



TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser)

Integrating TIBCO Forms 2.x with GI Applications

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Contents

Contents	2
Integrating TIBCO Forms 2.x with GI Applications	3
Overview	3
Forms Add-In Interface	4
Instantiating a Form	4
Providing Input Data	7
Handling Submitted Data	8
Providing Validation Methods	10
Appendix A: Complete Listing	13
TIBCO Documentation and Support Services	17
Legal and Third-Party Notices	19

Integrating TIBCO Forms 2.x with GI Applications

This document describes the integration of TIBCO Forms 2.x with TIBCO General Interface (GI) applications.

Note that this document is included in the TIBCO iProcess Workspace (Browser) document set as the TIBCO Forms Add-in (the runtime part of TIBCO Forms) is installed via the TIBCO iProcess Workspace (Browser) installer.

Overview

Forms developed with TIBCO Forms are typically associated with a user task of a business process and used in the context of TIBCO iProcess Workspace (Browser) or TIBCO iProcess Workspace (Browser) Components to capture and/or display the user data. However, at times there is a need to generate customized user interfaces for user tasks that run outside the context of TIBCO iProcess Workspace (Browser), or to display data that is coming from external data channels, like TIBCO BusinessWorks web services, along with BPM data. This document describes a programatic approach to instantiating and launching TIBCO Forms applications from a standalone General Interface application. The standalone General Interface application may be used to interact with Business Process data along with other external data channels like TIBCO BusinessWorks web services.

Restrictions

The interface described in this Tech Note applies only to the use of TIBCO Forms 2.x. The interface will change in later versions of TIBCO Forms. Any applications using TIBCO Forms in this way will have to be updated to conform to the new interface.

i Note: The usage specified in this document is supported only in the context of using TIBCO iProcess suite of software, for example, for collecting data to start a business process or displaying external data referenced by the business process. This interface should not be used in any other context.

Prerequisites

It is assumed that the reader is familiar with the General Interface programming model, including the creation and manipulation of `jsx` objects (GI 3.9.0 and onwards), the container model, the event model, and making use of GI add-ins. Please refer to the GI documentation for more information.

Forms Add-In Interface

The runtime of TIBCO Forms consists of a GI add-in that interprets the form model and instantiates the corresponding GI objects needed to render the form. The form add-in on its own does not access or submit data. The application that contains the form is responsible for retrieving data and handling submitted data. This section explains what the application needs to do in order to instantiate a form, provide initial data, and handle the submit of data from the form.

The TIBCO Forms add-in is installed as part of the TIBCO iProcess Workspace (Browser) in the following location:

```
<Tomcat Install Dir>\webApps\iprocessClient\addins\forms2
```

i Note: Note that the **forms** addin installed at the same location is used for earlier versions of TIBCO Forms.

Instantiating a Form

The Form class is provided as `com.tibco.forms.Form`. The constructor for this class accepts a JavaScript object that contains the following properties:

Properties for the Form class constructor object

Property	Description
xml	String or <code>jsx3.xml.Document</code> . Provides the XML representing the form model. This can be provided either as a path to the form model

Property	Description
	(String) or as a parsed <code>jsx3.xml.Document</code> object.
<code>dataStore</code>	<p>The instance of the <code>com.tibco.dataTIBCOItemStore</code> that extends <code>dojo.data.ItemFileWriteStore</code> (from the Dojo Toolkit).</p> <p>The data store is initialized with data provided by the server.</p>
<code>container</code>	<code>jsx3.gui.Block</code> . This is the node in the containing application to which the Form will be added.
<code>formLocaleString</code>	String. This is the locale that will be used to render the form. This string is of the form <code>xx</code> or <code>xx_YY</code> , where <code>xx</code> is the language code and <code>YY</code> is the country code.
<code>formPath</code>	String. This is the path to the location of the form file. This is used for resolving the path to the associated resource bundles (<code>.xml</code> extension). This will be the same as the <code>xml</code> parameter if the <code>xml</code> parameter is passed in as a path to the form model.
<code>formPathAlt</code>	String. Alternate path to the location of the form file. Used for resolving form resources such as CSS files, image files, and external JavaScript files.
<code>javascriptBomRoot</code>	Path to the location of JavaScript object files created for the Business Object Model (BOM).
<code>ignoreCache</code>	boolean. If true, then this will force the form add-in to reload the <code>.form</code> model from the server for each form load during the browser's session. This is useful during the development cycle when the form may be undergoing many changes and you want to pick up the changes without having to re-load the entire application.
<code>formId</code>	String. This can be anything as long as it is unique across all the forms instantiated within the current browser session.
<code>formData</code>	The value for the property contains copy of initial data provided to the form. This data will be used during the reset of form to its original state.

Once the form is instantiated, it will be added automatically to the container provided in the Form constructor. There are still three things that need to happen after the form is instantiated:

1. Add Validation Methods to the Form (See [Providing Validation Methods](#)).
2. Add Callback Methods to the Form (See [Handling Submitted Data](#)).
3. Paint the Form. This is done using the `Form.paint()` method.

Below is a listing showing an sample function that will load the Form given a URL to a Form model:

```
function loadForm(formPath, javascriptBomRoot, sampleDataPath) {
    var pane = formViewer.getJSXByName("pane");
    _dataStore = getDataStore(sampleDataPath);
    var context = {
        formPath : formPath,
        formPathAlt : formPath,
        javascriptBomRoot : javascriptBomRoot,
        container : pane,
        locale : _locale,
        ignoreCache : false,
        formId : _formId,
        dataStore : _dataStore
    };
    var form;
    try {
        form = new com.tibco.forms.Form(context);
    } catch (e) {
        alert("error loading form: " + e );
    }
    addValidationMethods(form);
    registerCallbacks(form);
    form.paint();
    return form;
};
```

The `addValidationMethods()`, `getDataStore()`, and `registerCallbacks()` methods will be explained in the following sections, as will the `dataProvider` object passed into the form constructor.

Providing Input Data

The input data is provided to the form via the Dojo data store object. You can create the data store object by providing:

- a URL to the location of the JSON data file
- or
- an array of JavaScript objects. Each object in this array will contain following properties:
 - \$param : name of the data parameter
 - \$value : value of the parameter
 - type : type of the object (primitive data type or complex data type)

Here is the listing of the `getDataStore()` method that will return the data store object using the path to the sample data file:

```
function getDataStore(sampleDataPath) {
    var logger = jsx3.util.Logger.getLogger("com.tibco.forms.app1");
    var dataStoreArgs;
    if (sampleDataPath != null && sampleDataPath.length > 0) {
        dataStoreArgs = {
            url : sampleDataPath,
            logger : logger
        };
    } else {
        var initialData = new Object();
        initialData.items = new Array();
        var dataStoreArgs = {
            data : initialData,
            logger : logger
        };
    }
    return new com.tibco.data.TIBCOItemStore(dataStoreArgs);
};
```

Here is the listing of the `getDataStore()` method that will return the data store object using the JavaScript array of items.

```
function getDataStore(items) {
    var logger = jsx3.util.Logger.getLogger("com.tibco.forms.app1");
    var dataStoreArgs;
    var initialData = new Object();
```

```

        initialData.items = items;
        var dataStoreArgs = {
            data : initialData,
            logger : logger
        };
    }
    return new com.tibco.data.TIBCOItemStore(dataStoreArgs);
};

```

Handling Submitted Data

The handling of form-level life-cycle events is handled by a subscribe mechanism on the Form object. The containing application registers interest in one or more of the form-level events and passes in a callback function that can retrieve parameter data from the form and complete the process of submitting the data to the server. The signature for the subscribe method:

```
subscribe(eventName, thisObject, callbackFunction);
```

Arguments for the subscribe() method

Arguments	Description
eventName	String. This is the name of the event that the listener will respond to. <code>com.tibco.forms.Form</code> defines 5 event names that can be used here: SUBMIT, APPLY, CLOSE, CANCEL, RESET.
thisObject	Object. Object that will be accessible as this in the callback function.
callbackFunction	A function that takes the event object and handles the particular event.

For actions where the Form should be removed from the rendered view, the `destroy()` method should be called on the Form. This will remove it from the parent and do additional clean-up. The output data can be retrieved from the Form using `Form.getDataOut()`. This object provides a `get` method that returns the value for the given field name. Available parameter names can be accessed via `Form.getDataModel().getParamNames()`, which returns an array of parameter names.

Below is some sample code that can be used to register listeners on the Form object that will handle the form life-cycle events. For these, the handlers are only displaying the information in an alert. In a production application, the body of the submit callback would be responsible for sending the updated data back to the server.

```
function registerCallbacks(form) {
    form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.SUBMIT, form,
        function(event) {
            this.dataStoreBuff = "{ items:[ ";
            this.itemsExist = false;
            var saveCompleteCallback = function() {
                var itemCallback = function(item, request) {
                    var itemStr = _dataStore.serializeItem(item);
                    if (itemStr == "") {
                        return;
                    }
                    if (this.itemsExist) {
                        this.dataStoreBuff = this.dataStoreBuff + "," +
                            + itemStr;
                    } else {
                        this.dataStoreBuff = this.dataStoreBuff +
                            itemStr;
                        this.itemsExist = true;
                    }
                    alert("submitting param: " +
                        _dataStore.getValue(item, "$param") + "=" +
                        itemStr);
                };
                _dataStore.fetch( {
                    query : {
                        $param : "*"
                    },
                    onItem : itemCallback,
                    scope : this
                });
            };
            _dataStore.save( {
                "onComplete" : saveCompleteCallback,
                "scope" : this
            });
            this.dataStoreBuff = this.dataStoreBuff + " ]} ";
            alert("Data store output submitted : " + this.dataStoreBuff);
        });
    form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.CLOSE, form,
        function(event) {
            alert("Close Action invoked");
        });
    form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.CANCEL, form,
```

```

        function(event) {
            alert("Cancel Action invoked");
        });
    form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.APPLY, form,
        function(event) {
            alert("Apply Action invoked");
        });
};

```

Providing Validation Methods

Before the form can be put into service, there are three validation methods that the runtime expects to be added to the form. The following code can be used to add the required methods to the form after instantiation:

```

adapter.prototype.addValidationMethods = function(form) {
    form.maxLength = function(value, len) {
        return value.length <= len;
    };
    form.isNumber = function(value, length) {
        if (!value || value == null) {
            return true;
        }
        if (typeof (value) == 'number') {
            value = value + "";
        }
        if (value.length == 0) {
            return true;
        }
        if (value.indexOf(".") != -1) {
            var index = value.indexOf(".");
            var fraction = value.substring(index + 1);
            value = value.substring(0, index - 1);
            if (fraction.valueOf() != 0) {
                return false;
            }
        }
        if (isNaN(value)) {
            return false;
        }
        if (/^-?\d|E|e+$/ .test(value)) {
            if (value.indexOf('-') == -1 && value.length > length) {
                return false;
            } else {
                return true;
            }
        }
    };
};

```

```

    }
  } else {
    return false;
  };
};
form._numberFormat = function(value, len, digits) {
  if (typeof (value) == 'number') {
    value = value + "";
  }
  if (!value || value == null || value.length == 0) {
    return true;
  }
  if (isNaN(value)) {
    return false;
  }
  var whole;
  var fraction;
  var index = value.indexOf('.');
  if (index == -1) {
    whole = value;
    fraction = '';
  } else {
    whole = value.substring(0, index);
    fraction = value.substring(index + 1);
    if (digits == 0 && fraction.valueOf() == 0) {
      fraction = '';
    }
  }
  var wholeLength = len;
  if (digits != -1)
    var wholeLength = len - digits;
  if (whole.indexOf('-') == 0) {
    wholeLength++;
  }
  return (this.maxLength(whole, wholeLength)
&& (digits != -1 ? this.maxLength(fraction, digits) : true)
&& this.isNumber(whole) && this.isNumber(fraction));
};
form.numberFormat = function(value, len, digits) {
  if (value instanceof Array) {
    var result = true;
    for ( var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) {
      result = this._numberFormat(value[i], len, digits);
      if (result)
        continue;
      else
        return result;
    }
  }

```

```
        return result;
    } else {
        return this._numberFormat(value, len, digits);
    }
};
};
```

Appendix A: Complete Listing

A complete listing of the `logic.js` for a sample GI application is provided in this appendix.

```
jsx3.require("com.tibco.forms.Form");
_locale = "en_US";
_formId = 0;
_form = null;
_dataStore = null;
/*
 * This API is invoked from the containing application.
 * @param formPath: Path to location of form
 * @param javascriptBomRoot: Path to the location of the JavaScript
objects
 * @param sampleDataPath: Path to the location of sample data file
 */
function loadTIBCOForm(formPath, javascriptBomRoot, sampleDataPath) {
    if (_form != null) {
        _form.destroy();
    }
    _form = loadForm(formPath, javascriptBomRoot, sampleDataPath);
};
function loadForm(formPath, javascriptBomRoot, sampleDataPath) {
    var pane = formViewer.getJSXByName("pane");
    _dataStore = getDataStore(sampleDataPath);
    var context = {
        formPath : formPath,
        formPathAlt : formPath,
        javascriptBomRoot : javascriptBomRoot,
        container : pane,
        locale : _locale,
        ignoreCache : false,
        formId : _formId,
        dataStore : _dataStore
    };
    var form;
    try {
        form = new com.tibco.forms.Form(context);
    } catch (e) {
        alert("error loading form: " + e );
    }
    addValidationMethods(form);
    registerCallbacks(form);
    form.paint();
}
```

```

        return form;
    };
    function getDataStore(sampleDataPath) {
        var logger = jsx3.util.Logger.getLogger("com.tibco.forms.app1");
        var dataStoreArgs;
        if (sampleDataPath != null && sampleDataPath.length > 0) {
            dataStoreArgs = {
                url : sampleDataPath,
                logger : logger
            };
        } else {
            var initialData = new Object();
            initialData.items = new Array();
            var dataStoreArgs = {
                data : initialData,
                logger : logger
            };
        }
        return new com.tibco.data.TIBCOItemStore(dataStoreArgs);
    };
    function registerCallbacks(form) {
        form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.SUBMIT, form, function(event) {
            this.dataStoreBuff = "{ items:[ ";
            this.itemsExist = false;
            var saveCompleteCallback = function() {
                var itemCallback = function(item, request) {
                    var itemStr = _dataStore.serializeItem(item);
                    if (itemStr == "") {
                        return;
                    }
                    if (this.itemsExist) {
                        this.dataStoreBuff = this.dataStoreBuff + "," +
                            itemStr;
                    } else {
                        this.dataStoreBuff = this.dataStoreBuff +
                            itemStr;
                        this.itemsExist = true;
                    }
                }
                alert("submitting param: " +
                    _dataStore.getValue(item, "$param") + "=" +
                    itemStr);
            };
            _dataStore.fetch( {
                query : {
                    $param : "*"
                },
                onItem : itemCallback,
                scope : this
            });
        });
    }

```

```

    });
    _dataStore.save( {
        "onComplete" : saveCompleteCallback,
        "scope" : this
    });
    this.dataStoreBuff = this.dataStoreBuff + " ]} ";
    alert("Data store output submitted : " +
        this.dataStoreBuff);
});
form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.CLOSE, form,
    function(event) {
        alert("Close Action invoked");
    });
form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.CANCEL, form,
    function(event) {
        alert("Cancel Action invoked");
    });
form.subscribe(com.tibco.forms.Form.APPLY, form,
    function(event) {
        alert("Apply Action invoked");
    });
};
function addValidationMethods(form) {
    form.maxLength = function(value, len) {
        return value.length <= len;
    };
    form.isNumber = function(value, length) {
        if (!value || value == null) { return true; }
        if (typeof (value) == 'number') {
            value = value + "";
        }
        if (value.length == 0){
            return true;
        }
        if (value.indexOf(".") != -1) {
            return false;
        }
        if (isNaN(value)) {
            return false;
        }
        if (/^-?\d|E|e+$/ .test(value)) {
            if (value.indexOf('-') == -1 && value.length > length) {
                return false;
            } else {
                return true;
            }
        } else {
            return true;
        }
    };
}

```

```

        return false;
    };
};
form._numberFormat = function(value, len, digits) {
    if (typeof (value) == 'number') {
        value = value + "";
    }
    if (!value || value == null || value.length == 0) {
        return true;
    }
    if (isNaN(value)) {
        return false;
    }
    var whole;
    var fraction;
    var index = value.indexOf('.');
    if (index == -1) {
        whole = value;
        fraction = '';
    } else {
        whole = value.substring(0, index);
        fraction = value.substring(index + 1);
    }
    var wholeLength = len - digits;
    if (whole.indexOf('-') == 0) {
        wholeLength++;
    }
    return (this.maxLength(whole, wholeLength) &&
        this.maxLength(fraction, digits) &&
        this.isNumber(whole) && this.isNumber(fraction));
};
form.numberFormat = function(value, len, digits) {
    if (value instanceof Array) {
        var result = true;
        for ( var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) {
            result = this._numberFormat(value[i], len, digits);
            if (result)
                continue;
            else
                return result;
        }
        return result;
    } else {
        return this._numberFormat(value, len, digits);
    }
};
};
};

```


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Product-Specific Documentation

Documentation for TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) is available on the [TIBCO iProcess® Workspace \(Browser\) Product Documentation](#) page.

The following documents for this product can be found in the TIBCO Documentation site:

- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Release Notes*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Installation*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) User Guide*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Action Processor Reference*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Components Concepts*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Components Reference*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Configuration and Customization Guide*
- *TIBCO iProcess® Workspace (Browser) Integrating TIBCO Forms 2.1.x with GI Applications*

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