E, DTP segment)
DPSV	Service Line Information Starts (Loop 2210E, SVC segment)

**277 Health Care Claim Status Response (PDSA277 and PDSA5010277X212)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLIS	Information Source Level Starts (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
ISPN	Payer Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)
HLIR	Information Receiver Level Starts (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
IRNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
HLSP	Service Provider Level Starts (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SPNM	Provider Name (Loop 2100C, NM1 segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Level Starts (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
SDMG	X12-4010: Subscriber demographic Information (Loop 2000D, DMG segment)

<b>277 Health Care Claim Status Response (PDSA277 and PDSA5010277X212)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2100D, NM1 segment)
IRTRN	X12-5010: Information Receiver Trace Identifier (Loop 2200B, TRN segment)
IRSTC	X12-5010: Information Receiver Status Information (Loop 2200B, STC segment)
SPTRN	X12-5010: Provider of Service Trace Identifier (Loop 2200C, TRN segment)
SPSTC	X12-5010: Provider Status Information (Loop 2200C, STC segment)
SBTN	Claim Submitter Trace Number (Loop 2200D, TRN segment)
SSTC	Claim Level Status Information (Loop 2200D, STC segment)
SPCREF	X12-4010: Payer Claim ID (Loop 2200D, REF segment)  X12-5010: Payer Claim Control Number (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SLREFCLAIMID	X12_5010: Claim Identification Number For Clearinghouses and Other Transmission Intermediaries (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SBTREF	Institutional Bill Type Identification (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SDOS	Claim Service Date (Loop 2200D, DTP segment)
SBSV	Service Line Information Starts (Loop 2220D, SVC segment)
HLDP	X12-4010:



**277 Health Care Claim Status Response (PDSA277 and PDSA5010277X212)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
	Dependent Level Starts (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
DDMG	X12-4010: Dependent demographic Information (Loop 2000E, DMG segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2100E, NM1 segment)
DPTN	Claim Submitter Trace Number (Loop 2200E, TRN segment)
DSTC	Claim Level Status Information (Loop 2200E, STC segment)
DPCREF	X12-4010: Payer Claim ID (Loop 2200E, REF segment)  X12-5010: Payer Claim Control Number (Loop 2200E, REF segment)
DLREFCLAIMID	X12_5010: Claim Identification Number For Clearinghouses and Other Transmission Intermediaries (Loop 2200E, REF segment)
DBTREF	Institutional Bill Type Identification (Loop 2200E, REF segment)
DDOS	Claim Service Date (Loop 2200E, DTP segment)
DPSV	Service Line Information Starts (Loop 2220E, SVC segment)

**277-X313 Health Care Claim Request for Additional Information  
(PDSA6020-277-X313.STD and PDSX6020-277-X313.STD)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
	Information Source Level Starts (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
HLIS	

**277-X313 Health Care Claim Request for Additional Information  
(PDSA6020-277-X313.STD and PDSX6020-277-X313.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
HLIR	Information Receiver Level Starts (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
HLSP	Service Provider Level Starts (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
HLSB	Patient Level Starts (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DPTN	Payer Claim Control Number (Loop 2200D, TRN segment)
DPSV	Service Line Information Starts (Loop 2220D, SVC segment)

**277CA (5010) Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (PDSA5010277CAX214.STD and PDSX5010277CAX214.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLIS	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
ISPN	Information Source Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)

**277CA (5010) Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (PDSA5010277CAX214.STD and PDSX5010277CAX214.STD)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
InfoSourceTRN	Transmission Receipt Control Identifier (Loop 2200A, TRN segment)
HLIR	Information Receiver Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
IRNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
IRTRN	Information Receiver Application Trace Identifier (Loop 2200B, TRN segment)
IRSTC	Information Receiver Status Information (Loop 2200B, STC segment)
HLBP	Billing Provider of Service Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
BPNM	Billing Provider Name (Loop 2100C, NM1 segment)
BPTRN	Provider of Service Information Trace Identifier (Loop 2200C,

**277CA (5010) Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (PDSA5010277CAX214.STD and PDSX5010277CAX214.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
	TRN segment)
BPSTC	Billing Provider Status Information (Loop 2200C, STC segment)
HLPT	Patient Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
PTNM	Patient Name (Loop 2100D, NM1 segment)
PTTN	Claim Status Tracking Number (Loop 2200D, TRN segment)
PTSTC	Claim Level Status Information (Loop 2200D, STC segment)
PTPCREF	Payer Claim Control Number (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
PTREFCLAIMID	Claim Identifier Number For Clearinghouse and Other (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
PTBTREF	Institutional Bill Type Identification (Loop 2200D, REF segment)

**277CA (5010) Health Care Claim Acknowledgement (PDSA5010277CAX214.STD and PDSX5010277CAX214.STD)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
PTDOS	Claim Level Service Date (Loop 2200D, DTP segment)
PTSV	Service Line Information (Loop 2220D, SVC segment)

**277U (5010) Health Care Claim Status Response (PDSX5010-277UX212 only)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLIS	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
ISPN	Information Source Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)
HLIR	Information Receiver Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
IRNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
IRTRN	Information Receiver Application Trace Identifier (Loop 2200B, TRN segment)
IRSTC	Information Receiver Status Information (Loop 2200B, STC segment)
HLSP	Service Provider Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SPNM	Provider Name (Loop 2100C, NM1 segment)
SPTRN	Provider of Service Trace Identifier (Loop 2200C, TRN segment)

<b>277U (5010) Health Care Claim Status Response (PDSX5010-277UX212 only)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
SPSTC	Provider Status Information (Loop 2200C, STC segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2100D, NM1 segment)
SBTN	Claim Status Tracking Number (Loop 2200D, TRN segment)
SSTC	Claim Level Status Information (Loop 2200D, STC segment)
SPCREF	Payer Claim Control Number (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SBTREF	Institutional Bill Type Identification (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SLREFCLAIMID	Claim Identifier Number For Clearinghouse and Other (Loop 2200D, REF segment)
SDOS	Claim Level Service Date (Loop 2200D, DTP segment)
SBSV	Service Line Information (Loop 2220D, SVC segment)
HLDP	Dependent Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2100E, NM1 segment)
DPTN	Claim Status Tracking Number (Loop 2200E, TRN segment)
DSTC	Claim Level Status Information (Loop 2200E, STC segment)
DPCREF	Payer Claim Control Number (Loop 2200E, REF segment)
DBTREF	Institutional Bill Type Identification (Loop 2200E, REF segment)
DLREFCLAIMID	Claim Identification Number For Clearinghouses and Other Transmission Intermediaries (Loop 2200E, REF segment)

**277U (5010) Health Care Claim Status Response (PDSX5010-277UX212 only)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
DDOS	Claim Service Date (Loop 2200E, DTP segment)
DPSV	Service Line Information (Loop 2220E, SVC segment)

**278X215I: Health Care Services Review Information - Inquiry (PDSA5010-278X215I.STD and PDSX5010-278X215I.STD)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLUM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
UMNM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Name (Loop 2010A, NM1 segment)
HLRQ	Requester Level (Loop 2000, HL segment)
RQNM	Requester Name (Loop 2010, NM1 segment )
HLSUB	Subscriber Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SUBSCRIBERTRN	Subscriber Trace Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)

**278X215I: Health Care Services Review Information - Inquiry  
(PDSA5010-278X215I.STD and PDSX5010-278X215I.STD)**

SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2010C, NM1 segment)
HLDP	Dependent Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DEPENDENTTRN	Dependent Trace Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)
DPNM:	Dependent Name (Loop 2010D, NM1 segment)
HLPELevel	Patient Event Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
PETRN	Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000E, TRN segment)
PEDATE	Event Date (Loop 2000E, DTP segment)
PEProvName	Patient Event Provider Name (Loop 2010EA, NM1 segment)
HLSS	Service Level (Loop 2000F, HL segment)
SSTN	Service Trace Number (Loop 2000F, TRN segment)
ServProvName	Service Provider Name (Loop 2010F, NM1 segment)



**278X215R: Health Care Services Review Information - Response  
(PDSA5010-278X215R.STD and PDSX5010-278X215R.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLUM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
UMA1	Request Validation (Loop 2000A, AAA segment)
UMNM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Name (Loop 2010A, NM1 segment)
UMA2	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Request Validation (Loop 2010A, AAA segment)
HLRQ	Requester Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
RQNM	Requester Name (Loop 2010B, NM1 segment)
RQAA	Requester Request Validation (Loop 2010B, AAA segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SUBSCRIBERTRN	Subscriber Trace Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)

**278X215R: Health Care Services Review Information - Response  
(PDSA5010-278X215R.STD and PDSX5010-278X215R.STD)**

SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2010C, NM1 segment)
SBA2	Subscriber Request Validation (Loop 2010C, AAA segment)
HLDP	Dependent Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DEPENDENTTRN	Dependent Trace Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2010D, NM1 segment)
DPA2	Dependent Request Validation (Loop 2010D, AAA segment)
HLPELevel	Patient Event Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
PETRN	Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000E, TRN segment)
PEAAA1	Patient Event Request Validation (Loop 2000E, AAA segment)
PEDATE	Event Date (Loop 2000E, DTP segment)
PEProvName	Patient Event Provider Name (Loop 2010EA, NM1 segment)
PEProvAAA1	Patient Event Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010EA, AAA segment)
HLSS	Service Level (Loop 2000F, HL segment)
SSTN	Service Trace Number (Loop 2000F, TRN segment)
SSAA	Service Request Validation (Loop 2000F, AAA segment)
SPNM	Service Provider Name (Loop 2010F, NM1 segment)
SPAA	Service Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010F, AAA segment)

**278X216A: Health Care Services Review Information - Acknowledgement  
(PDSA5010-278X216A.STD and PDSX5010-278X216A.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLUM	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
UMA1	Request Validation (Loop 2000A, AAA segment)
UMNM	Information Source Name (Loop 2010A, NM1 segment)
UMA2	Information Source Validation (Loop 2010A, AAA segment)
HLRQ	Information Receiver Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
RQNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2010B, NM1 segment)
RQAA	Information Receiver Notification Validation (Loop 2010B, AAA segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SUBSCRIBERTRN	Subscriber Trace Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)
SBA1	Subscriber Notification Validation (Loop 2000C, AAA segment)
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2010C, NM1 segment)

**278X216A: Health Care Services Review Information - Acknowledgement  
(PDSA5010-278X216A.STD and PDSX5010-278X216A.STD)**

SBA2	Subscriber Request Validation (Loop 2010C, AAA segment)
HLDP	Dependent Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DEPENDENTTRN	Dependent Trace Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)
DPA1	Dependent Notification Validation (Loop 2000D, AAA segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2010D, NM1 segment)
DPA2	Dependent Notification Validation (Loop 2010D, AAA segment)
HLPELevel	Patient Event Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
PETRN	Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000E, TRN segment)
PEAAA1	Patient Event Request Validation (Loop 2000E, AA segment)
PEDATE	Event Date (Loop 2000E, DTP segment)
PEProvName	Patient Event Provider Name (Loop 2010E, NM1 segment)
PEProvAAA1	Patient Event Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010E, AAA segment)
HLSS	Service Level (Loop 2000F, HL segment)
SSTN	Service Trace Number (Loop 2000F, TRN segment)
SSAA	Service Request Validation (Loop 2000F, AAA segment)
SPNM	Service Provider Name (Loop 2010F, NM1 segment)
SPAA	Service Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010F, AAA segment)

**278X216N: Health Care Services Review Information - Notification**  
**(PDSA5010-278X216N.STD and PDSX5010-278X216N.STD)**

ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLUM	Information Source Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
UMNM	Information Source Name (Loop 2010A, NM1 segment)
HLRQ	Information Receiver Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
RQNM	Information Receiver Name (Loop 2010B, NM1 segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SBNM	Subscriber Name (Loop 2010C, NM1 segment)
HLDP	Dependent Hierarchical Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DPNM	Dependent Name (Loop 2010D, NM1 segment)
HLPELevel	Patient Event Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
PETRN	Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000E, TRN segment)
PEDATE	Event Date (Loop 2000E, DTP segment)
PEProvName	Patient Event Provider Name (Loop 2010E, NM1 segment)

**278X216N: Health Care Services Review Information - Notification  
(PDSA5010-278X216N.STD and PDSX5010-278X216N.STD)**

HLSS	Service Level (Loop 2000F, HL segment)
SSTN	Service Trace Number (Loop 2000F, TRN segment)
SPNM	Service Provider Name (Loop 2010F, NM1 segment)

**278 Health Care Services Review Information Request (PDA278RQ and PDSA5010-278X217Q)**

ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
UMST	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Level Starts (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
HLUM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
UMNM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Name (Loop 2010A, NM1 segment)
HLRQ	Requester Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
RQNM	Requester Name (Loop 2010B, NM1 segment)
SBST	Subscriber Level Starts (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SBTN	XX12:4010: Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)  X12-5010: Not used

**278 Health Care Services Review Information Request (PDA278RQ and PDSA5010-278X217Q)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
SBNM	X12-4010: Subscriber Name (Loop 2010CA, NM1 segment)  X12-5010: Subscriber Name (Loop 2010C, NM1 segment)
HLDP	Dependent Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DPTN	X12-4010: Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)  X12-5010: Not used
DPNM	X12-4010: Dependent Name (Loop 2010DA, NM1 segment)  X12-5010: Dependent Name (Loop 2010D, NM1 segment)
HLPELevel	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Patient Event Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
PETRN	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000E, TRN segment)
PEDATE	X12-5010: Event Date (Loop 2000E, DTP segment)

**278 Health Care Services Review Information Request (PDA278RQ and PDSA5010-278X217Q)**

ID	Called on segment ...
PEProvName	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Patient Event Provider Name (Loop 2010EA, NM1 segment)
HLSP	Service Provider Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
SPNM	Service Provider Name (Loop 2010E, NM1 segment)
HLSS	Service Level (Loop 2000F, HL segment)
ServProvName	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Service Provider Name (Loop 2010F, NM1 segment)
SSTN	Service Trace Number (Loop 2000F, TRN segment)

**278 Health Care Services Review Information Response (PDA278RP and PDSA5010-278X217R)**

ID	Called on segment ...
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction (BHT segment)
HLUM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Level (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
UMA1	Request Validation (Loop 2000A, AAA segment)
UMNM	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Name (Loop 2010A, NM1 segment)



**278 Health Care Services Review Information Response (PDA278RP and PDSA5010-278X217R)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
UMA2	Utilization Management Organization (UMO) Request Validation (Loop 2010A, AAA segment)
HLRQ	Requester Level (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
RQNM	Requester Name (Loop 2010B, NM1)
RQAA	Requester Request Validation (Loop 2010B, AAA segment)
HLSB	Subscriber Level (Loop 2000C, HL segment)
SBTN	Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000C, TRN segment)
SBA1	Subscriber Request Validation (Loop 2000C, AAA segment)
SBNM	X12-4010: Subscriber Name (Loop 2010CA, NM1 segment)  X12-5010: Subscriber Name (Loop 2010C, NM1 segment)
SBA2	X12-4010: Subscriber Request Validation (Loop 2010CA, AAA segment)  X12-5010: Subscriber Request Validation (Loop 2010C, AAA segment)
HLDP	Dependent Level (Loop 2000D, HL segment)
DPTN	Patient Event Tracking Number (Loop 2000D, TRN segment)
DPA1	Dependent Request Validation (Loop 2000D, AAA segment)
DPNM	X12-4010: Dependent Name (Loop 2010DA, NM1 segment)

**278 Health Care Services Review Information Response (PDA278RP and PDSA5010-278X217R)**

ID	Called on segment ...
	X12-5010: Dependent Name (Loop 2010D, NM1 segment)
DPA2	X12-4010: Dependent Request Validation (Loop 2010DA, AAA segment)  X12-5010: Dependent Request Validation (Loop 2010D, AAA segment)
HLSP	X12-4010: Service Provider Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)  X12-5010: See HLPELevel
HLPELevel	X12-4010: Not used; see HLSP  X12-5010: Patient Event Level (Loop 2000E, HL segment)
PEAAA1	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Patient Event Request Validation (Loop 2000E, AAA segment)
SPNM	Service Provider Name (Loop 2010E, NM1 segment)
PEProvName	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Patient Event Provider Name (Loop 2010EA, NM1 segment) (See ProvAAA1 also)

**278 Health Care Services Review Information Response (PDA278RP and PDSA5010-278X217R)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
ProvAAA1	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Patient Event Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010EA, AAA segment)
SPAA	Service Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010E, AAA segment)
HLSS	Service Level (Loop 2000F, HL segment)
SSTN	Service Trace Number (Loop 2000F, TRN segment)
SSAA	Service Request Validation (Loop 2000F, AAA segment)
SPNM	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Service Provider Name (Loop 2010FA, NM1 segment)
SPAA	X12-4010: Not used  X12-5010: Service Provider Request Validation (Loop 2010FA, AAA segment)

**820 Premium Payments (PDSA820) (4010)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0010	Financial Information (BPR segment)

<b>820 Premium Payments (PDSA820) (4010)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
TRN	Trace (Header Table 1, TRN segment)
0002	Premium Receiver (Loop 1000A, N1 segment)
0004	Premium Payer (Loop 1000B, N1 segment)
0006	Organizational Summary Remittance Starts (Loop 2000A, ENT segment)
0011	Organization Summary Remittance Detail (Loop 2300A, RMR segment)
0013	Organization Summary Remittance Level Adjustment (Loop 2320A, ADX01 segment)
0008	Individual Remittance (Loop 2000B), ENT segment)
0014	Individual Premium Remittance Detail (Loop 2300B, RMR segment)
0016	Individual Premium Adjustment (Loop 2320B, ADX01 segment)
<b>820X218 Premium Payments (PDSA5010820X218)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0010	Financial Information (BPR segment)
TRN	Trace (Header Table 1, TRN segment)
0002	Premium Receiver (Loop 1000A, N1 segment)
0004	Premium Payer (Loop 1000B, N1 segment)
0006	Organizational Summary Remittance Starts (Loop 2000A, ENT segment)

**820X218 Premium Payments (PDSA5010820X218)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0011	Organization Summary Remittance Detail (Loop 2300A, RMR segment)
0013	Organization Summary Remittance Level Adjustment (Loop 2320A, ADX01 segment)
0008	Individual Remittance (Loop 2000B), ENT segment)
2100BINDName	2100B, NM1 Individual Name
0014	Individual Premium Remittance Detail (Loop 2300B, RMR segment)
0016	Individual Premium Adjustment (Loop 2320B, ADX01 segment)

**820X306 Premium Payments (PDSA5010820X306)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0010	Financial Information (BPR segment)
TRN	Trace (Header Table 1, TRN segment)
0002	Premium Receiver (Loop 1000A, N1 segment)
0004	Premium Payer (Loop 1000B, N1 segment)
0006	Loop 2000, ENT= Remittance Information
2100IndName	Loop 2100, NM1 Individual Name
0011	Loop 2300, RMR Remittance Detail

<b>834 Benefit Enrollment (PDSA834 and PDSA5010-834)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
BGNS	Beginning segment (BGN segment)
ZTPN	Transaction Set Policy Number (REF segment)
ZFED	File Effective Date (DTP segment)
0002	Sponsor Name (Loop 1000A, N1 segment)
0004	Payer Name (Loop 1000B, N1 segment)
0006	TPA/Broker Name Starts (Loop 1000C, N1 segment)
0007	Member Level Detail Starts (Loop 2000, INS segment)
0008	Subscriber Number (Loop 2000, REF segment)
ZMLD	Member Level Dates (Loop 2000, DTP segment)
0010	Member Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)
ZPER	Member Communications Numbers (Loop 2100A, PER segment)
ZN3	Member Residence Street Address (Loop 2100A, N3 segment)
ZN4	Member Residence City, State, ZIP Code (Loop 2100A, N4 segment)
ZDMG	Member Demographics (Loop 2100A, DMG segment)
ZIMN	Incorrect Member Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
ZIDG	Incorrect Member Demographic (Loop 2100B, DMG segment)
ZDSB	Disability Information (Loop 2200, DSB segment)

**834 Benefit Enrollment (PDSA834 and PDSA5010-834)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
ZDDT	Disability Date (Loop 2200, DTP segment)
PTHD	Health Coverage Starts (Loop 2300, HD segment)
HDDT	Health Coverage Dates (Loop 2300, DTP segment)
HCPN	Health Coverage Policy Number (Loop 2300, REF segment)
0013	Provider Information (Loop 2310, LX segment)
0014	Provider Name (Loop 2310, NM1segment)
0015	Transaction Set Trailer (SE)
ZCOB	Coordination of Benefits (Loop 2320, COB segment)
ZCN1	X12-4010: Other Insurance Company Name (Loop 2320, N1 segment)  X12-5010: Coordination of Benefits Related Entity (Loop 2330, NM1 segment)
ZCDT	Coordination of Benefits Eligibility Dates (Loop 2320, DTP segment)
ZPMN	Member Policy Number (Loop 2000, REF segment where REF01='1L')

**5010-834X318 Plan Member Reporting (5010-834X318.std and PDSA5010-834X318.std)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
BGNS	Beginning segment (BGN segment)
ZFED	File Effective Date (DTP segment)

<b>5010-834X318 Plan Member Reporting (5010-834X318.std and PDSA5010-834X318.std)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0002	Submitter Name (Loop 1000A, N1 segment)
0004	Receiver Name (Loop 1000B, N1 segment)
0006	Information Source (Loop 1000C, N1 segment)
0007	Member Level Detail Starts (Loop 2000, INS segment)
0008	Subscriber Number (Loop 2000, REF segment)
ZMLD	Member Level Dates (Loop 2000, DTP segment)
0010	Member Name (Loop 2100A, NM1 segment)
ZPER	Member Communications Numbers (Loop 2100A, PER segment)
ZN3	Member Residence Street Address (Loop 2100A, N3 segment)
ZN4	Member Residence City, State, ZIP Code (Loop 2100A, N4 segment)
ZDMG	Member Demographics (Loop 2100A, DMG segment)
ZIMN	Previously Submitted Member Name (Loop 2100B, NM1 segment)
ZIDG	Previously Submitted Member Demographics (Loop 2100B, DMG segment)
ZDSB	Disability Information (Loop 2200, DSB segment)
ZDDT	Disability Date (Loop 2200, DTP segment)



**5010-834X318 Plan Member Reporting (5010-834X318.std and PDSA5010-834X318.std)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
PTHD	Health Coverage Starts (Loop 2300, HD segment)
HDDT	Enrollment Signature Date (Loop 2300, DTP segment)
HCPN	Benefit Coverage Policy Related Information (Loop 2300, REF segment)
0013	Provider Information (Loop 2310, LX segment)
0014	Provider Name (Loop 2310, NM1segment)
0015	Transaction Set Trailer (SE)
ZCOB	Coordination of Benefits (Loop 2320, COB segment)
ZCN1	Coordination of Benefits Related Entity (Loop 2330, NM1 segment)
ZCDT	Coordination of Benefits Begin Date (Loop 2320, DTP segment)
ZPMN	Member Taxpayer Identifier (Loop 2000, REF segment)

**835 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (PDSA835, PDSX835, PDSA5010835, PDSX5010835)**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0002	Financial Information (BPR segment)
STRN	Re-association Trace Number (Header TRN segment)
SREF	Receiver Identification (Header REF segment)
0004	Payer Name and ID (Loop 1000A, N1 segment)

<b>835 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (PDSA835, PDSX835, PDSA5010835, PDSX5010835)</b>	
<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0006	Payee Name and ID (Loop 1000B, N1 segment)
0020	Payee Additional Identification (Loop 1000B, REF segment)
0007	LX (Loop 2000, LX segment)
TS3	Provider Summary Information (Loop 2000, TS3 segment)
TS2	Provider Supplemental Summary Information (Loop 2000, CLP segment)
0009	Claim Payment Information (Loop 2100, CLP segment)
0011	Claim Adjustment (Loop 2100, CAS segment)
Patient	Patient Name (Loop 2100, NM1 Patient Name segment)
Insured	Insured Name (Loop 2100, NM1 Insured Name segment)
2100DTM	Claim Date (Loop 2100, DTM segment)
REND	Rendering Provider (Loop 2100, NM1 Service Provider name)
2110DTM	Service Date (Loop 2100, DTM segment)
MIA	Inpatient Adjudication Information (Loop 2100 Inpatient Adjudication Information)
0017	Service Payment Information (Loop 2110, SVC segment)
0014	Service Adjustment (Loop 2110, CAS segment)
0018	Provider Adjustment Starts (Table 3, PLB segment)

**837 – All 837s (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D, PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I, PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

**These records are used by Docsplitter, by Transaction Insight, and by Response Generator, which uses them to create 277s from data in 837s. In the following chart, “Subscriber loop” means 2000B and “Dependent loop” means 2000C.**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0021	Transaction Type Code (BHT segment)
ZRTR	Transmission Type Identifier (Header REF segment)
ZRT	Trading Partner Information (Loop 1000A, NM1 segment)
ZRP	Payer information (Loop 1000B, NM1 segment)
PRST	Billing/Pay-to Provider HL (Loop 2000A, HL segment)
2000APRV	Billing Provider Specialty Information (Loop 2000A, PRV segment)
0001	Billing Provider information (Loop 2010AA, NM1 segment)
2010AAN3	Billing Provider Address (Loop 2010AA, N3 segment)
2010AAN4	Billing Provider City, State, Zip Code (Loop 2010AA, N4 segment)
2010BBREFBILLING	Proprietary Provider ID (Loop 2010BB, REF segment for Billing Provider Secondary Identification) (5010 only.)
ZREF	Billing Provider Secondary Identification (Loop 2010AA, REF segment)
ZRFB	X12-4010: Pay-to-Provider Secondary Identification (Loop 2010AB, REF segment)

**837 – All 837s (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D, PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I, PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

**These records are used by Docsplitter, by Transaction Insight, and by Response Generator, which uses them to create 277s from data in 837s. In the following chart, “Subscriber loop” means 2000B and “Dependent loop” means 2000C.**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
0002	Pay-To provider information (Loop 2010AB, NM1 segment)
2010ABN3	Pay-To Address – ADDRESS (Loop 2010AB, N3 segment)
2010ABN4	Pay-To Address City, State, ZIP Code (Loop 2010AB, N4 segment)
SBST	Subscriber HL (Loop 2000B, HL segment)
SBRInfo	Subscriber Information (Loop 2000B, SBR segment)
0003	Subscriber Name (Subscriber loop 2010BA, NM1 segment)
ZRSG	Subscriber DMG information (Subscriber loop 2010BA, DMG segment)
ZSRF	Subscriber Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2010BA, REF segment)
SPWK	Subscriber Claim Supplemental Information (Subscriber loop 2300, PWK segment)
S020	Subscriber Clearinghouse Claim Number (Subscriber loop 2300, Subscriber Claim Identification Number for Clearinghouses REF)
RFPV	Attending/Referring Physician Name (Subscriber loop 2310A, NM1 segment)
RNPV	Operating/Rendering Provider Name (Subscriber loop 2310B, NM1 segment)

**837 – All 837s (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D, PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I, PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

**These records are used by Docsplitter, by Transaction Insight, and by Response Generator, which uses them to create 277s from data in 837s. In the following chart, “Subscriber loop” means 2000B and “Dependent loop” means 2000C.**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
PSPV	Service Facility Location (Dependent loop 2310C, NM1 segment)
S2330ANM1	Other Subscriber Name (Loop 2330A, NM1 segment)
S2330BNM1	Other Payer Name (Loop 2330B, NM1 segment)
S2330BREF	Other Payer Contact Information (Loop 2330B, REF segment)
ZRSM	Subscriber Claim Medical Rec # (Subscriber loop 2300, Medical Record Number REF)
ZRSS	Service information (Subscriber loop 2400; SV1, SV2, or SV3 segment)
ZRSV	Service Date information (Subscriber loop 2400, Service Date DTP)
PATInfo	Patient Information (Dependent loop 2000C, PAT segment)
ZRSI	Original Reference Number ICN/DCN (Subscriber loop 2300, REF segment)
DPST	Dependent HL loop (Dependent loop 2000C, HL segment)
ZRDI	Original Reference Number ICN/DCN (Dependent loop 2300, REF segment)
0006	Dependent Patient Name (Dependent loop 2010CA, NM1 segment)

**837 – All 837s (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D, PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I, PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

**These records are used by Docsplitter, by Transaction Insight, and by Response Generator, which uses them to create 277s from data in 837s. In the following chart, “Subscriber loop” means 2000B and “Dependent loop” means 2000C.**

<b>ID</b>	<b>Called on segment ...</b>
ZRDG	Dependent DMG information (Dependent loop 2010CA, DMG segment)
ZPRF	X12-4010: Subscriber Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2010CA, REF segment)
P009	Dependent Claim (Dependent loop 2300, CLM segment)
PPWK	Dependent Claim Supplemental Information (Dependent loop 2300, PWK segment)
P020	Dependent Clearinghouse Claim Number (Dependent loop 2300, Dependent Claim Identification Number for Clearinghouses REF)
ZRDM	Dependent Claim Medical Rec # (Dependent loop 2300, Medical Record Number REF)
RFPC	Attending/Referring Provider Name (Dependent loop 2310A, NM1 segment)
RNPC	Operating/Rendering Provider Name (Dependent loop 2310B, NM1 segment)
PSPC	Purchased Service Provider Name (Dependent loop 2310C, NM1 segment)
P2330ANM1	Other Subscriber Name (Dependent loop 2330B, NM1 segment)

**837 – All 837s (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D, PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I, PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

These records are used by Docsplitter, by Transaction Insight, and by Response Generator, which uses them to create 277s from data in 837s. In the following chart, “Subscriber loop” means 2000B and “Dependent loop” means 2000C.

ID	Called on segment ...
P2330BNM1	Other Payer Name (Dependent loop 2330B, NM1 segment)
P2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
0005	Dependent Service Line (Dependent loop 2400, LX segment)
ZRDV	Service Date information (Dependent loop 2400, Service Date DTP)

**837 Dental (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Dental except for the following.

ID	Called on segment ...
SubmitterPER	Submitter EDI Contact Information (Loop 1000A, PER segment)
0004	Payer Name information (Subscriber loop 2010BB, NM1 segment)
SREFREF	Referring Provider Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310A, REF segment)
S2310BPRV	Rendering Provider Specialty Information (Subscriber loop 2310B, PRV segment)
SREND	Rendering Physician Secondary Identification (Subscriber

**837 Dental (PDSA837D and PDSA5010837D)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Dental except for the following.

ID	Called on segment ...
	loop 2310B, REF segment)
S010	Service Date (Subscriber loop 2300, DTP segment where DTP01=472)
S011	Subscriber Service Line information (Subscriber loop 2400, SV3 segment)
S012	Subscriber Claim date information (Subscriber loop 2400, DTP segment)
SREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (Subscriber loop 2400, REF segment)
P2310BPRV	Rendering Provider Specialty Information (Subscriber loop 2310B, PRV segment)
PREFREF	Referring Provider Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310A, REF segment at dependent level)
PREND	Rendering Provider Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310B, REF segment)
P010	Service Date (Dependent loop 2300, DTP segment where DTP01=472)
P011	Dependent Patient Service Line information (Dependent loop 2400, SV3 segment)
P012	Dependent Patient Claim date information ( (Dependent loop 2400, DTP segment)
PREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (Loop 2400 in 2000C, REF segment)



**837 Institutional (PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Institutional except for the following.

ID	Called on segment ...
SubmitterPER	Submitter EDI Contact Information (Loop 1000A, PER segment)
2010AAPER	Billing Provider Contact Information (Loop 2010AA, PER segment)
0004	Payer Name (Subscriber loop 2010BC, NM1 segment)
S009	Subscriber Claim (Subscriber loop 2300, CLM segment)
S010	Subscriber Claim Date (Subscriber loop 2300, DTP segment)
S020	Subscriber Claim Identification Number For Clearinghouses (Subscriber loop 2300, REF segment)
SATTEND	Attending Physician Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310A REF segment)
SOPER	Operating Physician Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310B REF segment)
SPPV	Service Facility Name (Subscriber loop 2310E, NM1 segment)
SREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (Subscriber loop 2400, REF segment)
SSERVFAC	Service Facility Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310E, REF segment )
S2330BREFG1	X12_5010:

**837 Institutional (PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Institutional except for the following.

ID	Called on segment ...
	Other Payer Prior Authorization Number (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S2330BREF9F	X12_5010: Other Payer Referral Number (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S2330BREFT4	X12_5010: Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S2330BREFF8	X12_5010: Other Payer Claim Control Number (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
0007	Subscriber Service Line (Subscriber loop 2400, LX segment)
S011	Subscriber Service Line information (Subscriber loop 2400), SV2 segment)
P010	Dependent Claim Date (Dependent loop 2300, DTP segment)
P020	Dependent Claim Identification Number For Clearinghouses (end of Dependent loop 2300)
PATTEND	Attending Physician Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310A REF segment)
POPER	Operating Physician Secondary Identification (Dependent

**837 Institutional (PDSA837I and PDSA5010837I)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Institutional except for the following.

ID	Called on segment ...
	loop 2310B REF segment)
P2330BREFG1	X12_5010:  Other Payer Prior Authorization Number (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P2330BREF9F	X12_5010:  Other Payer Referral Number (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P2330BREFT4	X12_5010:  Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P2330BREFF8	X12_5010:  Other Payer Claim Control Number (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
PREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (Loop 2400 in 2000C, REF segment)
SPPC	Service Facility Name (Dependent loop 2310E, NM1 segment)
PSERVFAC	Service Facility Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310E, REF segment )
P011	Dependent Service Line (Dependent loop 2400, SV2 segment)

**837 Professional (PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Professional except for the following

ID	Called on segment ...
SubmitterPER	Submitter EDI Contact Information (Loop 1000A, PER segment)
2010AAPER	Billing Provider Contact Information (Loop 2010AA, PER segment)
0004	Payer Name information (Loop 2010BB, NM1 segment)
SREFREF	Referring Provider Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310A, REF segment)
S2310BPRV	Rendering Provider Specialty Information (Subscriber loop 2310B, PRV segment)
SREND	Rendering Physician Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310B, REF segment)
SPPV	Supervising Provider Name (Subscriber loop 2310E, NM1 segment)
SSUPPRV	Supervising Provider Secondary Identification (Subscriber loop 2310E, REF segment)
S2330BREFG1	X12_5010: Other Payer Prior Authorization Number (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S2330BREF9F	X12_5010: Other Payer Referral Number (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S2330BREFT4	X12_5010:

**837 Professional (PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Professional except for the following

ID	Called on segment ...
	Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S2330BREFF8	X12_5010:  Other Payer Claim Control Number (Subscriber loop 2330B, REF segment)
S011	Subscriber Service Line (Subscriber loop 2400, SV1 segment)
S010	Subscriber Claim Date (Subscriber loop 2400, DTP segment)
SREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (Subscriber loop 2400, REF segment)
PREFREF	Referring Provider Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310A, REF segment at dependent level)
SPPC	Supervising Provider Name (Dependent loop 2310E, NM1 segment)
P2310BPRV	Rendering Provider Specialty Information (Dependent loop 2310B, PRV segment)
PREND	Rendering Provider Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310B, REF segment)
PSUPPRV	Supervising Provider Secondary Identification (Dependent loop 2310E, REF segment)
P2330BREFG1	X12_5010:

**837 Professional (PDSA837P and PDSA5010837P)**

The “All 837s” information in the preceding table is the same for the 837 Professional except for the following

ID	Called on segment ...
	Other Payer Prior Authorization Number (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P2330BREF9F	X12_5010: Other Payer Referral Number (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P2330BREFT4	X12_5010: Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P2330BREFF8	X12_5010: Other Payer Claim Control Number (Dependent loop 2330B, REF segment)
P011	Dependent Patient Service Line (Dependent loop 2400, SV1 segment)
P010	Dependent Patient Claim Date (Dependent loop 2400, DTP segment)
PREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (Loop 2400 in 2000C, REF segment)

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
<b>Header</b>	

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
STST	Transaction Set Header
0021	Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction
<b>Loop 1000A</b>	
ZRT	Submitter Name
SubmitterPER	Submitter EDI Contact Information
Loop 1000B	
ZRP	Receiver Name
<b>Loop 2000A</b>	
PRST	Billing Provider Hierarchical Level
2000APRV	Billing Provider Specialty Information
<b>Loop 2010AA</b>	
0001	Billing Provider Name
2010AAN3	Billing Provider Address
2010AAN4	Billing Provider City, State, Zip Code
ZREF	Billing Provider Tax Identification
<b>Loop 2000B</b>	
SBST	Subscriber Hierarchical Level

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
SBRInfo	Subscriber Information
<b>Loop 2010BA</b>	
0003	Subscriber Name
ZRSG	Subscriber Demographic Information
ZSRF	Subscriber Social Security Number
<b>Loop 2010BB</b>	
2010BBData Receiver	Data Receiver
<b>Loop 2300 Subscriber</b>	
S009	Claim information
S010	Date - Service Date (X300 and X299 only)
SPWK	Claim Supplemental Information (X298 and X299 only)
ZRSI	Payer Claim Control Number (X299 and X298 only)
SREPRICED CLAIMNUMBER	Repriced Claim Number (X299 and X298 only)
S020	Claim Identifier For Transmission Intermediaries
ZRSM	Medical Record Number (X299 and X298 only)



**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
HI201	Principal Diagnosis (X299 only)
<b>Loop 2310A (X300 and 298 only)</b>	
RFPV	Referring Provider Name
SREFREF	Referring Provider Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310A (X299 only)</b>	
RFPV	Attending Provider Name
S2310APRV	Attending Provider Speciality Information
SATTEND	Attending Provider Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310B (X300 and X298 only)</b>	
RNPV	Rendering Provider Name
S2310BPRV	Rendering Provider Specialty Information
SREND	Rendering Provider Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310B (X299 only)</b>	
RNPV	Operating Physician Name
SOPER	Operating Physician Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310C (X300 only)</b>	
SSPV	Service Facility Location Name

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
<b>Loop 2310C (X299only)</b>	
SSPV	Other Operating Physician Name
<b>Loop 2330A</b>	
S2330ANM1	Other Subscriber Name
<b>Loop 2330B (X300 only)</b>	
S2330BNM1	Other Payer Name
S2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier
S2330BREFF8	Other Payer Control Number
<b>Loop 2330B (X299 only)</b>	
S2330BNM1	Other Payer Name
S2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier
S2330BREFT4	Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator
S2330BREFF8	Other Payer Claim Control Number
S2330BREFBP	Other Payer Adjusted Claim Control Number
S2330BREF1N	Other Payer Adjudicated DRG
<b>Loop 2330B (X298 only)</b>	
S2330BNM1	Other Payer Name

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
S2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier
S2330BREFT4	Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator
S2330BREFF8	Other Payer Control Number
<b>Loop 2400</b>	
0007	Service Line Number
S011	Dental Service (X300 only)
S011	Institutional Service Line (X299 only)
S011	Professional Service (X298 only)
ZRSV	Date - Service Date
SREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (X298 and X299 only)
<b>Loop 2000C – Dependent Level</b>	
DPST	Patient Hierarchical Level
PATInfo	Patient Information
<b>Loop 2010CA</b>	
0006	Patient Name
ZRDG	Patient Demographic Information
<b>Loop 2300 Dependent</b>	

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
P009	Claim information
P010	Date - Service Date (X300 and X299 only)
PPWK	Claim Supplemental Information (X299 and X298 only)
ZRDI	Payer Claim Control Number (X299 and X298 only)
DREPRICED CLAIMNUMBER	Repriced Claim Number (X299 and X298 only)
P020	Claim Identifier For Transmission Intermediaries
ZRDM	Medical Record Number (X299 and X298 only)
HI76	Principal Diagnosis (X299 only)
<b>Loop 2310A (X300 and X298 only)</b>	
RFPC	Referring Provider Name
PREFREF	Referring Provider Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310A (X299 only)</b>	
RFPC	Attending Provider Name
P2310APRV	Attending Provider Speciality Information
PREFREF	Attending Provider Secondary Identification

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
<b>Loop 2310B (X300 and X298 only)</b>	
RNPC	Rendering Provider Name
P2310BPR	Rendering Provider Specialty Information
PREND	Rendering Provider Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310B (X299 only)</b>	
RNPC	Operating Physician Name
POPER	Operating Physician Secondary Identification
<b>Loop 2310C (X300 only)</b>	
PSPC	Service Facility Location Name
<b>Loop 2310C (X299 only)</b>	
PSPC	Other Operating Physician Name
<b>Loop 2330A</b>	
P2330ANM1	Other Subscriber Name
<b>Loop 2330B (X300 only)</b>	
P2330BNM1	Other Payer Name
P2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier
P2330BREFF8	Other Payer Control Number

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
<b>Loop 2330B (X299 only)</b>	
P2330BNM1	Other Payer Name
P2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier
P2330BREFT4	Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator
P2330BREFF8	Other Payer Control Number
P2330BREFBP	Other Payer Adjusted Claim Control Number
P2330BREF1N	Other Payer Adjudicated DRG
<b>Loop 2330B (X298 only)</b>	
P2330BNM1	Other Payer Name
P2330BREF	Other Payer Secondary Identifier
P2330BREFT4	Other Payer Claim Adjustment Indicator
P2330BREFF8	Other Payer Control Number
<b>Loop 2400</b>	
0005	Service Line Number
P011	Dental Service
P011	Institutional Service Line (X299 only)
P011	Professional Service

**837 Dental, Institutional, and Professional Post-adjudication Claims Data Reporting  
(PDSA5010-837X300, PDSA5010-837X299, PDSA5010-837X298)**

ID	Called on segment ...
ZRDV	Date - Service Date
PREFLINEITEM	Line Item Control Number (X299 and X298 only)
TRSE	Transaction Set Trailer

**997 Functional Acknowledgement (PDSA997 and PDSX5010997X231)**

ID	Called on segment ...
AK1	Functional Group Response Header (AK1 segment)
AK2	Transaction Set Response Header (AK2 segment)
AK3	X12-4010: Data Segment Note (AK3 segment)
AK4	X12-4010: Data Element Note (AK4 segment)
AK5	X12-4010: Transaction Set Response Trailer (AK5 segment)
AK9	Functional Group Response Trailer (AK9 segment)

**999 Application Acknowledgement PDSA5010997X231 and PDSX5010999X231)**

ID	Called on segment ...
AK1	Functional Group Response Header (AK1 segment)

999 Application Acknowledgement PDSA5010997X231 and PDSX5010999X231)	
ID	Called on segment ...
AK2	Transaction Set Response Header (AK2 segment)
IK3	Error Identification (IK3 segment)
IK4	Implementation Data Element Note (IK4 segment)
IK5	Implementation Transaction Set Response (IK5 segment)
AK9	Functional Group Response Trailer (AK9 segment)



## Appendix D: Record Definition Summary

---

### Record Layout Summary, Version 2.0

For details about each record, see [Line Numbers](#).

#### CSEG

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (CSEG)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Segment Data	n	16	EOL

#### DTL

Field	Length	Start	End	Notes
Record (DTL)	5	1	5	
Line #	10	6	15	
Loop/Group ID	6	16	21	
Seg ID	4	22	25	
Elem ID	4	26	29	
Comp ID	4	30	33	
Seg Pos	10	34	43	

Field	Length	Start	End	Notes
Elem Pos	2	44	45	
SubElem Pos	2	46	47	
Loop/Group Repeat Count	10	48	57	
Element Repeat	10	58	67	
999 IK3-04	3	68	70	Not in EDIFACT
999 IK4-03	3	71	73	Not in EDIFACT
Filler	4	74	77	
Error #	5	78	82	
Severity	2	83	84	
Seg Ordinal	5	85	89	
WEDI SNIP Type	1	90	90	Not in EDIFACT
997 AK304	2	91	92	Not in EDIFACT
997 AK403	2	93	94	Not in EDIFACT
824 TED01	3	95	97	Not in EDIFACT
824 TED02	3	98	100	Not in EDIFACT
277 STC code	5	101	105	Not in EDIFACT
Filler	5	106	110	
Application Data	20	111	130	Right justified

**EDAT**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (EDAT)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Element Data	n	16	EOL

**EDTL**

EDTL for XML			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EDTL)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded with a vertical bar			
Path from root		17	
Group Repeat Count			
“Segment” ID			
Position			
Not used for XML			
Not used for XML			
Not used for XML			
Not used for XML			
Error #			

EDTL for XML			
Field	Length	Start	End
Severity			
EDTL for Flat File			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (EDTL)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded with a vertical bar			
Loop ID		17	
Loop Repeat Count			
Segment ID			
Element ID			
Element Position			
Subelement ID			
Subelement Position			
Ordinal Number			
Error #			
Severity			

**ELOC**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (ELOC)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Location Text	n	16	EOL

**EMSG**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (EMSG)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error Message	n	16	EOL

**END**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (END )	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error #	5	16	20
Severity	2	21	22
Date/Time	17	23	39
FileName Msg	n	40	EOL

**ENDS**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (ENDS)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Seg Count	10	16	25
ST Control #	9	26	34

**ESEG**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (ESEG)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Segment Data	n	16	EOL

**ETYPE/ETYP5**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (ETYP5 )	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Type 0 count	10	16	25
EDI Syntax Count	10	26	35
Syntactical	10	36	45
Balancing Count	10	46	55
Situation Count	10	56	65

Field	Length	Start	End
Code Set Count	10	66	75
Product Count	10	76	85
Payer Count	10	86	95
Partner Count	10	96	105

**EVALU**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (EVALU)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID		17	
Segment Position			
Element position			
Subelement position			
Element value			EOL

**GEN**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (GEN )	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15

Field	Length	Start	End
Error #	5	16	20
Severity	2	21	22
Type	2	23	24
Message	n	25	EOL

**IDENT**

IDENT Record Layout			
Field	Length	Start	End
Record Tag (IDENT)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are separated by vertical bars			
RuleID	1	17	
FSUID		19	
SystemID			
Reserved			

**SBST**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SBST )	5	1	5
Starting line #	10	6	15



Field	Length	Start	End
Delimiter	1		
Loop/Group ID			
Delimiter	1		
SegId			
Delimiter	1		
ElmPos			
Delimiter	1		
SubElmPos			
Delimiter	1		
ReplaceValue			
Delimiter	1		
MetaData			

**SBSTA**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record ( SBSTA )	5	1	5
Line # of the segment	10	6	15
Delimiter	1		
Loop/Group ID			

Field	Length	Start	End
Delimiter	1		
SegId			
Delimiter	1		
ElmPos			
Delimiter	1		
SubElmPos			
Delimiter	1		
Old value			
Delimiter	1		
New value			
Delimiter	1		
MetaData			

**SBSTD**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SBSTD)	5	1	5
Line # of the segment	10	6	15
Delimiter	1		
MetaData			

Field	Length	Start	End
Delimiter	1		
Loop/GroupID			
Delimiter	1		
SegmentID			

**SBSTF**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SBSTF )	5	1	5
Line # of the segment	10	6	15
Delimiter	1		
Key			
Delimiter	1		
Loop/Group ID			
Delimiter	1		
SegID			
Delimiter	1		
ElmPos			
Delimiter			
SubElmPos	1		

Field	Length	Start	End
-------	--------	-------	-----

Delimiter

MetaData

## SBSTI

Field	Length	Start	End
-------	--------	-------	-----

Record (SBSTI )	5	1	5
-----------------	---	---	---

Line # of the segment	10	6	15
-----------------------	----	---	----

Delimiter	1	16	16
-----------	---	----	----

MetaData

Delimiter	1		
-----------	---	--	--

Loop/Group ID

Delimiter	1		
-----------	---	--	--

SegmentID

Delimiter	1		
-----------	---	--	--

Element Data

Delimiter	1		
-----------	---	--	--

Element Data

## SBSTR

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SBSTR )	5	1	5
Line # of the segment	10	6	15
Delimiter	1		
Key			
Delimiter	1		
ReplaceValue			
Delimiter	1		

**STRT**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (STRT)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Error #	5	16	20
Severity	2	21	22
Date/Time	17	23	39
FileName Msg	n	40	EOL

**STRUE**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (STRUE)	5	1	5

Field	Length	Start	End
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID		17	
Document flag			
Instance			
Ending position			
Errors by severity			
Errors by type			
ID of ending segment			EOL

**STRUS**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (STRUS)	5	1	5
Starting line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID		17	
Document flag			
Instance			
Starting position			EOL

**SVALU**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SVALU)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
The remaining fields are variable in length and each is preceded by a vertical bar.			
Structure ID		17	
Structure position			
Segment data			EOL

**SVRTS**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SVRTS )	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Ignore Count	10	16	25
Info Count	10	26	35
Warning Count	10	36	45
Error Count	10	46	55
Fatal Count	10	56	65
User1 Count	10	66	75
User2 Count	10	76	85

**SVRTY**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (SVRTY )	5	1	5
Ignore Count	10	6	15
Info Count	10	16	25
Warning Count	10	26	35
Error Count	10	36	45
Fatal Count	10	46	55
User1 Count	10	56	65
User1 Count	10	66	75

**VER**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (VER )	5	1	5
Version	n	6	EOL

**Z**

Field	Length	Start	End
Record (Zaaaa)	5	1	5
Line #	10	6	15
Field 1 Data	n1	16	n
Fiend n Data	n2	n	n



**i** **Note:** *aaaa* represents the Custom Record Tag assigned to the record when it is defined in EDISIM. Examples: ZCLM, ZPATN, etc.

## Appendix E: ISError Refiner

---

Use the ISErrorRefiner activity to modify error lines (also called DTL lines) in an Foresight Instream results file.

**i Note:** The ISErrorRefiner activity is for use by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) customers utilizing data that has been validated by Foresight Instream to convert EDI to and from flat file format for compliance with the CEM requirements for electronic processing of claims. Purchase of the TIBCO Foresight® Instream® MAC Adapter is required to use ISErrorRefiner

Errors in Foresight Instream are assigned a severity, a HIPAA Type, various response codes, and more that apply to the error wherever it occurs. However, a customer may prefer that an error have different values for those parameters, depending on the location of the error within the EDI. ISErrorRefiner allows you to make changes to these parameters based on a configuration table of modification instructions.

For more details on ISErrorRefiner, refer to the *TIBCO Foresight® Instream® MAC Adapter ISErrorRefiner* PDF document.

### Example

An example use of ISErrorRefiner is as follows.

The following data is encountered during validation:

**DTL 30 2330AN4 1343 27 4 1 1 7 41652 2 14482 8 7024 X7 21**

The ISErrorRefiner configuration file specified in the input field "config\_file" contains the following modification instructions:

If an Foresight Instream DTL record is found for Error 41652 in Loop 2330A on the fourth element of the N4 segment, then the following fields in the DTL record are changed:

the element position set to '2'

the severity set to '3'

The modified Foresight Instream detail file (saved as specified in the input field "output\_file") contains the changed severity and element position rather than the default settings.

The modified data appears as follows:

**DTL 30 2330AN4 1343 27 2 1 1 7 41652 3 14482 8 7024 X7 21****General**

The General tab contains the following fields.

Field	Literal Value/Module Property/Process Property?	Description
Name	No	User-defined name for the activity.
Input Mode	No	Specifies where the input data is stored. There are two options: File and Memory. Memory is normally the most efficient way of connecting, but large documents should be stored as files.
Output Mode	No	Specifies where the input data is stored. There are two options: File and Memory. Memory is normally the most efficient way of connecting, but large documents should be stored as files.

**Description**

The Description tab is used to provide a short description for the activity.

**Input**

The Input tab contains the following fields.

Field	Datatype	Description
instream_result	string	Specifies the file path and name of the Foresight Instream detail file to be modified. (Required)  <b>Note:</b> This file is not changed by ISErrorRefiner.
config_file	string	Specifies the file path and name of the ISErrorRefiner configuration file containing the modification instructions that ISErrorRefiner is to use. (Required)

Field	Datatype	Description
		(See ISErrorRefiner configuration file for more information about the ISErrorRefiner Configuration Files.)
output_file	string	Specifies the file path and name for the output modified Foresight Instream detail file. (Required)  It should not be the same as the Input file.

## Output

The Output tab contains the following fields.

Field	Datatype	Description
instream_result_out	string	File path and name for the output modified Foresight Instream detail file.
return_code	string	Specifies the ISErrorRefiner return code.  For example, 0 means ISErrorRefiner ran successfully, 2 means a specified file could not be found, and so on.  Return codes are listed in the <i>Foresight® Instream® MAC Adapter ISErrorRefiner</i> PDF document.

## Fault

The Fault tab lists exceptions that are thrown by this activity.

Error Schema Element	Datatype	Description
msg	string	Error message description.
msgCode	string	The error code. It represents TIBCO ActiveMatrix BusinessWorks Plug-in for EDI and TIBCO Foresight errors.  See Error Codes for details.

# ISerrorRefiner Configuration File

The ISErrorRefiner Configuration File is used to specify the changes that ISErrorRefiner is to make.

For complete information on ISErrorRefiner Configuration files, see the ISErrorRefiner PDF document.

## ISerrorRefiner Configuration File Format

The ISErrorRefiner Configuration File is a text file containing two sections, which can occur in any order.

### [Settings] Section

The Settings section starts with the line [Settings] and contains the optional StopErrors entry.

StopErrors is used to identify errors that, when encountered, cause the severity of all other errors at the same level (loop, segment, or element) to be set to zero (ignore); in effect, causing just the Stop Error to appear.

This results in fewer extraneous errors such as those generated by unused loops or segments, where the contents of those loops and segments contain additional errors that are unimportant when compared to the main error.

The StopErrors entry is a comma-separated list of one or more five-digit error numbers.

StopErrors=Error#{Error#,Error#,...}

*Example*

```
StopErrors=11003,11302,11323,11324,10808,10811,10812,95171,95111,95236,9
5237,
95238,95120,95121,95239,95240,95241,95242,95235,95211,95233
```

### [Extended Warning Levels] Section

The Extended Warning Levels Section contains instructions about the modifications ISErrorRefiner is to make. Each line in this section corresponds to one Error/Location, and is structured as follows:

Error+Location=New Data

When ISErrorRefiner encounters an error (DTL) line in the input Detail File, it consults the table for an entry that has the same Error Number and Location (Loop, Segment, Element).

If it finds a match, it replaces the fields in the DTL line with the data from the New Data portion of the instructions.

#### Error+Location

Error+Location is composed of four fields separated by the vertical bar character (|):

Field 1 = Error Number

Field 2 = Loop ID

Field 3 = Segment ID

Field 4 = Element Number (followed by a dash and subelement number for Composite subelements)

#### New Data

New Data is comprised of 12 fields separated by the comma character and represents the data that is to replace various fields in the Input DTL record. Each field is optional and should contain data only when that field is to be changed.

#### New Data Replacement Fields

Field #	Description	Valid Values
1	Severity	Single-digit 0 through 6
2	HIPAA Type	Single-digit 0 through 8
3	997 AK3-04 Code	One or two-character string
4	997 AK4-03 Code	One or two-character string
5	824 TED-01 Code	One, two, or three-character string
6	824 TED-02 Code	One, two, or three-character string

Field #	Description	Valid Values
7	277 STC-01.02 Code	One through five-character string
8	999 IK3-04 Code	One, two, or three-character string
9	999 IK4-03 Code	One, two, or three-character string
10	Application Data	String no longer than 20 characters
11	(Not Used)	
12	Additional Replacement Values	String of additional replacement fields separated by periods. See the Table Additional New Data Replacement Fields.

### Additional New Data Replacement Fields

Field #	Description	Valid Values
1	(Not Used)	
2	Loop ID	1 - 6 characters
3	Segment ID	1 - 4 characters
4	Element ID	1 - 4 characters
5	Composite ID	1 - 4 characters
6	Segment Position	1 - 10 digits
7	Element Position	1 - 6 digits or "none"

Field #	Description	Valid Values
8	Sub-Element Position	1 - 2 digits or "none"
9 - 15	(Not Used)	
16	Segment Ordinal Number	1 - 5 digits

### Example

This example shows an ISErrorRefiner Configuration File entry.

```
41652 | 2330A | N4 | 4=3,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,2,,,,,,,,,,,,,
```

If a DTL record is found for Error 41652 in Loop 2330A on the fourth element of the N4 segment, then the following fields in the DTL record are changed:

- Severity set to '3'
- Element Position set to '2'.

## Setting Error Exclusivity

The severity can be prefixed with one of the following codes to affect the Exclusivity of the error. This will cause other errors at the specified level to be set to a severity of zero so that only the prefixed error will appear with the specified severity level. This is used to prevent extra errors from appearing in the response documents. For example, if an error like 'Segment Exceeds Maximum Usage Count occurs, the user may not want any further errors on the contents of that segment to appear.

The severity prefix immediately precedes the severity number, and is of the format:

X{l{E}}

where:

l represents the level of the exclusivity:

S = segment

L = loop



P = parent loop

E modifies the error element ID according to the table below. Note that the E code must follow a level code, and can't be used by itself (i.e. a severity prefix of XE is invalid)

If the level is omitted, then the level is assumed to be the element level. Note that the 'X' prefix by itself can only be used on error messages at the element or composite sub-element level.

The E modifier is used to change the element that the error refers to according to the segment where the error appears according to the following table:

AMT segment	Sets the error's element ID to 522
CAS segment	Sets the error's element ID to 522
DTP segment	Sets the error's element ID to 374
HI segment	Sets the error's element ID to 1270 and the composite element ID to C022
LX segment	Sets the error's element ID to 554
NM1 segment	Sets the error's element ID to 98
PRV segment	Sets the error's element ID to 1221
REF segment and the error number is 11302	Sets the error's element ID to 128
SV2 segment	Sets the error's element ID to 234

### Examples:

10808|2300|HI=XP3,2,5,,006,,,5,1,

will cause ISErrorRefiner to set all errors (other than the first 10808) that occur in the HI segment in the 2300 loop where the 10808 error is reported, and any errors in the 2300 loop and parent loop containing that HI segment to a severity of zero (i.e. ignored). Note that this may include other 10808 errors besides the current one.

11302|1000A|NM1=XP3,2,1,,848,,21,l7,1,

will cause ISErrorRefiner to set all errors (other than the first 11302) that occur in the NM1 segment in the 1000A loop where the 11302 error is reported, and any errors in the loop and parent loop containing that NM1 segment to a severity of zero (i.e. ignored). It will also set the 11302 error's element ID to 98.

# TIBCO Documentation and Support Services

---

For information about this product, you can read the documentation, contact Support, and join TIBCO Community.

## How to Access TIBCO Documentation

Documentation for TIBCO products is available on the [Product Documentation website](#), mainly in HTML and PDF formats.

The [Product Documentation website](#) is updated frequently and is more current than any other documentation included with the product.

## Product-Specific Documentation

The documentation for this product is available on the [TIBCO Foresight® Instream® Product Documentation](#) page.

## How to Contact Support for TIBCO Products

You can contact the Support team in the following ways:

- To access the Support Knowledge Base and getting personalized content about products you are interested in, visit our [product Support website](#).
- To create a Support case, you must have a valid maintenance or support contract with a Cloud Software Group entity. You also need a username and password to log in to the [product Support website](#). If you do not have a username, you can request one by clicking **Register** on the website.

## How to Join TIBCO Community

TIBCO Community is the official channel for TIBCO customers, partners, and employee subject matter experts to share and access their collective experience. TIBCO Community offers access to Q&A forums, product wikis, and best practices. It also offers access to extensions, adapters, solution accelerators, and tools that extend and enable customers to gain full value from TIBCO products. In addition, users can submit and vote on feature

requests from within the [TIBCO Ideas Portal](#). For a free registration, go to [TIBCO Community](#).

# Legal and Third-Party Notices

---

SOME CLOUD SOFTWARE GROUP, INC. (“CLOUD SG”) SOFTWARE AND CLOUD SERVICES EMBED, BUNDLE, OR OTHERWISE INCLUDE OTHER SOFTWARE, INCLUDING OTHER CLOUD SG SOFTWARE (COLLECTIVELY, “INCLUDED SOFTWARE”). USE OF INCLUDED SOFTWARE IS SOLELY TO ENABLE THE FUNCTIONALITY (OR PROVIDE LIMITED ADD-ON FUNCTIONALITY) OF THE LICENSED CLOUD SG SOFTWARE AND/OR CLOUD SERVICES. THE INCLUDED SOFTWARE IS NOT LICENSED TO BE USED OR ACCESSED BY ANY OTHER CLOUD SG SOFTWARE AND/OR CLOUD SERVICES OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

USE OF CLOUD SG SOFTWARE AND CLOUD SERVICES IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF AN AGREEMENT FOUND IN EITHER A SEPARATELY EXECUTED AGREEMENT, OR, IF THERE IS NO SUCH SEPARATE AGREEMENT, THE CLICKWRAP END USER AGREEMENT WHICH IS DISPLAYED WHEN ACCESSING, DOWNLOADING, OR INSTALLING THE SOFTWARE OR CLOUD SERVICES (AND WHICH IS DUPLICATED IN THE LICENSE FILE) OR IF THERE IS NO SUCH LICENSE AGREEMENT OR CLICKWRAP END USER AGREEMENT, THE LICENSE(S) LOCATED IN THE “LICENSE” FILE(S) OF THE SOFTWARE. USE OF THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO THOSE SAME TERMS AND CONDITIONS, AND YOUR USE HEREOF SHALL CONSTITUTE ACCEPTANCE OF AND AN AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND BY THE SAME.

This document is subject to U.S. and international copyright laws and treaties. No part of this document may be reproduced in any form without the written authorization of Cloud Software Group, Inc.

TIBCO, the TIBCO logo, the TIBCO O logo, Instream, BusinessConnect, Community Manager, EDISIM, HIPAA Validator, Studio and Transaction Insight are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Cloud Software Group, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Java and all Java based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

All other product and company names and marks mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners and are mentioned for identification purposes only. You acknowledge that all rights to these third party marks are the exclusive property of their respective owners. Please refer to Cloud SG’s Third Party Trademark Notices (<https://www.cloud.com/legal>) for more information.

This document includes fonts that are licensed under the SIL Open Font License, Version 1.1, which is available at: <https://scripts.sil.org/OFL>

Copyright (c) Paul D. Hunt, with Reserved Font Name Source Sans Pro and Source Code Pro.

Cloud SG software may be available on multiple operating systems. However, not all operating system platforms for a specific software version are released at the same time. See the “readme” file

for the availability of a specific version of Cloud SG software on a specific operating system platform.

THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED “AS IS” WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT.

THIS DOCUMENT COULD INCLUDE TECHNICAL INACCURACIES OR TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS. CHANGES ARE PERIODICALLY ADDED TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN; THESE CHANGES WILL BE INCORPORATED IN NEW EDITIONS OF THIS DOCUMENT. CLOUD SG MAY MAKE IMPROVEMENTS AND/OR CHANGES IN THE PRODUCT(S), THE PROGRAM(S), AND/OR THE SERVICES DESCRIBED IN THIS DOCUMENT AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE.

THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE MODIFIED AND/OR QUALIFIED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY OTHER DOCUMENTATION WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS SOFTWARE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY RELEASE NOTES AND "README" FILES.

This and other products of Cloud SG may be covered by registered patents. For details, please refer to the Virtual Patent Marking document located at <https://www.tibco.com/patents>.

Copyright © 2001-2024. Cloud Software Group, Inc. All Rights Reserved.