



TIBCO Rendezvous[®]

Configuration Tools

Software Release 8.5
December 2019



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Preface

TIBCO Rendezvous® is a messaging infrastructure product.

TIBCO is proud to announce the latest release of TIBCO Rendezvous software. This release is the latest in a long history of TIBCO products that leverage the power of the Information Bus® technology to enable truly event-driven IT environments. To find out more about how TIBCO Rendezvous software and other TIBCO products are powered by TIB® technology, please visit us at www.tibco.com.

This manual describes tools for configuring daemons and other component processes of TIBCO Rendezvous software. It is part of the documentation set for Rendezvous Software Release 8.5.0.

Parts of the book *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration* describe the configuration of Rendezvous components using a graphical browser administration interface. This book describes a programmer interface and an XML tool for configuring the same parameters.

Topics

- [Manual Organization](#), page xiv
- [TIBCO Documentation and Support Services](#), page xv

Manual Organization

This book begins with an introduction to the tools and the configuration API:

- [Chapter 1, Overview, on page 1](#)

Most of the book details the objects and methods of the API:

- [Chapter 2, Daemon Manager, on page 9](#)
- [Chapter 3, Communications Daemon—rvd, on page 21](#)
- [Chapter 4, Routing Daemon—rvrd, on page 75](#)
- [Chapter 5, Security, on page 161](#)
- [Chapter 6, Secure Daemons—rvsd & rvsrd, on page 179](#)
- [Chapter 7, Current Value Cache—rvcache, on page 229](#)
- [Chapter 8, Component Information, on page 269](#)
- [Chapter 9, Exceptions, on page 295](#)

One chapter describes a tool that you can use to quickly configure Rendezvous components from a command line. This tool can also apply a configuration stored in an XML file.

- [Chapter 10, Command Line Tool—tibrvcfg, on page 299](#)

TIBCO Documentation and Support Services

How to Access TIBCO Documentation

Documentation for TIBCO products is available on the TIBCO Product Documentation website, mainly in HTML and PDF formats.

The TIBCO Product Documentation website is updated frequently and is more current than any other documentation included with the product. To access the latest documentation, visit <https://docs.tibco.com>.

TIBCO Rendezvous Documentation

TIBCO_HOME is the top-level directory in which TIBCO products are installed.

- On Windows platforms, the default TIBCO_HOME is C:\tibco.
- On UNIX platforms, the default TIBCO_HOME is /opt/tibco.

The following documents form the Rendezvous documentation set:

- *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*

Read this book first. It contains basic information about Rendezvous components, principles of operation, programming constructs and techniques, advisory messages, and a glossary. All other books in the documentation set refer to concepts explained in this book.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Begins with a checklist of action items for system and network administrators. This book describes the mechanics of Rendezvous licensing, network details, plus a chapter for each component of the Rendezvous software suite. Readers should have *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts* at hand for reference.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous Installation*

Includes step-by-step instructions for installing Rendezvous software on various operating system platforms.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous C Reference*

Detailed descriptions of each datatype and function in the Rendezvous C API. Readers should already be familiar with the C programming language, as well as the material in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous C++ Reference*

Detailed descriptions of each class and method in the Rendezvous C++ API. The C++ API uses some datatypes and functions from the C API, so we

recommend the *TIBCO Rendezvous C Reference* as an additional resource. Readers should already be familiar with the C++ programming language, as well as the material in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous .NET Reference*

Detailed descriptions of each class and method in the Rendezvous .NET interface. Readers should already be familiar with either C# or Visual Basic .NET, as well as the material in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous Java Reference*

Detailed descriptions of each class and method in the Rendezvous Java language interface. Readers should already be familiar with the Java programming language, as well as the material in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous Configuration Tools*

Detailed descriptions of each Java class and method in the Rendezvous configuration API, plus a command line tool that can generate and apply XML documents representing component configurations. Readers should already be familiar with the Java programming language, as well as the material in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous z/OS Installation and Configuration*

Information about Rendezvous for IBM z/OS systems regarding installation and maintenance. Some information may be also useful for application programmers.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous for z/OS COBOL Reference*

Detailed descriptions of each datatype and function in the Rendezvous COBOL API. Readers should already be familiar with the COBOL programming language, z/OS, as well as the material in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

- *TIBCO Rendezvous Release Notes*

Lists new features, changes in functionality, deprecated features, migration and compatibility information, closed issues and known issues.

How to Contact TIBCO Support

You can contact TIBCO Support in the following ways:

- For an overview of TIBCO Support, visit <http://www.tibco.com/services/support>.

- For accessing the Support Knowledge Base and getting personalized content about products you are interested in, visit the TIBCO Support portal at <https://support.tibco.com>.
- If you already have a valid maintenance or support contract, visit this site:
- For creating a Support case, you must have a valid maintenance or support contract with TIBCO. You also need a user name and password to log in to <https://support.tibco.com>. If you do not have a user name, you can request one by clicking **Register** on the website.

How to Join TIBCO Community

TIBCO Community is the official channel for TIBCO customers, partners, and employee subject matter experts to share and access their collective experience. TIBCO Community offers access to Q&A forums, product wikis, and best practices. It also offers access to extensions, adapters, solution accelerators, and tools that extend and enable customers to gain full value from TIBCO products. In addition, users can submit and vote on feature requests from within the TIBCO Ideas Portal. For a free registration, go to <https://community.tibco.com>.

Chapter 1 **Overview**

This chapter introduces the TIBCO Rendezvous[®] configuration tools, and presents important information for programmers who use this configuration API.

Topics

- [Scope of the Tools, page 2](#)
- [API Architecture, page 3](#)
- [Data Accessors, page 5](#)
- [Program Structure, page 6](#)
- [Requirements, page 7](#)

Scope of the Tools

The Rendezvous configuration tools set consists of three parts:

- An API for coding configuration programs.
- A general configuration tool.
- An XML syntax for configuration data.

Configuration API

The Rendezvous configuration API consists of a set of Java classes. You can use these classes and their methods to write programs that configure or examine Rendezvous daemons (and other component processes). This book presents the API in depth.

The methods can get parameters, set parameters, and get state information—the same set of operations that you do using the daemon’s browser administration interface.

Using Java programs for these operations can speed the distribution of administrative changes to a large number of daemon processes.



Interacting with a daemon too frequently can degrade the daemon’s performance (for example, repeatedly polling for statistical information). Use immediate-access methods conservatively.

Command Line Tool

Using the configuration API, we have implemented a command line tool for general use. `tibrvcfg` interacts with a component to execute one configuration command, and outputs the results to `stdio`.

You can use `tibrvcfg` to dump an XML configuration document reflecting the configuration of a Rendezvous component process. Other commands can load an XML document, so a component conforms to the configuration it specifies.

For details, see [Command Line Tool—tibrvcfg on page 299](#).

XML

DTD files define the syntax of XML configuration documents for Rendezvous components. These definitions guide the command line tools to produce and parse correct XML documents.

API Architecture

Table 1 describes the Java classes that compose the configuration API. These classes belong to five categories:

- Manager
- Proxies
- Immediate-Access Objects
- Read-Only Objects
- Exceptions

Table 1 Overview of Configuration Classes (Sheet 1 of 2)

Class	Description
<code>DaemonManager</code>	Establish and manage a connection to the browser administration interface of a daemon process.
Proxy interfaces represent daemon component processes within a configuration program.	
<code>DaemonProxy</code>	This interface defines methods common to all Rendezvous components. The <code>DaemonManager</code> automatically creates a proxy instance, which the program uses as its main interface to the daemon process.
<code>RvdProxy</code> <code>RvrdProxy</code> <code>SecurityProxy</code> <code>SecureDaemonProxy</code> <code>RvcacheProxy</code>	These interfaces define methods specific to each Rendezvous component. For example, <code>RvrdProxy</code> defines methods for interacting with <code>rvrd</code>. Each proxy interface represents one aspect of the behavior of the component. Some components incorporate several aspects, and they support the corresponding proxy interfaces. For example, <code>rvrd</code> has aspects of communications daemon (<code>rvd</code>) behavior, and aspects of routing daemon behavior (<code>rvrd</code>)—so it supports both <code>RvdProxy</code> and <code>RvrdProxy</code>. Programs cast the proxy instance to the appropriate proxy interfaces in order to call methods specific to the corresponding aspects.

Table 1 Overview of Configuration Classes (Sheet 2 of 2)

Class	Description
Immediate-access data structure classes represent data structures within component processes. Methods interact with the corresponding process.	
ClientTransport Service Host	These classes represent data structures within a communications daemon process (including <code>rvd</code> , <code>rvsd</code> , <code>rvrd</code> and <code>rvsrd</code>).
Router LocalNetworkInterface NeighborInterface ImportSubject	These classes represent data structures within a routing daemon process (including <code>rvrd</code> and <code>rvsrd</code>).
CertificateSlot	This class represents a data structure that can contain an X.509 certificate. These slots occur in processes that permit secure HTTPS connections (including <code>rvd</code> , <code>rvsd</code> , <code>rvrd</code> , <code>rvsrd</code> , and <code>rvcache</code>).
NetworkServicePair User UserCertificate	These classes represent data structures within a secure daemon process (including <code>rvsd</code> and <code>rvsrd</code>).
CachedField CachedSubject	These classes represent data structures within an <code>rvcache</code> process.
Read-only data structure classes contain information retrieved from component processes. Methods do <i>not</i> interact with component processes.	
ComponentInformation RvdInformation RvrdInformation RvsdInformation RvsrdInformation RvcacheInformation	These classes structure general information from the various components.
LoggingParams FaultToleranceParams RvcacheNetworkParams	These classes structure parameter information from the various components.
Exception classes	
ConfigurationException FatalConfigurationException	Methods of the configuration API throw these exception classes.

Data Accessors

Immediate Access

Proxy interfaces and immediate-access data structure classes define methods that access data within component processes. These methods access data *immediately* (though indirectly):

- Methods that *get* data from the component always fetch new data with each call (they do not return stored data from earlier calls).
- Methods that *set* values in the component immediately store the new values (they do not hold values while waiting for another call). If the component rejects a value, the method throws an exception.

This immediate-access paradigm ensures that configuration programs and daemon components always remain synchronized throughout their interactions.

Program Credentials



An important exception to this rule is `SecurityProxy.useCredentials()`, which is not a data access method. Instead, this method records an administrator name and password within the program (not within the daemon). A private method of `SecurityProxy` automatically supplies these credentials whenever the daemon requests them. For details see, `SecurityProxy.useCredentials()` on page 169.

Read-Only Objects

Each proxy interface defines a method that gets general information from the component. These methods return an instance of a subclass of `ComponentInformation`. All of these instances are read-only:

- Methods that *get* data from these objects do *not* interact with the component.
- Programs cannot construct these objects; they exist only because `getComponentInformation()` methods return them.
- Programs cannot modify these objects.

Program Structure

- Examples** Programming examples are included on the installation media. When you install Rendezvous software, these examples appear in the directory `src/examples/configapi`.
- We encourage you to examine these programs before writing your own programs.
- Structure** The basic structure of programs follows these steps:
1. Define subclasses of `javax.net.ssl.HostnameVerifier` and `javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager` to specify the security behavior of your program.
 2. Create an instance of `DaemonManager`.
The constructor automatically creates an instance of `DaemonProxy`, and stores it in the new manager instance.
 3. Get the daemon proxy instance from the daemon manager.
 4. Cast the daemon proxy instance to one of the specific aspect proxy interfaces, and call methods of that aspect to access and configure the daemon.
You may subsequently cast the daemon proxy to different aspect proxy interfaces, and call their methods.

Requirements

Java SDK

The Rendezvous configuration API requires that you first install Java SDK runtime environment 1.4 (or later). You can download this software from java.sun.com.

Environment Variables

Variable	Description
CLASSPATH	Rendezvous installation places the Java archive file <code>rvconfig.jar</code> in the <code>lib</code> directory under <code>TIBRV_HOME</code>. If you have placed this file in any other location, the <code>CLASSPATH</code> variable must include the complete pathname. The <code>CLASSPATH</code> variable must also include the complete pathname to the SDK file <code>jsse.jar</code>, which implements TLS.

Chapter 2 **Daemon Manager**

This chapter describes the top-level objects in Rendezvous configuration programs.

Topics

- [DaemonManager](#), page 10
- [DaemonProxy](#), page 14
- [XmlSerializable](#), page 17

DaemonManager

Class

Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.DaemonManager
    extends java.lang.Object
```

Purpose

Establish and manage a connection to the browser administration interface of a daemon process.



Although it has a similar name, this class is *not* related to the Daemon Manager (RVDM) feature.

Remarks

Each instance connects to *one* process instance of a daemon.

Constant	Description
<code>DaemonManager.UNKNOWN</code>	<code>DaemonManager.getDaemonType()</code> returns these integer constants to indicate the type of daemon to which it has connected.
<code>DaemonManager.RVD</code>	
<code>DaemonManager.RVRD</code>	
<code>DaemonManager.RVSD</code>	
<code>DaemonManager.RVSRD</code>	
<code>DaemonManager.RVCACHE</code>	

Method	Description	Page
<code>DaemonManager()</code>	Create a daemon manager and initialize its connection to a daemon process.	11
<code>DaemonManager.getDaemonType()</code>	Return an integer indicating the type of daemon to which the daemon manager has connected.	12
<code>DaemonManager.getDaemonProxy()</code>	Return the proxy instance representing the daemon process.	13

DaemonManager()

Constructor

Declaration	DaemonManager (java.lang.String url) throws ConfigurationException
Purpose	Create a daemon manager and initialize its connection to a daemon process.
Remarks	Each instance connects to <i>one</i> process instance of a daemon. The URL parameter specifies the location of the browser administration interface for that process. This constructor automatically creates a proxy instance (java.lang.reflect.Proxy) within the DaemonManager object. The proxy serves as the program's command interface to the daemon component. Programs extract the proxy instance using DaemonManager.getDaemonProxy(), and cast it to the appropriate proxy interfaces to access the corresponding daemon or component.

Parameter	Description
url	Connect to a daemon at this URL. For example: http://localhost:7580

DaemonManager.getDaemonType()

Method

Declaration `int getDaemonType()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Return an integer indicating the type of daemon to which the daemon manager has connected.

Remarks For a list of values that this method can return, see the constants defined at [DaemonManager](#) on page 10.

DaemonManager.getDaemonProxy()

Method

Declaration `DaemonProxy getDaemonProxy()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Return the proxy instance representing the daemon process.

Remarks The constructor `DaemonManager()` automatically creates an appropriate proxy instance for the daemon component. Programs use this proxy instance to configure the daemon. A variety of proxy interfaces allow programs to access parameter values of the daemon. Each proxy interface defines a set of methods related to a specific aspect of daemon behavior.



Programs cast the proxy instance to an appropriate proxy interface, then call methods of the interface.

See Also [DaemonProxy on page 14](#)
 [RvdProxy on page 22](#)
 [RvrdProxy on page 76](#)
 [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
 [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

DaemonProxy

Interface

Declaration `interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.DaemonProxy`
 `extends XmlSerializable`

Purpose Define methods common to all Rendezvous components.

Method	Description	Page
DaemonProxy.getComponentName()	Get the name of the daemon.	15
DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()	Get basic component information from the daemon.	16

Inherited Methods
XmlSerializable.printXml()

Components These components support this interface:

- rvd
- rvrd
- rvsd
- rvsrd
- rvcache

For information about these components, see *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Subinterfaces [RvdProxy on page 22](#)
 [RvrdProxy on page 76](#)
 [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
 [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

DaemonProxy.getComponentName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getComponentName()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the name of the daemon.

Remarks This method gets the name from the daemon component and returns it as a printable string.

DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()

Method

Declaration `ComponentInformation getComponentInformation()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get basic component information from the daemon.

Remarks This method returns the contents of the General Information or Component Information page from the component's browser administration interface. The information content varies depending on the type of the component, and its release. For details, see *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

This method returns an object from which you can extract the information content. That object is an instance of one of these classes:

`ComponentInformation` on page 270

`RvdInformation` on page 284

`RvrdInformation` on page 288

`RvsdInformation` on page 291

`RvsrdInformation` on page 293

`RvcacheInformation` on page 278

XmlSerializable

Interface

- Declaration

interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.XmlSerializable
- Purpose

Define methods for producing XML that describes Rendezvous components.

Method	Description	Page
<code>XmlSerializable.printXml()</code>	Print the object as an XML document.	18
<code>XmlSerializable.toXml()</code>	Format the object as an XML document.	19

XmlSerializable.printXml()

Method

Declaration

```
void printXml(  
    java.io.OutputStream outputStream)  
  
void printXml(  
    java.io.Writer writer)
```

Purpose Print the object as an XML document.

Parameter	Description
outputStream	Print to this output stream.
writer	Print to this character stream.

XmlSerializable.toXml()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String toXml()</code>
Purpose	Format the object as an XML document.
Remarks	Only configurable objects support this method. For example, proxies for routing daemons do not support it.

Chapter 3 **Communications Daemon—rvd**

This chapter describes the proxy interface for the Rendezvous communications daemon (`rvd`), and the immediate-access data objects that support it.

Topics

- [RvdProxy, page 22](#)
- [ClientTransport, page 27](#)
- [Host, page 35](#)
- [Service, page 43](#)
- [PortMap, page 57](#)
- [PortMapEntry, page 61](#)
- [SubjectMap, page 65](#)
- [SubjectMapEntry, page 70](#)

See Also • [RvdInformation, page 284](#)

RvdProxy

Interface

Declaration `interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvdProxy`
 `extends DaemonProxy`

Purpose Define methods for Rendezvous communications daemons.

Method	Description	Page
RvdProxy.getClientTransports()	Get the client transports of the daemon.	23
RvdProxy.getPortMap()	Get the port map from a managed daemon.	24
RvdProxy.getServices()	Get the network services on which the daemon communicates.	25
RvdProxy.getSubectMaps()	Get the subject maps from a managed daemon.	26

Inherited Methods
DaemonProxy.getComponentName()
DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()
XmlSerializable.printXml()

Components These components support this interface:

`rvd`
`rvr`
`rsv`
`rsvr`

- See Also** For information about the parameters that this interface can access, see these sections:
- [Rendezvous Daemon \(rvd\) on page 35](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
 - [Browser Administration Interface—rvd on page 51](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
 - [General Information on page 54](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvdProxy.getClientTransports()

Method

- Declaration** `ClientTransport[] getClientTransports()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`
- Purpose** Get the client transports of the daemon.
- See Also** [ClientTransport](#) on page 27
 [Clients](#) on page 56 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvdProxy.getPortMap()

Method

Declaration	<code>PortMap getPortMap()</code> throws <code>ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Get the port map from a managed daemon.
Remarks	If the daemon is not a managed daemon, this method throws a <code>ConfigurationException</code> .
See Also	PortMap on page 57 For the corresponding browser page, see Port Map on page 69 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For concept information, see Port Map on page 222 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

RvdProxy.getServices()

Method

Declaration `Service[] getServices()
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the network services on which the daemon communicates.

See Also [service on page 43](#)
 [Services on page 59](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvdProxy.getSubectMaps()

Method

Declaration	<code>SubjectMap[] getSubectMaps()</code> throws <code>ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Get the subject maps from a managed daemon.
Remarks	If the daemon is not a managed daemon, this method throws a <code>ConfigurationException</code> .
See Also	SubjectMap on page 65 For the corresponding browser page, see Subject Map Summary on page 66 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For concept information, see Subject Map on page 213 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

ClientTransport

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.ClientTransport</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a client transport of a Rendezvous communications daemon.
Remarks	The method <code>RvdProxy.getClientTransports()</code> returns an array of objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>ClientTransport.getDescription()</code>	Get the description string of the transport.	28
<code>ClientTransport.getDetails()</code>	Get detailed information about the client transport.	29
<code>ClientTransport.getIdentifier()</code>	Get the globally unique identifier for the transport object.	30
<code>ClientTransport.getService()</code>	Get the UDP service on which the transport communicates.	31
<code>ClientTransport.getSubscriptions()</code>	Get the subscriptions that this transport has registered with the daemon.	32
<code>ClientTransport.getUsername()</code>	Get the user name of the transport's program.	33
<code>ClientTransport.toXml()</code>	Format the client transport information as an XML document.	34

See Also [RvdProxy.getClientTransports\(\)](#) on page 23

For the corresponding browser page, see [Clients](#) on page 56 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ClientTransport.getDescription()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getDescription()`

Purpose Get the description string of the transport.

Remarks The client program supplies this string to identify the program and transport.

See Also [clientTransport on page 27](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Clients on page 56](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ClientTransport.getDetails()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Map getDetails()`

Purpose Get detailed information about the client transport.

See Also [clientTransport on page 27](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Client Information on page 56](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ClientTransport.getIdentifier()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getIdentifier()`

Purpose Get the globally unique identifier for the transport object.

See Also [ClientTransport on page 27](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Clients on page 56](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ClientTransport.getService()

Method

Declaration `int getService()`

Purpose Get the UDP service on which the transport communicates.

See Also [clientTransport on page 27](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Clients on page 56](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ClientTransport.getSubscriptions()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String[] getSubscriptions()</code>
Purpose	Get the subscriptions that this transport has registered with the daemon.
Remarks	Each string in the table is the subject name of one subscription. The daemon limits this list to the first page of subscriptions; if the list would span more than one page, the subscriptions on the remaining pages are not available.
See Also	ClientTransport on page 27 For the corresponding browser page, see Client Information on page 56 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

ClientTransport.getUsername()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getUsername()`

Purpose Get the user name of the transport's program.

See Also [clientTransport on page 27](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Clients on page 56](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ClientTransport.toXml()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String toXml()`

Purpose Format the client transport information as an XML document.

See Also [ClientTransport on page 27](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Clients on page 56](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.Host extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent the host computer of a Rendezvous communications daemon.
Remarks	Objects of this class always represent a host computer <i>other</i> than the host computer of the daemon. That is, they represent computers with which this daemon communicates. The method <code>Service.getHosts()</code> return objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>Host.getHostname()</code>	Get the hostname of the computer that this object represents.	36
<code>Host.getHttpAddress()</code>	Get the address where the host computer listens for HTTP (browser interface) connections.	37
<code>Host.getIpAddress()</code>	Get the IP address of the computer.	38
<code>Host.getSerial()</code>	Get the serial number of the Rendezvous license ticket.	39
<code>Host.getUptime()</code>	Get the elapsed time that the daemon has been using the UDP service.	40
<code>Host.getVersion()</code>	Get the version of the Rendezvous daemon running on a host.	41
<code>Host.toXml()</code>	Format the host computer information as an XML document.	42

See Also [Service.getHosts\(\)](#) on page 49

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host.getHostname()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String gethostname()`

Purpose Get the hostname of the computer that this object represents.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host.getHttpAddress()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getHttpAddress()</code>
Purpose	Get the address where the host computer listens for HTTP (browser interface) connections.
Remarks	The address follows the template <code>http://host:port</code> • <i>host</i> is the hostname of the computer. • <i>port</i> is the port where the daemon accepts HTTP clients.
See Also	Host on page 35

Host.getIpAddress()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getIpAddress()`

Purpose Get the IP address of the computer.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host.getSerial()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getSerial()`

Purpose Get the serial number of the Rendezvous license ticket.

Remarks Most Rendezvous components require a valid license ticket for operation. This method returns the ticket that validates the component on this host computer.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host.getUptime()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getUptime()`

Purpose Get the elapsed time that the daemon has been using the UDP service.

Remarks The uptime of a remote host on a service represents the cumulative time that the host (that is, the daemon on that host) has been using that service on behalf of one or more client transports.

When a daemon first begins using a service on behalf of a client transport, it starts counting the uptime for that service from zero. The daemon counts uptime separately for each service it uses.

As long as the daemon still has one or more client transports on the particular service, its uptime continues to increase. When no more client transports remain on that service, the daemon stops using the service (after a short delay). If a new transport subsequently begins using the service again, the daemon begins counting uptime for that service at zero.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)
[Service.getHosts\(\) on page 49](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host.getVersion()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getVersion()`

Purpose Get the version of the Rendezvous daemon running on a host.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Host.toXml()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String toXml()`

Purpose Format the host computer information as an XML document.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.Service</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a UDP service of a Rendezvous communications daemon.
Remarks	This object represents a communications daemon's activity on a specific network service—that is, a physical network combined with a UDP service. The method <code>RvdProxy.getServices()</code> returns objects of this class.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>Service.getClientCount()</code>	Get the number of client transports that use this service.	45
<code>Service.getClientTransports()</code>	Get the client transports that use this service.	46
<code>Service.getDetails()</code>	Get detailed information about the network service.	47
<code>Service.getHostCount()</code>	Get the number of other host computers with daemons that communicate on this network and service.	48
<code>Service.getHosts()</code>	Get the other host computers with daemons that communicate on this network and service.	49
<code>Service.getInboundRates()</code>	Get recent statistics about inbound data on this service.	50
<code>Service.getInboundTotals()</code>	Get cumulative statistics about inbound data.	51
<code>Service.getNetwork()</code>	Get the network number.	52
<code>Service.getOutboundRates()</code>	Get recent statistics about outbound data on this service.	53
<code>Service.getOutboundTotals()</code>	Get cumulative statistics about outbound data.	54
<code>Service.getPortNumber()</code>	Get the UDP service number.	55

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>Service.getSubscriptions()</code>	Get the client subscriptions registered with this daemon on the network service.	56

See Also [RvdProxy.getServices\(\)](#) on page 25

For the corresponding browser page, see [Services on page 59](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getClientCount()

Method

Declaration `int getClientCount()`

Purpose Get the number of client transports that use this service.

See Also [ClientTransport](#) on page 27

[Service](#) on page 43

[Service.getClientTransports\(\)](#) on page 46

For the corresponding browser page, see [Services](#) on page 59 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getClientTransports()

Method

Declaration `ClientTransport[] getClientTransports()`

Purpose Get the client transports that use this service.

Remarks This method is similar to `RvdProxy.getClientTransports()`, except that it gets only the transports that use this service.

`Service.getClientCount()` on page 45 returns the size of this client array.

See Also `RvdProxy.getClientTransports()` on page 23

`ClientTransport` on page 27

`Service` on page 43

`Service.getClientCount()` on page 45

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getDetails()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Map getDetails()`

Purpose Get detailed information about the network service.

See Also [Service on page 43](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getHostCount()

Method

Declaration `int getHostCount()`

Purpose Get the number of *other* host computers with daemons that communicate on this network and service.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)
 [Service on page 43](#)
 [Service.getHosts\(\) on page 49](#)

For the Services browser page, see [Services on page 59](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the Hosts browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getHosts()

Method

Declaration `Host [] getHosts ()`

Purpose Get the *other* host computers with daemons that communicate on this network and service.

Remarks [Service.getHostCount \(\) on page 48](#) returns the size of this host array.

See Also [Host on page 35](#)
 [Service on page 43](#)
 [Service.getHostCount \(\) on page 48](#)

For the Services browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the Hosts browser page, see [Host List on page 64](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getInboundRates()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Map getInboundRates()`

Purpose Get recent statistics about inbound data on this service.

Remarks This method returns a set of statistics about inbound data on this network service during the most recent sampling period:

- `msgs`—the rate (per second) at which the daemon received inbound messages
- `bytes`—the rate (per second) at which the daemon received inbound bytes
- `pkts`—the rate (per second) at which the daemon received inbound packets

See Also [Service on page 43](#)
[Service.getOutboundRates\(\) on page 53](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getInboundTotals()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.util.Map getInboundTotals()</code>
Purpose	Get cumulative statistics about inbound data.
Remarks	The return value contains a set of running totals for inbound data on this network service, accumulated since the start of the daemon process: • <code>msgs</code>—number of messages • <code>bytes</code>—number of bytes • <code>pcts</code>—number of packets • <code>missed</code>—number of missed packets (detected as a packet sequence gap) • <code>lostMc</code>—number of multicast packets lost because the sending daemon could not retransmit them • <code>lostPtp</code>—number of point-to-point packets lost because the sending daemon could not retransmit them
See Also	Service on page 43 Service.getInboundTotals() on page 54 For the corresponding browser page, see Service Information on page 60 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

Service.getNetwork()

Method

Declaration `java.util.String getNetwork()`

Purpose Get the network number.

See Also [Service on page 43](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getOutboundRates()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Map getOutboundRates()`

Purpose Get recent statistics about outbound data on this service.

Remarks This method returns a set of statistics about outbound data on this network service during the most recent sampling period:

- `msgs`—the rate (per second) at which the daemon sent outbound messages
- `bytes`—the rate (per second) at which the daemon sent outbound bytes
- `pkts`—the rate (per second) at which the daemon sent outbound packets

See Also [Service](#) on page 43

[Service.getInboundRates\(\)](#) on page 50

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getOutboundTotals()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Map getOutboundTotals()`

Purpose Get cumulative statistics about outbound data.

Remarks The return value contains a set of running totals for outbound data on this network service, accumulated since the start of the daemon process:

- `msgs`—number of messages
- `bytes`—number of bytes
- `pkts`—number of packets
- `retrans`—number of packets retransmitted (multicast and point-to-point)
- `lostMc`—number of multicast packets the daemon could not retransmit (too old)
- `lostPtp`—number of point-to-point packets the daemon could not retransmit (too old)

See Also [Service on page 43](#)
[Service.getInboundTotals\(\) on page 51](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getPortNumber()

Method

Declaration `int getPortNumber()`

Purpose Get the UDP service number.

See Also [Service on page 43](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Service.getSubscriptions()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String[] getSubscriptions()`

Purpose Get the client subscriptions registered with this daemon on the network service.

Remarks Each string in the table is the subject name of one subscription.
The daemon limits this list to 50 subscriptions; if the list would have more than 50 subscriptions, the daemon replaces them with only one item, which describes the approximate number of subscriptions.

See Also [service on page 43](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Service Information on page 60](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

PortMap

Class

- Declaration** `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.PortMap
 extends java.lang.Object`
- Purpose** Represent an RVDM port map page.
- Remarks** This object represents the RVDM port map page of a managed daemon.
 The method `RvdProxy.getPortMap()` returns objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>PortMap.isEnabled()</code>	Determine whether the port map feature is enabled.	58
<code>PortMap.getLastUpdate()</code>	Get the timestamp indicating when RVDM last updated the port map on the managed daemon.	59
<code>PortMap.getPortMapEntries()</code>	Get the rows of the port map page.	60

- See Also** `RvdProxy.getPortMap()` on page 24
- For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PortMap.isEnabled()

Method

Declaration	<code>boolean isEnabled()</code>
Purpose	Determine whether the port map feature is enabled.
See Also	PortMap on page 57 For the corresponding browser page, see Port Map on page 69 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For concept information, see Port Map on page 222 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

PortMap.getLastUpdate()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Date getLastUpdate()`

Purpose Get the timestamp indicating when RVDM last updated the port map on the managed daemon.

See Also [PortMap on page 57](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PortMap.getPortMapEntries()

Method

Declaration `PortMapEntry [] getPortMapEntries ()`

Purpose Get the rows of the port map page.

See Also [PortMap on page 57](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PortMapEntry

Class

Declaration `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.PortMapEntry
 extends java.lang.Object`

Purpose Represent a row within a port map table.

Remarks This object represents one table row of the RVDM port map page of a managed daemon.

The method `PortMap.getPortMapEntries()` returns an array of objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>PortMapEntry.getClientCount()</code>	Get the number of clients affected by a port mapping.	62
<code>PortMapEntry.getEffectivePort()</code>	Get the effective port (of a service pair) from a port map row.	63
<code>PortMapEntry.getOriginalPort()</code>	Get the original port (of a service pair) from a port map row.	64

See Also `PortMap.getPortMapEntries()` on page 60

For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PortMapEntry.getClientCount()

Method

Declaration `short getClientCount()`

Purpose Get the number of clients affected by a port mapping.

See Also [PortMapEntry on page 61](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PortMapEntry.getEffectivePort()

Method

Declaration `short getEffectivePort()`

Purpose Get the effective port (of a service pair) from a port map row.

See Also [PortMapEntry on page 61](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PortMapEntry.getOriginalPort()

Method

Declaration `short getOriginalPort()`

Purpose Get the original port (of a service pair) from a port map row.

See Also [PortMapEntry on page 61](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Port Map on page 69](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Port Map on page 222](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMap

Class

- Declaration** `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.SubjectMap
extends java.lang.Object`
- Purpose** Represent a row of the subject map summary page of a managed daemon.
- Remarks** This object represents one subject map (that is, one row of the summary table) corresponding to a specific service.

The method `RvdProxy.getSubectMaps()` returns an array of objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>SubjectMap.getClientCount()</code>	Get the number of clients affected by a subject map.	66
<code>SubjectMap.getLastUpdate()</code>	Get the timestamp indicating when RVDM last updated the subject map on the managed daemon.	67
<code>SubjectMap.getSubjectMapEntries()</code>	Get the details for each subject map.	68
<code>SubjectMap.getSubscriptionCount()</code>	Get the number of subscriptions using the service of a subject map.	69

- See Also** [RvdProxy.getSubectMaps\(\)](#) on page 26
For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Summary](#) on page 66 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For concept information, see [Subject Map](#) on page 213 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMap.getClientCount()

Method

Declaration `int getClientCount()`

Purpose Get the number of clients affected by a subject map.

See Also [SubjectMap on page 65](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Summary on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMap.getLastUpdate()

Method

Declaration `java.util.Date getLastUpdate()`

Purpose Get the timestamp indicating when RVDM last updated the subject map on the managed daemon.

See Also [SubjectMap on page 65](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Summary on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMap.getSubjectMapEntries()

Method

Declaration `SubjectMapEntry[] getSubjectMapEntries()`

Purpose Get the details for each subject map.

See Also [SubjectMapEntry on page 70](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Detail on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMap.getSubscriptionCount()

Method

Declaration `int getSubscriptionCount ()`

Purpose Get the number of subscriptions using the service of a subject map.

See Also [SubjectMap on page 65](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Summary on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMapEntry

Class

- Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.SubjectMapEntry
    extends java.lang.Object
```
- Purpose

Represent a row on a subject map detail page.
- Remarks

The method `SubjectMap.getSubjectMapEntries()` returns objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>SubjectMapEntry.getGroup()</code>	Get the multicast group of a mapping row.	71
<code>SubjectMapEntry.getRank()</code>	Get the rank of a mapping row.	72
<code>SubjectMapEntry.getSubject()</code>	Get the subject of a mapping row.	73
<code>SubjectMapEntry.getSubscriberCount()</code>	Get the number of client transports that have at least one matching listener.	74

See Also

`SubjectMap.getSubjectMapEntries()` on page 68

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Detail on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMapEntry.getGroup()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getGroup()`

Purpose Get the multicast group of a mapping row.

See Also [SubjectMapEntry on page 70](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Detail on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMapEntry.getRank()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getRank()</code>
Purpose	Get the rank of a mapping row.
Remarks	For default system groups and default user groups, this method returns -1 as the rank.
See Also	SubjectMapEntry on page 70 For the corresponding browser page, see Subject Map Detail on page 66 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For concept information, see Subject Map on page 213 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

SubjectMapEntry.getSubject()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getSubject()`

Purpose Get the subject of a mapping row.

Remarks For the default system groups row, this method returns the string
`Default System Groups` instead of a Rendezvous subject.

For the default user groups row, this method returns the string
`Default User Groups` instead of a Rendezvous subject.

See Also [SubjectMapEntry on page 70](#)
For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Map Detail on page 66](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For concept information, see [Subject Map on page 213](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SubjectMapEntry.getSubscriberCount()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getSubscriberCount()</code>
Purpose	Get the number of client transports that have at least one matching listener.
Remarks	A matching listener is a listener with a subscription subject that matches the subject of this subject mapping row.
See Also	SubjectMapEntry on page 70 For the corresponding browser page, see Subject Map Detail on page 66 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For concept information, see Subject Map on page 213 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

Chapter 4 **Routing Daemon—rvrd**

This chapter describes the proxy interface for the Rendezvous routing daemon (`rvrd`), and the immediate-access data objects that support it.

Topics

- [RvrdProxy](#), page 76
- [ImportSubject](#), page 84
- [LocalNetworkInterface](#), page 87
- [LoggingParams](#), page 103
- [NeighborInterface](#), page 108
- [Router](#), page 121

See Also • [RvrdInformation](#), page 288

RvrdProxy

Interface

Declaration `interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvrdProxy`
 `extends DaemonProxy`

Purpose Define methods for Rendezvous routing daemons.

Method	Description	Page
<code>RvrdProxy.addBorderRouter()</code>	Add a border router to the routing daemon.	78
<code>RvrdProxy.addRouter()</code>	Add router names to the routing daemon.	79
<code>RvrdProxy.addRouters()</code>		
<code>RvrdProxy.getLoggingParams()</code>	Get the flags that guide the routing daemon’s log output.	80
<code>RvrdProxy.getRouter()</code>	Get routers from the routing daemon.	81
<code>RvrdProxy.getRouters()</code>		
<code>RvrdProxy.removeRouter()</code>	Remove router names from the routing daemon.	82
<code>RvrdProxy.removeRouters()</code>		
<code>RvrdProxy.setLoggingParams()</code>	Set the flags that guide the routing daemon’s log output.	83

Inherited Methods
<code>DemonProxy.getComponentName()</code>
<code>DemonProxy.getComponentInformation()</code>
<code>XmlSerializable.printXml()</code>
<code>XmlSerializable.toXml()</code>

Components These components support this interface:
 `rvrd`
 `rvsrd`

See Also For information about the parameters that this interface can access, see these sections:

- [Routing Daemon \(rvrd\) on page 71](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

- [Browser Administration Interface—rvrd on page 128](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [General Information on page 132](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvrdProxy.addBorderRouter()

Method

Declaration `BorderRouter addBorderRouter(
 java.lang.String routerName)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Add a border router to the routing daemon.

Remarks Border routing restricts permissible configurations. When an `rvrd` process is configured as a border router, that border router must be the only routing table entry for the process.

As a result, you can configure an `rvrd` process either as a collection of one or more first-tier routers, or as exactly one border router. You cannot configure more than one border router in a process, nor mix first-tier and border routers in the same process.

Once a border router is configured, you cannot remove it, rename it, nor convert it to a first-tier router. Nor can you convert a first-tier router to a border router.

Parameter	Description
<code>routerName</code>	Add this router name.

See Also [RvrdProxy.getRouter\(\) on page 81](#)
[BorderRouter on page 144](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Routing on page 145](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvrdProxy.addRouter()

Method

Related Forms RvrdProxy.addRouters()

Declaration

```
Router addRouter(
    java.lang.String routerName)
    throws ConfigurationException

Router[] addRouters(
    java.lang.String[] routerNames)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Add router names to the routing daemon.

Remarks When adding more than one router name, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

Parameter	Description
routerName	Add this router name.
routerNames	Add all the router names in this array.

See Also [RvrdProxy.getRouter\(\) on page 81](#)
 [RvrdProxy.removeRouter\(\) on page 82](#)
 [Router on page 121](#)

For background information, see [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvrdProxy.getLoggingParams()

Method

Declaration `LoggingParams getLoggingParams()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the flags that guide the routing daemon's log output.

Remarks This method returns an object encapsulating the logging parameters. To examine the individual values, use the methods of the class [LoggingParams on page 103](#).

See Also [RvrdProxy on page 76](#)
 [RvrdProxy.setLoggingParams\(\) on page 83](#)
 [LoggingParams on page 103](#)

For background information, see [Interpreting Log Output on page 117](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the corresponding browser page, see [Daemon Parameters on page 141](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and [Logging on page 143](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvrdProxy.getRouter()

Method

Related Forms RvrdProxy.getRouters()

Declaration

```
Router getRouter(
    java.lang.String routerName)
    throws ConfigurationException

Router[] getRouters()
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Get routers from the routing daemon.

Remarks `getRouters()` returns an array containing all the routers configured for the routing daemon.

`getRouter()` queries the routing daemon for a router with a specific router name, and returns that router (if it exists). If it does not exist, the method throws an exception.

Parameter	Description
routerName	Return the router with this router name, if it exists.

See Also [RvrdProxy.addRouter\(\) on page 79](#)
[Router on page 121](#)

For background information, see [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvrdProxy.removeRouter()

Method

Related Forms RvrdProxy.removeRouters()

Declaration `RvrdProxy removeRouter(
 java.lang.String routerName)
 throws ConfigurationException`

`RvrdProxy removeRouters(
 java.lang.String[] routerNames)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Remove router names from the routing daemon.

Remarks When removing more than one router name, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `RvrdProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
routerName	Remove this router name.
routerNames	Remove all the router names in this array.

See Also [RvrdProxy.addRouter\(\) on page 79](#)
 [RvrdProxy.getRouter\(\) on page 81](#)
 [Router on page 121](#)

For background information, see [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvrdProxy.setLoggingParams()

Method

Declaration `RvrdProxy setLoggingParams (`
 `boolean connections,`
 `boolean subjectInterest,`
 `boolean subjectData)`
 `throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Set the flags that guide the routing daemon's log output.

Remarks This method sets three boolean flags in the routing daemon. The program must supply all three values.

This method returns the `RvrdProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>connections</code>	When <code>true</code> , log connection activity whenever this routing daemon establishes or closes a connection to a neighbor.
<code>subjectInterest</code>	When <code>true</code> , log all subscription requests (notification of listening) that this routing daemon sends to its neighbors or receives from its neighbors.
<code>subjectData</code>	When <code>true</code> , log all messages that this routing daemon forwards to its neighbors or receives from its neighbors.

See Also [RvrdProxy on page 76](#)
 [RvrdProxy.getLoggingParams\(\) on page 80](#)

For background information, see [Interpreting Log Output on page 117](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For the corresponding browser page, see [Daemon Parameters on page 141](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and [Logging on page 143](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ImportSubject

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.ImportSubject</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent an import subject.
Remarks	Import subjects pair a subject name with an optional import weight value. The method <code>LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects()</code> returns an array of objects of this class.

Constant	Description
<code>DEFAULT_WEIGHT</code>	This constant specifies the default import weight of an import subject (10).

Method	Description	Page
<code>ImportSubject.getSubject()</code>	Get the import subject name.	85
<code>ImportSubject.getWeight()</code>	Get the import weight.	86

See Also

[LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects\(\)](#) on page 95

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see these sections:

- [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Load Balancing on page 91](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

ImportSubject.getSubject()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getSubject()`

Purpose Get the import subject name.

See Also [ImportSubject on page 84](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

`ImportSubject.getWeight()`

Method

Declaration `int getWeight()`

Purpose Get the import weight.

See Also [ImportSubject on page 84](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see these sections:

- [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Load Balancing on page 91](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

LocalNetworkInterface

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.LocalNetworkInterface extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a local network interface of a router.
Remarks	The method <code>Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces()</code> returns an array of objects of this class.

Constant	Description
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code>	Default path cost (1) between a local network and a router. To use the default cost, supply this constant to <code>Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()</code> on page 128.
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.UNSPECIFIED</code>	To use default values for the service parameter of a local network interface, supply this constant to <code>Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()</code> on page 128.

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Method	Description	Page
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.addExportSubject()</code>	Permit the router to export a subject from this local network.	90
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.addImportSubject()</code>	Permit the router to import a subject into this local network.	91
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.addSubject()</code>	Permit the router to import and export a subject.	92
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.getPathCost()</code>	Get the path cost for routing between the local network and its router.	93

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.getExportSubjects()</code>	Get the subjects that the router may export from this local network.	94
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects()</code>	Get the subjects that the router may import into this local network.	95
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.getName()</code>	Get the unique name of the local network.	96
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.getNetwork()</code>	Get the network specification of the local network.	97
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.getService()</code>	Get the UDP service of the local network.	98
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.removeExportSubject()</code> <code>LocalNetworkInterface.removeExportSubjects()</code>	Stop exporting a subject from this local network.	99
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.removeImportSubject()</code> <code>LocalNetworkInterface.removeImportSubjects()</code>	Stop importing a subject from this local network.	100
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.removeSubject()</code> <code>LocalNetworkInterface.removeSubjects()</code>	Stop importing and exporting a subject.	101
<code>LocalNetworkInterface.toXml()</code>	Format the local network information as an XML document.	102

See Also `Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()` on page 128
 `Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces()` on page 136

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see [Local Network on page 80](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

LocalNetworkInterface.addExportSubject()

Method

Declaration `void AddExportSubject (`
 `java.lang.String subject)`
 `throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Permit the router to export a subject from this local network.

Parameter	Description
subject	Add this subject for export.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface on page 87](#)
 [LocalNetworkInterface.getExportSubjects\(\) on page 94](#)
 [LocalNetworkInterface.removeExportSubject\(\) on page 99](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.addImportSubject()

Method

Declaration

```
void addImportSubject(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
void addImportSubject(  
    java.lang.String subject,  
    int weight)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose

Permit the router to import a subject into this local network.

Parameter	Description
subject	Add this subject for import.
weight	When present, add the subject with this weight. When absent, add the subject with the default import weight (10). For background information, see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>.

See Also

[LocalNetworkInterface on page 87](#)
[LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects\(\) on page 95](#)
[LocalNetworkInterface.removeImportSubject\(\) on page 100](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.addSubject()

Method

Declaration

```
void addSubject(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
void addSubject(  
    java.lang.String subject,  
    int weight)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Permit the router to import and export a subject.

Parameter	Description
subject	Add this subject for import and export.
weight	When present, add the subject with this weight for import. When absent, add the subject with the default import weight (10). For background information, see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface on page 87](#)
[LocalNetworkInterface.getExportSubjects\(\) on page 94](#)
[LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects\(\) on page 95](#)
[LocalNetworkInterface.removeSubject\(\) on page 101](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.getCost()

Method

Declaration `int getCost()`

Purpose Get the path cost for routing between the local network and its router.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87
[Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\)](#) on page 128

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Load Balancing on page 91](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.getExportSubjects()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String[] getExportSubjects()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the subjects that the router may export from this local network.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87

[LocalNetworkInterface.addExportSubject\(\)](#) on page 90

[LocalNetworkInterface.removeExportSubject\(\)](#) on page 99

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects()

Method

Declaration `ImportSubject [] getImportSubjects ()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the subjects that the router may import into this local network.

See Also [ImportSubject](#) on page 84
 [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87
 [LocalNetworkInterface.addImportSubject \(\)](#) on page 91
 [LocalNetworkInterface.removeImportSubject \(\)](#) on page 100

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.getName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getName()`

Purpose Get the unique name of the local network.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87

[Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\)](#) on page 128

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Local Network Name on page 80](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.getNetwork()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getNetwork()`

Purpose Get the network specification of the local network.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87
[Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\)](#) on page 128

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration](#) on page 147 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service](#) on page 80 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.getService()

Method

Declaration `int getService()`

Purpose Get the UDP service of the local network.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87

[Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\)](#) on page 128

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service on page 80](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.removeExportSubject()

Method

Related Forms LocalNetworkInterface.removeExportSubjects()

Declaration

```
void removeExportSubject (
    java.lang.String  subject)
    throws ConfigurationException

void removeExportSubjects (
    java.lang.String[] subjects)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Stop exporting a subject from this local network.

Parameter	Description
subject	Remove this export subject.
subjects	Remove these export subjects.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87
[LocalNetworkInterface.addExportSubject\(\)](#) on page 90
[LocalNetworkInterface.getExportSubjects\(\)](#) on page 94

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating](#) on page 149 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating](#) on page 81 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.removeImportSubject()

Method

Related Forms	LocalNetworkInterface.removeImportSubjects()
Declaration	<pre>void removeImportSubject (java.lang.String subject) throws ConfigurationException void removeImportSubjects (java.lang.String[] subjects) throws ConfigurationException</pre>
Purpose	Stop importing a subject from this local network.
Remarks	This method removes the subject from the import list. If the subject is not on the list, the method returns without exception.

Parameter	Description
subject	Remove this import subject.
subjects	Remove these import subjects.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface on page 87](#)
 [LocalNetworkInterface.addImportSubject\(\) on page 91](#)
 [LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects\(\) on page 95](#)
For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating on page 149](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For background information, see [Subject Gating on page 81](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.removeSubject()

Method

Related Forms	LocalNetworkInterface.removeSubjects()
Declaration	<pre>void removeSubject(java.lang.String subject) throws ConfigurationException void removeSubjects(java.lang.String[] subjects) throws ConfigurationException</pre>
Purpose	Stop importing and exporting a subject.

Parameter	Description
subject	Remove this subject.
subjects	Remove these subjects.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87
[LocalNetworkInterface.addSubject\(\)](#) on page 92
[LocalNetworkInterface.getExportSubjects\(\)](#) on page 94
[LocalNetworkInterface.getImportSubjects\(\)](#) on page 95

For the corresponding browser page, see [Subject Gating](#) on page 149 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Gating](#) on page 81 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

LocalNetworkInterface.toXml()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String toXml()</code>
Purpose	Format the local network information as an XML document.
See Also	LocalNetworkInterface on page 87 For the corresponding browser page, see Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

LoggingParams

Class

Declaration `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.LoggingParams
 extends java.lang.Object`

Purpose Encapsulate logging parameters from Rendezvous routing daemons.

Method	Description	Page
<code>LoggingParams.connections()</code>	Extract a flag that reflects logging for neighbor connections.	104
<code>LoggingParams.getAsMap()</code>	Format the logging parameters as a map.	105
<code>LoggingParams.subjectData()</code>	Extract a flag that reflects logging for subject data (forwarded messages).	106
<code>LoggingParams.subjectInterest()</code>	Extract a flag that reflects logging for subject interest (subscription requests).	107

Remarks Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

`RvrdProxy.getLoggingParams()` returns instances of this class.

See Also [Read-Only Objects on page 5](#)
 `RvrdProxy.getLoggingParams()` [on page 80](#)

LoggingParams.connections()

Method

Declaration	<code>boolean connections()</code>
Purpose	Extract a flag that reflects logging for neighbor connections.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

LoggingParams.getAsMap()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.util.Map getAsMap()</code>
Purpose	Format the logging parameters as a map.
Remarks	The resulting map is useful for iterative methods, such as printing. This method does not interact with the component.

LoggingParams.subjectData()

Method

Declaration	<code>boolean subjectData()</code>
Purpose	Extract a flag that reflects logging for subject data (forwarded messages).
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

LoggingParams.subjectInterest()

Method

Declaration `boolean subjectInterest()`

Purpose Extract a flag that reflects logging for subject interest (subscription requests).

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

NeighborInterface

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.NeighborInterface</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a neighbor interface of a router.
Remarks	The method <code>Router.getNeighborInterfaces()</code> returns an array of objects of this class.

Constant	Description
<code>NeighborInterface.ACCEPT_ANY</code> <code>NeighborInterface.ACTIVE</code> <code>NeighborInterface.PASSIVE</code> <code>NeighborInterface.SEEK_ANY</code>	<code>NeighborInterface.getType()</code> returns these integer constants, which denote the four types of neighbor interfaces.
<code>NeighborInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code>	Default path cost between two routers. To use the default cost, supply this constant to <code>Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()</code> on page 128.
<code>NeighborInterface.DEFAULT_PORT</code>	Default TCP port (7501). To use the default port, supply this constant to any of the four methods of <code>Router</code> that add neighbor interfaces.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>NeighborInterface.getBacklog()</code>	Get the size of the current backlog on the neighbor link.	110
<code>NeighborInterface.getCost()</code>	Get the path cost of the neighbor link.	111
<code>NeighborInterface.getId()</code>	Get the interface ID of the neighbor interface.	112
<code>NeighborInterface.getLocalPort()</code>	Get the TCP connect port of the local endpoint.	113
<code>NeighborInterface.getNeighborHost()</code>	Get the host of the remote endpoint.	114
<code>NeighborInterface.getNeighborName()</code>	Get the router name of the remote endpoint.	115

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>NeighborInterface.getNeighborPort()</code>	Get the TCP connect port of the remote endpoint.	116
<code>NeighborInterface.getType()</code>	Get the type of the neighbor interface.	117
<code>NeighborInterface.isEncrypted()</code>	Get the TLS requirement flag of the neighbor interface.	119
<code>NeighborInterface.toXml()</code>	Format the neighbor interface information as an XML document.	120

See Also

[Router.addAcceptAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 123
[Router.addActiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 125
[Router.addPassiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 130
[Router.addSeekAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 133
[Router.getNeighborInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 139

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see these sections:

- [Neighbors on page 85](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Adding Neighbor Interfaces on page 87](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.getBacklog()

Method

Declaration	<code>long getBacklog()</code>
Purpose	Get the size of the current backlog on the neighbor link.
Remarks	Backlog is the set of messages waiting for transfer from one router to a neighboring router. This call returns a snapshot size (in bytes) of the backlog—that is, the sum of the sizes of all waiting messages.
See Also	NeighborInterface on page 108 For the corresponding browser page, see Router Connection Statistics on page 137 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

NeighborInterface.getCost()

Method

Declaration `int getCost()`

Purpose Get the path cost of the neighbor link.

See Also [NeighborInterface on page 108](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Load Balancing on page 91](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.getId()

Method

- Declaration**

java.lang.String getId()
- Purpose**

Get the interface ID of the neighbor interface.
- See Also**

[NeighborInterface on page 108](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.getLocalPort()

Method

Declaration `int getLocalPort()`

Purpose Get the TCP connect port of the local endpoint.

See Also [NeighborInterface on page 108](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Local Connect Port on page 85](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.getNeighborHost()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getNeighborHost()</code>
Purpose	Get the host of the remote endpoint.
Remarks	This method can return either the hostname or the IP address of the remote neighbor.
See Also	NeighborInterface on page 108 For the corresponding browser page, see Neighbor Interfaces on page 153 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For background information, see Remote Host on page 86 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

NeighborInterface.getNeighborName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getNeighborName()`

Purpose Get the router name of the remote endpoint.

See Also [NeighborInterface on page 108](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Remote Router Name on page 85](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.getNeighborPort()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getNeighborPort()</code>
Purpose	Get the TCP connect port of the remote endpoint.
See Also	NeighborInterface on page 108 For the corresponding browser page, see Neighbor Interfaces on page 153 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For background information, see Remote Connect Port on page 86 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

NeighborInterface.getType()

Method

Declaration `int getType()`

Purpose Get the type of the neighbor interface.

Remarks This method returns an integer constant denoting the type of the neighbor interface. For a table of constant values, see [NeighborInterface on page 108](#).

See Also [NeighborInterface on page 108](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Adding Neighbor Interfaces on page 87](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.isCompressed()

Method

Declaration `boolean isCompressed()`
 throws `java.lang.UnsupportedOperationException`

Purpose Get the data compression flag of the neighbor interface.

Remarks This method returns a value that reflects communications between the local router and its neighbor (which the [NeighborInterface](#) object describes):

- `true` indicates that this neighbor interface compresses outbound data and uncompresses inbound data.
- `false` indicates that this neighbor interface does *not* compress data.

Notice that it is inconsistent for one neighbor to compress data while the other does not. Neighbors must agree concerning compression, otherwise they cannot establish a connection.

Rendezvous routing daemons support data compression in release 7.1 and later; earlier releases do not. When the routing daemon does not support data compression (as with `rvrd` from release 7.0), this method throws `java.lang.UnsupportedOperationException`.

See Also [NeighborInterface](#) on page 108
[Router.addAcceptAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 123
[Router.addActiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 125
[Router.addPassiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 130
[Router.addSeekAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 133

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces](#) on page 153 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Data Compression](#) on page 86 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.isEncrypted()

Method

Declaration `boolean isEncrypted()`

Purpose Get the TLS requirement flag of the neighbor interface.

Remarks This method returns a value that reflects communications between the local router and its neighbor (which the [NeighborInterface](#) object describes):

- `true` specifies that the two neighbors communicate using TLS protocols.
- `false` specifies that the two neighbors communicate using non-secure protocols.

See Also [NeighborInterface](#) on page 108
[Router.addActiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 125
[Router.addPassiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 130

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces](#) on page 153 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Adding Neighbor Interfaces](#) on page 87 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NeighborInterface.toXml()

Method

- Declaration**

java.lang.String toXml()
- Purpose**

Format the neighbor interface information as an XML document.
- See Also**

[NeighborInterface on page 108](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces on page 153](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.Router</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a router interface.
Remarks	The method <code>RvrdProxy.getRouter()</code> returns an object of this class (or its subclass, <code>BorderRouter</code>).

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>Router.addAcceptAnyInterface()</code>	Specify a neighbor interface that accepts any neighbor.	123
<code>Router.addActiveInterface()</code>	Specify a neighbor interface that actively connects with its neighbor.	125
<code>Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()</code>	Specify a local network interface.	128
<code>Router.addPassiveInterface()</code>	Specify a neighbor interface that passively accepts connections from its neighbor.	130
<code>Router.addSeekAnyInterface()</code>	Specify a neighbor interface that seeks any neighbor.	133
<code>Router.clearMaxBacklog()</code>	Disable protection against large backlog.	135
<code>Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces()</code>	Get the local network interfaces of the router.	136
<code>Router.getMaxBacklog()</code>	Get the maximum backlog (in kilobytes).	137
<code>Router.getName()</code>	Get the name of the router.	138
<code>Router.getNeighborInterfaces()</code>	Get the neighbor interfaces of the router.	139
<code>Router.removeLocalNetworkInterface()</code> <code>Router.removeLocalNetworkInterfaces()</code>	Remove local network interfaces from the router.	140
<code>Router.removeNeighborInterface()</code> <code>Router.removeNeighborInterfaces()</code>	Remove neighbor interfaces from the router.	141

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>Router.setMaxBacklog()</code>	Set the maximum backlog, and enable protection against large backlog.	142
<code>Router.toXml()</code>	Format the router information as an XML document.	143

See Also [RvrdProxy.addRouter\(\)](#) on page 79
 [RvrdProxy.getRouter\(\)](#) on page 81

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.addAcceptAnyInterface()

Method

Declaration

```
NeighborInterface addAcceptAnyInterface (  
    java.lang.String  localhost,  
    int               localPort,  
    int               cost,  
    boolean           compressed)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
NeighborInterface addAcceptAnyInterface (  
    int               localPort,  
    int               cost,  
    boolean           compressed)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
NeighborInterface addAcceptAnyInterface (  
    int localPort,  
    int cost)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```



- Use the first form when the router is release 7.2 or later.
- Use the second form when the router is release 7.1 (it is deprecated for later releases).
- Use the third form when the router is release 7.0.

- Purpose

Specify a neighbor interface that accepts any neighbor.
- Remarks

Use this method to specify a neighbor interface in which this routing daemon accepts neighbor connections from any other routing daemon.

It is not possible to configure a router name with more than one *accept any* neighbor interface.

Accept any interfaces cannot use TLS neighbor connections.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Parameter	Description
localhost	The local router will listen on this network interface for neighbor connection requests from remote routers. Supply an IP address or hostname denoting a local network interface. For more information, see Local Host on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Parameter	Description
localPort	The local router will listen on this local TCP port for neighbor connection requests from remote routers. For more information, see Local Connect Port on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
cost	The path cost of this neighbor link; see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>. You may supply the default cost, <code>NeighborInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code>.
compressed	When <code>true</code>, the new neighbor interface compresses outbound data and uncompresses inbound data. When <code>false</code>, the new neighbor interface does <i>not</i> compress data. Notice that it is inconsistent for one neighbor to compress data while the other does not. Neighbors must agree concerning compression, otherwise they cannot establish a connection. Rendezvous routing daemons support data compression in release 7.1 and later; earlier releases do not. When the routing daemon does not support data compression, use the form of this method that omits this parameter.

See Also [NeighborInterface on page 108](#)
 [Router on page 121](#)
 [Router.getNeighborInterfaces\(\) on page 139](#)
 [Router.removeNeighborInterface\(\) on page 141](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Add New Neighbor Interface on page 155](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Neighbors on page 85](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Accept Any as Neighbor on page 88](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.addActiveInterface()

Method

Declaration

```
NeighborInterface addActiveInterface(
    java.lang.String  localhost,
    int               localPort
    java.lang.String  remoteHost,
    int               remotePort,
    java.lang.String  neighborName,
    int               cost,
    boolean            compressed,
    boolean            encrypted,
    java.lang.String  peerCertificate)
throws ConfigurationException

NeighborInterface addActiveInterface(
    int               localPort
    java.lang.String  remoteHost,
    int               remotePort,
    java.lang.String  neighborName,
    int               cost,
    boolean            compressed,
    boolean            encrypted,
    java.lang.String  peerCertificate)
throws ConfigurationException

NeighborInterface addActiveInterface(
    int               localPort
    java.lang.String  remoteHost,
    int               remotePort,
    java.lang.String  neighborName,
    int               cost,
    boolean            encrypted,
    java.lang.String  peerCertificate)
throws ConfigurationException
```



Use the first form when the router is release 7.2 or later.

Use the second form when the router is release 7.1 (it is deprecated for later releases).

Use the third form when the router is release 7.0.

Purpose Specify a neighbor interface that actively connects with its neighbor.

Remarks Use this method to specify a neighbor interface in which the local router actively attempts to connect to the remote neighbor.

On a `BorderRouter`, this method automatically configures the default policy for all pairings of the new interface with every other existing interface. The default policy forwards `_INBOX.>` (all inbox subjects); for additional details, see [Policy on page 106](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Parameter	Description
<code>localHost</code>	The local router will listen on this network interface for neighbor connection requests from remote routers. Supply an IP address or hostname denoting a local network interface. For more information, see Local Host on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>localPort</code>	The local router will listen on this local TCP port for neighbor connection requests from its remote neighbor. For more information, see Local Connect Port on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>remoteHost</code>	The local router will seek its neighbor running on this host computer. Supply either a resolvable hostname, or the IP address of the computer in a remote network where the neighboring daemon is running. For more information, see Remote Connection Information on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>remotePort</code>	The local router will use this TCP port to request a neighbor connection with the remote router. The remote router must listen for neighbor requests on this port. For more information, see Remote Connection Information on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>neighborName</code>	The local router will connect only with this remote router.
<code>cost</code>	The path cost of this neighbor link; see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>. You may supply the default cost, <code>NeighborInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code>.
<code>compressed</code>	When <code>true</code>, the new neighbor interface compresses outbound data and uncompresses inbound data. When <code>false</code>, the new neighbor interface does <i>not</i> compress data. Notice that it is inconsistent for one neighbor to compress data while the other does not. Neighbors must agree concerning compression, otherwise they cannot establish a connection. Rendezvous routing daemons support data compression in release 7.1 and later; earlier releases do not. When the routing daemon does not support data compression, use the form of this method that omits this parameter.

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Parameter	Description
<code>encrypted</code>	When <code>true</code>, the two neighbors must communicate using TLS protocols. When <code>false</code>, the two neighbors must communicate using non-secure protocols. Notice that both neighbors must use the same protocols, otherwise they cannot establish a connection.
<code>peerCertificate</code>	In TLS protocols, the local router expects the remote router to present this certificate as evidence of its identity. Supply the text of the public certificate (in PEM encoding).

See Also

[NeighborInterface](#) on page 108

[Router](#) on page 121

[Router.getNeighborInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 139

[Router.removeNeighborInterface\(\)](#) on page 141

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Add New Neighbor Interface](#) on page 155 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Neighbors](#) on page 85 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Active Neighbor](#) on page 87 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()

Method

- Declaration

```
LocalNetworkInterface addLocalNetworkInterface(  
    java.lang.String localNetworkName,  
    int service,  
    java.lang.String networkSpecification,  
    int cost)  
throws ConfigurationException
```
- Purpose

Specify a local network interface.
- Remarks

On a `BorderRouter`, this method automatically configures the default policy for all pairings of the new interface with every other existing interface. The default policy forwards `_INBOX.>` (all inbox subjects); for additional details, see [Policy on page 106](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

Item	Description
<code>localNetworkName</code>	Supply the name of the local network. Local network names must be globally unique. For more information, see Local Network on page 80 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>service</code>	Supply the UDP service for communication on the local network. Programs within the local network communicate using this service. For more information, see Specifying the UDP Service on page 15 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>. You may supply the default value <code>LocalNetworkInterface.UNSPECIFIED</code>.
<code>networkSpecification</code>	Supply the network specification. For more information, see Constructing the Network Parameter on page 17 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>. You may supply the default value, the empty string.
<code>cost</code>	Supply the path cost for routing between the local network and the router. For more information, see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>. You may supply the default cost <code>LocalNetworkInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code>.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface on page 87](#)

[Router](#) on page 121

[Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 136

[Router.removeLocalNetworkInterface\(\)](#) on page 140

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration](#) on page 147 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Local Network on page 80](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.addPassiveInterface()

Method

Declaration

```
NeighborInterface addPassiveInterface(  
    java.lang.String  localhost,  
    int               localPort  
    java.lang.String  neighborName,  
    int               cost,  
    boolean           compressed,  
    boolean           encrypted,  
    java.lang.String  peerCertificate)  
throws ConfigurationException  
  
NeighborInterface addPassiveInterface(  
    int               localPort  
    java.lang.String  neighborName,  
    int               cost,  
    boolean           compressed,  
    boolean           encrypted,  
    java.lang.String  peerCertificate)  
throws ConfigurationException  
  
NeighborInterface addPassiveInterface(  
    int               localPort  
    java.lang.String  neighborName,  
    int               cost,  
    boolean           encrypted,  
    java.lang.String  peerCertificate)  
throws ConfigurationException
```



- Use the first form when the router is release 7.2 or later.
- Use the second form when the router is release 7.1 (it is deprecated for later releases).
- Use the third form when the router is release 7.0.

Purpose	Specify a neighbor interface that passively accepts connections from its neighbor.
Remarks	Use this method to specify a neighbor interface in which the local router does not actively attempt to connect to the remote neighbor. Instead, it passively waits for the remote neighbor to request a connection.

On a `BorderRouter`, this method automatically configures the default policy for all pairings of the new interface with every other existing interface. The default policy forwards `_INBOX.>` (all inbox subjects); for additional details, see [Policy on page 106](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

Parameter	Description
<code>localHost</code>	The local router will listen on this network interface for neighbor connection requests from remote routers. Supply an IP address or hostname denoting a local network interface. For more information, see Local Host on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>localPort</code>	The local router will listen on this local TCP port for neighbor connection requests from its remote neighbor. For more information, see Local Connect Port on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>neighborName</code>	The local router will passively accept neighbor connections only from this remote router.
<code>cost</code>	The path cost of this neighbor link; see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>. You may supply the default cost, <code>NeighborInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code>.
<code>compressed</code>	When <code>true</code>, the new neighbor interface compresses outbound data and uncompresses inbound data. When <code>false</code>, the new neighbor interface does <i>not</i> compress data. Notice that it is inconsistent for one neighbor to compress data while the other does not. Neighbors must agree concerning compression, otherwise they cannot establish a connection. Rendezvous routing daemons support data compression in release 7.1 and later; earlier releases do not. When the routing daemon does not support data compression, use the form of this method that omits this parameter.
<code>encrypted</code>	When <code>true</code>, the two neighbors must communicate using TLS protocols. When <code>false</code>, the two neighbors must communicate using non-secure protocols. Notice that both neighbors must use the same protocols, otherwise they cannot establish a connection.
<code>peerCertificate</code>	In TLS protocols, the local router expects the remote router to present this certificate as evidence of its identity. Supply the text of the public certificate (in PEM encoding).

See Also [NeighborInterface](#) on page 108
 [Router](#) on page 121
 [Router.getNeighborInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 139
 [Router.removeNeighborInterface\(\)](#) on page 141

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Add New Neighbor Interface](#) on page 155 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Neighbors](#) on page 85 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Passive Neighbor](#) on page 87 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.addSeekAnyInterface()

Method

Declaration

```
NeighborInterface addSeekAnyInterface(
    java.lang.String  remoteHost,
    int               remotePort,
    int               cost,
    boolean            compressed)
    throws ConfigurationException

NeighborInterface addSeekAnyInterface(
    java.lang.String  remoteHost,
    int               remotePort,
    int               cost)
    throws ConfigurationException
```



Use the first form when the router is release 7.1 or later.

Use the second form when the router is release 7.0.

Purpose Specify a neighbor interface that seeks any neighbor.

Remarks Use this method to specify a neighbor interface in which this routing daemon attempts to connect to any remote routing daemon that matches the specification.

It is illegal to configure a router name with two or more *seek any* neighbor interfaces with the same remote host.

Seek any interfaces cannot use TLS neighbor connections.

Parameter	Description
<code>remoteHost</code>	The local router will seek a neighbor running on this host computer. Supply either a <i>DNS</i> hostname that can resolve to more than one IP address, or a <i>virtual</i> IP address.
<code>remotePort</code>	The local router will use this TCP port to request a neighbor connection with remote routers. All potential neighbors must listen for neighbor requests on this port. For more information, see Remote Connection Information on page 85 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .
<code>cost</code>	The path cost of this neighbor link; see Load Balancing on page 91 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> . You may supply the default cost, <code>NeighborInterface.DEFAULT_COST</code> .

Parameter	Description
<code>compressed</code>	When <code>true</code>, the new neighbor interface compresses outbound data and uncompresses inbound data. When <code>false</code>, the new neighbor interface does <i>not</i> compress data. Notice that it is inconsistent for one neighbor to compress data while the other does not. Neighbors must agree concerning compression, otherwise they cannot establish a connection. Rendezvous routing daemons support data compression in release 7.1 and later; earlier releases do not. When the routing daemon does not support data compression, use the form of this method that omits this parameter.

See Also [NeighborInterface](#) on page 108
 [Router](#) on page 121
 [Router.getNeighborInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 139
 [Router.removeNeighborInterface\(\)](#) on page 141

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Add New Neighbor Interface](#) on page 155 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Neighbors](#) on page 85 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Seek Neighbor with Any Name](#) on page 88 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.clearMaxBacklog()

Method

Declaration `Router clearMaxBacklog()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Disable protection against large backlog.

Remarks This method returns the `Router` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

See Also [Router on page 121](#)
 [Router.getMaxBacklog\(\) on page 137](#)
 [Router.setMaxBacklog\(\) on page 142](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Backlog Protection on page 115](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces()

Method

```
Declaration    LocalNetworkInterface[] getLocalNetworkInterfaces()
                  throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose	Get the local network interfaces of the router.
----------------	---

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87

Router on page 121

[Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\) on page 128](#)

`Router.removeLocalNetworkInterface()` on page 140

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Local Network on page 80](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.getMaxBacklog()

Method

Declaration `int getMaxBacklog()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the maximum backlog (in kilobytes).

Remarks Zero indicates that the backlog protection feature is disabled (see [Router.clearMaxBacklog\(\) on page 135](#)).

See Also [Router on page 121](#)

[Router.clearMaxBacklog\(\) on page 135](#)

[Router.setMaxBacklog\(\) on page 142](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Backlog Protection on page 115](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.getName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getName()`

Purpose Get the name of the router.

See Also [Router on page 121](#)
[Router.clearMaxBacklog\(\) on page 135](#)
[Router.setMaxBacklog\(\) on page 142](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Router Name on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.getNeighborInterfaces()

Method

Declaration `NeighborInterface[] getNeighborInterfaces()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the neighbor interfaces of the router.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87

[Router](#) on page 121

[Router.addAcceptAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 123

[Router.addActiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 125

[Router.addPassiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 130

[Router.addSeekAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 133

[Router.removeNeighborInterface\(\)](#) on page 141

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces](#) on page 153 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Neighbors](#) on page 85 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.removeLocalNetworkInterface()

Method

Related Forms Router.removeLocalNetworkInterfaces()

Declaration

```
Router removeLocalNetworkInterface (
    java.lang.String localNetworkName)
    throws ConfigurationException

Router removeLocalNetworkInterfaces (
    java.lang.String[] localNetworkNames)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove local network interfaces from the router.

Remarks When removing more than network interface, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the Router object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
localNetworkName	Remove the network interface with this name.
localNetworkNames	Remove all the network interfaces named in this array.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface on page 87](#)
[Router on page 121](#)
[Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\) on page 128](#)
[Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces\(\) on page 136](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Local Network Interfaces Configuration on page 147](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see these sections:

- [Routing Table Entry on page 79](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Local Network on page 80](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.removeNeighborInterface()

Method

Related Forms Router.removeNeighborInterfaces()

Declaration

```
Router removeNeighborInterface (
    java.lang.String interfaceId)
    throws ConfigurationException

Router removeNeighborInterfaces (
    java.lang.String[] interfaceIds)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove neighbor interfaces from the router.

Remarks When removing more than neighbor interface, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `Router` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
interfaceId	Remove the neighbor interface with this ID.
interfaceIds	Remove all the neighbor interfaces specified in this array.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87

[Router](#) on page 121

[Router.addAcceptAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 123

[Router.addActiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 125

[Router.addPassiveInterface\(\)](#) on page 130

[Router.addSeekAnyInterface\(\)](#) on page 133

[Router.getNeighborInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 139

For the corresponding browser page, see [Neighbor Interfaces](#) on page 153 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Neighbors](#) on page 85 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.setMaxBacklog()

Method

- Declaration**

```
Router setMaxBacklog(  
    int maxBacklog)  
throws ConfigurationException
```
- Purpose**Set the maximum backlog, and enable protection against large backlog.
- Remarks**This method returns the `Router` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
maxBacklog	Use this maximum (in kilobytes) to limit router backlog.

See Also [Router on page 121](#)
[Router.clearMaxBacklog\(\) on page 135](#)
[Router.getMaxBacklog\(\) on page 137](#)
For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For background information, see [Backlog Protection on page 115](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Router.toXml()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String toXml()`

Purpose Format the router information as an XML document.

See Also [Router on page 121](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Routers on page 144](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

BorderRouter

Class

- Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.BorderRouter
    extends Router
```
- Purpose

Represent a border router interface.
- Remarks

The method `RvrdProxy.getRouter()` can return an object of this class.

Once a border router is configured, you cannot remove it, rename it, nor convert it to a first-tier router. Nor can you convert a first-tier router to a border router.

Method	Description	Page
<code>BorderRouter.addPolicyRule()</code>	Add a policy rule for a pair of interfaces.	146
<code>BorderRouter.getPolicyRule()</code> <code>BorderRouter.getPolicyRules()</code>	Get policy rules of a border router.	148
<code>BorderRouter.removePolicyRule()</code>	Remove a policy rule from the border router.	149
<code>BorderRouter.toXml()</code>	Format the border router information as an XML document.	150

Inherited Methods

```

Router.addAcceptAnyInterface()
Router.addActiveInterface()
Router.addLocalNetworkInterface()
Router.addPassiveInterface()
Router.addSeekAnyInterface()
Router.clearMaxBacklog()
Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces()
Router.getMaxBacklog()
Router.getName()
Router.getNeighborInterfaces()
Router.removeLocalNetworkInterface()
Router.removeLocalNetworkInterfaces()
Router.removeNeighborInterface()
Router.removeNeighborInterfaces()
Router.setMaxBacklog()
Router.toXml() override

```

See Also [RvrdProxy.addBorderRouter\(\) on page 78](#)
 [RvrdProxy.getRouter\(\) on page 81](#)
 [PolicyRule on page 151](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Routing on page 145](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, and the sections that follow it

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

BorderRouter.addPolicyRule()

Method

Declaration

```
PolicyRule addPolicyRule(  
    java.lang.String    fromInterface,  
    java.lang.String    toInterface,  
    java.lang.String    subject,  
    boolean             firstBorder)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
PolicyRule addPolicyRule(  
    java.lang.String    fromInterface,  
    java.lang.String    toInterface,  
    java.lang.String[]  subjects,  
    boolean             firstBorder)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Add a policy rule for a pair of interfaces.

Remarks Use the first form to add only one subject. Use the second form to add several subjects with one method call. (The first form calls the second form with an array of one element.)

If a policy rule already exists for the From/To pair, then this method (first form) behaves like `PolicyRule.addAllowedSubject()` on page 152—it attempts to add the new subject to the existing rule.

- If the subject does not already exist in the rule, then the method adds it.
- If the subject already exists in the rule, then the method throws a `ConfigurationException`; the rule and subject remain unchanged.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Parameter	Description
fromInterface	Supply the From-Interface for the new policy rule.
toInterface	Supply the To-Interface for the new policy rule.
subject	Specify a subject for which this rule permits forwarding across the two interfaces.
subjects	Specify an array of subjects for which this rule permits forwarding across the two interfaces.

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Parameter	Description
<code>firstBorder</code>	When <code>true</code>, the rule instructs the border router to forward the subjects only when a message has not yet crossed another border. When <code>false</code>, the border router always forwards the subjects. This property applies to all the subjects that this method adds. It does not affect pre-existing subjects.

See Also

[BorderRouter on page 144](#)

[BorderRouter.getPolicyRule\(\) on page 148](#)

[BorderRouter.removePolicyRule\(\) on page 149](#)

[PolicyRule on page 151](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Routing on page 145](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

BorderRouter.getPolicyRule()

Method

Related Forms BorderRouter.getPolicyRules()

Declaration

```
PolicyRule getPolicyRule(  
    java.lang.String fromInterface,  
    java.lang.String toInterface)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
PolicyRule[] getPolicyRules()  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Get policy rules of a border router.

Remarks Use the first form to get the rule for a specific pairing of From- and To-Interfaces.
Use the second form to get all policy rules of the border router.
Even if you have not configured a policy rule for a From/To pair, a default rule might still exist. Default rules allow the subject `_INBOX.>` (with `firstBorder false`).
After a rule has been removed, getting the rule for that pair returns an empty rule—that is, a rule without any allowed subjects.

Parameter	Description
fromInterface	Supply the From-Interface of the rule to get.
toInterface	Supply the To-Interface of the rule to get.

See Also [BorderRouter on page 144](#)
[BorderRouter.addPolicyRule\(\) on page 146](#)
[BorderRouter.removePolicyRule\(\) on page 149](#)
[PolicyRule on page 151](#)
For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Routing on page 145](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

BorderRouter.removePolicyRule()

Method

Declaration `Router removePolicyRule(
 java.lang.String fromInterface,
 java.lang.String toInterface)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Remove a policy rule from the border router.

Remarks This method removes a policy rule. As a result, the border router no longer forwards any of the subjects that the rule had specified.

Without explicit configuration, border routers forward `_INBOX.>` (all inbox subjects). Whenever you add an interface, `rvrd` automatically configures this default policy for every pairing of that interface with every other existing interface. Removing a policy rule explicitly removes this subject, which disables forwarding of inbox messages for the From/To pair.

If no rule exists for the From/To pair—that is, even the default rule has been removed—then this method returns normally (it does not throw an exception).

Parameter	Description
<code>fromInterface</code>	Supply the From-Interface of the rule to remove.
<code>toInterface</code>	Supply the To-Interface of the rule to remove.

See Also [LocalNetworkInterface](#) on page 87
 [Router](#) on page 121
 [Router.addLocalNetworkInterface\(\)](#) on page 128
 [Router.getLocalNetworkInterfaces\(\)](#) on page 136

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Routing](#) on page 145 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Border Routing](#) on page 105 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

BorderRouter.toXml()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String toXml()</code> throws <code>ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Format the border router information as an XML document.
See Also	BorderRouter on page 144 For the corresponding browser pages, see Border Routing on page 145 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

PolicyRule

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.PolicyRule extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a policy rule of a border router.
Remarks	The method <code>BorderRouter.getPolicyRule()</code> returns objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>PolicyRule.addAllowedSubject()</code> <code>PolicyRule.addAllowedSubjects()</code>	Update an existing policy rule by adding one or more subjects.	152
<code>PolicyRule.getAllowedSubjects()</code>	Get subjects from an existing policy rule.	154
<code>PolicyRule.getBorderRouterName()</code>	Get the name of the border router to which the policy rule pertains.	155
<code>PolicyRule.getFromInterface()</code>	Get the From-Interface of a policy rule.	156
<code>PolicyRule.getToInterface()</code>	Get the To-Interface of a policy rule.	157
<code>PolicyRule.removeAllowedSubject()</code> <code>PolicyRule.removeAllowedSubjects()</code>	Update an existing policy rule by removing one or more subjects.	158
<code>PolicyRule.toXml()</code>	Format the policy rule information as an XML document.	159

See Also [BorderRouter](#) on page 144
[BorderRouter.getPolicyRule\(\)](#) on page 148
[PolicyRule](#) on page 151

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Policy](#) on page 151 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Border Routing](#) on page 105 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.addAllowedSubject()

Method

Related Forms PolicyRule.addAllowedSubjects()

Declaration

```
PolicyRule addAllowedSubject(  
    java.lang.String  subject,  
    boolean           firstBorder)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
PolicyRule addAllowedSubjects(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects,  
    boolean           firstBorder)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Update an existing policy rule by adding one or more subjects.

Remarks This method returns the updated policy rule.

The first form adds only one subject. The second form adds several subjects. (The first form calls the second form with an array of one element.)

If the subject does not already exist in the rule, then the method adds it.

If the subject already exists in the rule, then the method throws a `ConfigurationException`; the rule and subject remain unchanged.

Parameter	Description
subject	Append a subject to the rule, so the border router forwards that subject.
subjects	Append an array of subjects to the rule, so the border router forwards those subjects.
firstBorder	When <code>true</code>, the rule instructs the border router to forward the new subjects only when a message has not yet crossed another border. When <code>false</code>, the border router always forwards the new subjects. This property applies to all the new subjects that this method adds. It does not affect pre-existing subjects.

See Also [BorderRouter.getPolicyRule\(\) on page 148](#)
 [PolicyRule on page 151](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Policy on page 151](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.getAllowedSubjects()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String[] getAllowedSubjects(
 boolean firstBorder)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get subjects from an existing policy rule.

Parameter	Description
firstBorder	This method returns an array of all the subjects in the rule for which the first-border property matches this argument. To get all the rule’s subjects, you must call this method twice—once with <code>true</code> , and once with <code>false</code> .

See Also [BorderRouter.getPolicyRule\(\)](#) on page 148
 [PolicyRule](#) on page 151

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Policy on page 151](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.getBorderRouterName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getBorderRouterName()`

Purpose Get the name of the border router to which the policy rule pertains.

See Also [BorderRouter on page 144](#)
[PolicyRule on page 151](#)

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.getFromInterface()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getFromInterface()`

Purpose Get the From-Interface of a policy rule.

See Also [PolicyRule on page 151](#)
For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.getToInterface()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getToInterface()`

Purpose Get the To-Interface of a policy rule.

See Also [PolicyRule](#) on page 151

For background information, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.removeAllowedSubject()

Method

Related Forms PolicyRule.removeAllowedSubjects()

Declaration

```
PolicyRule removeAllowedSubject(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
PolicyRule removeAllowedSubjects(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Update an existing policy rule by removing one or more subjects.

Remarks This method returns the updated policy rule.

The first form removes only one subject. The second form removes several subjects.

Removing a subject that is not in the rule results in a `ConfigurationException`.

Without explicit configuration, border routers forward `_INBOX.>` (all inbox subjects). Whenever you add an interface, `rvrd` automatically configures this default policy for every pairing of that interface with every other existing interface. You may explicitly remove this subject to disable forwarding of inbox messages.

Parameter	Description
subject	Remove a subject from the rule, so the border router no longer forwards that subject.
subjects	Remove an array of subjects from the rule, so the border router no longer forwards those subjects.

See Also [BorderRouter.getPolicyRule\(\)](#) on page 148
 [PolicyRule](#) on page 151

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Policy](#) on page 151 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Border Routing](#) on page 105 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

PolicyRule.toXml()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String toXml()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Format the policy rule information as an XML document.

See Also [PolicyRule on page 151](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Border Routing on page 105](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

Chapter 5 **Security**

This chapter describes the proxy interface for the Rendezvous components that require either passwords or certificates for security.

Topics

- [SecurityProxy](#), page 162
- [CertificateSlot](#), page 170

SecurityProxy

Interface

Declaration `interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.SecurityProxy`
 `extends DaemonProxy`

Purpose Define methods for components that require passwords or certificates for security.

Constant	Description
These constants correspond to positions in the certificate usage bit vector; see <code>SecurityProxy.getValidUses()</code> on page 166.	
<code>SecurityProxy.HTTPS</code>	Represents usage of certificates in HTTPS protocols.
<code>SecurityProxy.ROUTERS_TO_ROUTERS</code>	Represents usage of certificates in TLS protocols among routing daemons.
<code>SecurityProxy.DAEMON_TO_CLIENTS</code>	Represents usage of certificates in TLS protocols with client transports of the daemon.

Method	Description	Page
<code>SecurityProxy.getAdministratorName()</code>	Get the administrator name.	164
<code>SecurityProxy.getCertificateSlot()</code>	Get daemon certificate slots.	165
<code>SecurityProxy.getCertificateSlots()</code>		
<code>SecurityProxy.getValidUses()</code>	Get the valid uses of certificates for this daemon.	166
<code>SecurityProxy.setCertificateUses()</code>	Assign certificates to each valid use for this daemon.	167
<code>SecurityProxy.setCredentials()</code>	Set administrator identification for the component.	168
<code>SecurityProxy.useCredentials()</code>	Record administrator identification for the configuration program.	169

Inherited Methods

```
DaemonProxy.getComponentName()  
DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()
```

```
XmlSerializable.printXml()
```

Components

These components support this interface:

```
rvrd  
rvsd  
rvsrd  
rvcache
```

See Also

For information about the parameters that this interface can access, see these sections:

- [Secure Daemons \(rvsd and rvsrd\) on page 163](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface—rvrd on page 128](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface—rvsd and rvsrd on page 186](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Current Value Cache on page 265](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecurityProxy.getAdministratorName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getAdministratorName()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the administrator name.

See Also [SecurityProxy](#) on page 162
 [SecurityProxy.setCredentials\(\)](#) on page 168
 [SecurityProxy.useCredentials\(\)](#) on page 169

For the corresponding browser page, see [Administrator and Password](#) on page 141 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecurityProxy.getCertificateSlot()

Method

Related Forms SecurityProxy.getCertificateSlots()

Declaration

```
CertificateSlot getCertificateSlot(  
    int certificateIndex)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
CertificateSlot[] getCertificateSlots()  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Get daemon certificate slots.

Remarks Component daemons have four slots in which they can store certificates. The first method gets a specific slot. The second method gets an array of all four slots.

Parameter	Description
certificateIndex	Get the certificate slot corresponding to this index. In Java, indexing is zero-based; in Rendezvous browser administration interfaces, certificate indexing is one-based. So to specify certificate slot #1, supply zero; to specify certificate slot #4, supply 3.

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [CertificateSlot on page 170](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate List on page 161](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate List on page 204](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecurityProxy.getValidUses()

Method

Declaration `int getValidUses()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the valid uses of certificates for this daemon.

Remarks Each daemon component that supports the `SecurityProxy` interface uses certificates in up to three ways. This method returns a bit vector that describes the legitimate uses of certificates for the actual component.

The three constants defined for [SecurityProxy on page 162](#) correspond to positions in the bit vector. To determine whether a specific use applies to the component, probe the corresponding bit with Java's bitwise AND (&) operator; for example:

```
if ( (SecurityProxy) myDmnProxy.getValidUses() & SecurityProxy.HTTPS
    != 0 {
    // My daemon supports certificates for HTTPS.
    ... }
```

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [SecurityProxy.setCertificateUses\(\) on page 167](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate Uses on page 159](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate Uses on page 202](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecurityProxy.setCertificateUses()

Method

Declaration `SecurityProxy setCertificateUses(
 int httpsCertificateIndex,
 int routersToRoutersCertificateIndex,
 int daemonToClientsCertificateIndex)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Assign certificates to each valid use for this daemon.

Remarks Each daemon component that supports the `SecurityProxy` interface uses certificates in up to three ways. This method assigns one of the component's four possible certificates to each use that the component supports.

Supply a certificate index in each parameter position. This method ignores parameters that correspond to invalid uses for the daemon.

Component daemons can store up to four certificates. In Java, indexing is zero-based; in Rendezvous browser administration interfaces, certificate indexing is one-based. So to specify certificate #1, supply zero; to specify certificate #4, supply 3.

This method returns the `SecurityProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>httpsCertificateIndex</code>	Supply the index of the certificate to use for HTTPS communication (for example, with browsers or with Java configuration programs).
<code>routersToRoutersCertificateIndex</code>	Supply the index of the certificate to use for TLS communication with other routing daemons.
<code>daemonToClientsCertificateIndex</code>	Supply the index of the certificate to use for TLS communications with client transports.

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [SecurityProxy.getValidUses\(\) on page 166](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate Uses on page 159](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate Uses on page 202](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecurityProxy.setCredentials()

Method

Declaration `SecurityProxy setCredentials(
 java.lang.String name,
 java.lang.String password)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Set administrator identification for the component.

Remarks This method returns the `SecurityProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
name	Set the daemon to expect this administrator name.
password	Set the daemon to expect this administrator password.

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [SecurityProxy.getAdministratorName\(\) on page 164](#)
 [SecurityProxy.useCredentials\(\) on page 169](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Administrator and Password on page 141](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecurityProxy.useCredentials()

Method

Declaration `void useCredentials(
 java.lang.String name,
 java.lang.String password)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Record administrator identification for the configuration program.

Remarks This method records administrator identification credentials within your Java program. When the daemon component requests identification, the program automatically transmits these credentials to the daemon.

Of course, these credentials must match the credentials stored at the daemon, otherwise the daemon rejects them and closes the connection.

Parameter	Description
name	Set the program to offer this administrator name.
password	Set the program to offer this administrator password.

See Also [SecurityProxy](#) on page 162
 [SecurityProxy.getAdministratorName\(\)](#) on page 164
 [SecurityProxy.setCredentials\(\)](#) on page 168

CertificateSlot

Class

- Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.CertificateSlot
    extends java.lang.Object
```
- Purpose

Represent a slot in a daemon component that can store an X.509 certificate.
- Remarks

The method `SecurityProxy.getCertificateSlot()` and related methods return objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>CertificateSlot.getIndex()</code>	Get the index of this certificate slot.	171
<code>CertificateSlot.getPathname()</code>	Get the file name from which the component read the certificate in this slot.	172
<code>CertificateSlot.getText()</code>	Get the certificate data as a text string.	173
<code>CertificateSlot.getUses()</code>	Get the uses of this certificate within the component.	174
<code>CertificateSlot.setFromText()</code>	Interpret a text string as certificate data, and put the certificate in this slot.	176
<code>CertificateSlot.setFromFile()</code>	Read certificate data from a file, and put the certificate in this slot.	175
<code>CertificateSlot.toXml()</code>	Format the certificate slot information as an XML document.	177

- See Also

[SecurityProxy.getCertificateSlot\(\)](#) on page 165

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate List on page 161](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate List on page 204](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Certificates and Security on page 31](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

CertificateSlot.getIndex()

Method

Declaration `int getIndex()`

Purpose Get the index of this certificate slot.

Remarks Component daemons have four slots in which they can store certificates (some slots might be empty). In Java, indexing is zero-based; in Rendezvous browser administration interfaces, certificate indexing is one-based. So zero indicates certificate slot #1, and 3 indicates certificate slot #4.

See Also [certificateSlot on page 170](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate List on page 161](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate List on page 204](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

CertificateSlot.getPathname()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getPathname()</code>
Purpose	Get the file name from which the component read the certificate in this slot.
Remarks	Components can obtain certificate data either from a file, or directly as a text string. • When the certificate data came from a file, this method returns the file name. • When the certificate data came directly as a text string, this method returns the string N/A (not applicable).
See Also	SecurityProxy on page 162 CertificateSlot.setFromFile() on page 175 For the corresponding browser pages, see Certificate List on page 161 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>, or Certificate List on page 204 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

CertificateSlot.getText()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getText()`

Purpose Get the certificate data as a text string.

Remarks When the certificate slot is empty, this method returns `null`.

See Also [SecurityProxy](#) on page 162
[CertificateSlot.setFromFile\(\)](#) on page 175
[CertificateSlot.setFromText\(\)](#) on page 176

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate List on page 161](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate List on page 204](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

CertificateSlot.getUses()

Method

Declaration `int getUses()`

Purpose Get the uses of this certificate within the component.

Remarks Each daemon component that supports the [SecurityProxy](#) interface uses certificates in up to three ways. This method returns a bit vector that describes the set of ways that the component actually uses the certificate in this slot.

The three constants defined for [SecurityProxy on page 162](#) correspond to positions in the bit vector. To determine whether a specific use applies to the certificate, probe the corresponding bit with Java's bitwise AND (&) operator; for example:

```
if ( myCert.getUses() & SecurityProxy.HTTPS
    != 0 {
    // My daemon uses this certificate for HTTPS.
    ... }
```

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)
 [SecurityProxy.setCertificateUses\(\) on page 167](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate Uses on page 159](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate Uses on page 202](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

CertificateSlot.setFromFile()

Method

Declaration `CertificateSlot setFromFile(
 java.lang.String pathname,
 java.lang.String password)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Read certificate data from a file, and put the certificate in this slot.

Remarks This method returns the `CertificateSlot` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>pathname</code>	Read encrypted certificate data from this file.
<code>password</code>	Decrypt the certificate data with this password.

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate List on page 161](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate List on page 204](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

CertificateSlot.setFromText()

Method

Declaration `CertificateSlot setFromText(
 java.lang.String text,
 java.lang.String password)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Interpret a text string as certificate data, and put the certificate in this slot.

Remarks This method returns the `CertificateSlot` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
text	Use this text as encrypted certificate data.
password	Decrypt the certificate data with this password.

See Also [SecurityProxy on page 162](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Certificate List on page 161](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*, or [Certificate List on page 204](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

CertificateSlot.toXml()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String toXml()`

Purpose Format the certificate slot information as an XML document.

See Also [CertificateSlot](#) on page 170

This chapter describes the proxy interface for the Rendezvous secure daemons (`rvsd` and `rvsrd`), and the immediate-access data objects that support it.

Topics

- [SecureDaemonProxy](#), page 180
- [NetworkServicePair](#), page 201
- [User](#), page 205
- [UserCertificate](#), page 215

See Also

- [RvsdInformation](#), page 291
- [RvsrdInformation](#), page 293

SecureDaemonProxy

Interface

Declaration `interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.SecureDaemonProxy`
 `extends DaemonProxy`

Purpose Define methods for Rendezvous secure daemons.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.addUser()</code> <code>SecureDaemonProxy.addUsers()</code>	Authorize a user to connect to the secure daemon.	183
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListen()</code>	Authorize all users to listen to a subject.	184
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListenAndSend()</code>	Authorize all users to listen and to send to a subject.	185
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeNetworkAndService()</code> <code>SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeNetworksAndServices()</code>	Authorize all users to communicate on a network and service pair.	186
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeSend()</code>	Authorize all users to send to a subject.	188
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.getDefaultNetworkAndService()</code>	Get the default network and service pair of the secure daemon.	189
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.getListen()</code>	Get the subjects authorized for listening.	190
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.getNetworksAndServices()</code>	Get the authorized network and service pairs of the secure daemon.	191
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.getSend()</code>	Get the subjects authorized for sending.	192
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.getUser()</code> <code>SecureDaemonProxy.getUsers()</code>	Get the authorized users of the secure daemon.	193

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeListen()</code>	Remove authorization to listen to a subject.	194
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeListenAndSend()</code>	Remove authorization to listen and send to a subject.	195
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworkAndService()</code> <code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworksAndServices()</code>	Remove authorization to communicate on a network and service pair.	196
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeSend()</code>	Remove authorization to send to a subject.	198
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeUser()</code> <code>SecureDaemonProxy.removeUsers()</code>	Remove a user of the secure daemon.	199
<code>SecureDaemonProxy.setDefaultNetworkAndService()</code>	Set the default network and service pair of the secure daemon.	200

Inherited Methods

`DaemonProxy.getComponentName()`
`DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()`
`XmlSerializable.printXml()`

Components These components support this interface:

`rvsd`
`rvsrd`

See Also For information about the parameters that this interface can access, see these sections:

- [Secure Daemons \(rvsd and rvsrd\) on page 163](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface—rvrd on page 128](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

- [Browser Administration Interface—rvsd and rvsrd on page 186](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.addUser()

Method

Related Form SecureDaemonProxy.addUsers()

Declaration

```
User addUser(
    java.lang.String username)
    throws ConfigurationException

User[] addUsers(
    java.lang.String[] usernames)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Authorize a user to connect to the secure daemon.

Remarks After this method returns, you must configure the security credentials of the resulting `User` object.

When adding more than one user, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

Parameter	Description
username	Add a new user with this name.
usernames	Add a new user for each name in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy.getUser\(\) on page 193](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy.removeUser\(\) on page 199](#)
 [User on page 205](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Users on page 197](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListen()

Method

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeListen(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeListen(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Authorize all users to listen to a subject.

Remarks When authorizing more than one subject, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
subject	Authorize subscriptions to this subject.
subjects	Authorize subscriptions to all the subjects in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListenAndSend\(\) on page 185](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeSend\(\) on page 188](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.getListen\(\) on page 190](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeListen\(\) on page 194](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Subjects on page 200](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListenAndSend()

Method

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeListenAndSend(
    java.lang.String subject)
    throws ConfigurationException

SecureDaemonProxy authorizeListenAndSend(
    java.lang.String[] subjects)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Authorize all users to listen and to send to a subject.

Remarks When authorizing more than one subject, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>subject</code>	Authorize subscriptions and sending to this subject.
<code>subjects</code>	Authorize subscriptions and sending to all the subjects in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListen\(\) on page 184](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeSend\(\) on page 188](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeListenAndSend\(\) on page 195](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Subjects on page 200](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeNetworkAndService()

Method

Related Form SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeNetworksAndServices()

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeNetworkAndService(  
    java.lang.String  networkSpecification,  
    int               servicePort)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeNetworksAndServices(  
    java.lang.String[] networksServices)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Authorize all users to communicate on a network and service pair.

Remarks When authorizing more than one pairing of network and service, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
networkSpecification	Authorize communication on this network.
servicePort	Authorize communication on this UDP service.
networksServices	Authorize communication on each pairing of network and service in this array. Each element in the array is a string that combines the network parameter with a UDP service, separated by a colon; for example: " ; 225.1.1.1:5238 " To construct the two parts of these strings, see: • Constructing the Network Parameter on page 17 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> • Specifying the UDP Service on page 15 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.getNetworksAndServices\(\) on page 191](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworkAndService\(\) on page 196](#)
[NetworkServicePair on page 201](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeSend()

Method

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeSend(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
SecureDaemonProxy authorizeSend(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Authorize all users to send to a subject.

Remarks When authorizing more than one subject, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
subject	Authorize sending to this subject.
subjects	Authorize sending to all the subjects in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListen\(\) on page 184](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListenAndSend\(\) on page 185](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.getSend\(\) on page 192](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeSend\(\) on page 198](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Subjects on page 200](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.getDefaultNetworkAndService()

Method

Declaration `NetworkServicePair getDefaultNetworkAndService()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the default network and service pair of the secure daemon.

Remarks When a client transport does not specify particular network and service parameters, it automatically communicates over this default network and service. For example, when the client program supplies null values for either of these parameters, the secure daemon supplies this pair as a default.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy.setDefaultNetworkAndService\(\) on page 200](#)
 [NetworkServicePair on page 201](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Default Network and Service on page 174](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.getListen()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String[] getListen()</code> throws <code>ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Get the subjects authorized for listening.
Remarks	This method returns an array of subject names. All authenticated users can subscribe to any of the subjects in the array.
See Also	SecureDaemonProxy on page 180 SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListen() on page 184 SecureDaemonProxy.getSend() on page 192 SecureDaemonProxy.removeListen() on page 194 For the corresponding browser pages, see Authorize Subjects on page 200 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For background information, see Subject Authorization on page 169 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

SecureDaemonProxy.getNetworksAndServices()

Method

Declaration `NetworkServicePair[] getNetworksAndServices()
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the authorized network and service pairs of the secure daemon.

Remarks To convert the resulting array of `NetworkServicePair` objects to an array of strings (suitable as an argument to `SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworkAndService()` on page 196), iterate through the array, applying `NetworkServicePair.toString()` to each element.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)

[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeNetworkAndService\(\) on page 186](#)

[SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworkAndService\(\) on page 196](#)

[NetworkServicePair on page 201](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.getSend()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String[] getSend()</code> throws <code>ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Get the subjects authorized for sending.
Remarks	This method returns an array of subject names. All authenticated users can send to any of the subjects in the array.
See Also	SecureDaemonProxy on page 180 SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeSend() on page 188 SecureDaemonProxy.getListen() on page 190 SecureDaemonProxy.removeSend() on page 198 For the corresponding browser pages, see Authorize Subjects on page 200 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For background information, see Subject Authorization on page 169 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

SecureDaemonProxy.getUser()

Method

Related Form SecureDaemonProxy.getUsers()

Declaration `User getUser(
 java.lang.String username)
 throws ConfigurationException`

`User[] getUsers()
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the authorized users of the secure daemon.

Remarks The first method finds a user by name. The second method gets a list of all users.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy.addUser\(\) on page 183](#)
 [SecureDaemonProxy.removeUser\(\) on page 199](#)
 [User on page 205](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Users on page 197](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.removeListen()

Method

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy removeListen(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
SecureDaemonProxy removeListen(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove authorization to listen to a subject.

Remarks When removing more than one subject, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
subject	Remove authorization to listen to this subject.
subjects	Remove authorization to listen to the subjects in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListen\(\) on page 184](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.getListen\(\) on page 190](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeListenAndSend\(\) on page 195](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeSend\(\) on page 198](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Subjects on page 200](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.removeListenAndSend()

Method

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy removeListenAndSend(
    java.lang.String subject)
    throws ConfigurationException

SecureDaemonProxy removeListenAndSend(
    java.lang.String[] subjects)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove authorization to listen and send to a subject.

Remarks When removing more than one subject, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>subject</code>	Remove authorization to listen and send to this subject.
<code>subjects</code>	Remove authorization to listen and send to the subjects in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeListenAndSend\(\) on page 185](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeListen\(\) on page 194](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeSend\(\) on page 198](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Subjects on page 200](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworkAndService()

Method

Related Form SecureDaemonProxy.removeNetworksAndServices()

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy removeNetworkAndService(  
    java.lang.String  networkSpecification,  
    int               servicePort)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
SecureDaemonProxy removeNetworksAndServices(  
    java.lang.String[] networksServices)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove authorization to communicate on a network and service pair.

Remarks When removing more than one pairing of network and service, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
networkSpecification	Remove authorization for this network.
servicePort	Remove authorization for this UDP service.
networksServices	Remove authorization for each pairing of network and service in this array. Each element in the array is a string that combines the network parameter with a UDP service; for example: "<code>;225.1.1.1:5238</code>" To construct the two parts of these strings, see: • Constructing the Network Parameter on page 17 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> • Specifying the UDP Service on page 15 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeNetworkAndService\(\) on page 186](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.getNetworksAndServices\(\) on page 191](#)
[NetworkServicePair on page 201](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.removeSend()

Method

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy removeSend(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
SecureDaemonProxy removeSend(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove authorization to send to a subject.

Remarks When removing more than one subject, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

These methods return the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
subject	Remove authorization to send to this subject.
subjects	Remove authorization to send to the subjects in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy on page 180](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.authorizeSend\(\) on page 188](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.getSend\(\) on page 192](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeListen\(\) on page 194](#)
[SecureDaemonProxy.removeListenAndSend\(\) on page 195](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Subjects on page 200](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Subject Authorization on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.removeUser()

Method

Related Form SecureDaemonProxy.removeUsers()

Declaration

```
SecureDaemonProxy removeUser(
    java.lang.String username)
    throws ConfigurationException

SecureDaemonProxy[] removeUsers(
    java.lang.String[] usernames)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove a user of the secure daemon.

Remarks Removing a user prevents the user from connecting to the secure daemon.

When removing more than one user, the second method is faster than repeatedly calling the first method.

If this method throws an exception while removing more than one user, your code must handle the exception by checking the remaining users carefully. When the exception interrupted the call, some items might have been removed, while other items might not yet have been removed.

These methods return the [SecureDaemonProxy](#) object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
username	Remove a user with this name.
usernames	Remove all the users named in this array.

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy](#) on page 180
[SecureDaemonProxy.addUser\(\)](#) on page 183
[SecureDaemonProxy.getUser\(\)](#) on page 193

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Users on page 197](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

SecureDaemonProxy.setDefaultNetworkAndService()

Method

- Declaration

`SecureDaemonProxy setDefaultNetworkAndService(
 java.lang.String networkSpecification,
 int servicePort)
throws ConfigurationException`
- Purpose

Set the default network and service pair of the secure daemon.
- Remarks

When a client transport does not specify particular network and service parameters, it automatically communicates over this default network and service. For example, when the client program supplies null values for either of these parameters, the secure daemon supplies this pair as a default.

This method returns the `SecureDaemonProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>networkSpecification</code>	Use this network as the default.
<code>servicePort</code>	Use this UDP service as the default.

- See Also

[SecureDaemonProxy](#) on page 180

[SecureDaemonProxy.getDefaultNetworkAndService\(\)](#) on page 189

[NetworkServicePair](#) on page 201

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Default Network and Service](#) on page 174 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Network and Service Authorization](#) on page 169 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

NetworkServicePair

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.NetworkServicePair extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent an network and service pair in a daemon component.
Remarks	The method <code>SecureDaemonProxy.getNetworksAndServices()</code> and related methods return objects of this class.

Constant	Description
<code>NetworkServicePair.UNSPECIFIED</code>	No value is set for this parameter.

Method	Description	Page
<code>NetworkServicePair.getNetwork()</code>	Get the network.	202
<code>NetworkServicePair.getService()</code>	Get the UDP service.	203
<code>NetworkServicePair.toXml()</code>	Format the network and service pair as an XML document.	204

Inherited Methods

```
java.lang.Object.equals()
java.lang.Object.getClass()
java.lang.Object.hashCode()
java.lang.Object.notify()
java.lang.Object.notifyAll()
java.lang.Object.toString()  override
java.lang.Object.wait()
```

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy.getDefaultNetworkAndService\(\)](#) on page 189
 [SecureDaemonProxy.getNetworksAndServices\(\)](#) on page 191

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Limiting Access on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

NetworkServicePair.getNetwork()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getNetwork()`

Purpose Get the network.

See Also [NetworkServicePair on page 201](#)

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Limiting Access on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

NetworkServicePair.getService()

Method

Declaration `int getService()`

Purpose Get the UDP service.

See Also [NetworkServicePair](#) on page 201

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Limiting Access on page 169](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

NetworkServicePair.toXml()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String toXml()</code>
Purpose	Format the network and service pair as an XML document.
See Also	NetworkServicePair on page 201 For the corresponding browser pages, see Authorize Network and Service Pairs on page 199 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For background information, see Limiting Access on page 169 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .

User

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.User</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a user record in a secure daemon component.
Remarks	The method <code>SecureDaemonProxy.getUser()</code> and related methods return objects of this class. For security, you cannot get an existing password from a <code>User</code> object; however, you may clear it and set a new one.

Method	Description	Page
<code>User.addCertificateFromFile()</code>	Read user certificate data from a PEM file.	206
<code>User.addCertificateFromText()</code>	Add a user certificate.	207
<code>User.addCertificateFromPKCS12File()</code>	Read user certificate data from a PKCS #12 file.	208
<code>User.clearPassword()</code>	Clear the user's password.	209
<code>User.getCertificates()</code>	Get all public certificates of the user.	210
<code>User.getUsername()</code>	Get the username of the user.	211
<code>User.removeCertificate()</code>	Remove a user certificate.	212
<code>User.removeCertificates()</code>		
<code>User.setPassword()</code>	Set a user's password.	213
<code>User.toXml()</code>	Format the user information as an XML document.	214

See Also [SecureDaemonProxy.addUser\(\)](#) on page 183
[SecureDaemonProxy.getUser\(\)](#) on page 193

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users](#) on page 198 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users](#) on page 167 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.addCertificateFromFile()

Method

Declaration

UserCertificate addCertificateFromFile(
 java.lang.String pathname)
 throws ConfigurationException

Purpose

Read user certificate data from a PEM file.

Parameter	Description
pathname	Read certificate data from this file. The file must contain a public certificate in PEM encoding.

See Also

User on page 205

User.addCertificateFromText() on page 207

User.getCertificates() on page 210

User.removeCertificate() on page 212

UserCertificate on page 215

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.addCertificateFromText()

Method

Declaration `UserCertificate addCertificateFromText(
 java.lang.String PEM_data)
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Add a user certificate.

Parameter	Description
PEM_data	Add a new user certificate corresponding to this data. The data must specify a public certificate in PEM encoding.

See Also [User on page 205](#)
 [User.addCertificateFromFile\(\) on page 206](#)
 [User.getCertificates\(\) on page 210](#)
 [User.removeCertificate\(\) on page 212](#)
 [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.addCertificateFromPKCS12File()

Method

Declaration

```
UserCertificate addCertificateFromPKCS12File(  
    java.lang.String  pathname,  
    java.lang.String  password)  
throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose

Read user certificate data from a PKCS #12 file.

Parameter	Description
pathname	Read certificate data from this file. The file must contain a public certificate in PKCS #12 format.
password	Supply a password to decode the PKCS #12 file.

See Also

User on page 205

User.addCertificateFromFile() on page 206

User.getCertificates() on page 210

User.removeCertificate() on page 212

UserCertificate on page 215

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.clearPassword()

Method

Declaration `User clearPassword()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Clear the user's password.

Remarks This method returns the `User` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

See Also [User on page 205](#)
 [User.setPassword\(\) on page 213](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.getCertificates()

Method

Declaration `UserCertificate[] getCertificates()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get all public certificates of the user.

See Also [User on page 205](#)
 [User.addCertificateFromFile\(\) on page 206](#)
 [User.addCertificateFromText\(\) on page 207](#)
 [User.removeCertificate\(\) on page 212](#)
 [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.getUsername()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getUsername()`

Purpose Get the username of the user.

Remarks User credentials can be either a username and password pair, or an X.509 certificate.

See Also [User on page 205](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.removeCertificate()

Method

Related Form `User.removeCertificates()`

Declaration

```
User removeCertificate(  
    int id)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
User removeCertificates(  
    int[] ids)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Remove a user certificate.

Remarks These methods use internal certificate ID numbers to select the certificates to remove; see `UserCertificate.getId()` on page 218.

These methods return the `User` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>id</code>	Remove the user certificate with this certificate ID.
<code>ids</code>	Remove the user certificates with these certificate IDs.

See Also [User on page 205](#)
 [User.addCertificateFromFile\(\) on page 206](#)
 [User.addCertificateFromText\(\) on page 207](#)
 [User.getCertificates\(\) on page 210](#)
 [UserCertificate on page 215](#)
 [UserCertificate.getId\(\) on page 218](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.setPassword()

Method

Declaration	<code>User setPassword(java.lang.String password) throws ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Set a user's password.
Remarks	This method returns the <code>User</code> object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>password</code>	Use this string as the user's new password.

See Also [User on page 205](#)
 [User.clearPassword\(\) on page 209](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

User.toXml()

Method

- Declaration**`java.lang.String toXml()`
- Purpose**Format the user information as an XML document.
- See Also**

[User on page 205](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

UserCertificate

Class

Declaration `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.UserCertificate
 extends java.lang.Object`

Purpose Represent an user's public certificate.

Remarks The method `User.getCertificates()` and related methods return objects of this class.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>UserCertificate.getAssignmentDate()</code>	Get the date that the daemon registered the certificate and assigned its ID.	217
<code>UserCertificate.getId()</code>	Get the certificate ID assigned by the daemon.	218
<code>UserCertificate.getIndex()</code>	Get the index of the certificate.	219
<code>UserCertificate.getIssuer()</code>	Get the certificate authority that issued the certificate.	220
<code>UserCertificate.getFileName()</code>	Get the name of the certificate file.	221
<code>UserCertificate.getPublicKeyEngine()</code>	Get the name of the public key algorithm that the certificate uses to create digital signatures.	222
<code>UserCertificate.getSerialNumber()</code>	Get the internal serial number of the certificate.	223
<code>UserCertificate.getSubject()</code>	Get information describing the authorized certificate holder.	224
<code>UserCertificate.getValidNotAfter()</code>	Get the certificate's expiration date.	225
<code>UserCertificate.getValidNotBefore()</code>	Get the date that the certificate is first valid for use.	226
<code>UserCertificate.getVersion()</code>	Get the certificate version number assigned by the issuer.	227

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>UserCertificate.toXml()</code>	Format the user's X.509 certificate information as an XML document.	228

See Also [User.getCertificates\(\)](#) on page 210

For the corresponding browser pages, see [Users on page 197](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

UserCertificate.getAssignmentDate()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getAssignmentDate()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the date that the daemon registered the certificate and assigned its ID.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getId()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getId()</code>
Purpose	Get the certificate ID assigned by the daemon.
Remarks	Use this ID to remove certificates with <code>User.removeCertificate()</code> on page 212.
See Also	UserCertificate on page 215 For the corresponding browser page, see Existing Users on page 198 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> For background information, see Users on page 167 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i> .

UserCertificate.getIndex()

Method

Declaration `int getIndex()
 throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the index of the certificate.

Remarks The index reflects the position of the certificate within the user's list of certificates.
Index 1 denotes the first certificate.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getIssuer()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getIssuer()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the certificate authority that issued the certificate.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getFileName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getFileName()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the name of the certificate file.

Remarks If the method `User.addCertificateFromFile()` created this certificate, then this method returns the name of the file from which the daemon read the certificate data. Otherwise, this method returns `null`.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getPublicKeyEngine()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getPublicKeyEngine()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the name of the public key algorithm that the certificate uses to create digital signatures.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getSerialNumber()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getSerialNumber()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get the internal serial number of the certificate.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getSubject()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getSubject()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get information describing the authorized certificate holder.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getValidNotAfter()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getValidNotAfter()`

Purpose Get the certificate's expiration date.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.isValidNotBefore()

Method

- Declaration** `java.lang.String   getValidNotBefore()`
- Purpose** Get the date that the certificate is first valid for use.
- See Also** [UserCertificate on page 215](#)
For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.getVersion()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getVersion()`

Purpose Get the certificate version number assigned by the issuer.

See Also [UserCertificate on page 215](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Existing Users on page 198](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

For background information, see [Users on page 167](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

UserCertificate.toXml()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String toXml()`

Purpose Format the user's X.509 certificate information as an XML document.

See Also [User on page 205](#)

For the corresponding browser page, see [Users on page 197](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

This chapter describes the proxy interface for the Rendezvous recent values cache component (`rvcache`), and the immediate-access data objects that support it.

Topics

- [RvcacheProxy](#), page 230
- [CachedField](#), page 243
- [CachedSubject](#), page 247
- [FaultToleranceParams](#), page 255
- [RvcacheNetworkParams](#), page 264

- See Also**
- [RvcacheInformation](#), page 278

RvcacheProxy

Interface

Declaration `interface com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvcacheProxy`
 `extends DaemonProxy`

Purpose Define methods for a Rendezvous cache process.

Constant	Description
<code>RvcacheProxy.DEFAULT_ACTIVATION</code>	These three constants represent default values for <code>rvcache</code> fault tolerance parameters. You may supply them to <code>RvcacheProxy.setFaultToleranceParams()</code> on page 241.
<code>RvcacheProxy.DEFAULT_HEARTBEAT</code>	
<code>RvcacheProxy.DEFAULT_WEIGHT</code>	
<code>RvcacheProxy.IDLE_STATE</code>	Represent the idle state of <code>rvcache</code> . Supply this constant to <code>RvcacheProxy.changeState()</code> .
<code>RvcacheProxy.RUNNING_STATE</code>	Represent the running state of <code>rvcache</code> . Supply this constant to <code>RvcacheProxy.changeState()</code> .
<code>RvcacheProxy.UNSPECIFIED</code>	Represent a parameter that is not currently specified in <code>rvcache</code> .

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>RvcacheProxy.addSubjectMerge()</code> <code>RvcacheProxy.addSubjectsMerge()</code>	Add a subject with merge semantics.	232
<code>RvcacheProxy.addSubjectReplace()</code> <code>RvcacheProxy.addSubjectsReplace()</code>	Add a subject with replace semantics.	233
<code>RvcacheProxy.changeState()</code>	Change the state of an <code>rvcache</code> process.	234
<code>RvcacheProxy.disableFaultTolerance()</code>	Disable fault tolerance machinery.	235

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Method	Description	Page
<code>RvcacheProxy.getCachedSubjects()</code>	Get subjects that this process caches	236
<code>RvcacheProxy.getFaultToleranceParams()</code>	Get fault tolerance parameters.	237
<code>RvcacheProxy.getNetworkParams()</code>	Get transport parameters.	238
<code>RvcacheProxy.isRunning()</code>	Determine the state of rvcache—running or idle.	239
<code>RvcacheProxy.removeSubject()</code>	Remove a subject from the cache.	240
<code>RvcacheProxy.removeSubjects()</code>		
<code>RvcacheProxy.setFaultToleranceParams()</code>	Enable fault tolerance machinery, and set its parameters.	241
<code>RvcacheProxy.setNetworkParams()</code>	Set transport parameters.	242

Inherited Methods

`DaemonProxy.getComponentName()`
`DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()`

`XmlSerializable.printXml()`
`XmlSerializable.toXml()`

Components The component `rvcache` supports this interface.

See Also For information about the parameters that this interface can access, see these sections:

- [Current Value Cache on page 265](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvcacheProxy.addSubjectMerge()

Method

Related Forms RvcacheProxy.addSubjectsMerge()

Declaration

```
RvcacheProxy addSubjectMerge(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
RvcacheProxy addSubjectsMerge(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Add a subject with merge semantics.

Remarks Merge semantics merges stored data from previous messages with data from new messages; see [Replace and Merge on page 273](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

This method returns the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
subject	Begin caching subjects that match this specification. Wildcards are permitted.
subjects	Begin caching subjects that match these specifications. Wildcards are permitted.

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

RvcacheProxy.addSubjectReplace()

Method

Related Forms RvcacheProxy.addSubjectsReplace()

Declaration

```
RvcacheProxy addSubjectReplace(
    java.lang.String subject)
    throws ConfigurationException

RvcacheProxy addSubjectsReplace(
    java.lang.String[] subjects)
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Add a subject with replace semantics.

Remarks Replace semantics replaces stored data from previous messages with data from new messages; see [Replace and Merge on page 273](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

This method returns the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>subject</code>	Begin caching subjects that match this specification. Wildcards are permitted.
<code>subjects</code>	Begin caching subjects that match these specifications. Wildcards are permitted.

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

RvcacheProxy.changeState()

Method

Declaration

```
RvcacheProxy changeState(  
    int state)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
RvcacheProxy changeState()  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose Change the state of an rvcache process.

Remarks The first method changes to the state that the argument specifies. The second method toggles the current state.

These methods return the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
state	Change to this state. Supply one of two constants; either <code>RvcacheProxy.IDLE_STATE</code> or <code>RvcacheProxy.RUNNING_STATE</code> .

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

RvcacheProxy.disableFaultTolerance()

Method

Declaration `RvcacheProxy disableFaultTolerance()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Disable fault tolerance machinery.

Remarks This method returns the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see these sections:

- [Fault Tolerance on page 272](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvcacheProxy.getCachedSubjects()

Method

Declaration `CachedSubject [] getCachedSubjects ()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get subjects that this process caches

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)
 [CachedSubject on page 247](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

RvcacheProxy.getFaultToleranceParams()

Method

Declaration `FaultToleranceParams getFaultToleranceParams()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Get fault tolerance parameters.

Remarks This method returns a read only collection of fault tolerance parameters. For descriptions of the parameters, see [RvcacheProxy.setFaultToleranceParams\(\)](#) on page 241.

See Also [RvcacheProxy](#) on page 230
 [FaultToleranceParams](#) on page 255

For background information, see these sections:

- [Fault Tolerance](#) on page 272 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface](#) on page 281 in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvcacheProxy.getNetworkParams()

Method

Declaration	<code>RvcacheNetworkParams getNetworkParams()</code> throws <code>ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Get transport parameters.
Remarks	<code>rvcache</code> uses the transport for all network communication. This method returns an array of parameters that specify the transport. For descriptions of the parameters, see RvcacheProxy.setNetworkParams() on page 242.
See Also	RvcacheProxy on page 230 RvcacheProxy.setNetworkParams() on page 242 RvcacheNetworkParams on page 264 For background information, see Browser Administration Interface on page 281 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>.

RvcacheProxy.isRunning()

Method

Declaration `boolean isRunning()`
 throws `ConfigurationException`

Purpose Determine the state of rvcache—running or idle.

Remarks This method returns `true` if the state of `rvcache` is *running*; `false` if its state is *idle*.

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

RvcacheProxy.removeSubject()

Method

Related Forms

RvcacheProxy.removeSubjects()

Declaration

```
RvcacheProxy removeSubject(  
    java.lang.String subject)  
    throws ConfigurationException  
  
RvcacheProxy removeSubjects(  
    java.lang.String[] subjects)  
    throws ConfigurationException
```

Purpose

Remove a subject from the cache.

Remarks

After removing a subject, `rvcache` no longer stores it, nor forwards its values.

This method returns the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>subject</code>	Stop caching subjects that match this specification. Wildcards are permitted.
<code>subjects</code>	Stop caching subjects that match these specifications. Wildcards are permitted.

See Also

[RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

RvcacheProxy.setFaultToleranceParams()

Method

Declaration `RvcacheProxy setFaultToleranceParams (`
 `int                                servicePort,`
 `java.lang.String        network,`
 `java.lang.String        group,`
 `int                                weight,`
 `double                           heartbeat,`
 `double                           activation)`
 `throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Enable fault tolerance machinery, and set its parameters.

Remarks This method returns the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>servicePort</code>	Use this UDP service for internal fault tolerance protocols.
<code>network</code>	Use this network for internal fault tolerance protocols.
<code>group</code>	Join a fault tolerance group with this group name.
<code>weight</code>	Use this member weight. You may supply the constant value <code>RvcacheProxy.DEFAULT_WEIGHT</code> (10).
<code>heartbeat</code>	Use this heartbeat interval (in seconds). You may supply the constant value <code>RvcacheProxy.DEFAULT_HEARTBEAT</code> (3).
<code>activation</code>	Use this activation interval (in seconds). You may supply the constant value <code>RvcacheProxy.DEFAULT_ACTIVATION</code> (10).

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)

For background information, see these sections:

- [Fault Tolerance on page 272](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*
- [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvcacheProxy.setNetworkParams()

Method

Declaration `RvcacheProxy setNetworkParams(`
 `int                        servicePort,`
 `java.lang.String    network,`
 `java.lang.String    daemon)`
 `throws ConfigurationException`

Purpose Set transport parameters.

Remarks `rvcache` uses the transport for all network communication.

This method returns the `RvcacheProxy` object, so programs can conveniently chain additional method calls to the return value.

Parameter	Description
<code>servicePort</code>	Communicate on this UDP service.
<code>network</code>	Communicate on this network.
<code>daemon</code>	Request a client connection to <code>rvd</code> on this TCP port.

See Also [RvcacheProxy on page 230](#)
 [RvcacheProxy.getNetworkParams\(\) on page 238](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

CachedField

Class

- Declaration** `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.CachedField`
 `extends java.lang.Object`
- Purpose** Represent a field in a cached message.
- Remarks** The method `CachedSubject.getFields()` returns objects of this class.

Method	Description	Page
<code>CachedField.getDataType()</code>	Represent a field in a cached message.	241
<code>CachedField.getFieldName()</code>	Get the Rendezvous datatype of the field.	244
<code>CachedField.getValue()</code>	Get the data value of the field.	246

Inherited Methods

```
java.lang.Object.equals()
java.lang.Object.getClass()
java.lang.Object.hashCode()
java.lang.Object.notify()
java.lang.Object.notifyAll()
java.lang.Object.toString()  override
java.lang.Object.wait()
```

See Also `CachedSubject.getFields()` on page 249

CachedField.getDataType()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getDataType()`

Purpose Get the Rendezvous datatype of the field.

See Also [CachedField on page 243](#)

For background information, see [Rendezvous Datatypes on page 51](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

CachedField.getFieldName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getFieldName()`

Purpose Get the name of the field.

See Also [cachedField on page 243](#)

For background information, see [Field Names and Field Identifiers on page 55](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

CachedField.getValue()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getValue()`

Purpose Get the data value of the field.

See Also [CachedField on page 243](#)

For background information, see [Messages on page 53](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Concepts*.

CachedSubject

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.CachedSubject</code> <code>extends java.lang.Object</code>
Purpose	Represent a subject in the cache.
Remarks	The method <code>RvcacheProxy.getCachedSubjects()</code> returns objects of this class.

Constant	Description
<code>CachedSubject.MERGE_MODE</code>	<code>CachedSubject.getStorageMethod()</code> on page 252 returns these constants.
<code>CachedSubject.REPLACE_MODE</code>	

Method	Description	Page
<code>CachedSubject.getFields()</code>	Get the message fields of the cached subject.	249
<code>CachedSubject.getInitialValuesServed()</code>	Get the number of times rvcache has delivered this subject.	250
<code>CachedSubject.getMessageSize()</code>	Get the size of the cached message (in bytes).	251
<code>CachedSubject.getStorageMethod()</code>	Get the mode for storing inbound messages for the subject.	252
<code>CachedSubject.getSubject()</code>	Get the subject name.	253
<code>CachedSubject.getUpdatesApplied()</code>	Get the number of times that an inbound message has updated the cached data for this subject.	254

Inherited Methods

```
java.lang.Object.equals()  
java.lang.Object.getClass()  
java.lang.Object.hashCode()  
java.lang.Object.notify()  
java.lang.Object.notifyAll()  
java.lang.Object.toString() override  
java.lang.Object.wait()
```

See Also [RvcacheProxy.getCachedSubjects\(\) on page 236](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

CachedSubject.getFields()

Method

Declaration `CachedField[] getFields()`

Purpose Get the message fields of the cached subject.

See Also [CachedField on page 243](#)
 [CachedSubject on page 247](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

CachedSubject.getInitialValuesServed()

Method

- Declaration**`int getInitialValuesServed()`
- Purpose**Get the number of times rvcache has delivered this subject.
- See Also**[CachedSubject on page 247](#)

CachedSubject.getMessageSize()

Method

Declaration `int getMessageSize()`

Purpose Get the size of the cached message (in bytes).

See Also [CachedSubject on page 247](#)

For background information, see [Browser Administration Interface on page 281](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*.

CachedSubject.getStorageMethod()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getStorageMethod()</code>
Purpose	Get the mode for storing inbound messages for the subject.
Remarks	This method returns the constants <code>CachedSubject.MERGE_MODE</code> and <code>CachedSubject.REPLACE_MODE</code> .
See Also	CachedSubject on page 247 For background information, see Replace and Merge on page 273 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

CachedSubject.getSubject()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getSubject()`

Description Get the subject name.

See Also [CachedSubject on page 247](#)

For background information, see [Replace and Merge on page 273](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

CachedSubject.getUpdatesApplied()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getUpdatesApplied()</code>
Description	Get the number of times that an inbound message has updated the cached data for this subject.
See Also	CachedSubject on page 247

FaultToleranceParams

Class

Declaration `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.FaultToleranceParams
 extends java.lang.Object`

Purpose Encapsulate fault tolerance parameters from Rendezvous recent value caches.

Constant	Description
<code>FaultToleranceParams.UNSPECIFIED</code>	No value is set for the parameter.

Method	Description	Page
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getActivation()</code>	Extract the activation interval.	256
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getAsMap()</code>	Format the fault tolerance parameters as a map.	257
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getGroup()</code>	Extract the name of the fault tolerance group.	258
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getHeartbeat()</code>	Extract the heartbeat interval.	259
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getNetwork()</code>	Extract the network parameter for fault tolerance protocols.	260
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getService()</code>	Extract the effective UDP service for fault tolerance protocols.	261
<code>FaultToleranceParams.getWeight()</code>	Extract the fault tolerance weight of this member.	262
<code>FaultToleranceParams.isEnabled()</code>	Extract a flag indicating whether fault tolerance is enabled.	263

Remarks Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

`RvcacheProxy.getFaultToleranceParams()` returns instances of this class.

See Also [Read-Only Objects on page 5](#)
`RvcacheProxy.getFaultToleranceParams()` on page 237

FaultToleranceParams.getActivation()

Method

Declaration	<code>double getActivation()</code>
Purpose	Extract the activation interval.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.getAsMap()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.util.Map getAsMap()</code>
Purpose	Format the fault tolerance parameters as a map.
Remarks	The resulting map is useful for iterative methods, such as printing. This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.getGroup()

Method

Declaration	java.lang.String getGroup()
Purpose	Extract the name of the fault tolerance group.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.getHeartbeat()

Method

Declaration `double getHeartbeat()`

Purpose Extract the heartbeat interval.

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.getNetwork()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getNetwork()</code>
Purpose	Extract the network parameter for fault tolerance protocols.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.getService()

Method

Declaration `int getService()`

Purpose Extract the effective UDP service for fault tolerance protocols.

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.getWeight()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getWeight()</code>
Purpose	Extract the fault tolerance weight of this member.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

FaultToleranceParams.isEnabled()

Method

Declaration `boolean isEnabled()`

Purpose Extract a flag indicating whether fault tolerance is enabled.

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

RvcacheNetworkParams

Class

- Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvcacheNetworkParams
    extends java.lang.Object
```
- Purpose

Encapsulate network parameters from Rendezvous recent value caches.

Constant	Description
RvcacheNetworkParams.UNSPECIFIED	No value is set for the parameter.

Method	Description	Page
RvcacheNetworkParams.getAsMap()	Format the network parameters as a map.	265
RvcacheNetworkParams.getDaemon()	Extract the daemon parameter.	266
RvcacheNetworkParams.getNetwork()	Extract the network parameter.	267
RvcacheNetworkParams.getService()	Extract the service parameter.	268

- Remarks

Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.
- See Also

[Read-Only Objects on page 5](#)

RvcacheNetworkParams.getAsMap()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.util.Map</code> getAsMap()
Purpose	Format the network parameters as a map.
Remarks	The resulting map is useful for iterative methods, such as printing. This method does not interact with the component.

RvcacheNetworkParams.getDaemon()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getDaemon()</code>
Purpose	Extract the daemon parameter.
Remarks	<code>rvcache</code> requests a client connection to <code>rvd</code> on this TCP port. This method does not interact with the component.

RvcacheNetworkParams.getNetwork()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getNetwork()</code>
Purpose	Extract the network parameter.
Remarks	<code>rvcache</code> communicates with <code>rvd</code> on this network. This method does not interact with the component.

RvcacheNetworkParams.getService()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getService()</code>
Purpose	Extract the service parameter.
Remarks	<code>rvcache</code> communicates with <code>rvd</code> on this UDP service. This method does not interact with the component.

Chapter 8 **Component Information**

This chapter describes the read-only objects encapsulate general information about Rendezvous components.

Topics

- [ComponentInformation, page 270](#)
- [RvcacheInformation, page 278](#)
- [RvdInformation, page 284](#)
- [RvrdInformation, page 288](#)
- [RvsdInformation, page 291](#)
- [RvsrdInformation, page 293](#)

ComponentInformation

Class

Declaration `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.ComponentInformation`
 `extends java.lang.Object`

Purpose Encapsulate general information from Rendezvous components.

Method	Description	Page
<code>ComponentInformation.getAsMap()</code>	Format the component information as a map.	271
<code>ComponentInformation.getHostname()</code>	Extract the name of the host computer where the component is running.	272
<code>ComponentInformation.getIpAddress()</code>	Extract the IP address of the host computer where the component is running.	273
<code>ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket()</code>	Extract the Rendezvous license ticket that validates the component.	274
<code>ComponentInformation.getName()</code>	Extract the component name.	275
<code>ComponentInformation.getProcessID()</code>	Extract the process ID.	276
<code>ComponentInformation.getVersion()</code>	Extract the version number of the component (as a string).	277

Remarks Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

`DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()` returns objects of this class.

Subclasses `RvcacheInformation` on page 278
 `RvdInformation` on page 284
 `RvrdInformation` on page 288
 `RvsdInformation` on page 291
 `RvsrdInformation` on page 293

See Also [Read-Only Objects on page 5](#)
 `DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()` on page 16

ComponentInformation.getAsMap()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.util.Map getAsMap()</code>
Purpose	Format the component information as a map.
Remarks	The resulting map is useful for iterative methods, such as printing. This method does not interact with the component.

ComponentInformation.getHostname()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getHostname()`

Purpose Extract the name of the host computer where the component is running.
This method does not interact with the component.

ComponentInformation.getIpAddress()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getIpAddress()`

Purpose Extract the IP address of the host computer where the component is running.
This method does not interact with the component.

ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getLicenseTicket()`

Purpose Extract the Rendezvous license ticket that validates the component.
This method does not interact with the component.

ComponentInformation.getName()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getName()`

Purpose Extract the component name.

Remarks `DaemonProxy.getComponentName()` gets the same information (immediately from the component).

This method does not interact with the component.

See Also `DaemonProxy.getComponentName()` [on page 15](#)

ComponentInformation.getProcessID()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getProcessID()</code> throws <code>java.lang.UnsupportedOperationException</code>
Purpose	Extract the process ID.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component. Process ID information is available only when the component is from release 7.1 or later. With release 7.0 components, this method throws an exception.

ComponentInformation.getVersion()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getVersion()`

Purpose Extract the version number of the component (as a string).

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

RvcacheInformation

Class

Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvcacheInformation
    extends ComponentInformation
```

Purpose

Encapsulate general information from Rendezvous recent value caches.

Constant	Description
<code>RvcacheInformation.FAULT_TOLERANCE_ENABLED</code>	Indicate whether a cache process can participate in a fault tolerance group.
<code>RvcacheInformation.FAULT_TOLERANCE_DISABLED</code>	
<code>RvcacheInformation.SHALLOW</code>	Indicate whether a cache process uses shallow or deep merge for nested messages.
<code>RvcacheInformation.DEEP</code>	
<code>RvcacheInformation.STORE</code>	Indicate whether a cache process writes cached values to its store file for persistence, or operates in memory-only mode.
<code>RvcacheInformation.MEMORY_ONLY</code>	

Method	Description	Page
<code>RvcacheInformation.getFaultToleranceState()</code>	Extract a constant indicating whether the cache has enabled fault tolerant operation.	280
<code>RvcacheInformation.getMergeMode()</code>	Extract a constant indicating whether the cache uses shallow or deep merge for nested messages.	281
<code>RvcacheInformation.getCacheMode()</code>	Extract a constant indicating whether a cache process writes cached values to its store file for persistence, or operates in memory-only mode.	282
<code>RvcacheInformation.getState()</code>	Extract the state (running or idle) of the cache.	283

Inherited Methods

```
ComponentInformation.getAsMap()  
ComponentInformation.getHostname()  
ComponentInformation.getIpAddress()  
ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket()  
ComponentInformation.getName()  
ComponentInformation.getVersion()
```

Remarks Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

`DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()` can return instances of this class.

Superclasses [ComponentInformation](#) on page 270

See Also [Read-Only Objects](#) on page 5

`DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()` on page 16

RvcacheInformation.getFaultToleranceState()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getFaultToleranceState()</code>
Purpose	Extract a constant indicating whether the cache has enabled fault tolerant operation.
Remarks	This method returns one of these constants: <code>RvcacheInformation.FAULT_TOLERANCE_ENABLED</code> <code>RvcacheInformation.FAULT_TOLERANCE_DISABLED</code> This method does not interact with the component.
See Also	RvcacheInformation on page 278

RvcacheInformation.getMergeMode()

Method

Declaration `int getMergeMode()`

Purpose Extract a constant indicating whether the cache uses shallow or deep merge for nested messages.

Remarks This method returns one of these constants:

- `RvcacheInformation.SHALLOW`
- `RvcacheInformation.DEEP`

This method does not interact with the component.

See Also [RvcacheInformation on page 278](#)
[Replace and Merge on page 273](#) in *TIBCO Rendezvous Administration*

RvcacheInformation.getCacheMode()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getCacheMode()</code>
Purpose	Extract a constant indicating whether a cache process writes cached values to its store file for persistence, or operates in memory-only mode.
Remarks	This method returns one of these constants: • <code>RvcacheInformation.STORE</code> • <code>RvcacheInformation.MEMORY_ONLY</code> This method does not interact with the component.
See Also	RvcacheInformation on page 278 Memory-Only Mode on page 275 in <i>TIBCO Rendezvous Administration</i>

RvcacheInformation.getState()

Method

Declaration	<code>int getState()</code>
Purpose	Extract the state (running or idle) of the cache.
Remarks	This method returns one of these constants: • <code>RvcacheProxy.IDLE_STATE</code> • <code>RvcacheProxy.RUNNING_STATE</code>
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.
See Also	RvcacheProxy on page 230

RvdInformation

Class

- Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvdInformation
    extends ComponentInformation
```
- Purpose

Encapsulate general information from Rendezvous communications daemons.

Method	Description	Page
RvdInformation.getClientPort()	Extract the TCP port where the daemon listens for client connections.	285
RvdInformation.getNetworkServicesCount()	Extract the number of network services on which this daemon's clients communicate.	286
RvdInformation.getUsername()	Extract the login name of the user that started the component process.	287

Inherited Methods
ComponentInformation.getAsMap()
ComponentInformation.getHostname()
ComponentInformation.getIpAddress()
ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket()
ComponentInformation.getName()
ComponentInformation.getVersion()

- Remarks

Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

[DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation\(\)](#) can return instances of this class.
- Subclasses

[RvsdInformation on page 291](#)
[RvrdInformation on page 288](#)
- Superclasses

[ComponentInformation on page 270](#)
- See Also

[Read-Only Objects on page 5](#)
[DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation\(\)](#) on page 16

RvdInformation.getClientPort()

Method

Declaration `int getClientPort()`

Purpose Extract the TCP port where the daemon listens for client connections.

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

RvdInformation.getNetworkServicesCount()

Method

Declaration	int getNetworkServicesCount()
Purpose	Extract the number of network services on which this daemon’s clients communicate.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

RvdInformation.getUsername()

Method

Declaration `java.lang.String getUsername()`

Purpose Extract the login name of the user that started the component process.

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

RvrdInformation

Class

- Declaration

```
class com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvrdInformation
    extends RvdInformation
```
- Purpose

Encapsulate general information from Rendezvous routing daemons.

Method	Description	Page
RvrdInformation.getRoutingNamesCount()	Extract the number of routing names that the daemon embodies.	289
RvrdInformation.getStoreFilePath()	Extract the file name of the daemon's store file.	290

Inherited Methods
RvdInformation.getClientPort() RvdInformation.getNetworkServicesCount() RvdInformation.getUsername()
ComponentInformation.getAsMap() ComponentInformation.getHostname() ComponentInformation.getIpAddress() ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket() ComponentInformation.getName() ComponentInformation.getVersion()

- Remarks

Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

[DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation\(\)](#) can return instances of this class.
- Subclasses

[RvsrdInformation](#) on page 293
- Superclasses

[ComponentInformation](#) on page 270
[RvdInformation](#) on page 284
- See Also

[Read-Only Objects](#) on page 5
[DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation\(\)](#) on page 16

RvrdInformation.getRoutingNamesCount()

Method

Declaration `int getRoutingNamesCount ()`

Purpose Extract the number of routing names that the daemon embodies.

Remarks This method does not interact with the component.

RvrdInformation.getStoreFilePath()

Method

Declaration	java.lang.String getStoreFilePath()
Purpose	Extract the file name of the daemon’s store file.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

RvsdInformation

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvsdInformation</code> <code>extends RvdInformation</code>
Purpose	Encapsulate general information from Rendezvous secure communications daemons.

Method	Description	Page
<code>RvsdInformation.getStoreFilePath()</code>	Extract the file name of the daemon's store file.	292

Inherited Methods
<code>RvdInformation.getClientPort()</code> <code>RvdInformation.getNetworkServicesCount()</code> <code>RvdInformation.getUsername()</code>
<code>ComponentInformation.getAsMap()</code> <code>ComponentInformation.getHostname()</code> <code>ComponentInformation.getIpAddress()</code> <code>ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket()</code> <code>ComponentInformation.getName()</code> <code>ComponentInformation.getVersion()</code>

Remarks	Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component. <code>DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()</code> can return instances of this class.
----------------	--

Superclasses	ComponentInformation on page 270 RvdInformation on page 284
---------------------	--

See Also	Read-Only Objects on page 5 DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation() on page 16
-----------------	---

RvsdInformation.getStoreFilePath()

Method

Declaration	<code>java.lang.String getStoreFilePath()</code>
Purpose	Extract the file name of the daemon’s store file.
Remarks	This method does not interact with the component.

RvsrdInformation

Class

Declaration `class com.tibco.tibrv.config.RvsrdInformation
 extends RvrdInformation`

Purpose Encapsulate general information from Rendezvous secure routing daemons.

Inherited Methods

`RvrdInformation.getRoutingNamesCount()`
`RvrdInformation.getStoreFilePath()`

`RvdInformation.getClientPort()`
`RvdInformation.getNetworkServicesCount()`
`RvdInformation.getUsername()`

`ComponentInformation.getAsMap()`
`ComponentInformation.getHostname()`
`ComponentInformation.getIpAddress()`
`ComponentInformation.getLicenseTicket()`
`ComponentInformation.getName()`
`ComponentInformation.getVersion()`

Remarks Instances of this class are read-only objects. Methods do not interact with the component.

`DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation()` can return instances of this class.

 This class does not add any new methods to its superclass.

Superclasses [ComponentInformation on page 270](#)
 [RvdInformation on page 284](#)
 [RvrdInformation on page 288](#)

See Also [Read-Only Objects on page 5](#)
 [DaemonProxy.getComponentInformation\(\) on page 16](#)

Chapter 9 **Exceptions**

This chapter describes the exception classes for the Rendezvous configuration API.

Topics

- [ConfigurationException](#), page 296
- [FatalConfigurationException](#), page 297

ConfigurationException

Class

Declaration	<pre>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.ConfigurationException extends java.lang.Exception</pre>
Purpose	Encapsulate errors from the daemon component.
Remarks	Configuration methods throw this class of exceptions when the daemon component rejects a parameter or configuration command. The exception's message string contains the text of an error message from the daemon component. Programs can extract the message with <code>java.lang.Exception.getMessage()</code>. To handle this exception, we recommend that programs log the error message, and display it to the user. When appropriate, the program may offer the user an opportunity to substitute a new parameter or command.

Inherited Methods

```
java.lang.Throwable.fillInStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.getCause()
java.lang.Throwable.getLocalizedMessage()
java.lang.Throwable.getMessage()
java.lang.Throwable.getStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.initCause
java.lang.Throwable.printStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.setStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.toString()

java.lang.Object.equals()
java.lang.Object.getClass()
java.lang.Object.hashCode()
java.lang.Object.notify()
java.lang.Object.notifyAll()
java.lang.Object.wait()
```

FatalConfigurationException

Class

Declaration	<code>class com.tibco.tibrv.config.FatalConfigurationException extends ConfigurationException</code>
Purpose	Encapsulate fatal errors.
Remarks	Configuration methods throw this class of exceptions when a problem prevents continued execution. To handle these exceptions, we recommend that programs print a stack trace and exit.

Constant	Description
<code>CORRUPTED_PACKAGE</code>	One of the Java configuration classes is missing or invalid.
<code>INVALID_ANSWER</code>	The component could not answer a request from a method of the configuration API.
<code>UNAUTHORIZED</code>	The configuration program lacks correct administrator credentials.
<code>UNEXPECTED_ANSWER</code>	The configuration API method could not parse an answer from the component.
<code>UNKNOWN_COMPONENT</code>	The daemon or component does not support the configuration interface.

Inherited Methods

```
java.lang.Throwable.fillInStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.getCause()
java.lang.Throwable.getLocalizedMessage()
java.lang.Throwable.getMessage()
java.lang.Throwable.getStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.initCause
java.lang.Throwable.printStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.setStackTrace()
java.lang.Throwable.toString()
```

```
java.lang.Object.equals()
java.lang.Object.getClass()
java.lang.Object.hashCode()
java.lang.Object.notify()
java.lang.Object.notifyAll()
java.lang.Object.wait()
```


Chapter 10 **Command Line Tool—tibrvcfg**

This chapter describes a command line tool for configuring Rendezvous daemons.

Topics

- [Overview, page 300](#)
- [Requirements, page 303](#)
- [tibrvcfg, page 304](#)

Overview

The command line tool (`tibrvcfg`) lets you configure daemon components without writing Java programs. The tool interacts with a component to execute one configuration command, and outputs the results to `stdio`. Most of the commands parallel methods of the configuration API.

XML

Three commands interact with XML documents:

dumpXML	<code>dumpXML</code> extracts the complete set of configuration information from a component, and outputs it as an XML document.
mergeXML matchXML	<code>mergeXML</code> and <code>matchXML</code> parse an XML file that specifies a configuration, compare it with the current configuration of a component, arrange the minimal set of configuration commands that would implement the specified configuration on the component, and interact with the component to configure it accordingly.
Translation	Rendezvous components do not accept or produce XML directly. Instead, methods of the configuration API act as translators: • <code>dumpXML</code> gets current configuration data from a component, and builds an XML document incorporating that data. • Conversely, <code>mergeXML</code> and <code>matchXML</code> read an XML document, and build a set of commands to achieve the specified configuration.
Sensitive Information	<code>dumpXML</code> does not extract sensitive information from components—for example, passwords or private keys. Instead, this command replaces sensitive information with a static string.

This replacement is a security feature, but it can also create confusion for unwary users. If you dump an XML document that contains such replacement strings, and modify it to change some of the parameter values, you cannot successfully load those changes (with the `mergeXML` or `matchXML` commands) *unless* you first remove these replacement strings. For example, in the XML document below, remove the indicated text—that is, everything in the `security-parameters` section.

Example 1 Removing Security Replacement Strings from XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE rendezvous SYSTEM "http://www.rv.tibco.com/dtd/rv">
```

```

<rendezvous url="http://arrakis:7580">
  <configuration timestamp="20040907152842-0700">
    <rvrd-parameters>
      <logging connections="no"
        subject-data="no" subject-interest="no" />
    </rvrd-parameters>
    <security-parameters>
      <administrator password="!!!SECRET!!!"
        username="Administrator" />
      <certificate index="1" private-key-password="!!! SECRET !!!">
        <use for="HTTPS" />
        <use for="ROUTERS_TO_ROUTERS" />
        <PEM-data>
          -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
          MIICVzCCAiiGAWIBAgIBATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFADBhMQswCQYDVQQGEWJOQTEl
          MAKGA1UECBMCTkExCzAJBgNVBACtAk5BMRIwEAYDVQQKEWlBbm9ueW1vdXMxEjAQ
          BgNVBAsTCUFub255bW91czEQMA4GA1UEAxMHYXJyYWtpczAeFw0wNDAzMzAyMjMy
          MzFaFw0wNTAzMzAyMjMyMzFaMGExCzAJBgNVBAYTAk5BMQswCQYDVQQIEWJOQTEl
          MAKGA1UEBxMCTkExEjAQBgNVBAoTCUFub255bW91czESMBAGA1UECzMJQW5vbmlt
          b3VzMRAwDgYDVQQDEwdhcnJha2lzMIGfMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKB
          gQDAf+fcyb3UdMjPftaXetSldSGTfrwV9/t+1xUlXaVb79w2jts6RtNCg9WkzUy2
          78DoZxLD3szKoZt7rdZlssCGWSVx2jO568a1YF+5r5RR8Dj5I3ZEQC+iFJyCrprn
          t/Kh07UKd3fNy8s4KoQBGTxs7C+mQpuNggpSHV5uMSDIF2wIDAQABo4GGMIGDMBEG
          CWCGSAGG+EIBAQQEAWICRDALBgNVHQ8EBAMCAuwwEwYDVR0lBAwwCgYIKwYBBQUH
          AwEwHQYDVR0OBBYEFLL9s9h3DVCx/asG/Bqfka0Z/fLdwMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFL9s
          9h3DVCx/asG/Bqfka0Z/fLdwMAwGA1UdEwQFMAMBAf8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEEBQAD
          gYEAkJQDKbusUaEYOpMD3iNHSPYQsrfa76DzxAl0MGvLtOEh3kpRoeNKUvqZw5+
          dQZIxOnQeY8X7l60GKuWvAiOsYUAgDdOWEGnDJed52+R8NXHg/okmdMnzC05Qx00
          gJaiC1mm4z103gFMtHNUqABh9qgmjNJD134bVwXXC2isCgFg=
          -----END CERTIFICATE-----
          !!! SECRET PRIVATE KEY !!!
        </PEM-data>
      </certificate>
      <certificate index="2" />
      <certificate index="3" />
      <certificate index="4" />
    </security-parameters>
  </configuration>
</rendezvous>

```

After removal, the resulting XML document would look like this:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE rendezvous SYSTEM "http://www.rv.tibco.com/dtd/rv">
<rendezvous url="http://arrakis:7580">
  <configuration timestamp="20040907152842-0700">
    <rvrd-parameters>
      <logging connections="no"
        subject-data="no" subject-interest="no" />
    </rvrd-parameters>
    <security-parameters>
    </security-parameters>
  </configuration>
</rendezvous>

```

DTD A set of DTD files defines the correct syntax for Rendezvous configuration XML documents. The configuration API verifies XML documents against this definition.

You can easily reconfigure a component by editing the output of `dumpXML`, and then supplying the modified file to `mergeXML` or `matchXML`. The edited document must conform to the DTD.

Requirements

Java SDK

The command line tool requires that you first install Java SDK runtime environment 1.4 (or later). You can download this software from java.sun.com.

Environment Variables

Variable	Description
TIBRV_HOME	This variable identifies the directory on your computer where you have installed Rendezvous software. The default location is <code>/TIBCO/TIBRV</code> .
JAVA_HOME	This variable identifies the directory on your computer where you have installed Java SDK.
CLASSPATH	Rendezvous installation places the Java archive file <code>rvconfig.jar</code> in the <code>lib</code> directory under <code>TIBRV_HOME</code>. If you have placed this file in any other location, the <code>CLASSPATH</code> variable must include the complete pathname. The <code>CLASSPATH</code> variable must also include the complete pathname to the SDK file <code>jsse.jar</code>, which implements TLS.

tibrvcfg

Command

Syntax

```
tibrvcfg [-http-only]
          [-login name:password]
          [-url base_url]
          command arg1 arg2 ...
```

Purpose Connect to a daemon component and run one configuration command.

Remarks This tool lets you send one configuration command to a component. The set of configuration commands parallels the methods of the configuration API. For details about any command, see page in this book that documents the corresponding method. For XML commands, see [XML Commands on page 305](#).

The script `tibrvcfg` resides in the `bin` directory under `TIBRV_HOME`.

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Parameter	Description
-http-only	When present, the configuration tool uses non-secure HTTP protocols to connect to the component, instead of secure HTTPS protocols. You must specify <code>-http-only</code> to <code>tibrvcfg</code> if and only if the component command line specified <code>-http-only</code>.
-login name:password	When present, the configuration tool supplies this administrator name and password when the component requests them. For more information, see SecurityProxy.useCredentials() on page 169.
-url base_url	When present, the configuration tool connects to the browser administration interface of the component at this URL. When loading an XML file, this parameter (if present) overrides the URL in the XML file. When absent, the configuration tool seeks the component at the default URL, <code>http://localhost:7580</code>, which is appropriate for <code>rvd</code>, <code>rverd</code>, <code>rvsd</code> or <code>rvsrd</code>, running on the same computer as the configuration tool. Construct the URL from the IP address of the daemon’s host computer, and its HTTP port.

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Parameter	Description
<i>command arg1 arg2 ...</i>	The remaining parameters specify the command to the component, and its arguments. If you omit the command, or supply an invalid command, the configuration tool outputs a lengthy help message that lists all valid commands.

Execution as a Java Object

The `tibrvcfg` script is the most convenient way to use this tool, because it automatically arranges the environment properly. However, you can bypass the script, executing the tool as a Java object; for example:

```
java com.tibco.tibrv.config.tools.TibrvConfigurationTool ...
```

XML Commands

(Sheet 1 of 2)

Command	Description
<code>dumpXML [<i>output_filename</i>]</code>	<code>dumpXML</code> gets current configuration data from a component, and builds an XML document incorporating that data. When <i>output_filename</i> is present, <code>dumpXML</code> directs the XML document to the specified file. The file is suitable as input for the <code>mergeXML</code> or <code>matchXML</code> command. When <i>output_filename</i> is absent, the default is <code>stdio</code>.
<code>mergeXML <i>xml_file</i></code>	<code>mergeXML</code> reads an XML document, and builds a set of commands to update the component with configuration in the XML document—overlaying the existing configuration with changes specified in the XML file. Where the two configurations conflict, the XML document overrides the existing configuration. Elements of the existing configuration that do not conflict with the XML specification remain in force. The parameter <i>xml_file</i> must contain an XML document appropriate for configuring the component (its syntax must conform to the DTD specification).

(Sheet 2 of 2)

Command	Description
<code>matchXML xml_file</code>	<code>matchXML</code> reads an XML document, and builds a set of commands that force the component to conform to the XML document—removing elements of the existing configuration that are absent from the XML specification. The parameter <code>xml_file</code> must contain an XML document appropriate for configuring the component (its syntax must conform to the DTD specification).

Merge vs. Match	To illustrate the difference between <code>mergeXML</code> and <code>matchXML</code>, consider an example in which the existing configuration of <code>rvrd</code> has two routers, R1 and R2; the XML document specifies a change to R2 and a new router R3: • With <code>mergeXML</code>, R1 remains unchanged, R2 is modified, and R3 is added. • With <code>matchXML</code>, R1 is removed, R2 is modified, and R3 is added.
Creating XML Input	You may edit the XML output of <code>dumpXML</code>, and supply the edited file as input to <code>mergeXML</code> or <code>matchXML</code>. The edited file must conform to the DTD.

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